# The Howard Union.

"ERROR CEASES TO BE DANGEROUS WHEN REASON IS LEFT FREE TO COMBAT IT."—Jefferson.

VOLUME I. GLASGOW, MISSOURI, DECEMBER 7, 1865. NUMBER 26



JNO. HARRISON THOS. E. BIRCH. RICH'D EARICKSON.

## BIRCH, EARICKSON & CO.,

Exchange & Banking House

Glasgow, Mo.

WILL buy and sell Exchange, receive deposits, deal in Securities, loan money and make collections at all accessible points.

☞ Until our Banking-House is finished, our office will be in the building occupied by the Western Bank.

June 22, 1865.—6m.

D. H. WITT. E. M. SLOAN. J. A. THATCHER.

## WITT, SLOAN & CO.,

PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, HEMP, COTTON AND TOBACCO FACTORS, No. 111 N. Second Street, (between Vine st. and Washington avenue,) ST. LOUIS. Prompt personal attention given to Forwarding Goods and Filling Orders for all kinds of Merchandise; also to sale of cotton, Tobacco, Hemp, Bacon, &c.

☞ Manufactured Tobacco always on hand.

St. Louis, June 22, 1865—1yr

GLASGOW

## MARBLE YARD.

P. BAIER respectfully announces to the public that he is still engaged at his old business, and is determined to devote his entire time to satisfy the increasing demands of his patrons.

I now have on hand, ready finished up to order, an

*EXCELLENT STOCK OF MARBLE.*

suitable for Monuments and Grave Stones, which I will work up on

**Very Reasonable Terms**

I have many new, beautiful and original designs for ornamenting grave stones, which, together with my stock of Marble, all are invited to call and examine, and I feel confident I shall be able to give entire satisfaction, in style, workmanship, and terms.

P. BAIER.

Glasgow, June 15, 1865—1y.

GARRETT W. MOREHEAD. JOHN C. WOODS.

## MOREHEAD & WOODS,

**GLASGOW, MO.,**

HAVE now on hand, as

LARGE A STOCK OF

Fancy and Staple

DRY GOODS.

BOOTS AND SHOES

as can be found in

**Howard or Saline Counties!!**

We expect always to keep a complete stock of

**Ready Made Clothing,**

which can't be beat, and prices put down to the lowest figures!!

We make special efforts to excel in the

**LADIES' DEPARTMENT,**

and flatter ourselves that we have accomplished a signal success in this department. We feel competent to do that very thing.

We have a superior selection of

**Fine Groceries,**

And are constantly receiving at all seasons of the year fresh supplies of merchandise, so as to keep fully up to the demands of the market. All that our country friends need we can supply at such reasonable rates as will convince them it is to their interest to trade with us.

MOREHEAD & WOODS.

Glasgow, July 6, 1865.

**Glasgow Female**

## SEMINARY.

THIS school will be resumed the 18th of September. The session consists of two terms; the first expires the 9th of February, and the other the last of June. A short vacation of one week given at Christmas.

The Institution has been well patronized for years. Last Fall our accommodations were not sufficient for the applicants.

Board and Tuition for 5 months, (payable in advance,) ..... $100 00

Music Lessons, Piano or Guitar, ..... 20 00

Day pupils $10, $13, $16 and $20, according to class.

For full particulars apply for catalogue.

FRENCH STROTHER.

Aug. 10th, 1865. Glasgow, Mo.

**JAMES FITZPATRICK,**

## LICENSED AUCTIONEER,

GLASGOW, MO.,

WILL give his attention to collecting NOTES and ACCOUNTS. Will also advance money on the same if desired.

**Howard County Bonds Wanted,**

for which the highest price will be paid.

☞ Money to Loan at Fair Rates.

Glasgow, June 22, 1865—tf

## GREAT REDUCTION

**IN PRICES OF**

**SINGER'S**

## SEWING MACHINES!

These unequaled Machines for Family and Manufacturing purposes are now sold cheaper at the St. Louis Agency, No. 85, N. Fourth street, than anywhere else in America. Send for price list. Agents wanted. EDWIN DEAN,

General Agent.

Sept. 14, 1865—3ms.


**Arrival and Departure of Mails.**

ROUTE 10,489, FROM ALLEN TO GLASGOW.

Arrive every day, except Sunday, ..... 7 P. M.
Depart " " " " ..... 8 A. M.

ROUTE 10,452, COLUMBIA TO GLASGOW.

Arrive every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 9 P. M.
Depart every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, 6 A. M.

ROUTE 10,492, GLASGOW TO MIAMI.

Arrive every Wednesday, Friday and Sunday, 3 P. M.
Depart every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, 8 A. M.

F. W. DIGGES, P. M.


CHAMBERLAIN'S

NEW

WATCH & JEWELRY

STORE,

**At the Post-Office,**

**Glasgow, Mo.**

THE undersigned would respectfully announce to his friends and the public in general, that he has returned, with a new and well selected Stock of

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.,

of the latest styles; selected with great care from the largest stocks of Philadelphia and New York

**Watches from the most Celebrated Makers of Europe.** Celebrated AMERICAN LEVER WATCHES of the finest manufacture, warranted accurate time keepers. CLOCKS OF ALL PATTERNS, and a general assortment of goods, such as may be found in the best establishments of St. Louis.

Watches and Jewelry of the finest kind made to order.

SILVER WARE MADE OF PURE COIN.

☞ No Goods misrepresented. Having been a Watchmaker for some years, I flatter myself as a competent hand to do all kinds of work in the very best manner, and on the most reasonable terms.

**CUTLERY of the best Brands, Pen Knives, Scissors, Razors, &c.,** of Rogers' and Wostenholm's make.

Old Gold and Silver bought and taken in exchange. **JOHN CHAMBERLAIN.**

Glasgow, June 29, 1865.

THE WAY TO SAVE MONEY

IS TO

**BUY YOUR GOODS**

OF

HARVEY & THORPE,

**GLASGOW, MO.,**

(On First Street, two doors above the Post Office, at Phipps' old stand.)

THE subscribers take pleasure in informing the citizens of Howard and surrounding counties that they have now on hand a

**Splendid Assortment**

OF

**All Descriptions of Merchandise,**

and flatter themselves that they can meet all demands their friends may make upon them both as to the quality of their goods and

**CHEAPNESS OF PRICE,**

as will effectually defy competition, and insure full satisfaction to their customers. Give us a call and satisfy yourselves. Respectfully submitted.

HARVEY & THORPE.

Glasgow, Mo., July 6, 1865.

## ST. LOUIS TYPE FOUNDRY CO.

No. 9, Pine St.,

TYPE AND ELECTROTYPE

**FOUNDERS,**

MANUFACTURE and furnish Machine and Hand Printing Presses, Metal and Wood Type, Borders, Rules, Cases, Chases, Sticks, Galleys, and in fact everything that is necessary in a complete Printing Office.

Printing paper, all sizes, o good quality. Colored and Manilla paper, also, Note, Letter, Cap, Flat Cap, Commercial, Packet, and Folio Post Paper.

Cards and Card Boards, white and colored, all qualities. Printing inks, Hand Stamps, Seals and Seal Presses, &c., all of which will be sold at low prices for cash.

Proprietors of Newspapers publishing this advertisement, INCLUDING THIS NOTE, to amount of Ten Dollars, and sending us a copy of their paper at its first insertion and one at the time of its discontinuance, will be allowed their bills when they purchase five times the amount in type or other material of our own manufacture.

Will furnish Electrotype copies of the advertisement to parties that send for them.

July 20, 1865.

JAS. A. CLARK, Late Judge 11 Judicial Circuit. } H. CLAY COCKERILL, Late Judge Platte Probate Court.

## CLARK & COCKERILL,

**LAWYERS,**

**Glasgow, Mo.**

PARTICULAR attention given to Probate business in Chariton and Howard Counties.

H. CLAY COCKERILL,

**NOTARY PUBLIC,**

**And Real Estate Agent.**

PAPER WAREHOUSE.

**H. B. Graham & Bro.,**

82 Second Street, ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

Every kind of

**PAPER**

on hand, and for sale at MILL PRICES, (freight added. Cash for RAGS. june 15, 4tm


## NOTICE!! NOTICE!!!

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons failing to make a return of their taxable property to the undersigned Assessor of Howard county, on or before the day upon which his book is returned to the County Court, (about the 1st of December,) will be assessed as far as can be found, double, with ten per cent added thereto, and their names reported to said Court for fine. Office at Court House.

W. CON. BOON,
Assessor of Howard county.

Nov. 9, 1865—3w.


**J. ROPER,**

DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY.

KEEPS constantly on hand all kinds of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Patent Medicines, Toilet and Fancy Articles, &c. &c., usually kept in first class country Drug Stores, which he will sell on liberal terms to his customers. Give me a call. Store room on First Street, Glasgow, Mo., at the old stand of H. L. White.

June 15, 1866. 1y

**M. ENGLISH,**

AGENT FOR THE COLLECTION

OF

**Claims against the State**

OR

GENERAL GOVERNMENT.

GLASGOW, MISSOURI.

Glasgow, June 15, 1865. tf

## WM. G. BROWN,

Dealer in all kinds of Staple

**AND FANCY**

## GROCERIES,

*Opposite the Steamboat Landing,*

**WATER STREET, GLASGOW, MO.**

Has now on hand a large stock of Groceries,

Iron, Nails,

**HARDWARE, CUTLERY**

AND

**CASTINGS.**

**ALSO FRUITS, NUTS, CANDIES,**

and in fact every article generally found in a Grocery and Hardware House. I have a stock of **Liquors** that cannot be surpassed in this market, all of which I pledge myself to sell

AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

**The highest market price paid for all kinds of Produce.**

Feeling thankful for former patronage I solicit a continuance of same

WM. G. BROWN.

August 3, 1865.

MILL NOTICE.

THE undersigned have their Grist Mill in the best of order. Are prepared to grind for the public on Tuesdays and Saturdays of each week. Flour and meal kept constantly on hand to exchange for Wheat and corn. The very best article of Flour in the country, kept for sale.

Wanted to purchase, Wheat, Corn and Cord Wood. ENGLISH & CO.

June 15, 1865. tf

**CHANGE OF TIME.**

## NORTH MO. RAILROAD.

ST. JOSEPH EXPRESS TRAINS

will leave the Depot at the corner of North Market and Second streets, at 8 45 o'clock, A. M., arriving in St. Joseph the same day.

EXPRESS TRAINS from St. Joseph arrive in St. Louis at 8:30, P. M., in time for Eastern connections:

Trains at Hudson, the junction of the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad, are ordered to wait the arrival of trains bound for St. Joseph.

Stage connections at Allen, Renick, Centralia, and Mexico, for interior points at Allen the cars connect with SMITH's lines of stages for Huntsville, Glasgow, Keytesville, Brunswick, and all intermediate points.

**Attention**

## MILITIA!

PAY for service in all kinds of Missouri Militia is now being collected by STEELE & BLAIR, of Macon. Persons who have served in any company or regiment can send in by letter their full names, the letter of their company, the number of their regiment, their post office address, and we will collect their pay at a moderate charge.

We will prosecute claims of any kind against the State or United States. Address by letter,

STEELE & BLAIR,

July 16, 1865—3m. Macon, Mo.

**Important News!**

**LOUIS FISCHER,**

## MERCHANT TAILOR.

On First Street, one door above the Shoemaker's Shop of N. Franzen,

GLASGOW, MO.

THE subscriber takes this method of informing the public that he is now prepared to execute all orders for COATS, VESTS, PANTS, CLOAKS, ETC., with neatness, durability and dispatch, in the BEST STYLE OF THE TAILORING ART, and on reasonable terms. He also keeps on hand an Elegant and Superior assortment of

**Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetv, Vestings, Beavers, Tricos, Trimmings, and other Goods of Gentlemen's Wear,**

which cannot be excelled in this market, which he will retail or make up to order at the lowest rates. Goods sold by the yard will be cut out without charge.

Having had many years practical experience in the Tailoring Business, I feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all my patrons.

Please call before purchasing elsewhere.

LOUIS FISCHER.

Glasgow, Sept. 14, 1865.


### Marvels of Japanese Jugglery.

The following will be read with interest by the curious:

I will mention but one or two items. A graphic writer upon Japan some time since made the world acquainted with the most graceful and beautiful, and at the same time wonderful, of all the feats performed by the jugglers of that country. They were the top and butterfly trick. A top is set spinning in the air, on its descent it is caught on the edge of a sword, where it whirls merrily; then it is brought along the keen edge to the handle; then it renews its flight to be again caught, and ultimately it is sent, like a minature Blondin, across a silken thread which is invisible to the audience; meantime it descends the slack, sometimes ascends the hill, but is always sure of foot, and waltzes its way over the narrow path, from the boxes of a theatre to the back of the stage as readily as across a drawing room. The butterflies are cut out of many-colored paper, and fly about as if endowed with life. In obedience to the wave of a fan they fly high or fly low; now they flutter over a lady's boquet, now they light upon the spray of a wreath, now they gyrate, moth-like, round a gas-jet. This feat alone is sufficient to take the town by storm.

The Houston (Texas) Telegraph praises highly some cotton sent into Houston, that was raised by German labor in Austin county, and says:

We learn from reliable authority that the Germans in different portions of the State are making great preparations to plant large fields of cotton next season. Many have rented lands from planters who are willing to allow them their use for a reasonable consideration. We are informed by several intelligent German planters that emigration from the German States will be encouraged, and that employment will be secured for the emigrants by their countrymen in this State.

The New York papers announce the arrival at that port of the steamship Western Metropolis, from Apalachicola, 15th inst. She brings 3,000 bales of cotton, weighing 150,000 pounds, being the largest cargo ever taken from that port in a steam vessel.

There has already been shipped some 30,000 bales, with 10,000 on hand, 15th inst., with some 40,000 bales still up the river, which will come down when water will permit, making in all some 80,000 bales that will be shipped this season.

The Daily News has the following good thing from its Baltimore correspondent, a bitter Secessionist:

"While Gen. Jo. Johnston was in Baltimore recently, a young gentleman of that city, who had known the General before the war, renewed his acquaintance on the street with the remark, 'General, I regret that we were obliged to surrender to overwhelming numbers, but I rejoice that we are not whipped.' 'You have had no active participation in the fighting, I believe?' inquired the General. "No, sir' 'Under the circumstances,' rejoined the veteran, 'you are not whipped, but I am."

Knoxville, Nov. 27.

The United States District Court, Judge Connelly N. Trigg, presiding, began its session to day. The streets and hotels are crowded with citizens. The Grand Jury have found indictments numbering over nineteen hundred, for treason and giving aid and comfort to the enemy. Parties will have contesting cases, who, two years ago to-day, were in the destructive assault on Fort Sanders. The Court will continue for some months.

The Highest Masonic Council.—The Supreme Council of Sovereign Grand Inspector General of the thirty-third and last degree of Masonry, Ancient and Accepted Rite, assembled in the city of Charleston, South Carolina, a week or two since.—Brother General Albert Pike, of Arkansas, presided as Sovereign Grand Commander. Many distinguished Masons were present from all parts of the country. Several of the European crowned heads were elected honorary members. The Council adjourned to meet in Washington on the third Monday in March next. The Council is the mother Council of all the Supreme Councils of the world, and comprises among its members some of the most distinguished men of this country and Europe.

A Thousand Years Old.—In the year 1852, Russia celebrated throughout the vast expanse of her empire the completion of the thousandth year of her national existence. It was kept with all the solemnity due to the important event, The Russian empire was founded in 852; in which year the Russians, or Rossians, probably of Scandinavian origin, made their first appearance on the shores of the Bosphorous.

### Gamblers in Smoking Cars—Beware of Genteel Looking Persons who Invite to Play Euchre.

From the Cleveland Plaindealer.

There are many pests that infests trains and railroad depots, but none more despicable and to be avoided than the "poker players," to be found in the smoking cars on most of the trains of many of our roads. To the credit of some railroad companies, be it said, these nuisances and pests have been hunted out. They usually go in companies of two and three, and put on the appearance of strangers to each other. One proposes a friendly game for pastime. The accomplices consent, and generally manage to draw a stranger in with them. The game progresses, becomes monotonous, and another proposes a small stake to give interest to the game. The story is soon told. The stranger is fleeced. A gentleman arrived here yesterday on one of the roads, having lost all the money he had, $175, in this way.

From the Buffalo Commercial Advertiser.

A day or two since a person who travels on one of the roads leading into the city, called upon us with the request that we would say something about the evil complained of above. He says there is a trio of genteel thieves who go over the road two or three times a week for the purpose of fleecing verdant passengers, and they are generally successful. The trick to which they generally resort is that of getting up a friendly game of "euchre," having prevailed upon one or more of the passengers to join in, "just to relieve the monotony." In the course of the game one of the sharpers complains that he has no luck in holding "euchre" cards, but that if the game was "poker," his hands would always win. A bet is made between two of them, and the braggart loses. By and by one of the innocent passengers, who has seen the game of "bluff," or "poker," finds that he has got "four of a kind" in his hand, and when the gentleman who proposed the game offers to bet that he has got "the best bluff hand round the board," passenger cannot resist the temptation, as he regards "four queens and an ace" as a "sure thing." Twenty, fifty, perhaps an hundred dollars, is put up, (we know a late instance where the stake was over two hundred dollars.) and the hands are exposed, when the verdant traveller is shown "four kings and an ace," and his opponent "rakes the pile." There is not a single week passes without occurrences of this kind. A few days since, a drover was fleeced in this manner of several hundred dollars, and the blacklegs who swindled him were obliged to jump from the cars while in motion to escape the consequences of the storm which was raised against them.

### Boone Circuit Court.

The Circuit Court, Judge Burkhartt presiding, closed its session here on Tuesday.

In the case of the State vs. Allen Bysfield, indicted for manslaughter in killing Samuel Morrow, he was fined five hundred dollars and sentenced to six months' imprisonment in the county jail. The Governor has remitted the imprisonment and the Judge of the court remitted the fine. J. J. Collier indicted for assault with intent to kill M. G. Singleton was fined $200; Robert Ray indicted for resisting a constable's *posse comitatus* was acquitted, it being shown that he acted without a knowledge of their character. Boothe indicted for grand larceny was acquitted. State vs Franklin, indicted for murder, change of venue granted to Macon county. State vs. Rumans, indicted for grand larceny and murder, continued. State against Burnett, indicted for murder, continued. State vs. Elijah Rey indicted for an assault with intent to kill Capt. Vandiver, defendant acquitted. State vs. John Hubbard, grand larceny, indictments dismissed and defendant sent to Montgomery county to stand trial on the charge of murder. Dick, formerly slave of Wm. F. Switzler, charged on two indictments with grand larceny, plead guilty and was sentenced to four years imprisonment in the penitentiary. Another negro, indicted for grand larceny, was sentenced to two years imprisonment in the same.

Nearly every liquor dealer in the county was indicted and fined for not having taken the oath required by the statutes, not to adulterate their liquors.—[Statesman.

Size of the West.—Illinois would make forty such States as Rhode Island, and Minnesota sixty. Missouri is larger than all New England. Ohio exceeds either Ireland or Scotland, or Portugal; and equals Belgium, Scotland and Switzerland together. Missouri is more than half as large as Italy, and larger than Denmark, Holland, Belgium and Switzerland. Missouri and Illinois are larger than England, Scotland, Ireland and Wales.

### Decrease of the Alps.

A modern writer on Nature and Art has spoken of the gradual but sure decrease of body in the Alps mountains; his thoughts and observations the traveler may easily verify. It is written of men that they all do fade as a leaf. The hills, also, are wasting and wearing away, and slowly running down to the sea. The valley is a witness to the mountain's weakness. The glazier pulverizes the rock, and every mountain streamlet carries down its contribution to the plain, perhaps each drop a sand grain. The waste of the mountains is forming new earth. Nearly every Alpine lake is a proof of this. The Rhine deposits in lake Constance have formed a large delta. What was formerly a large bay in Lake Lucerne is now a marsh, and in other part the rocks that one little brook has brought down have nearly stopped navigation. The earth that the Rhine has gathered has shortened the southern horn of Lake Geneva nine miles. By observing and weighing the amount of sediment in a certain quantity of water taken from a glazier streamlet, the number of tons which Mont Blanc annually loses was at once estimated. It thus becomes a matter almost within the range of mathematical calculation to compute the number of years when the mountains shall have yielded their strength, and when the "hill shall have been made low."

Our Territorial Extent.—The total area of the United States and its Territories is 3,230,572 square miles. Its territorial extent is, therefore, nearly ten times as large as that of Great Britain and France combined; three times as large as France, Great Britain, Austria, Prussia, Spain, Portugal, Belgium, Holland, and Denmark together; one and one-half times as large as the Russian Empire in Europe; one-six less only than the area covered by the fifty-nine or sixty Empires, States and Republics of Europe; of equal extent with the Roman Empire, or that of Alexander, neither of which is said to have exceeded 3,000,000 square miles.

Robbery at Compton's Ferry.—Last Tuesday evening an old man named White, living near Compton's Ferry, in this county, was robbed of $1500 by several men who came from Chariton county that evening. The gang, after robbing White, went to the store of a Mr. Lampkin and took several hundred dollars worth of goods. We have been unable to learn all the particulars of the robbery, but will endeavor to give them next week. The robbers have not been heard of since.—Carrollton (Mo) Journal.

Ten thousand women and children, and crippled and infirm old men, are said to be in immediate need of assistance to enable them to escape starvation in Scott, Sebastian, Crawford, Washington, Johnson, Franklin, Newton, Madison, Benton, Carroll, Searcy and Marion counties, Arkansas.

Religious Intelligence.—The great revival, which has been going on at the Methodist Episcopal Church the past three weeks, still continues with increasing interest. Over seventy prominent conversions have recently been noted, and daily accessions are made to the church.—Warrensburg Standard.

The departure of Lieut. Gen. Grant for Richmond has occasioned considerable conjecture. The prevailing impression is that he has been deputed by the President for a line of duty connected with high political considerations. It is publicly announced that his tour will probably embrace Charleston and other Southern cities, while the suggestion has been made that it may extend to New Orleans, and even further beyond the Mississippi.

Are You Ready?—The gates of the burial ground on Bunhill-fields were open; a hearse and four horses stood near, with a long line of mourning coaches, and a coffin, covered with a pall, was conveyed to the silent tomb. As the mournful procession moved slowly through the gate-way, the passer-by was obliged either to cross the street, or wait till the mourners had entered the burial-ground. At this moment, a working-man, with a paper cap on his head, in crossing the street, accosted a companion whom he met with the words, "Are you ready?" As he spoke he turned a significant glance on the funeral procession, and gave a shrug with his shoulders by which I understood he meant if his companion was ready to be carried to the grave. The question was put to a light-hearted, thoughtless spirit; and his companion replied, "Not yet!' The question and reply occupied my reflections for some time after, and I thought to myself, How many there are among us, were the same inquiry to be made, who would answer, "Not yet!"