

# STATUS OF THE JEWS.

## No Relief For the Sufferer to Be Had in Russia From Misery and Persecution.

### CRUSHED, IMPOVERISHED AND KILLED.

Fettered in His Movements—Handicapped in His Vocation—He is Unable to Protect Himself—A Slave Without a Master's Protection to Shield Him from Abuse.

Atlantic City, N. J., July 13.—John B. Weber, of Buffalo, N. Y., late commissioner of immigration at the port of New York and chairman of the special commission authorized by the congress in 1885 to investigate in Europe the causes inciting immigration to this country, was a speaker, Sunday, before the Jewish Chautauqua on the subject of "The Status of the Jews in Russia."

In his address Mr. Weber charged the Russian restrictive laws as being responsible for the misery and persecution of which people read and hear. He stated that there would be no peace, no substantial relief for the sufferers until the total disappearance from Russia of either the Jew or the special laws directed against them.

Taking up the laws regarding the right of residence which the speaker characterized as especially hard and oppressive he briefly sketched the history of the official decrees regulating the area within which the Jews were permitted to live during the past forty years.

Summing up the status of the Jew in Russia, Mr. Weber said:

"Today he is an alien in the land of his birth, a subject who bears an undue share of the burdens of good government without the privileges of the meanest citizens. Fettered in his movements, restricted in his educational opportunities, he is unable to protect himself and is powerless to successfully invoke the protection of the authorities, a slave without the self-interest of a master to shield him from abuse—he stands helpless, friendless and defenseless, a brute force, egged on not only by religious intolerance, but by contending forces that strive to strengthen the government on the one hand and to destroy it on the other, the irrepressible conflict of the age between government by autocracy and government by the people. The Jew is, therefore, the spoil of the rabble, the spoil of the official, the football of fanaticism, the buffer against which strikes the wrath of bigotry, intolerance and savagery."

After asserting the moral obligation and the right of the United States to protest to the Russian government against its treatment of the Jews, Mr. Weber said:

"I can not look with unconcern upon the arrival of thousands of hunted, terror-stricken human beings, who come to us, crushed in spirit and impoverished in substance, to enter into competition with our respected and self-respecting labor. Neither is it an answer to say that we have the remedy in our own hands by closing our ports against these people. This would violate our every instinct of humanity and would war against the policy which has made this country great and prosperous and which will continue to add to our progress and prosperity if immigration is confined to normal causes alone. The abnormal immigration from Russia is due to the laws and methods of that country—and this gives us a legal and moral right to object. Self-interest and humanity unite in a loud call to invoke such rights."

Referring to the hope that a considerable part of this stream from Russia may be diverted to other lands, Mr. Weber quoted the statement of an immigrant at Kovo in the Pale:

"I am going to America, for in that direction lies hope. Here I have only fears to confront me. The hope may prove delusive, but the fears are a certainty. My great ambition is to breathe at least once the free air with which God has blessed the American people."

"These," continued the speaker, "are the words of an uncultured Jew, and these are the sentiments in the heart of every Jew in Russia."

Continuing, he said:

"Be patient with these unfortunate people, and do not judge them by the ordinary standards. Their lives from the cradle up have been passed under extraordinary conditions. The grown up generation can never forget their mistreatment, they can not banish fear and suspicion upon command, but their children can be fitted to enter upon citizenship and made to glorify our race and reflect credit upon our American institutions."

### Mexicans Punish Swiftly.

San Francisco, July 12.—The officers of the Pacific Mail liner Colon, just arrived from Acapulco tell of the punishment meted out by the Mexican officials to a burglar who broke into the steamship company's office at Acapulco in June last. He broke open the safe and stole \$400 after beating the watchman into insensibility. He was captured, later, on the road to the City of Mexico with only \$80 on his person. He was taken back to Acapulco and there admitted his guilt. He was promptly sentenced to be shot.

### Tragedy Due to Jealousy.

St. Joseph, Mo., July 13.—Mrs. John Mackey died, Sunday, from pistol wounds received at 309 Main street, where she is alleged to have been decoyed by William A. Matzinger. Matzinger has been in love with the woman for a year, and when she flitted him for another he made threats against her life. She met him by agreement, and was soon afterwards fatally wounded. Matzinger turned the revolver on himself, and put three bullets into his body. His death is expected.

# FIRE ON HOBOKEN PIER.

The New Pier of the Scandinavian-American Line at Hoboken, N. J., Destroyed the Second Time.

New York, July 11.—The new pier of the Scandinavian-American line, at the foot of Seventeenth street, Hoboken, N. J., was destroyed by fire Friday, and for the second time in three years the line is temporarily without a pier. It is believed the loss will amount to almost \$500,000. The dock alone cost \$200,000 to build. The fire started in the store room of the pier, and when discovered the fire had a firm foothold. There was no slip of the line in port. The steamship Islands should have docked Friday, but did not arrive. On the pier was a large part of the cargo destined for Europe which was to be shipped on the Islands, and this was destroyed, causing a loss of over \$300,000. Comparatively few men were at work on the pier at the time.

When the first fire engines arrived fully three hundred feet of the pier was blazing from the water's edge to the top. Tugs of all sorts and sizes threw water into the fire, but this seemed to have little effect. The city firemen were badly hampered in reaching the place. The flames spread as rapidly as when the North German Lloyd and Scandinavian piers burned three years ago. There were three explosions, apparently caused by barrels of some inflammable material. The flames spread very rapidly. The heat was intense, and many firemen dropped into the river for relief.

The slight wind carried the flames toward the Hefjen and Lang dry-docks, containing a score of vessels. Those which could be gotten out were towed away.

A nearby bathhouse was crowded with women, girls and children, who fled without waiting to dress. Two children were slightly hurt in the crush.

West of the bulkhead were moored the United States training ship Portsmouth and the Ward liner Manhattan. These were in peril for a time, but the wind shifted, carrying the flames out over the river. The naval reserves on the Portsmouth did good work in keeping the fire within the bulkhead. Within three quarters of an hour after the fire started it was under control. None of the workmen on the pier was injured.

# A FEMALE ENOCH ARDEN.

After an Absence of Twenty-One Years Returns—Finds Husband Married and Babies of Age.

Rockford, Ill., July 11.—A woman in the role of Enoch Arden returned to Rockford, Friday, after an absence of 21 years.

The chief figure in this curious history is Mrs. Louise Olson. Twenty-one years ago Mrs. Olson was injured in a railroad wreck near Buffalo, N. Y. She was taken to a hospital, but recovered. Her mind was not clear, however, and she wandered to France. Another victim of the wreck died in the hospital, and by mistake was buried as Mrs. Olson.

When Mrs. Olson returned to Rockford, Friday, she found the two babies she had left—Hilda and Frank—full grown and surprised beyond measure at her return.

Alexander Olson, her husband, she found living with his third wife, the second Mrs. Olson, whom he married while believing fully in his first wife's death, having died some years ago. Mr. Olson identified the returned one as his first wife. The latter will recognize the rights of the third wife, and will live with her recovered child.

# COL. AMES TAKEN TO PRISON.

Convicted of Bribery for "Protection" While Chief of Police of Minneapolis, Minn.

Minneapolis, Minn., July 11.—Col. Fred Ames, superintendent of police under the administration of his brother, Mayor A. A. Ames, was taken to Stillwater, Friday, to begin his six and a half years' service in the state prison for bribery. At the prison he went through the usual formalities of bathing, barbering, Bertillon measurements, etc., and was registered as convict No. 1093. His occupation has not yet been determined, but inasmuch as he is an expert bookkeeper and also a registered pharmacist he will probably be assigned either to the accounting department or to the prison dispensary.

# DISMISSED FOR GRAFTING.

Sergt. L. Schawacker Dismissed From the New York Police Force for Accepting Presents.

New York, July 11.—First Deputy Commissioner Elstein of the police department has dismissed from the force Sergt. L. Schawacker, who had been in charge of the schools of instruction. Sergt. Schawacker was found guilty of accepting a present of \$1 from each man of a class of 51 probationary patrolmen.

# Conspiracy to Defeat Justice.

Chicago, July 11.—A well-planned conspiracy to defeat justice and seriously interfere with the prosecution of the election judges and clerks who are under indictment for frauds perpetrated at the recent judicial balloting in the Eighteenth ward, was blocked, Friday, by State's Attorney Deenen. The conspiracy involved two of the most important of the state's witnesses.

Leander Goodrich is in jail and John Barrett is being subjected to a searching examination by the prosecution.

# Convention Closed.

Boston, July 11.—The convention of the National Educational association was brought to a close Friday. The national council met to clear up a few remaining matters of business, and ten of the 16 departments held sessions.

# Prominent Lumberman Dead.

Duluth, Minn., July 11.—Levi A. Barber, of the firm of Peyton, Kimball & Barber, died Friday, aged 67. He was a prominent lumberman and leaves a large estate.

# THE MITRE OF ST. GENNARO

## A Relic of the Neapolitans' Greatest Saint, Preserved at Naples, Said to Work Miracles.

### HAS BEEN SENT TO THE POPE'S CHAMBER

His Holiness continues to hold Death Off, But He is Not a Shadow of His Former Self. Notwithstanding the Continued Activity of His Mental Faculties.

Rome, July 12.—In view of the serious condition of the pontiff, the Neapolitans have had recourse to their most sacred and seldom used method of rendering him assistance. St. Gennaro is their greatest saint, and his mitre is preserved at Naples. It is said to work miracles. The archbishop and clergy of Naples begged the archbishop to send the mitre to Rome for the first time in many years. The precious relic was entrusted to Monsignor Prince Caracciolo, who arrived with it safely in Rome Saturday. At the Vatican the mitre was received by signor Bisleti, who, with great ceremony, thanked the Neapolitans for their piety and self-sacrifice in allowing the mitre to come here.

After the cardinal had invited Monsignor Caracciolo to remain for some days in this city, the sacred relic was deposited in the sickroom.

### A WEEK OF ANXIETY.

#### The End of It Found the Pope But the Shadow of a Man.

Rome, July 12.—Saturday brought to a close a full week since Pope Leo was stricken with illness, and it found him still battling against death. Dr. Lippini remained near the pope throughout the night, but there was little occasion for his services. When Dr. Mazzoni joined him in the sick chamber at 5:30 o'clock Saturday morning they found that their patient had not suffered any serious depression during the night, although the same terrible weakness was still manifest.

An affecting interview has occurred between the pontiff, Cardinal Satolli and three other cardinals representing various degrees of the sacred college. Cardinal Satolli and his companions were admitted to the presence of the pope as a special favor, following his earnest entreaties. In the gentlest manner Cardinal Maechi, speaking for all, told the pontiff of the universal interest taken in his condition, adding: "Prayers are going up everywhere that the Lord may preserve for the benefit of the church, the precious life of your holiness."

"I thank your eminence," replied the pope. "It will be as God wishes. We must submit to His holy will." Saying the sufferer pressed the hand of each of the cardinals as they withdrew.

One of the cardinals present at the interview, spoke afterwards of the remarkable changes that had been wrought since he had last seen the pontiff only last Sunday night, when extremeunction was administered to his holiness. The cardinal said: "The appearance of the Holy father is intensely painful. He maintains mental calmness, but his brave spirit is terribly broken. This was especially apparent to me, while I am used to seeing him often. I have observed a great change in his physical condition during the last five days. His words are now uttered with difficulty and he raises his hand only after an effort. His face is excessively emaciated and his eyes are deeply sunken. His extreme weakness is evident at the first glance; there remains only a shadow of the man."

Cardinal Satolli, in a conversation, said that life was only kept in the tired body of the pontiff by the constant use of powerful stimulants, and other persons equally reliable who saw the pope Sunday and who had seen him on previous days of his illness, agree with Cardinal Satolli in saying that death has made all his ravages save separation of the soul and body. And yet doctors announce to the public that the pope's general condition is satisfactory. An explanation of the apparent contradiction lies in the fact that the doctors expect his holiness to die long before this and now are exercising in their bulletins an excess of caution and a comparative method of expression which is incomprehensible to the lay mind. Moreover, the extraordinary vitality of their patient has, so to speak, annihilated every medical theory held by doctors in Italy so that it is scarcely surprising that Doctors Rossoni, Mazzoni and Lippini content themselves with daily recording the symptoms of progression and retrogression which succeed each other with such baffling irregularity as to forbid the risk of making a definite prognosis for the public.

### The Kishineff Petition.

New York, July 12.—The American Kishineff petition is causing grave discussion between the czar's two all-powerful ministers, DeWitte and Plehva, and according to the St. Petersburg correspondent of the World the rivalry between them may result in the petition being received.

DeWitte is extremely friendly to the United States and is said to regard any weakening of the good relations as a grave error in policy. He is reported to be using his influence toward paying the way for the reception of the petition.

### Prince of Wales to Inspect Flagship.

Portsmouth, England, July 13.—The prince of Wales arrived yesterday for the inspection of Rear-Admiral Cotton's flagship Kearsarge Monday. Ambassador Choate and Secretaries White and Carter, of the American embassy, travelled in the same train from London. Admiral Sir Charles F. Hotham received them at the station, and the whole party drove to the admiralty house as the admiral's guests, the prince of Wales, Ambassador Choate and Admiral Hotham occupying the first carriage.

# ED. DELEHANTY'S REMAINS.

A Body, Believed to Be That of the Drowned Baseball Player, Taken From Niagara River.

Buffalo, N. Y., July 10.—The body found in the river below the falls, Thursday, was identified at Drummondville as that of Ed. Delehanty, the famous outfielder of the Washington American league team.

The body was mangled. One leg was torn off, presumably by the propeller of the Maid of the Mist, near whose landing the body was found. M. A. Green, a stockholder in the Washington team, identified the body by the teeth, two crippled fingers and the clothing. The body was shipped to Washington.

Mr. Green, Thursday morning, identified the luggage left by Delehanty on the train at the bridge last Thursday night when he was put off.

It was a pass to the Washington grounds made out to Mrs. Delehanty. Delehanty's effects have been sent to his wife by the Pullman people.

Frank Delehanty, of the Syracuse team, and E. J. McGuire, a brother-in-law, from Cleveland, are here investigating the death of the player. They do not believe that Delehanty committed suicide or that he had been on a spree in Detroit. In the sleeper on the Michigan Central train on the way down from Detroit Delehanty had five drinks of whisky, says Conductor Cole, and he became so obstreperous that he had to be put off the train at Bridgeburg, at the Canadian end of the bridge. Cole says Delehanty had an open razor and was terrifying others in the sleeper.

When the train stopped at Bridgeburg Cole did not deliver Delehanty up to a constable as the Canadian police say he should have done. He just put him off the train.

After the train had disappeared across the bridge Delehanty started to walk across, which is against the rules. The night watchman attempted to stop him, but Delehanty pushed the man to one side. The draw of the bridge had been opened for a boat, and the player plunged into the dark waters of the Niagara.

Delehanty's relatives hint at foul play, but there is nothing in the case, apparently, to bear out such a theory. The body, when found, was nude save for necktie, shoes and socks. The clothes had probably been torn off in the passage of the rapids and in going over the Horseshoe falls. The body was much bloated.

# TROOPS LEAVE EVANSVILLE.

Police, Armed With Rifles, Left to Charge—Seven Funerals Thursday—Two More Dying.

Evansville, Ind., July 10.—After talking with Gov. Durbin over the telephone, Thursday afternoon, Brig-Gen. McKee ordered all troops removed from Evansville. The Terre Haute company left for home at 7:20 Thursday night, and the Evansville company was relieved from duty. The Vincennes company is left in charge of the jail and courthouse. The four Indianapolis companies, the Martinsville company and the Gattery, with the Gatling gun, were ordered to leave for Indianapolis at midnight Thursday on a special train. The last of the troops, the Vincennes company, will leave for home Friday morning.

The city will be left in charge of the police department, which is armed with rifles. There were seven funerals Thursday. All were conducted quietly. The ministers in one or two cases prayed for the city and county administrations, and said, this was not a time for criticism, but for sympathy for the friends of the dead. Two more of the wounded are pronounced by the surgeons to be in a critical condition. Adam Browski and John Lee are sinking, and if they die the list of fatalities will be increased to 12. The grand jury is taking testimony on Monday nights shooting.

# WILL LIVE TO PAY PENALTY.

Negro Murderer of Policeman Mackey on Road to Recovery—Dressed Returning to Evansville.

Jeffersonville, Ind., July 10.—Contrary to all forecasts made by physicians attending Lee Brown, the negro who shot a policeman and precipitated the Evansville riot, will probably live to pay the penalty of his crime. When Brown was placed aboard the train at Vincennes, Ind., to be brought to the reformatory for safe-keeping, it was said he could not survive the journey, his wound being sufficient to kill an ordinary man. Thursday he was well started on the way to recovery. Brown had a paroxysm of terror when told that he would be taken back to Evansville, and manifested relief when Gov. Durbin later countermanded the order for his removal.

It was learned Thursday afternoon that a negro named Cain McGee is lying in the Deaconess hospital, in Evansville, with a bullet in his arm which he received Sunday night when the mob fired into Bud Fruit's place.

# Big Fight Expected.

Jefferson City, Mo., July 10.—Attorneys for Senators Farris, Matthews, Smith and Sullivan, who are under indictment by the Cole county grand jury on the charges of bribery in connection with the "alum bill" in the legislature, Thursday announced that they expect to go to trial when the circuit court meets on July 27. They have asked for blank subpoenas for 100 witnesses, but the clerk has refused to issue the blanks except upon an order from Circuit Judge Hazell. The request for the large number of subpoenas indicates a big fight.

# Baltimore Visited by Storm.

Baltimore, Md., July 13.—A severe wind and rain storm occurred, Sunday afternoon, which was particularly violent in a limited section of northeast Baltimore, where, within a radius of about four blocks, 50 houses were unroofed, walks demolished and trees uprooted. For several squares the streets were thickly strewn with debris of wrecked roofs, brick and splintered limbs of trees. Three hundred people were rendered homeless for the time being, and were compelled to find temporary shelter.

# CHRISTIAN ENDEAVORERS.

## A Movement of Signal Importance to the Religious World is Launched at Denver.

### A PLAN TO EVANGELIZE THE WORLD.

Tentative Proposition For the Amalgamation of the Christian Endeavor, the Epworth League and the Baptist Union in One Grand National Body.

Denver, Col., July 12.—A movement of signal importance in the religious world has been launched by the Christian Endeavor convention now in session here. It is a tentative proposal to work for the amalgamation of the Christian Endeavor society, the Epworth league and the Baptist union, and it will be presented in the form of a petition from the Endeavorers to the other two national bodies.

In taking the initiative in the advocacy of such union, the Christian Endeavor society points to its priority of establishment as justification.

### To Evangelize the World.

"To evangelize the world." This is the keynote of the pleas of the noted ministerial orators of this country and of England who, by their zeal and eloquence, are stirring the souls of the large audiences which attend the sessions of the International Christian Endeavorers' convention and the numerous auxiliary meetings.

That a definite plan for carrying on the work will be adopted before the convention adjourns is probable.

The complete registered returns of accredited delegates has not yet been compiled, but at the lowest estimate there are now fully 8,000 in the city, and the total number of visitors is not less than 20,000.

### Pleasant Impromptu Features.

Two pleasant impromptu features of the convention have been the presentation by Chaplain Rev. E. Steel, of the United States navy, to President Francis E. Clark of a small American flag, said to be the first raised by American troops over Cavite, and the expression given by Rev. R. J. Campbell, of London, to the sentiment of unity growing between Great Britain and the United States.

Surprise quiet hour services in five city churches at six o'clock Saturday morning were attended by thousands of delegates, although they had been occupied until late Friday night with convention business. From 8:30 to 9:30 sessions of the Christian Endeavor school of methods were held in the churches.

### THE PAPAL SUCCESSION.

The More Prominent Possibilities in the Sacred College for the Papal Succession.

Rome, July 12.—All the world is occupying itself with a discussion of the probable successor of Leo XIII. In expectation of an early conclave, no cardinal has left the city during the past week and none are on their way here. There are now at least 62 cardinals in Rome, including all of the Italians. Of course, Leo's successor will be an Italian. A pope of other nationality would be bound to create a reencrudescence of the question of temporal power, which would be deplorable.

Of the papable Italian cardinals, these names are chiefly discussed: Gotti, Svampa, Vannutelli, Oreglia and Rampolla. It is improbable that the college will elect Oreglia, the aged camerlengo. There is a pontifical tradition that the camerlengo is rarely elevated to the papacy. This tradition, however, was broken when Leo was elected. Serafino Vannutelli is highly commended because of his diplomatic experience and prudence. In the latter he resembles Leo.

The chief contest is expected to be between Gotti, Rampolla and Vannutelli, although Cardinals Sarto, Dipietro and Svampa are frequently mentioned. Rampolla, the papal secretary of state, is an able prelate, but his policy has made many adversaries; besides, never has a state secretary achieved the papacy. It is said, also, that he has determined to retire to a monastery when Leo dies.

Gotti is an able, intellectual executive. He is the head of the Carmelite order as a monk, not as a secular priest. His election would add luster to the church, and his management of the Carmelites indicates the probable policy he would adopt if he were elected pope. In all questions Gotti would seek for the triumph of justice. He is not offensive in his patriotism, and his acts have concentrated upon him the attention of his colleagues. External influences would not be a factor in his election.

Svampa is very ill, being threatened with paralysis. Already he has had an apoplectic seizure.

The chief opposition of the college of cardinals is against Rampolla.

### OLD LUMBERMAN DEAD.

Was Large Holder of Timber Lands in Michigan, New York, Mexico and California.

Detroit, Mich., July 13.—Patrick A. Ducey, a wealthy retired lumberman, died here, Sunday, aged 70 years.

When the Michigan lumber business began to decline he purchased a tract of 30,000 acres of timber in the Adirondacks, and carried on active operations in that part of New York state until 1895, when he retired. He also had extensive lumber interests in Mexico and California.

### Baltimore Visited by Storm.

Baltimore, Md., July 13.—A severe wind and rain storm occurred, Sunday afternoon, which was particularly violent in a limited section of northeast Baltimore, where, within a radius of about four blocks, 50 houses were unroofed, walks demolished and trees uprooted. For several squares the streets were thickly strewn with debris of wrecked roofs, brick and splintered limbs of trees. Three hundred people were rendered homeless for the time being, and were compelled to find temporary shelter.



# Home Duties

The real heroines of every day are in our homes. Frequently, however, it is a mistaken and useless heroism. Women seem to listen to every call of duty except the supreme one that tells them to guard their health. How much harder the daily tasks become when some derangement of the female organs makes every movement painful and keeps the nervous system unstrung? Irritability takes the place of happiness and amiability; and weakness and suffering takes the place of health and strength. As long as they can drag themselves around, women continue to work and perform their household duties. They have been led to believe that suffering is necessary because they are women. What a mistake!

The use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will banish pain and restore happiness. Don't resort to strong stimulants or narcotics when this great strengthening, healing remedy for women is always within reach.

### FREE MEDICAL ADVICE TO WOMEN.

If there is anything in your case about which you would like special advice, write freely to Mrs. Pinkham. No man will see your letter. She can surely help you, for no person in America has such a wide experience in treating female ills as she has had. She has helped hundreds of thousands of women back to health. Her address is Lynn, Mass., and her advice is free. You are very foolish if you do not accept her kind invitation.

### For proof read the symptoms, suffering and cure recited in the following letters:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I wish to express to you the great benefit I have derived from your advice and the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. My trouble was female weakness in its worst form and I was in a very bad condition. I could not perform my household duties, my back ached, I was extremely nervous, and I could not eat or sleep, and the bearing-down pains were terrible. My husband spent hundreds of dollars to get me well, and all the medicine that the doctors prescribed failed to do me any good; I resorted to an operation which the physician said was necessary to restore me to health, but I suffered more after it than I did before; I had hemorrhages of the womb that nothing could seem to stop."

"I noticed one of your advertisements and wrote you for advice, I received your reply and carefully followed all instructions. I immediately began to get stronger, and in two weeks was about the house. I took eight bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and continued following your advice, and to-day I am a well woman. Your remedies and help are a Godsend to suffering women, and I cannot find words to thank you for what you have done for me."—MRS. LOTTIE V. NAYLOR, 1328 N. J. Ave., N.W., Washington, D. C.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I write to tell you what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."

"I was suffering with falling of the womb and could hardly drag about, but after taking five bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was completely cured. I am now a well woman and able to do all my work."

"I think your medicine one of the best remedies in the world."—Mrs. J. M. LEE, 141 Lyndal St., Newcastle, Pa.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done a great deal for me. I suffered so much from falling of the womb and all the troubles connected with it. I doctored for years with doctors and other remedies but received only temporary relief. I began taking your medicine, and had not taken it long before I was feeling better. My husband said that I should keep right on taking it as long as it gave me relief from my suffering, as I could not expect to be cured by one or two bottles. I did so and am now able to be on my feet and work hard all day, and go to bed and rest at night. Thanks to your Vegetable Compound I am certainly grateful for the relief it gave me. It is the mother's great friend. I would not be without it in my house, for when I feel tired or out of sorts I take a few doses and feel all right."

"I would recommend your medicine to all my tired mothers, and especially to those suffering as I was."—MRS. R. F. CHAMBERS, Bennet, Neb.

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