THE ST. LOUIS REPUBLIC.

NINETY-SEVENTH YEAR. SATURDAY, MORNING, JUNE 10, 1905. PRICE { In St. Louis, One Cent. Outside St. Louis, Two Cents. On Trains, Three Cents.

SUMMARY OF The St. Louis Republic

Saturday, June 10, 1905.

THE WEATHER.

FORECAST.

St. Louis and Vicinity.

Showers and thunderstorms; cooler, to-day; southerly winds, shifting to northerly.

For Missouri—Showers and cooler to-day; fair to-morrow.

Yesterday's Conditions.

Weather: Clear. Temperature: Maximum, 87; minimum, 61 degrees. Wind: Direction, south; maximum velocity, ten miles an hour at 7 a. m. Precipitation: None. Humidity: Highest, 91 at 7 a. m. Barometer: Maximum, 29.90 inches at 7 a. m. Stage of the river, 15.3 feet at 7 a. m.

	A.M.
	6—61
	9—73
	M.
	12—84
	P.M.
	3—87
	6—85
	9—84
	12—76

Sunrise, 4:51; sunset, 7:24; length of day, 14.4. Moon: rise, 10:11. Full moon, June 17; last quarter, June 24; new moon, July 2; first quarter, July 9.

	A.M.
	3—72

Illinois—Showers and cooler to-day; to-morrow, fair; fresh to brisk southerly winds, shifting to northerly.

Iowa—Showers to-day; cooler, except in northwest portion; to-morrow, fair and warmer.

Arkansas, Oklahoma and Indian Territory—Showers and cooler to-day; to-morrow, fair.

Texas—Generally fair today and tomorrow; light to fresh southerly winds.

Nebraska and Kansas—Showers and cooler to-day; to-morrow, fair and warmer.

WANT ADS.

On Pages 10 and 11. Birth, Marriage and Death Records and New Corporations on Page 10. Vessel Movements on Page 2.

FEATURES OF TO-DAY'S NEWS.

Page.

1. Folk Appointment Is Held Up. Roosevelt Urges Peace. Equitable Insurance Controversy. Norway Crown A-begging. Russo-Japanese War News. Sandwich Costs Bluecoats' Jobs.
2. Trial of Mrs. Aggie Myers.
3. Consumptive Hospital Urged. Mystery in Woman's Suicide. Leak in Cotton Bureau Rumored. Public Library Directors Named.
4. Fountain Park District Protest.
5. Heiress to $4,000,000 Estate. Mary Institute Commencement. King Alfonso Ends His Visit.
6. Forest Park Restoration Hearing.
9. Trial of the Creveling Divorce. Patrick's Sentence Is Affirmed.
16. Status of the Tribal Tax Case. President Association's Report.

FIRST EXPERT ACCOUNT OF TOGO'S VICTORY. PAGE 2.

WASHINGTON.

Admiral Train, in a note to the Navy Department, says the Russian ships have been interned at Manila. PAGE 2.

The delegation of Indian Territory merchants in Washington write to Secretary Hitchcock that reports of agitation against St. Louis in their territory are untrue. PAGE 16.

FOREIGN.

King Alfonso's visit to England ends with state ball at Buckingham. PAGE 5.

EASTERN WAR.

President Roosevelt in an identical note to Russia and Japan urges both to cease the war for their good and humanity's; suggests direct conference. PAGE 1.

Russia is preparing to announce that the Czar will negotiate for peace. PAGE 1.

LOCAL AND SUBURBAN.

The House of Delegates delayed the approval of Coal Oil Inspector Culp's bond. Flynn may serve until fall. PAGE 1.

General Manager McClain of the Provident Association, in his semiannual report, says that 5,968 poor persons were cared for. PAGE 16.

For disputing over the price of a 10-cent saloon sandwich, three patrolmen of the Ninth District were dismissed from the force. PAGE 1.

William C. Greenlee, in a divorce hearing, told how he lost his money and his wife. PAGE 9.

In its report on the conditions of the city's eleemosynary and penal institutions the House committee suggests a special hospital for consumptives near the Poorhouse. PAGE 3.

Saloonkeepers of St. Louis County at a meeting decided to close tight to-morrow. No extra Deputy Sheriffs have been sworn in yet. PAGE 3.

James Rainey was bound over to the County Grand Jury in $1,000, charged with killing Earl Townsend, chorus singer. PAGE 3.

Postmaster Murphy has been slightly ill for several days. Appointments to consular service among two Missourians holding positions. PAGE 3.

Cupids in South Kirkwood have and the wedding of a singer nearly spoiled the commencement exercises of Mary Institute to-day. PAGE 3.

The Council approved the selection of C. C. Carpenter, Edward L. Dieckmann and Judge O'Neill Ryan as trustees of the Public Library. PAGE 3.

Simon Leary of No. 1101 North Spring avenue believes he wounded one of two men about to enter his home. PAGE 3.

The Council Committee on Ways and Means will hold public hearing on Forest Park restoration bill Tuesday. PAGE 6.

William J. Thomas obtained a divorce and the custody of his child, but the child has disappeared with its mother. PAGE 9.

Mystery attends the suicide of Stella Fearon, or Miller, who shot herself in Jerseyville, Ill. PAGE 2.

GENERAL DOMESTIC.

Mrs. J. B. Harris of Mexico, Mo., falls heir to $1,000,000 a one-third interest in a German estate inherited by her grandfather. PAGE 5.

Assistant Statistician Holmes has resigned pending the result of the investigation of the charge of a leak in the Bureau of Cotton Statistics. PAGE 3.

With hotter weather trade conditions are improved. PAGE 16.

Frank Hottman, condemned to die for the murder of Clarence Myers, takes the stand at Liberty against Mrs. Aggie Myers, wife of the murdered man, who is charged with complicity. PAGE 2.

Olney is chosen as next meeting place for the Egyptian Hustlers, now in session at Anna, Ill. An outdoor wedding is feature of day's programme. PAGE 3.

SPORT NEWS.

The St. Louis Derby, with a value of $12,000, will be run at the Fair Grounds this afternoon. PAGE 10.

Jesse Carleton and Ralph McKittrick will battle for the local golf championship at the Country Club today. PAGE 10.

Philadelphia won from the Cardinals by a score of 7 to 1. PAGE 11.

Boston defeated the Browns by a score of 7 to 1. PAGE 11.

LADY MANAGERS MEET IN NEW YORK

Reported That World's Fair Board Will Retire With $25,000 in Treasury.

SCHROERS VISITS THE BOARD.

Requests That Funds Be Turned Over to Exposition, but Money May Be Retained Till July 1.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

New York, June 9.—The first session of the final meeting of the Board of Lady Managers of the World's Fair was held here to-day at the Murray Hill Hotel.

The opinion entertained by certain of the board members at the close of the fair that the Exposition Company might expect something like $10,000 or $50,000 of the $100,000 voted by Congress to be returned was dissipated to-day as the meeting progressed.

After a discussion of finance it was believed that the Exposition would not receive at the most more than $25,000. New items of expense, amounting to between $5,000 and $10,000, were voted on to-day at the meeting. This represents the cost of the independent publication of the board's report by the board itself. This was decided on only at to-day's meeting, after it was learned that Congress will not likely publish the report of the board in full, which covers nearly 200 typewritten pages.

The report, published by the board, will be handsomely done and will be distributed among the World's Fair Government officials and the State Commissioners who were represented at the World's Fair.

The expense of the present meeting, it is intimated, will cost about $2,000, which will decrease the amount to be paid to the Exposition Company considerably. Besides this there are a considerable number of unpaid bills, and the amount said by the members to be in hand is about $5,000.

SCHROERS REQUESTS LADIES TO SURRENDER FUNDS.

Some of the members of the board expressed dissatisfaction to-day over the action of the Exposition Company authorizing John Schroers of St. Louis to meet them for the purpose of collecting the balance of the amount due them from the $100,000 fund.

Mr. Schroers met Mrs. Pardee Manning, President of the board, yesterday and suggested his mission, and was told that the money would probably not be turned over to the Exposition Company until the board adjourned on July 1.

Mrs. Edward Buchwalter of Springfield, O., interpreted Mr. Schroers's visit as an offense to the board, declaring that the company should wait until they adjourn, while the other members of the board declared that an earlier meeting of the board should have been held and the affairs of the board settled before this. Mr. Schroers left New York to-day for a visit to West Point.

BOARD MEETING WELL ATTENDED.

There is a large representation of the board at the final meeting, including Mrs. Manning, Mrs. Buchwalter of Ohio, Mrs. Annie McLean Mooney of Texas, Miss Lavinia Egan of Louisiana, Mrs. Phoebe P. Ernst of St. Louis, Mrs. Frederick Hanger of Arkansas, Mrs. William Coleman of Indianapolis, Mrs. Marcus P. Isaly of New York, Miss Anna Davies of Massachusetts, Mrs. Holcombe of Connecticut, Mrs. De Young of San Francisco and Mrs. Knott of Georgia.

Little was accomplished at the morning meeting to-day, as the members spent most of the time renewing old acquaintanceship and recalling pleasant days at the World's Fair.

After an all-day session to-morrow the Board of Lady Managers will practically adjourn for all time, although their term of office legally does not expire before July 1.

Much anxiety was shown among board members to-day to get a view of the record of the minutes of the various meetings, especially the memorable meeting which voted Miss Egan, the secretary, out of office, as edited by a special committee appointed by the board at their last meeting in St. Louis for this purpose.

It was the desire of many of the board that some of the things on record pertaining to that meeting should be eliminated from the official report, which will be submitted to Congress. So strongly did most of the members urge that this be done that legal advice was consulted, but the opinion was given to the board that they would be held legally liable for any changes made in the record, therefore it was found wise to the disappointed of some of the members to-day, that the records, which necessarily had been edited to a certain degree, had not been changed from their original form.

Mrs. Marcus P. Isaly, wife of the former copper king of Montana, will entertain the visiting members at luncheon to-morrow at the Murray Hill Hotel.

DOES J. A. HOOKE LIVE IN THE CITY?

Appointment of Assistant Sewer Commissioner Is Temporarily Withdrawn Because of Residence in the County.

The appointment of J. A. Hooke as Assistant Sewer Commissioner, was withdrawn yesterday by Sewer Commissioner Fardwell until Mr. Hooke's place of residence is thoroughly established.

Mr. Hooke has been living at No. 4[illegible] Cote Brilliante avenue. This is one block beyond the city limits and would prevent him from holding a city position where the pay is monthly. Commissioner Fardwell says, however, that Mr. Hooke, who is one of his business partners, in reality lives at No. 8[illegible] Clarendon avenue with Charles Young, the other partner.

Mr. Hooke, according to Commissioner Fardwell, was sick and was advised by a physician to go to the suburbs, where there would be plenty of fresh air. Hooke moved to No. 6[illegible] Cote Brilliante avenue, where his residence is given in the city directory, but Commissioner Fardwell says that the suburban address was only temporary, and that Hooke still maintained his address at No. 8[illegible] Clarendon. He is not registered from the latter place.

Commissioner Fardwell says that the withdrawal is only temporary, and that he will soon send in Mr. Hooke's name again. Mr. Hooke, he says, has been a resident of St. Louis for more than two years.

DELEGATES HOLD UP FOLK APPOINTMENT

House Delays Approval of Coal Oil Inspector Culp's $5,000 Bond.

FLYNN MAY SERVE TILL FALL.

Council Quickly Acts Favorably—Excise Commissioner Appears in Behalf of New Appointee.

In showing opposition to Governor Folk, the House of Delegates last night, on a motion of a Republican member, delayed the approval of the $5,000 bond of William H. Culp, who was appointed Coal Oil Inspector, to succeed William Flynn. The matter was referred to the Legislation Committee, which probably will not make a report before the summer adjournment, Friday.

The Mayor sent the bond to the Council yesterday afternoon. With no delay the security was referred to a committee and then reported out in time for approval at the meeting. To further speed the bond to approval, the rules were suspended and all business of the meeting was sent to the House last night.

Excise Commissioner Mulvihill appeared before both branches of the Municipal Assembly in behalf of the approval of the bond.

Several of the members of the House conduct saloons.

The chairman of the Legislation Committee, to which the bond was referred on the motion of Delegate Weeke, is John B. Williams, of the Fourteenth Ward.

The probabilities are that Flynn will serve as Coal Oil Inspector until the House reconvenes in September.

Very few of the Governor's appointments have to have bonds approved by the Municipal Assembly, but the Coal Oil Inspector's is one, and the occasion was the first the House has had to act on Governor Folk's selections.

Although the appointment of Culp as Inspector has been known since February, it was not officially announced in Jefferson City until yesterday.

Mr. Culp is in the real estate business at No. 8[illegible] Chestnut street with his father and resides at No. 8[illegible] North King's highway.

PRESIDENT TRAVELS AS PRIVATE CITIZEN.

Goes to Wife's Farm as Ordinary Passenger in Pullman—Attired in Dark Sack Coat, Light Trousers, Slouch Hat, Leather Leggings and Spurs.

The Republic Bureau, Wyatt Building, 14th and F Streets.

Washington, June 9.—Wearing a dark sack coat, light trousers, a slouch hat, leather riding leggings and spurs—democratic, but conspicuous attire—the President of the United States was to-day a passenger in a regular Pullman car on the Southern Railroad. Always heretofore he has ridden in a special car or special train. He was en route from Washington to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Wilmer, near Rapidan, Va., where he will spend Sunday.

While at Rapidan the President will visit the farm recently purchased by Mrs. Roosevelt in that vicinity. He was accompanied only by his stenographer, Mr. Latta, and a Secret Service man. Secretary Loeb remains on duty at the White House.

The President's principal reason for making the trip is to secure relaxation from the trying experiences of the past week in connection with his efforts to bring about an understanding between Russia and Japan.

Rapidan, the little Virginia town near which Mrs. Roosevelt has bought an estate, is in Orange County, one of the prettiest sections of Virginia, four miles north of Orange Courthouse. It is situated near the foothills of the Blue Ridge Mountains, which are in plain sight of the Wilmer residence.

The surrounding country is dotted with small hills, but is flat in general aspect. Orange County is in what is known in Virginia as the "Red Clay Strip." The land there is exceptionally fertile, well watered and well wooded. Near where Mrs. Roosevelt's place is situated a sharp engagement took place during the Civil War. Within a few miles is "Montpelier," the old home of President Madison.

JESSE JAMES ASKS COURT TO GRANT CHANGE OF VENUE.

Son of the Bandit Says Jackson County Citizens Are Prejudiced—Leary Is Charge.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Kansas City, Mo., June 9.—In making an application for a change of venue in a injury case in the Circuit Court this morning Jesse James of the James Collateral and Loan Company presented an affidavit in which he alleged that he could not obtain a fair trial here, because the people of Jackson County are prejudiced against him.

The case was one in which C. C. Mitchell, a grocer of Centropolis, is trying to prevent James from confiscating the fixtures in his grocery store and other personal property in satisfaction of a loan of $20, for which James, it is alleged, exacted 10 per cent interest a month.

James was acquitted of the charge of injury in another case by a jury in a Justice's court last Monday.

At the trial Joseph England, a motorman, testified that he paid 10 per cent interest on a loan of $50 for fifteen months. The jury deliberated less than five minutes before rendering a verdict in James's favor.

STEEL WORKERS GET A RAISE.

Wage Conferees Agree on a Compromise.

Detroit, Mich., June 9.—The wage conference of representatives of the Republic Iron and Steel Company and of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers, which has been in session here since Monday, resulted to-day in a compromise for the year ending July 1, 1906.

Under the agreement reached to-day the men will receive an increase averaging about 7 per cent. They asked for an increase averaging about 11 per cent, a restoration of the scale of 1903-4.

PAUL MORTON NEW EQUITABLE CHIEF; ALEXANDER AND HYDE RESIGN OFFICES; RYAN PURCHASES MAJORITY OF STOCK

Retiring Secretary of the Navy Accepts Chairmanship of Board—Vice President's Stock Bought by Thomas F. Ryan, and Others—Cleveland, Westinghouse, and O'Brien to Be Its Trustees, and Vote at Policy Holders' Direction, Thus Mutualizing the Society—Results Are Regarded as a Victory for Hyde.

COMPANY IS TO BE REORGANIZED BY NEW OFFICER.

RESULTS OF LONG CONTROVERSY IN EQUITABLE LIFE SOCIETY.

Thomas F. Ryan is in control of the Equitable Life Assurance Society. As the head of a syndicate he has purchased from James Hazen Hyde the stock held by the latter, which ruled the destinies of the society.

This stock is to be placed in the hands of Grover Cleveland, Judge Morgan J. O'Brien and George Westinghouse, as trustees for policy holders, who henceforth are to have to right to elect twenty-eight out of the fifty-two directors of the society.

Paul Morton, Secretary of the Navy, was chosen chairman of the Board of Directors of the Equitable Life Assurance Society at a meeting to-day, at which other vastly important steps were taken.

James W. Alexander and James Hazen Hyde, president and first vice president, and Gage E. Tarbell, George T. Wilson and William H. McIntyre, vice presidents, placed their resignations in the hands of the new chairman for his action.

Mr. Hyde announced that, having the power to repair the damage done to the society, he had decided to dispose of the majority of the stock of the Equitable held by him to the syndicate headed by Mr. Ryan.

Mr. Hyde made the announcement that the men acquiring his stock control had agreed to divest themselves of the power to vote it, and had announced their determination to turn over the control of the society to policy holders.

Mr. Morton was elected on motion of Senator Depew, seconded by August Belmont, David H. Moffat and James H. Hyde.

The Secretary of the Navy was then escorted to the meeting and cheered as he announced his decision to accept the chairmanship, provided a free hand and plenary powers were accorded. This was agreed to and Mr. Morton became the new chairman.

New York, June 9.—Paul Morton, who retires from the Secretaryship of the navy July 1, was to-day elected chairman of the Board of Directors of the Equitable Life Assurance Society.

His election marks the first and most important step in the reorganization of the society, and was followed by the tender of the resignations of President James W. Alexander, Vice President James H. Hyde, Second Vice President Gage E. Tarbell, Third Vice President George T. Wilson and Fourth Vice President William H. McIntyre.

It is known that Brayton Ives and Charles Stewart Smith, who were from the outset of the controversy on the side of the conservative element, protested against some of the proceedings of the meeting, and are believed to have voted against Mr. Morton's election.

"The new chairman, to quote Senator Depew, 'did not consent to take office until he had received positive assurances that he would have a free hand as to measures and men.'"

"Mr Hyde 'divested' himself of the majority control, but as made clear in his letter to the board retains a substantial interest in the society.

RYAN HAS VERY CLOSE RELATIONS WITH MUTUAL.

The interests to which Mr. Hyde disposed of his stock number some two score individuals, led by Thomas F. Ryan, vice president of the Morton Trust Company, which has close relations with the Mutual Life Insurance Company, one of the Equitable Society's principal rivals. Mr. Ryan is said to be heavily insured in the Equitable, as are, according to report, many of the others who acted with him in the purchase of the Hyde holdings.

STOCK PURCHASED TO CALM FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

In financial circles this evening it was strongly intimated that one reason which might have prompted Mr. Ryan to purchase the Hyde stock was the injury which the controversy in the Equitable Life was working in all insurance circles.

Before the full announcement was made of the full purpose of turning the stock purchased over to voting trustees it was suggested in some quarters that the stock might eventually pass to the control of the Mutual Life Insurance Company. It was later stated upon the highest authority, however, that the Mutual had absolutely no interest in the transaction.

The Morton Trust Company, of which Mr. Ryan is vice president, and the National Bank of Commerce, of which also he is vice president, have very close financial relations with the Mutual Life. In this connection it was noted that the Mutual Life holds the investments in local traction properties, in which Mr. Ryan is interested, amounting to $8,000,000.

It was announced late this evening by Mr. Morton that the resignations of Mr. Alexander, Mr. Hyde and Mr. Tarbell will not be acted upon until the State Superintendent of Insurance has filed his report. The explanation of the resignations of the various officers lies in the fact that Mr. Morton demanded a free hand, without the incubus of the former warring elements to hamper his administration.

The price paid for the Hyde estate stock, which is to be trusted practically in perpetuity, was not disclosed, but estimates vary from $1,000,000 to $5,000,000.

In addition to the 502 shares held by the Hyde estate, which includes the widow of Henry B. Hyde, founder of the society, and his daughter, Vice President Hyde is said to hold between 160 and 170 shares, and it is these holdings which Mr. Untermyer refers to as the "substantial interests" which his client retains. Mr. Untermyer makes this statement relative to the Hyde interests in a statement quoted below.

He has since the beginning of the Equitable controversy acted as Mr. Hyde's counsel.

CLEVELAND IS ASKED TO ACT AS TRUSTEE.

The men requested to hold the majority stock by Mr. Ryan are former President Grover Cleveland, George Westinghouse of Pittsburg and Morgan J. O'Brien, recently elevated to the Chief Justiceship of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court of this district.

Mr. Ryan is the acknowledged head of the Metropolitan Traction companies, and only a fortnight ago induced Mr. Morton

Continued on Page Two.

PAUL MORTON,
Who will direct the affairs of the Equitable.

SANDWICH COSTS BLUECOATS' JOBS

Three Patrolmen Are Dismissed for Disputing Over Price in a Saloon.

THREE ARE RECOMMISSIONED.

Lieutenant Thomas Walsh, Sergeant James St. John and Detective John Murphy Reappointed.

As the result of a dispute over a 10-cent sandwich, three Ninth District patrolmen, Harry V. Wilson, Patrick Clancy and John M. Scanlan, lost their positions paying $80 a month yesterday.

The Board of Police Commissioners, after trying the trio on charges of conduct unbecoming officers and entering a saloon when not in the discharge of their duty, dismissed them from the force.

On the night of May 18, Scanlan engaged in an argument with Fred L. Toerring of No. 3[illegible] North Spring avenue, in session over a sandwich. Toerring asked 10 cents for the sandwich and Scanlan said it was worth only a nickel. They argued the question and, it is charged, Wilson and Clancy took part, with the result that the charges were preferred.

The Police Board recommissioned Lieutenant Thomas Walsh of the Fifth District, Sergeant James St. John of the Ninth District, and Detective John Murphy of headquarters. It had been reported that Walsh might be reduced to make a place for Detective Richard McDonnell, a friend of Governor Folk's.

THREE RECOMMISSIONED.

Walsh's commission expired on May 22, and when at the last two meetings of the board he was not reappointed his friends feared for his position. President Stewart declared after the meeting, however, that each of the officers was recommissioned by unanimous vote of the board. Sergeant St. John's commission expired on May 23 and Detective Murphy's on May 31.

The resignations of Patrolmen Michael V. Cunningham of the Mounted District and Bernard J. Borgeld of the Sixth District, while under charges of intoxication, were accepted.

The board dismissed from the force Patrolman Joseph P. Meany of the Eighth District, who was charged with having been intoxicated. The case of Patrolman Frank Dolan of the Mounted District was laid over until the next meeting.

The charge of unnecessary absence from duty against Patrolman Joseph Rohan of the Fifth District was dismissed without prejudice. The same action was taken in the case of Patrolman David A. Sharlow of the Central District, who was charged with entering a saloon when not in the discharge of his duty and smoking a cigar on duty.

ONE MAN KILLED IN DUEL.

Another Probably Fatally Wounded at Kansas City, Kas.

Kansas City, Mo., June 9.—In a revolver duel between Edward C. Schneider, a barber, and Jack Dugan, a saloonkeeper and well-known sporting man in Kansas City, Kas., to-night Schneider was killed and Dugan probably mortally wounded.

The shooting took place in front of Dugan's saloon at No. 6[illegible] Central avenue, and was the result of a feud of several months' standing.

Schneider sued his wife for divorce a few months ago, naming Dugan as co-respondent. The case is now pending in the Circuit Court of Jackson County, Missouri.

After filing the suit Schneider went to his home in Wheeling, W. Va., where his mother, who is very wealthy, lives.

LEADER OF PHILIPPINE REBELS KILLED WITH HIS FOLLOWERS

Manila, June 10.—Enrique Daguloh, the leader of the insurrection movement in the island of Samar, was killed, together with thirty-nine of his followers, June 4, according to advices just received.

WANTED TO TALK WITH ROOSEVELT

Man's Strange Actions at Hotel Jefferson Causes Him to Be Held for Observation.

BROTHER TAKES HIM HOME.

A. Spotwood Hieder Had Long-Distance Connection With Stuyvesant Fish in New York for Train.

The remarkable statements, astounding actions and erratic condition of A. Spotwood Hieder of Greenville, Miss., aroused the suspicions of the various employes of the Hotel Jefferson and finally caused the police to place him under arrest for mental examination.

His brother came here from Greenville yesterday and took him home.

Hieder arrived in St. Louis on Friday, June 2, and registered at the Hotel Jefferson, requesting the room clerk to assign to him a good room, as he was very particular as to his surroundings. At the time of his arrival little attention was paid to him, other than the extending of the usual courteous inquiries as to his comfort.

It was not long, however, before he became the object of general observation, and awakened the curiosity of the guests.

For several days previous to his arrest by Detective McNeil, William Walker, assistant manager of the hotel, instructed the employes to keep watch on him.

It was not an uncommon sight to see Hieder walk across the corridor of the hotel and greet some imaginary individual in the most affable and cordial manner.

The telephone operators, restaurant cashiers, public stenographers, bookkeepers and other women employes of the hotel were daily importuned by the erratic guest by offers of marriage.

On Wednesday afternoon he instructed one of the telephone operators to call up New York City and inform Stuyvesant Fish that he wished to speak with him. On being connected about an hour later with the great Eastern railroad man, Hieder stated that he was desirous of securing railroad transportation and expressed the wish that Mr. Fish would take the first train possible and come to St. Louis, where he could have a talk with him. Mr. Fish was mystified and cut off the connection.

On Wednesday evening Hieder walked out of his room, took the elevator to the first floor and then went out on the front sidewalk and secured a chair in the most prominent spot. His attire was remarkable only in that it was incomplete, as he had neglected to wear a collar, coat, vest or necktie.

In the latter part of the evening he again went into the Telephone Exchange and requested to be connected with the President at the White House.

Thursday afternoon he was requested to accompany Detective McNeil to the Four Courts. Hieder complained that he was being interrupted in the midst of an important telegram. The telegram was to a railroad official in Washington, asking for a special train to New York City.

A brother of Hieder arrived in St. Louis yesterday afternoon, in response to a telegram from the police, but refused to discuss the condition of the man.

They both departed last night for Greenville, Miss.

MISS STELLA WADE TO WED CHARLES L. SCULLIN.

Engagement of Festus J. Wade's Daughter and John Scullin's Son Formally Announced.

Formal announcement has been made of the engagement of Miss Stella Wade, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Festus J. Wade, to Charles Scullin, youngest son of John Scullin, well-known capitalist.

A report of the engagement has been whispered in society for several months, but not until last night was it confirmed at the Wade residence, No. 4[illegible] Lindell boulevard. The date of the marriage will be announced later.

Miss Wade has been a belle in St. Louis society for several seasons, and was queen of the Veiled Prophet's ball.

Young Mr. Scullin recently completed his studies in various schools, and has become associated with his father in business. He resides with the family at 1215 South Broadway.

PEACE URGED IN NOTE SENT BY ROOSEVELT

President Urges Both Russia and Japan to Cease the War for Their Good and Humanity's.

SUGGEST DIRECT CONFERENCE

Believes No Intermediary Is Necessary, but Offers His Services if They Are Desired.

RUSSIAN SHIPS ARE INTERNED.

Czar in Message to Rojestvensky Thanks Only the Men Who Did Their Duty in the Battle of the Sea of Japan.

ST. PETERSBURG JOINS WITH ALL OTHER CITIES IN PLEA TO EMPEROR.

St. Petersburg, June 10.—The municipality of St. Petersburg has decided to give its adhesion to the address to Emperor Nicholas, adopted by the all-Russian Congress at Moscow, and has appointed a number of its members to join the deputation from the Moscow Congress, which will present them to the Emperor.

Washington, June 9.—An identical note, the text of which, by authority of the President, was made public late to-night at the White House by Secretary Loeb, has been forwarded to the Governments of Russia and Japan by President Roosevelt.

In the interest of humanity the President urges the warring nations to conclude peace.

It is suggested by the President that the negotiations for peace be conducted "directly and exclusively" between the belligerent nations.

The note indicates the President's belief that an intermediary may not be necessary to effect conclusive negotiations, but likewise expresses the President's willingness to do all that he properly may do to promote the preliminary arrangements for time and place for the meeting of representatives of the Russian and Japanese Governments.

TEXT OF THE NOTE SENT BY ROOSEVELT.

The following is the text of the dispatch as given out:

"On June 8 the following dispatch was sent by the President, through diplomatic channels, to the Japanese and Russian Governments:

"'The President feels that the time has come when, in the interest of all mankind, he must endeavor to see if it is not possible to bring to an end the terrible and lamentable conflict now being waged.

"'With both Russia and Japan the United States has inherited ties of friendship and good will. It hopes for the prosperity and welfare of each, and it feels that the progress of the world is set back by the war between these two great nations.

"'The President accordingly urges the Russian and Japanese Governments, not only for their own sakes, but in the interest of the whole civilized world, to open direct negotiations for peace with one another.

SUGGESTS NEGOTIATIONS BE CONDUCTED DIRECTLY.

"'The President suggests that these peace negotiations be conducted directly and exclusively between the two belligerents; in other words, that there may be a meeting of Russian and Japanese plenipotentiaries, or delegates, without any intermediary, in order to see if it is not possible for these representatives of the two Powers to agree to terms of peace.

"'The President earnestly asks that the (Russian-Japanese) Government do now agree to such a meeting, and is asking the (Japanese-Russian) Government likewise to agree.

"'While the President does not feel that any intermediary should be called in, in respect to the peace negotiations themselves, he is entirely willing to do what he properly can if the Powers concerned feel that his services will be of aid in arranging the preliminaries as to the time and place of meeting.

"'But if even these preliminaries can be arranged directly between the two Powers, or in any other way, the President will be glad, as his sole purpose is to bring about a meeting which the whole civilized world will pray may result in peace.'"

ASSURANCES GIVEN THAT NOTE WOULD BE WELCOME.

The foregoing note was forwarded to the Russian and Japanese Governments yesterday. It is rendered especially significant by the fact that it was prepared and sent only after assurances had been received from Tokio and St. Petersburg that such a proposition would be welcomed.

While both Count Cassini, the Russian Ambassador, and Minister Takahira of Japan, were cognizant of the nature of the note, it was not sent to their respective Governments through them.

It was cabled by direction of the President to St. Petersburg and to Tokio, and there delivered directly to the Russian and Japanese Governments, respectively, by Ambassador Meyer and Minister Griscom.

In addition to the assurances received by President Roosevelt from Ambassador Meyer, after his audience with the Czar, and from Minister Griscom, who had conferred with the Mikado's Government, the President had indicated to the representatives of the two Governments at this capital his intention. He also discussed the subject with representatives of other important Powers accredited to this capital.

While no intimation of the attitude assumed toward the proposition by either Ambassador Cassini or Minister Takahira is obtainable, it is known that other diplomats with whom the President conferred cordially indorsed his intention.

NO FORMAL REPLY FOR SEVERAL DAYS.

A formal reply to the note may not be received for several days, but, as already