

CZAR'S PEACE CONGRESS.

The Drafting Committee Adopts the First Six Articles of Russia's Arbitration Scheme.

PROVISION IN THE AMERICAN PLAN.

A Permanent Tribunal to Be Urged—The American Proposition to Exempt Private Property from Seizure at Sea to Be Debated, with a Strong Probability of Its Being Adopted.

The Hague, May 30.—The drafting committee, or sub-committee, of the arbitration committee met yesterday and discussed the Russian scheme, adopting with slight modifications the first six articles. Count Nigra, chief of the Italian delegation, submitted a proposal of mediation and arbitration, consisting of six articles, in the form of an amendment to the Russian project. The Americans also submitted an amendment, demanding that, in the event of a dispute between two nations, each should choose another nation to act together as arbitrators to settle the difference without bloodshed. This must not be confounded with the proposal for a permanent arbitration tribunal which the Americans will introduce during the week. The Italian proposal includes a clause providing that mediation and arbitration shall not stop mobilization or preparation for war. Neither the American nor Italian amendment has yet been discussed.

The naval and military sections of the disarmament committee both met yesterday and exchanged ideas in a desultory manner. The impression gains ground that the outcome of this committee will be practically nil. A brief official record of the doings of the peace conference during the last week says: Provisional proposals for mediation and arbitration have been submitted by the representatives of Russia, Great Britain, Italy and the United States. The correspondent here of the Associated Press learns that the statement that the Americans have submitted an arbitration proposal is incorrect. Their proposals for a permanent tribunal are not ready, as a French translation is necessary. They will probably be submitted on Wednesday. The British minister to the Netherlands, Henry Howard, gave a grand reception last night at which all the delegates and the leaders of Dutch society were present.

The United States Peace Plan.

Washington, May 30.—The president and Secretary Hay are gratified at the precedence given by The Hague conference to the subject of arbitration, which is regarded as mainly American in conception. The detailed scheme of arbitration which is to be proposed by the United States delegates was carefully brought out at the state department before the commissioners sailed from New York. The details of the American project cannot be divulged, as a matter of courtesy to the conference, but it can be stated that the American project is remarkable at once for its simplicity and comprehensiveness. It differs considerably from what is known as the Olney-Pauncefote proposition, as set out in the arbitration treaty which failed of ratification. It provides for a permanent tribunal of arbitration, an impartial arbitration being thought more probable thereby than if arbitrators were chosen in the heat of controversy.

The news from The Hague that the British and Russian representatives are conferring with a view to reconciling the points of difference in their two schemes of arbitration gives satisfaction here, for the reason that it promises well for an easy amalgamation of opposing schemes with the American project, the latter being very similar in principle to the British plan. The reported decision of the conference to admit as a subject for deliberation and action the American proposition to exempt private property from seizure at sea is also gratifying. The assurance that England, which has long held aloof, will give her support to this American proposition is believed almost to insure its adoption, and if this should be the case the state department would regard that one result as more than repaying the nations concerned for the cost and trouble of assembling the conference.

GATES WERE NOT DOWN.

Carelessness Causes a Serious Wreck at Seattle—Loss of Life and Injury to Many People.

Seattle, Wash., May 30.—A local passenger train of the Northern Pacific and a Grant street electric car collided near Washington iron works, precipitating about 25 persons into the bay. One passenger, E. Broad, died on the way to the hospital. Another passenger named Hoffeditz was seriously, if not fatally, injured. Some of the other passengers were seriously hurt. The water where the people were thrown into the bay was about 15 feet deep and it was a miracle that some of them were not drowned. So far as known every passenger has been accounted for. The accident occurred at a crossing. It is not clearly understood how the accident occurred, as the stories conflict. The railroad company has the right-of-way at the crossing, but it seems that the gates were not down. The motorman saw the train coming, but it was too late to stop. The track was very slippery. The passengers saw the train coming, but expected the car to stop every moment.

Cargo of Sulphur Afire.

Algiers, May 30.—The French steamer *Alois*, from Marseilles on May 19 for Palermo and New Orleans, with 2300 passengers on board, has arrived here with her cargo of sulphur on fire. The cook of the vessel was asphyxiated and several passengers were burned.

FORNADOES AND HAILSTORMS.

Much Damage Done and Several Lives Lost at Pittsburgh, Buffalo and Elsewhere in the East.

Pittsburgh, Pa., May 30.—A terrific wind and rainstorm passed over this section doing considerable money damage, but no fatalities resulted. The early rumors had a number of people killed, but later reports were that only one person was seriously injured, Annie Sullivan, a ten-year-old girl, who was struck on her way home from school. The Miller street schoolhouse in Minersville was unroofed and several children were supposed to be pinned under the debris. It fortunately proved untrue and no one was seriously injured. The damage throughout the city to trees, fences, roofs, etc., is heavy. The storm also did much damage in surrounding towns, but no fatalities resulted.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 30.—A severe rain and windstorm passed over Buffalo and vicinity, causing damage to property and injury to a number of people. In this city the 90-foot smokestack at the works of the Buffalo Cast Iron Pipe company was blown over. In falling it crushed into the wall of the foundry building. Andrew Reidle and Valentine Hahn, workmen in the foundry, were probably fatally injured and 50 others were slightly hurt. At Lockport, the grandstand at the LaCue Avenue grounds was wrecked. Daniel Tothill, 14 years old, was fatally injured and two other boys named Albert Murphy and Sharkey painfully injured. Reports from Tonawanda, Jamestown and other places report much damage in the way of trees and outbuildings blowing down, windows blown in and signs torn down. Many houses were struck by lightning in outlying districts.

New York, May 30.—A special from North Tonawanda, N. Y., says: A tornado passed over the southern portion of the city and adjacent country. Two men were killed, houses were wrecked and much other damage done.

Owosso, Mich., May 30.—The tornado which passed through the village of Perry, 13 miles from this city, destroyed \$25,000 worth of property. No one was killed and only one person injured.

Champaign, Ill., May 30.—A tornado passed across Champaign county from the east to the west. The storm cloud struck on a ridge five miles south of this city, doing slight damage, and then rebounding into the air. It was 25 miles further east several hundred feet in the air and was then separating. The cloud was followed by a terrific hailstorm, which did great damage in the vicinity of Homer and Sydney. At Sydney hundreds of windows were shattered by large hailstones. The hail did much damage to the growing corn.

Milwaukee, May 30.—Reports of a severe rain and windstorm in western Wisconsin are coming in. A special from Jamesville says: In the town of La Prairie, the barns on Alexander McClellan's and Ed Paul's farms were wrecked. Twelve windmills close to the city were destroyed. On Thornton Reid's farm, 80 rods of fence were blown down. Large trees were uprooted, and for half an hour a small cyclone prevailed. Much of the early crops are destroyed. British Hollow, a hamlet near Potosi, was nearly destroyed by the heavy wind. The town hall and several small buildings were blown down and other damage done.

F. P. SMITH UNDER FIRE.

Ugly Charges Against a Member of the Kansas State Text-Book Commission—What Gov. Stanley Says.

Topeka, Kan., May 30.—Ex-Lieut. Gov. A. M. Harvey, representing W. W. Tutwiler, agent for R. O. Evans & Co., publishers, at Chicago, went to Lawrence to file a civil suit against Frank K. Smith, member of the state textbook commission, to recover \$800. Smith is superintendent of the Lawrence city schools. Mr. Tutwiler claims that he paid the money to Mr. Smith to be used as "legitimate expenses" to secure the adoption of the Peabody chart by the text-book board. He claims that he had an understanding with Smith that the money would be paid back in the event that the chart was not adopted by the board. Mr. Smith claims that it is a blackmailing scheme to get money from him and that he cannot understand why Tutwiler should single him out as his victim.

Gov. Stanley said that he knew nothing about the matter. He said that it might be a scheme of a disappointed bidder to smear the character of a man he could not use, "but if it is shown that Mr. Smith, or any other official under my administration, is booting I shall not only discharge them, but urge their prosecution. I propose to give the people of Kansas a clean administration. It will be noted for that, if for nothing else."

TORN SHINGLES FROM ROOFS.

Hailstorm in Douglas County, Kan., That Destroyed Property and Damaged Growing Crops and Fruit.

Troy, Kan., May 30.—A severe hailstorm a mile in width passed through the north part of Douglas county Sunday evening about nine o'clock. The hail destroyed growing crops and fruit, broke innumerable window lights and in Highland station tore shingles from the roofs of houses. Hardly a house in the path of the storm has a window light left in the west, from which direction the storm came. Highland especially suffered in this respect. Coming, as the storm did, at the close of preaching service, the hail caused numerous runaways of the teams of people returning home. At Boskin's schoolhouse several people were injured, none seriously. A child of Homer Shields was dragged a quarter of a mile in an overturned buggy, but was rescued uninjured.

Capt. Charles D. Clay, of the Seventeenth infantry, a grandson of Henry Clay, and a fighter at Santiago, has returned to Chicago from Manila on sick leave.

LEASES OF INDIAN LANDS.

Numerous Inquiries About the Enforcement of the Curtis Law in the Territory.

ORDERS OF SECRETARY HITCHCOCK.

The Interior Department Will Not Allow Single Individuals to Include Immense Tracts of Lands in a Large Number of Separate Leases—The Secretary's Instructions to Inspector Wright.

Washington, May 30.—Numerous inquiries have been received by the interior department relative to the receipt of applications for the department for the enforcement of the Curtis law for the government of the Indian territory. Secretary Hitchcock has sent the following instructions to Inspector Wright on the subject:

It is not and will not be the policy of the department to allow single individuals or corporations to include immense tracts of lands in a large number of separate leases, although said parties may be willing to pay the advance royalty prescribed for each individual lease. On the other hand, in the exercise of the sound discretion which is vested in the secretary of the interior, it is not the purpose of the department to deprive any person or corporation of the benefits to which such person or corporation may be entitled where the person has in good faith entered upon the land under the tribal customs and laws and invested money in improvements and the development of the mineral resources and where the efforts of such person or corporation have resulted in the production of oil, coal, gas or other mineral in commercial quantities. No fixed rule, however, can be established, but each case must rest on its own individual merits. In the case of mineral leases as in case of acquiring public lands of the United States, good faith must be the test upon which every application must be made, and in addition to the requirements of said regulations, paragraphs 10 and 11, each applicant will be required to file with his application with the United States Indian inspector a plat showing the location of the exact location and the extent of the improvements made on the land of mineral that has been mined and whether there is any adverse occupant or claimant to the land and he should also refer to the property, describe the mineral lease under which he has been working, giving the time when said lease will expire.

Each contract of lease will also contain a provision that it shall continue for a term of 15 years, unless by duly ratified agreement with the Indians or by law of congress the allotment of the land to the Indians is affected, and in that event the lease shall expire on the final completion of individual allotments or the issuance of patents by the proper authority to the allottees for the land included in their allotments.

In view of the earnest protest made by the authorities of the Creek and Cherokee nations in application for mineral leases will be received from parties who have not entered upon the land and made improvements thereon for the purpose of developing the mineral upon said land under the tribal or tribal laws and that under the provisions of the act of June 28, 1898, and said regulations of November 4, 1898. Said regulations are hereby amended in accordance with the views above indicated.

You will give notice by publications of the change in said regulations as above indicated, and that persons or corporations claiming preference rights under the provision of section 13 of said act, and the regulations made thereunder, must file with the United States Indian inspector or the Indian territory separate applications for mining leases in accordance with the provision of said regulations as herein amended within 30 days from the date of said notice to any person or corporation that has heretofore filed with the inspector a mining application claiming a preference right by reason of improvements made.

You will also exercise great care in ascertaining the truth of the allegations in the several applications, and you must be satisfied that the mineral equipment as herein set forth have been duly completed, and that its justice and equity the applicant in every case is entitled to lease the land applied for before a favorable recommendation by you.

Under this construction of the Curtis act the Cudahy Oil company and the Creel Oil and Gas company will have to reduce their holdings to 640 acres each. The Cudahy company, under its old lease, is holding 1,152,000 acres and the Creel Oil and Gas company 1,890,000 acres. If they make new leases all the land they will be able to hold under its terms will be the usual 640 acres.

Meeting of Silver Advocates.

Louisville, Ky., May 30.—Silver will be the password in Louisville, Wednesday, and lasting through the rest of the week. Judge James P. Tarvin, president of the Ohio Valley Bimetallic league, will drop the gavel at McAuley's theater and the big convention will be on in earnest. The announcement is made that Oliver H. P. Belmont, of New York, has consented to speak at the Bryan banquet. The speeches at the Bryan banquet are limited to ten minutes, except that of Bryan, upon whom no limit has been set.

Why Baker Killed Weaver.

Joplin, Mo., May 30.—More light has been shed on the sensational killing of Q. C. Weaver near Opelika, at the Baker farm. According to the testimony at the coroner's inquest there was a woman in the case, and Charles Baker killed Weaver not because of a dispute on an account for goods bought at Weaver's store, but because he believed Weaver had been criminally intimate with Mrs. Baker.

Low Rates to the West.

Chicago, May 30.—The Burlington & Missouri River, Rock Island, Missouri Pacific, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul and Burlington roads announced that they would sell round trip tickets at a rate of one fare plus \$2, from all Western Passenger association territory on and east of the Missouri river, good June 25 to July 15 inclusive, to the same Colorado destinations as regular summer tourist tickets are sold.

A School Without Tuition Charge.

Columbia, Mo., May 30.—The final bulletin regarding the summer school of the Missouri state university was issued yesterday. The school will begin June 5 and conclude August 29. The last legislature appropriated \$4,000 for the support of the summer school. This enables the university to carry on the school without charging tuition.

Iowan a Victim of Hydrophobia.

Dubuque, Ia., May 30.—Andrew Henge, aged 40, an Illinois Central baggage checker, died of hydrophobia here. He was bitten during the mad dog scare two months ago. The symptoms became fully developed yesterday, and, after several hours of horrible suffering, he died.

CUBANS ACCEPT THE PAY.

Opposition Defeated and a Fine Start Made—Gen. Delgado Orders His Command to Take Their Arms and Go Home.

Havana, May 30.—Yesterday's events in connection with the payment of the Cuban troops entitled to apply here for a share in the American gratuity, have effectively killed off the opposition to the receipt of the bounty by privates. In American military circles it is considered that a fine start has been made and that the opposition is defeated. Three hundred privates arrived during the day to apply for payment, but though Lieut. Col. George M. Randall, of the Eighth United States infantry, the commissioner superintending the distribution here, kept his office open from ten a. m. to five p. m., only 112 could be paid during that interval, as each man took up several minutes. Many who brought arms were not on the rolls at all. Ninety-nine rifles were surrendered, most of these applicants declining to take any chances in turning the weapons over to the mayor of Havana, evidently believing it would be better to give them direct to the Americans.

All day it was virtually impossible to get through the front door of the office unless the sentry cleared the way. The Cuban officers who, on the first day, tried to discourage any who were disposed to apply, finding now that the tide of feeling has turned, are offering all the assistance possible to Col. Randall. At the conclusion of the day's work there were more than 200 who had not been heard. These will have to wait until after the return of the pay ear on June 15, when there will probably be extra days assigned for Havana.

This morning the pay ear will leave, carrying money. Col. Randall, his escort, a physician and the postmasters. One thousand posters were sent yesterday afternoon into the province of Pinar del Rio to announce the places and dates of payment. Gen. Brooks gave the order for printing and Senor Domingo Mendez Capote, secretary of government, sent special messengers to affix the notices in prominent places. Gen. Pedro Delgado, commanding the Cuban forces around Guanajay, called his men together yesterday, told them they were disbanded and ordered them to take their arms and go home. Of the 600, some 50, who were mounted on ponies, said they would ride to Havana and get their money. Thereupon Delgado, who was formerly a notorious bandit, called upon the rest to draw up in line and to shoot any man who took the road to Havana. The 50 mounted men gloomily dispersed. They will have an opportunity to receive their shares later.

It is said that most of the Cubans who, though having arms, did not figure in the muster rolls, when they applied for payment, were furnished with the weapons by friends at Guanabacoa, where many arms had been stored with keepers of shops by people who had purchased them from the Spanish guerrillas and volunteers. These were given out to enable the holders to secure shares in the American gratuity. Some Cubans, undoubtedly entitled to payment, have also obtained arms from the same source and are thus able to retain the weapons that they used during the war.

The disbanded of the troops continues. Twelve hundred men, under the command of Gen. Jacinto Hernandez, who were encamped at San Jose de Las Lajas, about 21 miles from Havana, have been mustered out. They were given certificates of service redeemable under the first Cuban government. Some of the men were in the Cuban service 2 1/2 years. One party of 80, living in Santa Clara, started immediately for their homes. The horses of many, however, have died of disease or been killed off and most of the men go home by trains which give them free passage.

RATHER EXPENSIVE JOKE.

Frank McGill, a New Jersey Man, Shocked with Electricity by Fellow-Workers and Dies from Its Effects.

New York, May 30.—Frank McGill died suddenly in the carhouse of the Paterson Railroad company, at Paterson, N. J. It was given out at the time that heart disease caused his death, but investigation indicates that he died as a result of a practical joke, being killed by electricity. Joseph Grant and Christopher Ashfield, who were also employed at the carhouse, were arrested upon charges of manslaughter. Grant admits that a practical joke was played on McGill, live wire being connected with a soft soap tub. It was expected that when the men took out a handful of soft soap to wash their hands, they would receive a slight shock. The wire used, however, appears to have been a high tension one and the results fatal.

BAD STORM AT FORT SCOTT.

The Kansas City Visited by Terrible Wind and Hail and Buildings Are Badly Damaged.

Fort Scott, Kan., May 30.—Fort Scott suffered last night from a wind and hailstorm which bore down on the town about 7:30 o'clock. The damage to window glass alone will not be less than \$5,000, and it is not possible at this time to state what the damage to cornice work and other house fittings will be. Trees and shrubs also suffered severely from the wind and hail, and the streets are strewn with refuse. The city telephone system was much affected and electric cars have stopped running because of numerous live wires. Country districts report heavy damage to growing crops. Thousands of the hailstones were larger than the average hen egg.

Director Merriam has decided to hold examinations in various parts of the country, including the principal western cities, in order to obtain a clerical force necessary to carry on the work of the census bureau.

The steamer *Honolulu* arrived at San Francisco from Honolulu in the fast time of five days and 17 hours.

A BRIDGE IS DYNAMITED.

Idle Men Charged with Attempting to Blow Up a Bridge to Secure Work.

A SAC AND FOX VILLAGE IS BURNED.

A Fatal Initiation into a Lodge—Live Stock Killed in a Wreck—Children Drowned—A Negro Prisoner Fatally Injured Two White Prisoners—Three Persons Killed by a Train.

South McAlester, I. T., May 30.—Six men, named Joe Lincoln, Barlow Blie, Jim Tompton, Charles Wiseman, George Roe and F. C. Case, were arrested yesterday, charged with attempting to blow up the railroad bridge over South Canadian river. The men used dynamite on one of the abutments, which was badly shattered, but not dangerously damaged. The authorities are certain that they have the right men. The motive for blowing up the bridge was to secure work.

An Indian Village Burned.

Guthrie, Ok., May 30.—The Sac and Fox Indian village, near Cushing, has been burned in order that the last vestige of smallpox germs may be destroyed. Some of the most highly prized relics of the Indians were saved by disinfection, but nearly everything they possessed was destroyed in the dwellings. New tents, blankets and clothing have been issued to them and the red men are now apparently quite contented once more.

Initiation Frank Proved Fatal.

Clarinda, Ia., May 30.—Frank Focht, of Heppburn, Ia., is dead from the alleged effects of initiation into a Modern Woodmen lodge of Heppburn on May 18. The members, it is said, were using a spanking board with blank cartridges attached. The board was turned the wrong way and a cartridge exploded, the shell entering Focht's thigh. Blood poisoning and lockjaw resulted.

Live Stock Killed in a Wreck.

Cedar Rapids, Ia., May 30.—A special stock train on the Chicago & Northwestern went through the bridge over Prairie creek, two miles west of Orlis, yesterday. Two tramps were killed and 100 head of cattle perished. Elias Smith, a stockman, and two tramps were thrown into the creek, but escaped serious injury. Nine cars of stock and three of freight were wrecked.

Two Children Drowned.

Lamoni, Ia., May 30.—The two children of Alma Bennett, aged seven and 12, were buried yesterday. They were drowned while playing in a pond near town. One of them got beyond her depth. The other plunged in to her rescue and both went down locked in each other's arms, drowning in sight of their playmates on the embankment, who were powerless to help them.

A Negro Prisoner's Death.

McMinnville, Tenn., May 30.—Sonny Crain, a negro murderer confined in the jail, fatally injured two white prisoners, John and William Brown, yesterday. Crain attacked them while they were asleep, beating them over the head with a bed rail. He was finally overpowered and chained to the floor.

A Train Strikes Three Persons.

West Lorne, Ont., May 30.—John Johnson, a farmer, was instantly killed; Peter, his son, fatally injured, and another son, badly hurt by being struck by a Michigan Central train near here.

Will Include a Cowboy Tournament.

Las Vegas, N. M., May 30.—The programme for the three days' reunion of the rough riders, which will occur June 2-4, has been prepared. It will begin with addresses by Gov. Roosevelt and Col. Brodie, to be followed by a regimental review. On the 25th, which is Sunday, religious services will be conducted by Chaplain Brown. During the entire three days a cowboy tournament, consisting of steer tying and broncho breaking and races of various kinds, will be held. Paine's fireworks, representing the rough riders charging on San Juan hill, will be given.

The Sheriff Forgot the Records.

Topeka, Kan., May 30.—Sheriff Hoover, of Osage county, came up to get pardons for F. L. Darlin and Jo Parmenter, two men sent to the jail in this county for violating the state prohibitory law. The sheriff forgot to bring the records along with him and the governor could take no action. Gov. Stanley, however, will commute both sentences, as the trial judge, jurors and county attorneys are urging such action.

Looted During a Fire.

Onkland, Cal., May 30.—During the progress of a fire which partly destroyed the fine residence of William C. Price, in East Oakland, thieves entered and looted the building. Among other things they carried off a case filled with gold nuggets and other valuable mineral specimens. After the fire small nuggets worth about \$1,000 were picked up on the lawn. The value of the missing specimens is nearly \$30,000.

Ogden Greets Schley.

Ogden, Utah, May 30.—Rear Admiral Schley and party arrived here yesterday. At the depot they were met by 2,500 people, including students of the high school, and escorted to the residence of Hon. D. H. Peery. The admiral was introduced to an immense crowd by Gov. Wells and made a brief speech. Ex-Senator Manderson also spoke.

No Change in Strike Situation.

Pittsburg, Kan., May 30.—There is little change in the strike situation. In Weir City the Kansas & Texas and Central Coal & Coke companies were posting notices to notify the men they must go to work on or before June 1, or they will be barred from a place in the mines. The situation in Seaman and Mineral City is the same.

OHIO REPUBLICANS.

Factional Differences Make the Convention This Week of More Than Ordinary Interest—All for McKinley.

Cincinnati, May 30.—The republican state convention at Columbus this week promises to be an extraordinary political event, not because of the factional fighting alone, but also because of its effect on the presidential election next year in the president's state. It has been ten years since the republicans in Ohio lost a state ticket. At most of the state officers, including governor, are elected for two years and accorded a second term, there is a new deal once in four years. This is the year for a new deal from governor down to the minor state officials. And it so happens that the fall new state tickets are nominated the year preceding presidential campaigns. As the new state administration will have all the machinery in its control next year when delegates to the national republican convention are to be selected, the president, Senator Hanna and others are considered interested parties in the present contest at the state capital.

As all the counties have indorsed the national administration and all the candidates for governor and other offices claim to be strongly in favor of the renomination of President McKinley, there is no doubt whatever about the convention adopting a strong resolution for the renomination of President McKinley, but the character of the Ohio delegation that will be sent to the national convention for him next year may depend to some extent on the makeup of the state ticket and the new state central committee, as the Kurtz-Bushnell-McKisson element want to secure control now with a view to prevent Senator Hanna from being one of the Ohio delegates-at-large next year.

BASEBALL GAMES.

National League.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 7, Cleveland 1.
STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

W. L. P. C.	W. L. P. C.
Brooklyn... 20 11 99	Baltimore... 15 14 80
St. Louis... 24 12 67	New York... 14 20 62
Houston... 12 21 67	Pittsburgh... 12 29 62
Philadelphia... 13 23 68	Louisville... 11 31 63
Chicago... 21 15 58	Washington... 12 24 50
Cincinnati... 19 15 58	Cleveland... 10 23 50

Western League.

At Kansas City—Kansas City 6, Buffalo 3.
At Milwaukee—Columbus 4, Milwaukee 4.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis 11, Detroit 4.
At St. Paul—Indianapolis 8, St. Paul 1.
STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

W. L. P. C.	W. L. P. C.
Milwaukee... 18 12 366	Detroit... 15 14 327
Minneapolis... 16 13 357	Columbus... 12 14 300
St. Paul... 15 13 350	Kansas City... 12 17 311
Indianapolis... 14 13 310	Buffalo... 10 16 303

It Weighed on His Mind.

Springfield, Mo., May 30.—News was brought here of the suicide of Walter C. Frisk, of Aldrich, who shot himself through the heart. Like other curious people he had gone to the scene of the Walnut Grove tragedy, which resulted in the death of Ben Willite and Lulu Ford. He told a friend that he would end his own life, but the friend thought he was only joking. Saturday Frisk's dead body was discovered.

The Kansas County Must Pay.

Topoka, Kan., May 30.—Attorney General Godard received a telegram announcing that the United States supreme court had dismissed the appeal in the Scott county bond case. Scott county repudiated \$140,000 worth of bonds held by the state school fund. The decision of the federal supreme court means that Scott county must pay the indebtedness.

Found Hanging in His Orchard.

Maryville, Mo., May 30.—Thomas Roney, a wealthy and aged man, living near Clyde, was found hanging in his orchard, dead. It is supposed to be a case of suicide. If he took his own life it is the fifth attempt at suicide in Nodaway county within a week, of which four have been successful.

Predicts Henderson's Selection.

Des Moines, Ia., May 30.—In Iowa political and congressional circles the claim is made that Gen. Henderson is practically sure of the speakership. Congressman Hull said: "I confidently believe Gen. Henderson will be nominated on the first ballot."

Horrible Death of a Boy.

Nevada, Mo., May 30.—The 15-year-old son of Henry Panit, living 15 miles northeast of Nevada, was thrown by his horse and his foot catching in the harness, his body was dragged half a mile and his brains dashed out upon the stones.

Looted a Kansas Church.

Wichita, Kan., May 30.—The Pleasant Valley church, four miles north of Wichita, was vandalized Sunday night for the fourth time in a year. The Bible, hymn books, organ, stool, pulpit, desk and everything loose was carried away.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

It is reported that a combination with a capital of \$200,000,000 is forming in New York to control the automobile transit of Greater New York.

Eighty prospectors are known to be mining in the Copper river country, in Alaska, who, if not already dead, will die in an effort to reach civilization.

The post office department has issued instructions directing that hereafter newspapers shall be treated as letters in making up the mail for Porto Rico.

Commissioner General Peck has announced that American exhibitors at the Paris exposition of 1900 will have to pay a charge of not more than 40 cents a square foot for the construction of permanent floors and temporary walls.

Gov. Wolcott, of Massachusetts, has vetoed the so-called Spanish veterans' preference bill, as well as the bill exempting trades unions from the insurance laws governing fraternal beneficiary organizations. The veterans' preference bill with Spain from civil service examinations and gave them a preference on the public service appointments list next after the veterans of the civil war.