McFARLAND BROS.

Harness and Saddlery, Buggies and Surries, Road Wagons and Spring Wagons.

Wagon Harnes $10 to $30; Single Harness $7 to $25; Second-hand Harness $3 to $15; Saddles, all styles and prices. Bugs, Tops, Cushions, Wagon Sheets and Bows. Our Vehicles are the latest in design and painting. Come and see us; get our prices and you will surely trade with McFARLAND BROS., Butler, Mo.

$300 Worth of NEW MUSIC Postpaid For $1.00

In order to introduce it to the public, namely:

One copy Lake Park Schottische price 50c
One copy Enraptured Waltz, price 50c
One copy Vapor City Two-Step March, price 50c
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One copy of the latest song, entitled, "If Only the Right Step is Taken," 50c

For $1.00 we will send to any address, postpaid, the above music. It is all brand new, between third and fourth grade. Your money back if not satisfactory. Address all orders to

J. H. KAYLOR & CO.,
Music Publishers, NEVADA, MO.
ORDER NOW. Vernon Co.
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LOW RATES TO ST. LOUIS

via the Missouri Pacific Railway, Account Fall Festivities,

The annual Horse Show will take place in the Exposition Coliseum from November 3rd to 8th, inclusive.

In addition to these attractions there will be running races daily on the mile track at the Fair Grounds and base ball games between teams of the American and National Leagues on their respective grounds.

An excellent opportunity will be offered to see the World's Fair site and the progress made on the buildings for the great international exposition of 1904.

See local agent for detailed information as to rates tickets, etc

H. C. TOWNSEND,
Gen'l Pass'r and Ticket Agt.,
St. Louis, Mo.

LOW RATES TO ST. LOUIS

via the Missouri Pacific Railway, Account Fall Festivities,

Which include the Great St. Louis Fair, which gives $30,000, in premiums, the gorgeous Veiled Prophet pageant; Street Fair and Carnival; Horse Show in the Coliseum; running horse races daily by the best thoroughbreds in the country and base ball games between teams of the American and National Leagues.

All events during October and the first week in November.

Ask your local agent for detailed information and visit the World's Fair City

H. C. TOWNSEND,
Gen'l Pass'r and Ticket Agt.,
St. Louis, Mo.

A Most Liberal Offer.

All our farmer readers should take advantage of the unprecedented clubbing offer we this year make, which includes with this paper The Live Stock Indicator, its special Farmers' Institute Editions and The Poultry Farmer. These three publications are the best of their class and should be in every farm home. To them we add, for local, county and general news, our own paper, and make the price of the four one year only $1 25. Never before was so much superior reading matter offered for so small an amount of money. The three papers named, which we club with our own, are well known throughout the West and commend themselves to the reader's favorable attention upon mere mention. The Live Stock Indicator is the great agricultural and live stock paper of the West and Southwest; The Poultry Farmer is the most practical poultry paper for the farmer, while The Special Farmers' Institute Editions are the most practical publications for the promotion of good farming ever published. Take advantage of this great offer as it will hold good for a short time only. Samples of these papers may be examined by calling at this office. 5 6m

HARRIET FREDERICK,
OSTEOPATHIST,
All classes of diseases successfully treated. Consultation and examination free. Office over Postoffice Butler, Mo.

J. C. FLEENOR,
General Auctioneer.
Live Stock a Specialty.
Write me before making date.
AMSTERDAM, MO.

Women and Jewels.

Jewels, candy, flowers, man—that is the order of a woman's preferences. Jewels form a magnet of mighty power to the average woman. Even that greatest of all jewels, health, is ruined in the strenuous efforts to make or save the money to purchase them. If a woman will risk her health to get a coveted gem, then let her fortify herself against the insidious consequences of coughs, colds and bronchial affections by the regular use of Dr. Boschee's German Syrup It will promptly arrest consumption in its early stages and heal the affected lungs and bronchial tubes and drive the dread disease from the system. It is not a cure-all but it is a certain cure for coughs, colds and all bronchial troubles. You can get Dr. G. G. Green's reliable remedies at any drugstore.

e-o-w Get Green's Special Almanac.

A Most Liberal Offer.

The St. Louis Mirror is a twenty-eight page paper, in magazine form, edited by William Marion Reedy, assisted by a staff of contributors comprising the best writers and literary authorities on all current subjects, social, religious, scientific, financial, literary or artistic.

The Mirror is a weekly review of men and affairs; a treasury of short stories and good poetry; a paper in which the best books, best plays and best music are ably reviewed, and all topics of contemporary interest are given careful attention It is the up-to-date paper for the merchant, the teacher, the professional man, the student, the politician, as well as for woman and the home.

If you will send us 10c, in silver or stamps, we will mail the Mirror to your address for ten weeks.

THE MIRROR,
St. Louis, Mo.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue and authority of an execution for sale issued from the office of the clerk of the circuit court of Bates county, Missouri, returnable at the November term, 1902, of said court, to me directed in favor of S Blackman and against J A Mathes and D Cothrein, I have levied and seized upon all the right, title, interest and claim of defendants, J A Mathes and D Cothrein, in and to the following described real estate lying and being situated in Bates county, Missouri, to-wit:

The west half of the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter, west half of southeast quarter of northeast quarter, all in section twenty (20), also northwest quarter of northeast quarter of section twenty nine (29) all in township forty-two (42) of range thirty-two I will, on

Friday, November 28, 1902,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the west front door of the court house, in the city of Butler Bates county, Missouri, sell the same or so much thereof as may be required at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOE T. SMITH,
1-4t Sheriff of Bates County Mo.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue and authority of a general execution issued from the office of the clerk of the circuit court of Bates county Missouri, returnable at the November term 1902, of said court, to me directed in favor of Phebe Ann Conaway and against Wm S Conaway, I have levied and seized upon all the right, title interest and claim of defendant, Wm S Conaway, in and to the following described real estate situated in Bates county, Missouri to-wit:

Lot three (3), block forty-five (35) and lot (2) block thirty-six (36) in town of Amoret. I will on

Friday, November 28, 1902,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day at the west front door of the court house, in the city of Butler, Bates county, Missouri sell the same or so much thereof as may be required at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said execution and costs

JOE T SMITH
1-4t Sheriff of Bates County, Mo.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue and authority of a general execution issued from the office of the clerk of the circuit court of Bates county Missouri, returnable at the November term, 1902, of said court, to me directed in favor of James L. Trabue and against Mary P Lusk, I have levied and seized upon all the right, title, interest and claim of defendant Mary P Lusk in and to the following described real estate situated in Bates county, Missouri to wit:

The southeast quarter of the southeast quarter and the south twenty three acres of the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section eighteen (18) in township thirty nine (39) of range thirty (30) I will on

Friday, November 14, 1902,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the court house, in the city of Butler, Bates county, Missouri, sell the same or so much thereof as may be required at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOE T SMITH,
51-4t Sheriff of Bates County, Mo.

Who Pays the Bills?

The price of steel rails has increased about ten dollars per ton since the beneficent Dingley bill undertook the care and maintenance of the trusts. Last year the average price was $26 per ton.

It is a fact that railways in foreign countries may buy rails from the United States Steel Trust at the price we formerly paid; since the trust can still sell them profitably at the old price. In slang parlance, the tariff-profit is "pure velvet" for the trusts.

It may be maintained that, since railroad combinations are in the nature of trusts, the effect of the Dingley bill in this case is only to protect one trust at the expense of another, and furthermore that to strike a blow at the railroads is indirectly to hit all the trusts which patronize it. But the tariff has no such effect upon trusts generally.

Railroad combinations are the vehicles of trusts, are made in the interest of trusts and are dominated by them. Discriminations in favor of trusts necessarily follow.

The railroads, having to meet increased expenses on account of the tariff, are compelled to take the bulk of their profits from the individual patron. A railway journal remarks that should earnings decrease without a proportionate decrease in the price of railway materials, many roads would be hard put to it to make ends meet.

Unquestionably somebody pays that vast increase in the cost of rails, and it is safe to say that the individuals pay their own share and that of the trusts as well. It is not merely a case of dog eat dog as between trusts. It is the innocent public which is really hurt.—St. Louis Republic.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue and authority of a transcript execution issue from the office of the clerk of the circuit court of Bates Co. Mo., returnable at the November term, 1902, of said court, to me directed in favor of R. Bryant and S. A. M. Daniel and against B. G. Shelby and E. N. Shelby, I have levied and seized upon all the right, title interest and claim of defendants B. G. Shelby and E. N. Shelby, in and to the following described real estate situated in Bates county Missouri, to-wit:

The east half of section seven the west half of the northwest quarter and the southwest quarter of section eight in township forty-one, range thirty-two, also the northeast quarter of section seven, the northwest quarter and the west half of the northeast quarter and the north half of the southwest quarter of section eight, all in township forty one, range twenty-nine, I will on

Saturday, December 6 1902,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day at the west front door of the court house in the city of Butler, Bates county, Missouri sell the same or so much thereof as may be required at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOE T SMITH
2-4t Sheriff of Bates County, Mo.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue and authority of a general execution issued from the office of the clerk of the circuit court of Bates County, Missouri, returnable at the November term, 1902, of said court, to me directed in favor of E. C Mudd and against Joseph S. Reeder, I have levied and seized upon all the right, title interest and claim of said defendant Joseph S. Reeder, in and to the following described real estate situated in Bates County Missouri, to-wit:

North half of the southeast quarter of section nine (9), township forty-one (41), range thirty-one (31) I will, on

Saturday, December 6 1902,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the west front door of the court house, in the city of Butler, Bates county, Missouri, sell the same, or so much thereof as may be required at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said execution and costs

JOE. T. SMITH,
2-4t Sheriff of Bates County, Mo.

Administrator's Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that letters of administration upon the estate of William M. Wells, deceased were granted to the undersigned on the 28th day of October 1902, by the probate court of Bates county Missouri.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them for allowance to the administrator within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate: And if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, the will be forever barred.

ISAAC WALLS,
BENJAMIN WALLS,
2-4t Administrators

BRITISH ARE SAFER.

So Says Expert, Who Has Been Investigating American Railroads.

By Comparison of Figures Mr. Walker Seeks to Show Human Life Receives Less Consideration Here Than in His Country.

The report of H. A. Walker, the expert sent by the London & Northwestern railroad to America in order to investigate railroad conditions, here has been published. Mr. Walker sums up as follows:

"It will be seen from the figures before you that the American companies have nothing to boast of in the safety either of their passengers or employes. On the contrary, human life seems to be considered of much less importance there than here and I am of the opinion that in this respect the British railway officials have nothing whatever to learn from their American confreres."

Mr. Walker gives figures showing that twice as many passengers are carried on the United Kingdom lines as on the American, though the latter have a nine times greater mileage, while American figures show a much larger proportion of accidents and fatalities to passengers and employes.

The large number of accidents at crossings receives considerable mention. Mr. Walker attributes the larger proportion of accidents in America to "almost general absence of block working, and to the fact that the permanent way is neither laid nor maintained in the efficient manner usually adopted by the British railways." He says that in the generality of cases there is no protection at all at the level crossings.

The English expert believes that the agitation going on in Great Britain for the adoption of the automatic couplings used in America is not justified by statistics, the old-fashioned screw couplings showing a smaller percentage of accidents to employes.

Curiously enough, the same day that this justification of the British railroad system appears the London Times' Saturday Review prints a letter from a well-known engineer in which the writer makes an urgent plea for the adoption of automatic couplings and quotes the interstate commerce commission's figures as showing that a decrease in the number of accidents had resulted therefrom. The engineer declares that millions are lost to British shareholders by the failure of the roads in Great Britain to adopt up-to-date safety appliances, and concludes with saying: "It is the system in the United Kingdom which is at fault," and urges the government to take action to compel the roads to do what the Americans have done.

"In that way alone," he says, "can railway shareholders ever hope for years to reap the undoubted advantages and pecuniary benefits which long ago should have been their portion."

TURN TO HOME MISSIONS.

Young Women of Flushing, N. Y., Organize to Look After Needs of Unmarried Men.

The religious young women of Flushing, N. Y., have decided to cease sending ping hats to the shirtless and sockless barbarians of climates where clothing is a mere luxury and begin proselyting at home among the bachelors. The young women have learned, may be through communicative brothers, that the unmarried men of Flushing wear socks with holes other than those that the feet go into, and that their dress shirts are often buttonless and sometimes torn.

One young woman who helps sew on her brother's buttons said it was "simply dreadful" the way the young men of Flushing treated their socks and shirts. One young man, and a church member, had tied the holes in his socks with twine. An advertisement appeared in a Flushing paper on Wednesday of Flushing treated their socks and holes in them, or shirts with rents or needing buttons would be repaired at moderate cost by the Willing Workers.

Now the young men of Flushing are ripping off buttons and tearing holes in their socks.

GOOD PROFIT SHOWN.

Sale of Stamp Books by Government Proves a Very Profitable Business.

The post office department will probably make a profit of between $40,000 and $50,000 this year from the sales of stamp books. The books have only been in use for a comparatively short period and have proven so profitable and convenient an article of sale that considerable anxiety was caused to the department officials by the recent controversy with the bureau of engraving and printing regarding the poor quality of paraffine paper used in the books, which caused the stamps to stick to the leaves and rendered them useless. Numerous complaints were received at the department and the sales of the books fell off considerably. Now, however, the bureau is furnishing a much higher grade of paper and the sales have largely increased.

Could Get Riches for Title.

The Earl of Rosslyn, who is a member of a New York theatrical company, is going to marry an actress. Hasn't the foolish fellow found out, asks the Chicago Record-Herald, that there are still plenty of rich girls in this country?

WILL APPEAL FOR CUBA.

Another Plea By the President For Reciprocity.

Washington, Nov. 13.—President Roosevelt will discuss the question of Cuban reciprocity in his forthcoming message to Congress. Mr. Roosevelt's friends say he realizes that the enemies of reciprocity are prepared to make a desperate struggle to prevent the adoption of his recommendations in behalf of the people of Cuba, and that it is their hope that by delay and obstruction they may prevent action until the few weeks of the session shall have passed. It is believed that the President has decided to make a direct historical statement of the fact that pledges were made to Cuba and then appeal to the honor and patriotism of the Senate to keep faith with the island and ratify a treaty conceding all that Cuba has been promised.

There is every evidence that there is to be a contest over the question this winter. Undaunted by the popularity throughout the country of Cuban reciprocity, as evidenced since Congress adjourned, the opposition forces are planning a new campaign of obstruction. It does not seem that they can succeed, but such a prospect does not discourage them from an organized effort. The actual session will last only about two months and a half, and with the press of other necessary legislation delay may prevent ratification of the treaty.

Henry T. Oxnard, head of the best sugar organization, who waged the campaign against Cuban reciprocity all last winter, was here recently, and outlined to his friends something of his policy. The programme as now contemplated is a combination of the cane and beet sugar growing interests, with votes in several of the Northern states. These have demonstrated a willingness to work together. Their proposed policy looks to a formal acquiescence in the Cuban reciprocity treaty, but with it will be linked a proposition that if Cuban reciprocity should be authorized because it is an administration measure, the seven or eight other reciprocity treaties now pending before the Senate are, by reason of priority of negotiations, entitled to consideration by the Senate first.

What can come out of such an attempt is a matter of conjecture, depending upon the strength of the opposition forces and the tenacity with which they hold their ground. If the plan can be inaugurated with some force, it would enable the opponents of Cuban reciprocity to use one of the other reciprocity treaties as a club with which to kill that particular treaty, as each one of the reciprocity treaties has strong opposition from states whose industries would be affected by the lower rates of duty proposed.

There is probably no disease more distressing and annoying than piles. Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment is daily curing cases of years' standing of itching and bleeding piles. The cure begins on the first application, a little perseverance makes the cure complete. Price, 50 cents in bottles Tubes, 75 cents.—H. L. Tucker.

Hon. James Wilson, secretary of agriculture was at the Kansas City live stock show one day last week. "I haven't been here very long," Mr. Wilson said, "but I have been here long enough to go through the pavillion and see some of the finest cattle ever in a show ring." "Those steers they are of the finest ever produced. How were they bred? How were they fed? The farmer wants to know. The farmer ought to know. If I were running a show of this kind I would not give mortal man a premium until he filed with the secretary for the benefit of the public a detailed account of the breeding and feeding of every animal exhibited. Then the newspapers ought to publish it and let the public know how these things are accomplished. These shows are for the education of the people.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires, a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials Address F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by druggis 75c.

Made Doubly Sure.

For a time preceding election silence was enforced upon the more rabid "friends" of protection while the Cabinet spellbinders were busy allaying the uneasiness of Republican voters on the score of too much protection to trusts. But now that the election has done away with necessity for silence the voices of the "friends" resound with a force that shocks the ear. Voters are not to be feared for a couple of years and Republican Congressmen returning to Washington are tumbling over each other to declare amity with protection, which in this instance means amity with the trusts. "The great and small but rarely meet on terms of amity complete," but this is a time when they do, and the meeting is marked by warm embraces.

These Congressmen, emboldened now that the party is temporarily out of danger, would seem to be mocking the voter. "Why," exclaims Mr. Warner, of Illinois, "I never heard tariff revision mentioned during the campaign"—a statement that calls to mind Mark Hanna's saying that he had never heard of a trust. "I'll be drawn and quartered," says Mr. Butler, of Pennsylvania, "before I'll cast a vote for revision." Senator Beveridge speaks of a determined fight against revision. Equally positive is Senator Scott. Those who will consider revision at all speak of it only conditionally and with apparent humor. None but the "friends" shall undertake revision in any event, they say.

There never has been and never could be any doubt as to the Republican party's downright intention to "stand pat." True, the campaign expressions of President Roosevelt and other dignified party figure-heads did in some measure convince Republican voters that substantial tariff reform was the fixed and immediate intention, but those expressions are drowned in the present outspoken rank opposition to any tariff legislation whatever.

What is the meaning of this overweening haste to declare and reiterate friendship for protection? Does the abstract principle of protection require such a chorus of reassurance? Certainly it isn't the Republican voter who requires them. Rather he relies on the tariff revision that was promised; he is simply dazed by the bold change of front.

Obviously these prompt avowals of friendship for "protection" are made for one purpose—to restore confidence—and it appears that the only things whose confidence needs restoring are the trusts. They have been perhaps a trifle nervous because of so much campaign talk of revision. The trusts are instantly reassured, and for no one else is reassurance intended. The Coal Trust and the Oil Trust, which the President inadvertently disturbed in his Cincinnati speech, need pacifying, so do all the trusts, particularly the two hundred that receive open and direct protection.

The phrase "friends of protection" is rapidly assuming the definite known meaning "friends of the trusts." That has long been its logical meaning. It is much illumined by the avowals of these Republican Congressmen at the present time.

President Roosevelt may appoint forty committees to "study" the tariff—indeed it is a most interesting thing to study—and to "recommend" changes, but the indications are that there will be nothing done in tariff legislation until after the next Presidential election.—St. Louis Republic.

For all fresh cuts or wounds, either on the human subject or on animals, Ballard's Snow Liniment is excellent: while for corn huskers' strained wrists, barbed-wire cuts and sores on working horses, it cannot be too highly commended. Price, 25 and 50 cents.—H. L. Tucker.

May Make it Warm for China.

Victoria, British Columbia, Nov 12.—The steamer Empress of China brings reports that because the Chinese government has refused to mete severe punishment to military officers concerned in the murder of foreign missionaries in Hunan province the British minister has declined an invitation of the empress dowager and four British war ships, the Phoenix, Rosario, Britomart and another have been ordered to proceed immediately to Hankow. Admiral Bridge commands the fleet.

Never try to cure a cold or cough, use the remedy that unfailingly conquers both. Ballard's Horehound Syrup is the great specific for all throat and lung troubles. Price, 25 and 50 cents.—H. L. Tucker.