

This affair though treated by individuals, is a government transaction.

Another Englishman is gone to Napoli de Romanta, to make another offer to the Senate of five millions of dollars.—N. Y. Spec.

#### COLOMBIA.

The following is given in a letter to the Editor of the Advocate, as the relative force of the Patriot and Spanish fleets, in the late naval engagement. The Spanish force consisted of

Diamanta,	44 guns	400 men
Cassirda,	54	630
Hyena,	18	197
Ceres,	40	387
Constitution,	14	90
Jacinth,	16	100
	186	1606

Colombian force captured—Com. Daniels' ship:—

Bolivar,	24 guns	150 men
Moquito,	18	120
Sapflare,	18	110
Maria Francisco,	22	93
	82	478

The Colombians are stated to have had 161 killed, and 21 wounded, and the Spaniards 83 killed, and 49 wounded. Com. Daniels, who, we regret to state, was among the killed, appears to have fought with his colours nailed to the mast head, and his vessel did not surrender till she was on the eve of sinking. The Spaniards approached under British colors, by which the Patriots were deceived, and had no alternative but to fight or surrender. They determined on the former, and we question much if the naval annals of any country can afford an example where so much undaunted bravery against so superior a force, was displayed as in this instance. If the Colombians fight as well on land as they do at sea, there can be little doubt of their ultimate success.—Porto Cabello, it would seem, was reduced to great extremities previous to the arrival of the Spanish fleet. The supplies which it brings most prolong the surrender of the fort for at least six months, as the season, by which military operations are interrupted, was about to commence.

Accounts had been received from Rio Hacha of the 13th March, of the arrival of the Liberator Bolivar, at Popayan, on his way to the capital, and that Congress would sit on the 17th of April. Bolivar's return with his army, is said to be in consequence of the affairs of Peru having taken a turn favorable to the cause of Liberty.—Two bulletins of the patriot army, being the second and third, contain the particulars of several advantages obtained over General Morales by Montilla; the last of which dated, March 24th, concludes in the following manner:—"Thus has closed a campaign, intended by Gen. Morales, and entrusted to his favourite Narciso Lopez, who in his flight towards La Sierra, did not carry a single loaf of bread, nor a grain of salt with him, and only about 40 or 50 cattle, a great part of his troops being in a sickly state." Five hundred men, part of the army of Morales, is stated to have arrived at Coro, but whether as prisoners or not, the papers are silent. We should suppose that Morales himself was at Maracaibo, as we find it stated that the patriots were making preparations to attack that place.—1b.

#### NOTICE.

BY virtue of the law in such case made and provided, and the authority within me vested, I have levied upon the North half of Lot number twenty-six, bounded as follows, to wit: on the East forty-eight and half feet by Jefferson Street, on the South one hundred and ninety-nine feet by the South half of Lot number twenty-six, on the West by Irwin Street forty-eight and a half feet, on the North one hundred and ninety-nine feet by Lot number eight, as the property of Daniel M'Gahey, which I shall expose to public sale with all the appertinances belonging thereon, at the court house door of Lawrence county, on the first Monday in October next, to satisfy a claim of Taxes, imposed in the year 1822, amounting to the sum of ten dollars.

SAMUEL STAMPS,

Tax Collector for Lawrence county, Monticello, May 31, 1823—9-6m

#### CAUTION.

WHEREAS the most iniquitous schemes have been put in practice to ruin me, by fraudulently attempting a sale of my property, and secreting my title papers, and others of value, I do hereby forewarn all persons from trading with, or crediting any member of my family without a written order from me, as I am determined to pay no debts of their contracting.

SAMUEL C. ALEXANDER.

May 10, 1823.

7tf

WRITING PAPER FOR SALE at this office.

## The Gazette.

MONTICELLO, SATURDAY, JUNE 21, 1823.

The Editor of the Port-Gibson Correspondent, seems to think we have acted rather unfairly in animadverting on the situation of the present site for the seat of government. It may be possible we are in an error, but his remarks on the subject does not tend to prove us so or set us right. If we find we have thus erred, we shall be extremely mortified, and will willingly and quickly acknowledge our error; but in this case, we have now stronger reasons to believe, that we are right, and fear very much that we have "hit the nail on the head."

The Editor of the Correspondent, seems to think we have modeled our remarks from the voice of the people here, and merely to suit their wishes; but in this he is widely mistaken; we assure him, we got our information from different persons from as many different parts of the state, even Jackson!—transient persons and travellers of various description, as they happened to be travelling to and fro. We never intimated, that we expected the seat of government to be removed from Jackson to this place; there are other places in the state besides this, that, in our humble opinion, would more be suitable.

We shall not say any thing at present about either place; we wish to be further informed on the subject, get more time, and we will then speak plainly. In the mean time we hope the Editor of the Correspondent will not consider us fit subjects for public reprehension. We will conclude this remark by asking that editor the following questions, viz: Were all three of those commissioners attending to fix on a suitable site for the seat of government? If either of them was not on that duty, which one was not?

Information arrived in town a few days ago, that war had been declared between the Choctaw and Creek Indians—it was not ascertained which nation had declared it, or when hostilities would take place.

A person residing in this county, related to us, in substance, the following dream, which he said he had a few nights ago:

He said, "I appeared to have been travelling by the City of Jackson, the metropolis of this state, on a Sunday evening—it appeared to me that the evening was unusually fine: A very large number of the inhabitants were on the public grounds, mostly on Capital Green; which was situated next to the river, and appeared to me to be a delightful spot, containing many groves of trees, elegantly and systematically arranged, among the rest a very large Baobab tree, which was large enough for fifteen or twenty thousand persons to be conveniently seated in the shade of it; under which were a great number who appeared to be all the first order of society, the heads of department, Lord Mayor of the City, &c. all appeared to be richly clad, the Lord Mayor in particular, and whose attire I took particular notice—he had on a large crimson silk velvet cloak, lined with scarlet silk, embroidered and trimmed with gold lace, a blue cloth coat with the same kind of trimming, a crimson satin vest, scarlet silk breeches and pale pink colored stockings, silver knee-buckles, vermilion Morocco pumps, a very considerable ruffled shirt and double bowed cravat, with a very large cocked hat, and in fact he made a great show and grand appearance, and evidently, was the pride of the company:—they appeared to be in high glee, conversing on various subjects, among the rest they made great sport of the Monticello Gazette, editor, &c.—After passing their time away for some time under this majestic tree, some of the company proposed walking, among the rest a young belle, who appeared uncommonly beautiful, and who seemed "sortie figgeted"—she started off in the van of the company, with a half a dozen beaux at her heels, saying "come, less go to Colege Green, to the weeping willow groves, and we'll pass through the lomborda poplar groves in Court Green;" and away they all started. In the mean time I took a survey of the grounds and groves as I sauntered along the long lawns, viewing the beautiful groves on either side:—As far as I was able to judge, there appeared to be about sixty or seventy acres of land attached to each lot or Green. The capital was to all appearance at a distance, I did not examine it, a very elegant building. I seen a large party in pleasure boats in the lake, on the side of Colege Green, sailing to and fro delightfully sporting.—The Colege is a very elegant building, delightfully situated on an eminence arising from the lake; at a distance was to be seen on either side extensive farms in a high state of cultivation, with beautiful houses attached thereto.—When, those who had ascended to the top of the hill in Colege Green, their attention was taken up by a view they had of a steamboat coming up the

canal from the Mississippi, with a great number of passengers on board—she glided beautifully up to the wharf, where a number of others were lying. This eminence commands a view of the whole City, which appeared to be about six miles square. The streets are wide and the buildings generally four story high, built of brick and elegantly finished. I was about to go down to the lake, when I suddenly awoke! and lo! it was all a dream."

The Editor of the Port-Gibson Correspondent, would confer a particular favor on us, by forwarding his paper to us via the City of Jackson the Metropolis of this state, instead of via New-Orleans, by which means we would get them three or four weeks sooner; besides their coming through that City, would considerably enhance their value.

An Oration will be delivered in the court house on the 4th of July, in commemoration of our Independence.

We will pay our respects to Squire Crutcher in our next.

The liberty of the press, consists in the right to publish, with impunity, truth, with good motives, and for justifiable ends, whether it respects government, magistracy or individuals.—HAMILTON.

MARRIED—On Thursday evening last by W. W. Whitehead, Esq. A. M. KEGAN, Esq. to Miss MARTHA A. CRUTCHFIELD, all of this place.

#### OBITUARY.

Departed this life on Sunday last, Mrs. NANCY NEYLAND, consort of Mr. Wm. Neyland of this county. In the death of this amiable woman, a fond husband and nine children are left to experience the bitter pang produced by the remembrance of her many excellent qualities both as a wife and mother. It seldom falls to our lot to record a more distressing event; but amidst those melancholy reflections, her family and extensive acquaintances have the pleasing hope that she died in the LORD, and rest from the torments and vicissitudes of TIME.

#### New Goods.

THE SUBSCRIBER is now receiving from New-Orleans, a supply of MERCHANDISE, which in addition to his former stock, comprises a handsome assortment, among which are the following articles, viz:

Mens and Boys Hats,  
do. fine shoes,  
Ladies Morocco do.  
Crocery assorted,  
Stone jugs and jars,  
Liquors assorted, sugar and coffee,  
Spermaciti candles,  
Spanish Segars and Tobacco,  
Raisins, Almonds, Chocolate,  
Imperial TEA,  
Salt, Swedes Iron and plough moulds,  
Log and Trace chains,  
Nails assorted,  
German and Blistered steel,  
Russia sheeting, Domestic,  
Brown Platillas,  
Salt petre, Ginger, Allspice, Pepper,  
Glauber salts,  
Powder and Shot, Bar lead, &c. &c.  
ALSO—Ready made clothing, among which are a few superfine coats.—All of which will be sold at reduced prices for cash.  
SAMUEL JAYNE,  
Monticello, June 28, 1823. 13-3

R. JONES & D. C. MORRIS,  
CLOCK AND WATCH MAKERS,  
Jewelers & Silver Smiths,

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of the town of Monticello and vicinity, that they have opened shop in said town in the house formerly occupied by Linson and Jones, where they will carry on said business in all its various branches; hoping by their assiduity and attention to business, to share a part of the public patronage.

The public have been notified by B. T. Linson, that neither of us are professed workmen, implying by this modest assertion that neither of us have served a regular time to the above business; this statement we feel compelled, in justice to ourselves, to say is untrue, as to skill the public will judge by experiment; as it regards the skill of Mr. Linson, they have so judged.  
Monticello, June 20, 1823.

N. B. The public are informed that payments made to B. T. Linson on account of the firm of Linson and Jones will not be considered valid without the consent of the subscriber, as the books are illegally retained by said Linson.

R. JONES.

B. T. LINSON,

CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER AND JEWELLER, MONTICELLO.

OFFERS his services to the public in the line of his profession, all work committed to him for repairs, will be carefully repaired and warranted, viz:

Patent Lever, Horizontal Repeating, Musical & Plain watches, And Musical and Plain Brass Clocks AND TIME PEICES OF ALL DESCRIPTION REPAIRED AND WARRANTED IF WELL USED.

All those having work when the subscriber is absent, will be so good as to leave the same with Wm. Ray, inn keeper, and it will be thankfully received by the subscriber, repaired and delivered to the owners when called for.

All those indebted to the firm of Linson and Jones, are requested to make payment to B. T. Linson, or I shall not consider the debt discharged, as I am in possession of the books—and all those having demands against said firm will please to present them to me for settlement. I also notify the public that Robert Jones my former partner has taken in watches to repair in the shop formerly occupied by said Linson and Jones.—I further notify the public that Robert Jones and his workman are not professed workmen at clock and watches, neither of them served their time to the above business.

B. T. LINSON.

Monticello June 14, 1823—11tf

#### BEWARE OF A THIEF!

ABOUT the beginning of June or the latter end of May, a Bible and Prayer Book were stolen from the Episcopal Church in this city, and afterwards were offered for sale to Mr. Joseph Leonard, of this county, by a man calling himself Evans, who represented himself as a traveller in distress. Mr. Leonard purchased the Bible, but the Prayer Book has not been recovered. It appears that Evans is well known in some parts of the county, as a Preacher to Negroes; and upon one occasion has been in the Stocks for intruding upon a plantation and associating with slaves. This notice is given, that in case any person should recognize him, he may be apprehended and punished as his crime deserves. There is ample testimony to convict him, and all well disposed persons are earnestly requested to assist in effecting it. He informed Mr. Leonard that he had come from St. Louis, and was on his way to Bayou Sarah, where he said he had a brother residing. It is, however, more than probable, that this was a plea to avoid pursuit.  
Natchez, June 18, 1823.

State of Mississippi, Lawrence County.

ON the first Monday and the day following in August next, an election will be held in the following Election Districts in and for said county, viz: At the house of William Herbert on Boguechitto; at the house of David Hutson, at the house of William Sparks, at the house of John H. Oates and at the court house in Monticello, for the purpose of electing a governor and lieutenant governor of the State, a senator to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Doctor Thomas Anderson, three representatives to represent the county of Lawrence in the next general assembly of this state, a sheriff and Coroner, for said county.

R. COLLINS, Sh'ff.

June 21, 1823.

#### BLANK DEEDS LOST.

TWENTY FIVE General and twenty-five Special Warrantee Blank Deeds was lost on the road leading from Natchez to this place; they were roled up in paper and tied with twine. Any person finding the same and leaving them at the office of the Mississippi State Gazette, Natchez, or at this office, shall be liberally rewarded.  
Monticello, March 22.

#### Constitutions

OF THE

State of Mississippi,

PRINTED IN A NEAT AND WORKMAN-LIKE STYLE.

For Sale at this office.

BLANK DECLARATIONS

For Sale at this Office.

A Journeyman Printer, WANTED IMMEDIATELY AT THIS OFFICE.