

THE HATTIESBURG NEWS

Published Every Afternoon (Except Sunday.)

D. LANDER, Editor. A. R. FARRELL, Business Manager.

Entered as second-class matter on May 22, 1907, at the postoffice at Hattiesburg, Miss. under the Act of Congress of March 2, 1879.

OFFICIAL PAPER CITY OF HATTIESBURG AND COUNTY OF FORREST.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.



LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY SOUTH MISSISSIPPI PAPER.

THURSDAY, JULY 6, 1911.

TELEPHONES:

Editorial and News Rooms 35 Business and Job Department 13

GETTING TALKED ABOUT

The News has had considerable to say during the past few months concerning the possibility of securing high class free publicity in conjunction with the settlement and development of Mississippi cut-over pine lands.

The state movement for the settlement and development of this vast area, has as its strong feature the ways and means of securing not only this free publicity but also large quantities of paid advertising without calling upon anyone in Mississippi for cash subscriptions, and only asking that the large land owners set aside a small percentage of their immense idle holdings for advertising purposes.

You have heard it said and it is true, that it is harder to make and save the first thousand dollars than it is to make the next several thousand. The same is true in settling a country. It is harder to get the first few started, than it is to get others to follow.

It takes "PUBLICITY" and a whole lot of it to get an immigration movement started. Resources and advantages, water, soil, climate, are good things to talk about, to give publicity to, but if they are not talked about, if they are not given publicity how is the world to know about them, and who will come to buy them?

One result of this state movement in Mississippi is that Mississippi has received more attention in the public prints during the last year than ever before. The effort and study must be to keep this publicity going in its best and most effective form.

For instance, in Everybody's Magazine there is an illustrated story on the South in which some kind things are said about Mississippi's cut-over pine lands. Among other things this paragraph:

"In Mississippi, the state has set a remarkable example of soil conservation, which many are emulating. A few years ago the state agricultural school bought one hundred and sixty acres of typical sandy land covered with stumps and branches—what is called a 'pine slashing.' It was waste and idle land, such as Mississippi has today in millions of acres of her area. The students of the agricultural school cleared away the slashings, spread fertilizer—seven dollars' worth to the acre—plowed, harrowed, and then planted string-beans for a winter crop. The land cost two dollars an acre. The winter crop sold in Chicago for eighty-five dollars an acre. When it was harvested, they pulled some stumps, spread fertilizer again—two dollars to the acre—and planted sweet potatoes for a summer crop. These, sold in New Orleans, produced eighty dollars an acre—a total of \$165 per acre in a year from two dollars' worth of land and nine dollars' worth of fertilizer. Three crops instead of two can usually be produced in southern Mississippi, and the truck market and the express railway service guarantee excellent returns."

In conclusion the same writer makes this observation: "Transform the consumers in the city into producers; save the waste soil in the country; restore, in a degree, the balance between the two forces of production and consumption; it is worth national attention and national support; it will never attain the complete success until the states officially recognize and support some practical movement for the distribution of city people upon the waste land."

Through Governor E. F. Noel, who has already given his personal and official support, the State of Mississippi has recognized a practical movement that guarantees to carry the financial burden, and to furnish the experience and the "know-how," not only to get publicity but to bring settlers and transform stump lands into prosperous farming communities.

The News believes that all the people can appreciate a campaign which will secure the publication of nice things about Mississippi and that will bring people this way.

In commenting upon the showing made by a number of different farmers in Mississippi, where the owners paid for their land in the cultivation of one crop on a very small number of acres, the manager of one of the agricultural experiment stations declares "when we succeed in making the rest of the country believe that these things can actually and generally be accomplished, the rush to this country will be like the great rush of gold seekers to California."

Mississippi people must bear in mind, however, that we have much competition in Texas, Oklahoma, Georgia, and other Southern states, which have been far more progressive and have attracted a great deal more attention to their farm lands than have we.

It is no easy or economic thing to change the trend of immigration. It takes a lot of money and a lot of "know-how." It takes an unusual amount of the best sort of publicity. It must be somebody's business to direct and secure that publicity and also to go into the north and bring settlers.

If we have the opportunity to secure all these things in the best and most effective form, let us be up and doing. Get together and "start something."

Commissioner Hardy in discussing with a representative of The News this morning, the recent bond issue, and the fact that \$5,000 of the proceeds of the bonds were to be used to fund an old floating debt, stated that The News in a recent local news item, was in error in attributing this debt to the last administration. "The last city administration," said Mr. Hardy, "did not make, or rather did not leave any debts unpaid which were contracted during their terms of office. They conducted affairs practically on a cash basis. The debt is an accumulation from several administrations previous to the last one, and some of it dates back eight years, when the first paid fire department was organized by the city and heavy expenditures had to be made for fire wagons and equipment."

Now that Gen. Wm. H. Bixby, chief of engineers, U. S. A., has declared that the battleship Maine was destroyed by the explosion of her three magazines, and that "no such effect as that produced upon the vessel could have been caused by an explosion from without," let us try to forget rather than to "Remember the Maine." All of which goes to show that a crime the fingers, for commercial pelf, committed upon humanity by forcing war upon Spain.

Around The State

A NARROW ESCAPE.

Natchez, Miss., July 6.—Scott Pintard, cashier of the First National Bank of this city, had most of his clothing torn from his body Tuesday evening about seven o'clock by a bolt of lightning. He was unconscious for some time, but finally revived, and with the exception of a little nervousness is as sound as ever.

WANTS PARDON FOR WOMAN.

Biloxi, Miss., July 6.—Every woman's organization in Biloxi is affording signatures for a petition asking that the governor general of Canada pardon Angeline Napolitano, an Italian woman, at Sault Ste Marie (Ont.) who has been condemned to death for the killing of her husband, who attempted to make her sell her honor.

OFFICER KILLS BAD NEGRO.

Enterprise, Miss., July 6.—Deputy Sheriff James Crane killed a negro Tuesday night at Stonewall, three miles south of here. The negro's name was John Flournoy. The officer was looking for the negro along a wooded road. The negro came from behind the bushes, where he had been waiting for the deputy, and attempted to kill him with a shotgun. The officer shot him.

Selected

The Washerwoman's Song.

In a very humble cot, In a rather quiet spot, In the suds and in the soap, Worked a woman full of hope; Working, singing, all alone, In a sort of undertone: "With the Saviour for a friend, He will keep me to the end."

Sometimes happening along, I had heard the semi-song, More in sympathy than glee; And I often used to smile, But I never said a word In regard to what I heard, As she sang about her friend Who would keep her to the end.

Not in sorrow nor in glee Working all day long was she, As her children, three or four, Played around her on the floor; But in monotones the song She was humming all day long: "With the Saviour for a friend, He will keep me to the end."

It's a song I do not sing, For I scarce believe a thing Of the stories that are told Of the miracles of old; But I know that her belief Is the anodyne of grief, And will always be a friend That will keep her to the end.

Just a trifle lonesome she, Just as poor as poor could be; But her spirits always rose, Like the bubbles in the clothes, And, though widowed and alone, Cheered her with the monotone Of a Saviour and a friend Who would keep her to the end.

Human hopes and human creeds Have their root in human needs; And I should not wish to strip From that washerwoman's lip Any song that she can sing, Any hope that songs can bring; For the woman has a friend Who will keep her to the end. —Eugene F. Ware.

cer was too quick with his pistol, however.

HOUSE STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

Meridian, Miss., July 6.—The home of M. M. Twiller, three miles south of Lauderdale, was struck by lightning Tuesday and badly damaged. The bolt went down the chimney, which it demolished and tore up several walls and floors in the house. No one was at home when the bolt struck.

HEALTH SCHOOLS.

Greenville, Miss., July 6.—The county health officer, Dr. H. L. Sutherland, is making a tour of his county, holding a health instruction school at some town every Saturday. The first meeting was at Boyle on July 1. The second is to be at Merigold, July 8.

By special invitation of Dr. Sutherland he is assisted by Mrs. Dell K. Hohlenhoff, of Shaw, state corresponding secretary of the woman suffrage association.

BARTLEBAUGH SENTENCED.

Vicksburg, Miss., July 6.—Walter Bartlebaugh pleaded guilty to a charge of impersonating a United States pension examiner and Judge H. C. Niles, of the federal court sentenced him to three years in the federal prison. It is thought Bartlebaugh secured quite a lot of money from negroes to whom he exhibited maps and charts in a way to make his line of talk sound more plausible.

VISIBLE GRAIN SUPPLY.

New York, July 6.—The following are the visible supply of grain figures as compiled by the New York Produce Exchange for the week ending July 1: Wheat 23,826,000, decrease 653,000 bushels; corn 7,482,000, increase 26,000 bushels; oats 9,570,000, decrease 62,000; rye 15,000, decrease 2,000; barley 637,000, decrease 152,000. The Canadian visible supply of wheat for the week ending July 1 was 5,158,000 bushels, increase 494,000.

MINERS GIVE UP STRIKE.

Pittsburg, July 6.—The miners throughout the Irwin Greensburg coal fields in Wetmoreland county voted today to give up the strike that has been on for the last 16 months, as the international executive board of the United States Mine Workers in session at Indianapolis voted to discontinue paying strike benefits. Eighteen lives have been lost in the strike and more than a million dollars has been expended, besides large donations from sympathizers.

Overpowered. "Are you sure you are strong enough to carry this trunk up three flights of stairs?" asked the maiden lady of the roustabout she had summoned. "Sure, mum," he responded heartily. "How much do I get out of it?" "Why, if you don't break anything or spoil the walls I'll give you 10 cents." "Sorry, mum, but I couldn't git away wid dat heavy trunk." "Why, a minute ago you were sure you were strong enough." "I was, but yer generosity has made me weak."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

By Way of Suggestion. A pewholder once came from his parish church to the bishop with the complaint that a stranger had intruded into his pew. He said, "I would not disturb divine service by ejecting him, but I took the slight liberty of sitting on his hat."—Taber.

Spurs Up the Liver

You wouldn't care to have a simple case of liver torpidity develop into jaundice would you? It will if you allow your liver to become inactive and then neglect it. Can't take pills—prejudiced against them? If so you can take

Nyal's Liver Regulator

—use before breakfast—it will stir up that sluggish liver, act on the kidneys and improve digestion. Just a few doses and you will be sure of regularity of liver function and the proper assimilation of food—after you have taken a bottle you will wonder why you put it off so long. Nyal's Liver Regulator is Entirely Vegetable—prompt in its action but with no unpleasant after effects. 25c the bottle.

When we had a chance to get the exclusive selling agency for Nyal Family Remedies we jumped at it. They are known among all druggists as the highest quality line on the market, and are prepared by a great firm of manufacturing chemists, famous for fifty years.

Century Drug Store

Both Phones 64

NAVAL GUN POINTERS.

How They Are Aided by the Telescope Sight and Crossbar.

Perhaps very few outside of the service know of the important part that the telescope and the crossbar sight have played in the development of target work. Before the recent introduction of the telescope and the crossbar the gun pointer strained his eyes in the impossible effort to adjust their focus to three widely separated objects simultaneously, the rear sight a few inches away, the front sight a dozen feet distant from the rear one and the target anywhere from 1,500 to 13,000 yards. Ordnance experts worked over this problem, and the result was the introduction of the telescope sight and the crossbars—two pieces of crossed wire at the end of the telescope. When these "cut" on the target the gun pointer presses his electric button and the gun does the rest.

It is eminently spectacular, this great gun battery practice. This is from a description given to the writer by an umpire whose station was on one of the ships towing the target. "Through the glasses you could see a needle-like flash from the firing ship, a vessel so far distant that her outline was but an indistinct blur upon the horizon. Having caught the flash, the glass is dropped, the eye goes to the stop watch, and you begin to count—one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven—and about then you will hear a faint drone which in the next fraction of a second swells into a mighty roar—the roar of an express rushing at the rate of thirty miles a second. With the roar come a flying of splinters from the target, a geyser leaping a hundred feet in air, then another and another, as the ricocheting shell glances from wave to wave, and then, last of all, the faint, far-off boom of the gun which had hurled the missile."—Harper's Weekly.

DECORATED HIS SHIP.

Sir John Had Little Paint and a Fine Sense of Humor.

It is not often the administration of England's naval affairs is attended with any humorous features, but on one occasion at least an officer of the royal navy contributed quaintly to the archives of the admiralty.

Once, before the days of steel ships, the allowance of paint in the royal navy was very small, and sometimes the officers had to pay large sums in order that their ships might maintain a decent appearance. Sir John Phillimore resorted to a funny expedient either to soften the heart of the navy board or, if that proved impossible, to express his opinion. He painted one side of his yellow frigate black and white and used the rest of the black paint in printing on the other side in large letters, "No more paint!"

The navy board wrote to call his attention to the impropriety of his conduct and signed themselves, as they did officially, "Your affectionate friends." Sir John made reply that he could not obliterate the objectionable letters unless he were given more paint and signed himself, in turn, "Your affectionate friend, John Phillimore."

The naval authorities then called his attention to the impropriety of the signature, to which Sir John responded, acknowledging the letter, stating he regretted that the paint had not been sent and ending, "I am no longer your affectionate friend, John Phillimore."

His frigate was permitted to retain her original yellow, and thus the navy board punished Sir John's impudence.

The Last Laugh. Hogan was raffling a dock. He was fairly successful in disposing of tickets in the shop where he worked, but he ran up against trouble when he canvassed his neighbors. Dropping in at a neighbor's home, he tried to sell a ticket on the dock. "It's a fine timepiece and it'll run fine on yer whinot or mantel," says Hogan confidently. "Gwan, the old clock doesn't run," replied the neighbor. "Well," drawled Hogan, changing front completely, "well, perhaps yer won't win it and then yer'll have the laugh on the fellow who does."—Milwaukee Free Press.

Lengthening the Day. A couple of laborers who had been working at the waterworks got into conversation. "I say, Bob," exclaimed one of the men, "you are a bit of a scholar. Can you tell me who it was that ordered the sun to stand still?" "I don't know," replied Bob. "Some son of a gun of a contractor who wanted a big day's work out of the laboring man, you can bet."—London Answers.

Could Im'tate. Pater—Can you give my daughter the comforts to which she has been accustomed? Sutor—Yes, sir. I've breakfasted at your home, and I'm certain that I can complain about the coffee, read the paper, demand the discharge of the cook and announce that I'll dine at the club.—Toledo Blade.

Making It Pleasant For Her. Elderly Relative (sniffing)—Bertha, is it possible that you allow smoking in your parlor? Married Niece—Certainly, auntie. You can smoke your pipe here if you like.—Chicago Tribune.

Plenty of Chances. It never is necessary to hunt for long or to travel far if one is looking for a chance to do a good deed.—Chicago Record-Herald.

PRESIDENT TAFT IS CRITICISED

Senator Cummins of Iowa, Takes a Shot at President's Indianapolis Speech.

Washington, July 6.—The right of President Taft to negotiate the Canadian reciprocity agreement and send it in a completed form to congress for enactment, to defend it, and advocate it in stump speeches in the country was asserted in the senate yesterday by Burton, of Ohio, at the conclusion of an explanation of the reciprocity bill.

The senate agreed at the conclusion of two days session to sit daily at 11 o'clock. Burton's speech followed criticism by Cummins, of Iowa, earlier in the day of the speech by President Taft yesterday at Indianapolis.

Cummins said he believed it was better for the president to try and mould an opinion by appealing to the people in speeches than for him to use the power of the president's office to pass a bill through congress, but he criticised vigorously the Indianapolis speech in which President Taft said the Canadian agreement would probably not reduce the cost of living.

Burton strongly urged that the agreement be adopted without change.

DR. COOK'S ACCUSER.

Seattle, Wash., July 6.—Professor Herschel Parker, of New York, noted for his efforts to climb Mount McKinley and for his charges against Dr. Frederick Cook, sailed for Valdez today on the steamship Admiral Sampson. While in Alaska, he will make arrangements for an expedition to ascend Mount McKinley next February.

WOMAN'S PLANE ENLARGED.

Asheville, N. C., July 6.—The feature of today's session of the Young People's Southern Educational Missionary movement was the address of H. W. Hicks, of New York, who discussed "The New and Enlarged Plans of Women." This afternoon Mr. Hicks delivered an address on "The Object of the Missionary Movement in the South."

Happy, Happy, Use TIZ

A Marvel For sore Feet. Acts Right Off



Sore Feet? Never After Using TIZ—Goodbye sore feet, aching feet, swollen feet, sweaty feet, smelly feet, tired feet. Good-bye corns, callouses and bunions and raw spots. You've never tried anything like TIZ before for your feet. It is different from anything ever before sold. It acts at once and makes the feet feel remarkably fresh and sore-proof. TIZ is not a powder. Powders and other foot remedies clog the pores, TIZ draws out all poisonous exudations which bring on soreness of the feet, and is the only remedy that does, TIZ cleans out every pore and glorifies the feet—your feet. You'll never limp again or draw up your face in pain, and you'll forget about your corns, bunions and callouses. You'll feel like a new person. If you don't find all this true after trying a box of TIZ, you can get your money right back. TIZ is for sale at all druggists at 25 cents per box, or it will be sent you direct if you wish from WALTER LUTHER DODGE & CO., Chicago, Ill.



Go over your assortment of jewelry, pins, etc., and see if you do not need something to complete your summer outfit. Here you will find a complete assortment of SCARF PINS, BRACELETS, FOBS, NECKLACES, RINGS, SHIRTWAIST PINS, and everything else that is worn in gold and silver jewelry. Reasonable prices prevail of course—and honest values likewise.



WANTS

WANTED—Several experienced salesmen, who have a successful record at selling either sewing machines, pianos, cream separators or gasoline engines direct to the farmers, planters and people living in the country. We sell a high-class lighting system to country people and it takes an experienced, resourceful and tactful salesman to successfully sell our line. Position pays salary \$100.00 per month, traveling expenses and commission. None but experienced and successful salesmen need apply. Address: Eagle Generator Company, St. Louis, Mo. July 6

FOR RENT—The E. T. Davis home on Hardy street, 6-room house and 15 acres land, crop growing, one mule and wagon, plow tools, and everything complete for an ideal dairy, poultry yard and truck farm. Can give lease for two years. The right place for the right man. Write or see P. R. Perkins, Citizens Bank Building, Hattiesburg, Miss. Phone 169. 6-11

WANTED—Painting and paper-hanging. First-class work guaranteed. 808 Laurel Ave. 7-5-1mo

WANTED—To rent cottage with modern conveniences, on or near car line, give description. "Home," care News. 5-21

FOR RENT—Nice front room, close in. 401 Forrest street. Cumberland phone 244. 19-1f

WANTED—Salesman to carry as a side line up-to-date line of trunks and bags. The Petersburg Baggage Co., Petersburg, Va. 26-61

A. DELMAR, PASCAHOULA, MISS., wholesale fish and oysters. Long business. Good quality for selling stock. Orders solicited. Nov. 21

If you want to succeed take a course of book-keeping, penmanship, shorthand, typewriting or telegraphy in the

Hattiesburg, Miss., Meridian, Miss., Kennedy Building, Battle Building 12-17

FOR SALE—15 H. P. Foss Gasoline engine at a bargain. Practically new. J. B. Burkett. 36-6t.

WANTED—You to ring Cumberland 603 or Home 265, when you wish furniture packed or stored. Hattiesburg Packing & Storage Co. 10-1f.

WANTED—You to ring Home Phone 171 W. when you want your furniture refinished or upholstered—all kinds of repairing. 30-1f.

WANTED—Paperhanging and Painting. Home Phone 735 Red. July 24

Advertisement for First-National Bank of Commerce, Hattiesburg, Miss. Public Depository. Capital \$425,000. Additional Liability of Shareholders \$250,000. Total Responsibility \$675,000.