

Copiah Instructs for Hooker.

JACKSON, June 21.—At the Copiah county convention held at Hazlehurst to-day, the delegates were unanimously instructed to vote for Hon. Chas. E. Hooker for congress, first, last and all the time. He left this evening for Clinton, accompanied by several of our citizens, to deliver an address before one of the colleges.

Marriage of Dr. W. C. Rodgers and Miss Anna Bailey—The Closing Exercises of the Deaf and Dumb Institute.

JACKSON, June 23.—Dr. W. C. Rodgers and Miss Anna Bailey, daughter of Dr. P. T. Bailey, were married to-night at the Presbyterian church, Dr. John Hunter officiating. There was an immense assemblage of friends to witness the ceremony, as the contracting parties are two of Jackson's most highly esteemed young people. The church was beautifully and artistically decorated. After the ceremony, a brilliant reception was tendered at the residence of the bride's father, which was enjoyed by numerous friends. The happy couple left on the midnight train for Saratoga on a wedding tour. The wedding presents were numerous and costly. Dr. Rodgers is a popular druggist on West Jackson, and the bride is one of our most amiable and beautiful young ladies.

The closing exercises of the Deaf and Dumb Institute took place last night. The pupils showed thorough training, and the exercises throughout were exceedingly interesting. Miss Lulu Merchant graduated with honors.

Yazoo City Notes.

YAZOO CITY, Miss., June 21.—The steamer Issaquena with two hundred excursionists from your city reached here at 6 p.m. and returned at 8 p.m. Their short stay and the bad weather interfered with the pleasure of their stay. It has been raining since Saturday night, with occasional intermissions. The continuous wet weather gives a gloomy outlook to crop futures. The young son of Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Cole, died yesterday, and was buried to-day.

Capt. Pugh of the Pugh Line having bought the Ike Bonham of your port, will place her in tip-top order and then put her in commission between Yazoo City and Greenwood.

YAZOO CITY, June 23.—Dr. Hampton Cox, of the Benton neighborhood, died last night and was buried at 6 p.m. to-day. Dr. Cox was one of our oldest and most widely esteemed citizens, and was largely connected in this section of the country.

The resignation of Capt. Stanhope Posey and First Lieut. R. C. Smith, of the Yazoo Rifles, is announced to-day, their business and company interests conflicting. Their successors will be elected at the next meeting of the company. The Rifles promise to be a credit to the city and a dangerous competitor at future military contests.

Bright skies and balmy breezes to-day encourage the hope that a pleasant spell of weather is upon us for a time.

A National Bank to be Started at Monroe.

MONROE, June 22.—Twenty attachments were run on the bank of Monroe to-day.

Messrs. Beard and Millsaps have formed a partnership for transacting, collection, banking and exchange business here, pending the organization of the Oacanta National at Monroe, by a number of business men; both are gentlemen of large means, unquestioned integrity, business ability, and enjoy unlimited confidence of the entire community.

The London Times on Mr. Gladstone.

LONDON, June 23.—The Times commenting on Mr. Gladstone's Glasgow meeting, says: "The remarkable absence of men of intellectual, social or professional distinction, which has characterized all of Mr. Gladstone's meetings in Scotland, appears to have reached its highest development at Glasgow yesterday. Mr. Gladstone's effort to avoid serious discussion of his own plans was crowned with complete success in his Glasgow speech. It bristles with misstatements of facts and perversion of argument; it does not contain a single attempt to grapple with the difficulties of the Irish question."

Marriage of Judge Stanley Matthews.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Judge Stanley Matthews was married this morning to Mary Theaker, of Cleveland, O. The ceremony took place at the home of the bride's cousin, Mr. Charles Parson, Jr., this city, Rev. Wm. R. Paxton, of Princeton, N. J., officiated assisted by Rev. D. Richard D. Harton, of the first Presbyterian church here. There were about fifty relatives and friends present.

Appointment.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—The president has appointed George H. Murphy, of North Carolina, to be a consular clerk of the United States.

The Louisiana Legislature.

BATON ROUGE, June 21.—Senator Foster, of St. Mary, was given leave of absence on account of the death of his ten year old daughter.

Robson introduced a bill to secure industrial reform, and to encourage and promote a more profitable agriculture, and for the better protection of all parties interested in it.

The two senate insurance bills were engrossed and passed to the third reading.

In the house, the bill to regulate and fix a maximum tariff to be charged by railroads for carrying passengers or limiting the rate to three cents, was considered and indefinitely postponed—47 to 35.

The house ordered the bill to amend the funding law so as to admit the funding of constitutional warrants existing prior to 1878.

Night session—A delegation has arrived from the Northern portion of St. Landry, for the purpose of petitioning for the creation of a new parish to be called Wiltz.

Gov. McEnery signed the Sunday law just three minutes after he got it. The license and revenue bills have gone over until to-morrow in order to allow the chairman of the ways and means committee to consult with the auditor and treasurer and study up the amendments.

BATON ROUGE, 22.—Mr. Brent, of Ascension, introduced an act to reorganize the board of control of the Louisiana penitentiary and enlarging its powers, providing for exercise of powers of the State relative to State convicts, their treatment, food, clothing, etc., and vesting certain power in the committee on penitentiary supervisions and convict inspectors. The bill also provides for making certain appropriations out of rents from the penitentiary derived by the State.

Mr. Davey, in the senate this morning, presented a memorial signed by Messrs. Shakespeare, McInnis Bros., Logan, and others, prominent manufacturers, to amend article 207 of the constitution to extend the time of exemption from taxation on all capital, machinery and other property employed in manufacturing of textile fabrics, leather, shoes, and other articles. Mr. Davey offered a joint resolution to this effect.

At 1 p.m. the license bill was taken up and read section by section, and will continue the entire day.

Mr. Shattuck, of Calcasieu, moved to reduce the license for retailing liquor in less quantities than one gallon from \$200 to \$50.

Messrs. Hunter and Whitaker supported this motion, while Mr. Wells is opposed to it. Mr. Allan contended that low license would bring in mere money to the State. Mr. Laroque said high license was legislation for the rich to the detriment of the poor. The license was finally reduced to \$50 by a vote of 55 yeas to 34 nays.

BATON ROUGE, June 23.—The evening session of the house on Tuesday was devoted to consideration of the license bill, and the proceedings were, at times, of a very exciting character. The principal struggle was over the liquor license, and finally an amendment by Mr. Dudenhoffer, of Orleans, was declared adopted, forty seven yeas and six nays; fifty refused to vote. This amendment establishes like classes of licenses from \$750, where receipts are \$50,000 to \$50, where receipts are less than \$2,000. The session lasted from 7 o'clock till midnight.

Whitaker of Orleans at one time distinguished himself by moving to depose speaker Ogden, whom he accused of unfair ruling and failing to put a motion.

The country members say that if the license bill goes through with high license feature eliminated, the country will send prohibition representatives to the legislature next session. The license bill at 2:45 o'clock this afternoon with amendments was engrossed and passed to the third reading. The revenue bill is made special order for to-morrow.

The senate committee on labor and capital reported favorably on Senator Robson's bill to secure industrial reform and promote more profitable agriculture. The bill providing for the election of judges in Orleans failed to pass, lacking a two-third vote. The senate holds night sessions. The house adjourned to to-morrow. Mr. Guiday, of St. Landry, presented a bill to create the parish of Ogden from the northern portion of St. Landry.

The bill giving disabled Confederate soldiers, each a quarter section of swamp land was discussed and ordered printed.

Graham, of DeSoto, called up the house bill, making and classifying priority of liens and rights of pledges in favor of lessors and furnish of supplies on the crops and agricultural product produced during the current year on leased premises and on proceeds thereof.

Murphy, of Orleans, moved to indefinitely postpone. He said the country was opposed to any lien law and he wanted to see the bill killed.

To Mr. Graham, he said: "We have got you where we want you. We have got the vote to down you." Murphy's motion prevailed 44 to 36.

Anarchists Parson Surrenders to the Court.

CHICAGO, June 21.—Shortly before 3 o'clock this afternoon Anarchists Parsons, who has been missing since the Haymarket riot, walked into the criminal court-room, accompanied by his attorney. His appearance was a surprise to the court and police officers. He is supposed to have remained in hiding in this city since the night of May 3d. He drove up to the criminal court building in a handsome cab, and at once hurried to the court-room. Capt. Black asked that he be tried with the other prisoners. It appears that last Saturday Capt. Black held a consultation with Mrs. Parsons, and he urged her, if she knew where her husband was to communicate with him at once and get him to come to Chicago for trial. The woman refused at first, but finally became convinced it was the best thing to do. He was so thoroughly disguised that his own mother would not have known him.

Threats of Lynching Freely Made.

FRANKLIN, LA., June 21.—Manuel Oliver, colored, was killed Saturday night in a house occupied by Oliver's wife, by Joe Toussant and his brother. One of the brothers had induced Oliver's wife to leave him; Oliver went to the house to persuade her to return and when the door was opened, the light blown out and Oliver shot dead. The brothers carried the body to the door of the house on adjoining land and laid him face downward on the ground and placed his hat with a pistol under it near the body. They then returned to the room and assisted by Oliver's wife and a young girl who had witnessed the whole affair, endeavored to obliterate evidence of their crime by scattering blood-stains from the floor and scattering brick-dust on the spot. The parties are all in jail. There is much excitement among the colored people and threats of lynching Toussant is freely made.

Why the Late King Was Not Buried in the Royal Vault.

MUNICH, June 21.—Murmurs are heard on all sides regarding the treatment of the late king. The people ask why his body was not interred in the grave of his fathers in the Theatine church, instead of being placed in a vault containing the bodies of distant relatives, and in which a member of the royal family was never before buried. The official reason given for this course is that the royal vault is already overfilled, but the humble class believe it is because the king committed suicide.

Very Little Chance of Recovery.

CHICAGO, June 21.—A special from Bloomington, Ill., says: "The family and physician of ex-Vice-President David Davis have concluded that his end is approaching at last, and that he has but a very little chance of recovery. They determined to-day to give this information to the public believing it to be no longer proper to conceal his true condition. When Mr. Davis was attacked by the carbuncle on the shoulder, about May 1st, he was already reduced by diabetes. No sooner did the carbuncle improve two weeks ago than malignant erysipelas set in so that he is now suffering from a complication of disorders and cannot read the newspapers. Visitors are not allowed to see him. A consultation of his family physician and medical men from Chicago will be held to-day.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., June 21.—At the consultation of the Chicago and Bloomington physicians to-day they pronounced Judge Davis beyond hope of recovery.

Only One Juror Obtained.

CHICAGO, June 23.—The crowd seeking admittance into the criminal court building this morning was larger than usual. Upon questions propounded by the State's attorney, it was found that Byrns, one of the men accepted by the defense, had an Anarchist in his employ. He was excused by the State. The State accepted Jas. H. Cole by the defense yesterday. He is the first juror chosen. He is a locomotive fireman and was in the Union army. During the progress of the examination Mr. Grinnell, the State's attorney, said: "By the way, before I go further, the counsel on the other side have given us one surprise by producing Parsons in court, are you going to produce Schnaubel here also?" "No," announced Capt. Black, "the trial is too far advanced for that." Schnaubel is the alleged bomb thrower. The questioning then again proceeded.

Prof. E. S. Holder's Successor Named.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 23.—It has been learned from good authority that Prof. John R. Doster, of the Wisconsin State University, who is one of the profoundest mathematicians in the country, is to succeed Prof. Edward S. Holder, a director of the Washburne observatory, at Madison, Wisconsin. Prof. Holder resigned some time ago to assume charge of the Lusk observatory in California.

The Count of Paris.

PARIS, June 22.—Most of the Royalist senators and deputies intend to witness the departure of the count of Paris from France.

Photographers' Convention.

ST. LOUIS, June 22.—One thousand photographers from all parts of the United States and Canada, have arrived in this city to attend the seventh annual convention, which held its first session to-day, and many foreign artists not being able to attend personally have sent specimens of their work to represent them. An interesting feature of the convention is the exhibit by the various photographers of views from the United States, Canada, England and Germany, which cover all of the available space upon the walls of the meeting-room, as well as those of the fourteen smaller adjacent halls and five thousand square feet of partition, which have been especially erected for the purpose. There is also on display a most complete exhibition of all apparatus known to the art. The convention was called to order at 10 o'clock by the president, Mr. W. X. Pott-r, of Indianapolis. Mr. George Croner, of St. Louis, delivered an address of welcome to the delegates. The president's response to this was followed by the reading and approval of the minutes of previous convention, which was succeeded by committee reports.

Excitement Among the Legal Profession.

TRENTON, N. J., June 22.—EX-Judge McCarter made a motion before the supreme court last week to disbar Judge J. Frankfort and Joseph A. Beecher, prominent members of the bar in Newark, on the ground of alleged unprofessional conduct. They were charged with having attempted, under a professional mask, to defraud a widow who had previously retained ex-Judge McCarter as her counsel. Great excitement was caused among members of the legal profession owing to the prominence of the parties concerned. The case has been pending ever since, but it was virtually dismissed yesterday by the decision of the court not to grant the motion.

An Officers' Story of the Loss of the Steamer Albano.

NEW YORK, June 22.—The steamer Andes, which arrived here yesterday from Kingston, Jamaica, took on board at Navassa, three officers, two engineers and sixteen men of the steamer Albano, wrecked June 5th, at Jacmel. Henry Lynch, third officer of the Albano gives the following particulars of the loss of that vessel: While the vessel was lying at anchor at Jacmel, Hayti, on June 5th, a heavy squall sprang up from the southeast about 5 p.m., which caused the ship to drag her anchor; a second one was let go but it proved of no avail and she was drove ashore.

A Suspension Which May Cause More Embarrassments.

NEW YORK, June 22.—The suspension of the firm of H. E. Swift & Co., importers of sugar, at No. 65 Pine street, this city, and at Pernaobuco, is one of the most important business failures that has taken place in a long time. The liabilities are about \$100,000, which is more than equalled by the assets of the firm. Thus far no assignment has been made and efforts are in progress to effect a settlement with the creditors and resume business at an early day. In the meantime, the suspension is causing excitement in the sugar trade of the city, and the fear is expressed that other embarrassments may follow here or elsewhere. Much sympathy was expressed on the street to-day for members of the suspended firm. One of the firm said to-day: "We have been for over forty years in the business and our firm is the last one of the old class of merchants who began to develop the capabilities of the sugar importing business. So far our creditors have been unanimous in their sympathy and good wishes. If we can tide over the next sixty days, we will, we think, be safe. The market has been depressed by the sugar refinery strikes and trade driven away. Now that they have resumed work the demand will be increased."

The Mayor of East St. Louis Fined Five Dollars for Contempt.

ST. LOUIS, June 23.—Mayor Maurice Joyce, of East St. Louis, was subpoenaed as a witness in the gambling cases for last Monday at Belleville, but failed to appear, and the court issued an attachment for him. The mayor was present in court yesterday and explained that his non-attendance was because he had frequently appeared as witness in the case which had been continued and he did not suppose that he would be wanted on Monday and did not know anything about it. State Attorney Holden told the court the mayor could tell a great deal if he was so inclined and insisted upon his being held for contempt of court. At the time of the raid upon the gamblers, Mayor Joyce expressed himself as heartily in favor of the raid, and had previously called upon Sheriff Ropleque and asked his assistance to rid the city of the gambling men, claiming he was powerless to enforce the law. Judge Snyder fined him five dollars for contempt of court, which the mayor at once paid.

Moore Pension Bills Vetoed.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—The president to-day sent to congress seven vetoes, all the vetoed measures being private pension bills which originated in the senate.

The Expulsion of the Princes Creating Quite a Stir.

PARIS, June 23.—The police have been ordered to arrest all persons who make noisy loyal demonstrations in Paris or elsewhere on the occasion of the departure of the expelled princes. Count Foucher De Corell, ambassador to the Austrian court has resigned in protest against the action of his government in expelling the French princes.

It is believed that M. Waddington, French ambassador to the court of St. James will resign in consequence of the expulsion of the princes. His resignation is momentarily expected.

The Royal press pronounces the passages of expulsion bill the forerunner of the downfall of the Republic.

The moderate Republican papers generally criticised the measure as unjust.

The "Opportunist" journals urge the government discard the demands of "Irreconcilables" and Radicals, and demand a firmer Republican policy.

The count and countess of Paris and their son Prince Louis Philippe, after receiving their friends to-morrow will embark at Freport in the afternoon. The count's manifesto will be issued Friday.

Prince Napoleon (Plon Plon) is going to Geneva, and his son, Prince Victor, is going to Brussels. Neither, it is thought, will publish a manifesto. Prince Victor's adherents, it is said, will make demonstrations at the railway station, when he takes his departure.

More Indian Raids Reported.

NEW YORK, June 23.—A Tombstone, Arizona Territory, special says: "Fresh Indian raids are reported from the Promontories district, just south of the line. The Indians are still very numerous in that section and are running off all the best horses, and it is now dangerous for any one to go even a few rods away from the camps. Mining and business generally has been suspended about there. If something effective is not speedily done the country will be thoroughly crippled. Pike county alone has suffered within the last two months to the extent of at least half a million of dollars. The return of Capt. Lanton from Sonora without accomplishing anything marks an end of the first chapter of Miles' campaign, hitherto not very brilliant."

Disruption Among the Parnell Aid Society.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 23.—At a meeting last night, called by the executive committee of the Parnell Aid Society, the sum of \$1,250 was subscribed to be at once sent to aid in the election of home rule candidates for seats in the next British parliament. A dispute arose over the method of forwarding the money, but the majority finally voted that it should be sent through the treasurer of the Land League Association. Mr. Peter L. Fay, chairman of the meeting, who had opposed the course thereupon withdrew his subscription, \$100, and resigned his position. Dr. O'Reilly was chosen to fill the vacancy and committees were appointed to solicit and collect funds for the association which will be sent to England as the majority may decide.

The Feeling in Ohio Against the New England States.

CHARLESTON, June 23.—At a banquet given by our citizens, and the local press, to the editors of Ohio, at which were present Gov. Foreaker and Hon. C. Grosvenor, member of congress of Ohio, Congressman Grosvenor said: "In Ohio there is more intense feeling against the New England States than there was against the South, owing to the fact that the New England States do not want the South and West to improve, but to hold them back by not legislating in the interest of the two great sections of the country. He characterized their citizens as being 'the over-educated provincialism of the East.'" The gentleman was severe in his speech against the New Englanders.

A Whole Family Poisoned.

PARIS, Mo., June 23.—Sanford Bryan, colored, of this place, and his whole family, consisting of his wife and three children, have been poisoned by drinking water from a barrel in which had been placed some poisonous substance. The symptoms are those of arsenical poison. Suspicion points very strongly to a young dandy, with whom the Bryans had a personal difficulty on Sunday, and who was seen in the vicinity of the residence of the stricken family, a short time before they were taken sick. The children not having taken so freely of the water as the parents, were soon relieved, but at this time the man and woman are in a critical condition.

Scale Presented for Consideration.

PITTSBURG, June 23.—The joint committee of manufacturers and nailers, met this morning and organized. The nailers presented the scale for consideration, which is known as the Mingo scale. The conference lasted until 1 o'clock, when an adjournment was taken until 3 o'clock. It is believed that the scale will be signed so as to make the Amalgamated scale complete, but it is doubtful if the nail factories will resume operations.

Two Hundred and Fiftieth Anniversary.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 23.—Providence presents a gala appearance to-day in honor of the two hundredth and fiftieth anniversary of the settlement of the city. Never before has the city been so handsomely decorated nor have decorations ever been so profuse. Nearly all the buildings, public and private are covered with streamers, flags, bunting and pictures of the landing of Roger Williams. Early this morning the weather was threatening and the sky was over cast, and later a light rain began to fall dampening the ardor of many of the citizens who were to take part in the celebration. The streets are thronged with visitors and business generally suspended. The procession formed at the city hall at 9:30 this morning and marched to the first Baptist meeting house on North Main street, where the exercises of the day were commenced. The exercises consisted of singing of psalms and odes by the Arion club, prayer by President Robinson of Brown University, an address by Acting Mayor Robbins and a historical discourse by Chief Justice Thomas Durfee. The morning ceremonies closed with benediction by Bishop Clark, of Rhode Island. The exercises this afternoon at Roger Williams Park, consisted of an address by President Van Styck of the school committee to the graduating class of the high school, singing by pupils of public schools and a discourse by Rev. V. G. Vose, D.D.

The Supporters of the Morrison Bill in Caucus.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The caucus held to-night by the members of the house who voted on last Thursday to take up the Morrison bill was largely attended, and from all accounts it was a very lively meeting.

The first speaker was Col. Morrison who said that as he had generally been recognized as the one in charge of the tariff legislation, he thought it was time for the party to take hold of the question in dead earnest, and he then prepared a resolution to the effect that an emphatic address should be issued to the Democratic voters of the country.

Among the other speakers were Messrs. Carlisle, Hale, of Missouri; Dibble, of South Carolina; Allen, of Mississippi, and others.

It is understood that Messrs. Hale and Dibble, counseled moderation and warned the more radical of the speakers that the party would make a great mistake if an attempt was not made to heal its differences.

Mr. Allen, it is said, made one of the most humorous and sarcastic speeches ever heard in a caucus and succeeded in keeping his audience in a continual state of merriment in spite of the fiery speeches made by the gentlemen who are anxious to keep up the differences existing between the two white wings of the party on the tariff question.

The caucus to-night is said to have resulted in a triumph for the Radical element, and it is expected that an address will be issued in accordance with the sentiment of the majority present.

However, nothing was definitely agreed upon at this meeting, and the final plan of action will be settled at another meeting and after the selection of a committee consisting of one member from each State having a Democratic representative in the house.

Legal Proceedings Instituted to Recover a Large Quantity of Property Upon Which Frankfort is Situated.

NEW YORK, June 23.—A dispatch to the Herald from Richmond, Va., says: Parties living in this State and South Carolina have instituted legal proceedings, by which they may recover a large quantity of property in Kentucky, on which a portion of the city of Frankfort is built. It appears that Lieut. Col. Charles Fleming, a revolutionary soldier of distinction and valor, was granted for his services a tract of six thousand acres in the then State of Ohio. After his death the land was sold, but no valid conveyance, it is now claimed, was ever made of any portion of it. The matter has been carefully looked into by the heirs, who claim the city of Frankfort is principally built on the tract, which was formerly Ohio Territory, and the records of the Virginia land office in the State capital show very plainly the entry of the original deed and the location of the land as above stated. It is said that there are only eight living representatives of the old Col. Fleming. Among them are Mrs. J. M. Benson, of South Carolina; P. Bernard, of Richmond, Va., and Miss Judy Bernard, of Lynchburg. All of them regard the result of their proceedings with the liveliest and most hopeful anticipations, as the property claimed will amount to some \$10,000,000 in value.

A Compromise Effected.

ST. LOUIS, June 23.—The conference to-day between the strikers and master plumbers resulted in the adoption of a compromise which ends the strike which began May 1st. The bosses have agreed to pay and the journeymen to accept nine hours pay for eight hours work instead of ten hours pay for the shorter hours.