



THE ADVERTISER.

Saturday--February 1, 1845.

We are indebted to the gentlemanly Clerk of the "Norma" for papers of a late date from Mobile.

Cotton is being thinned out of our warehouses by the departure of boats for Mobile.

We have no late news from Washington--The subject of annexation is the only one before the House that seems to excite interest.

We see by exchanges that the Hon. C. J. Ingersoll has made an able speech in favor of annexation. We have before us the Speech of the Hon S. A. Douglas, of Illinois on this subject. It covers the whole ground and is one of the ablest papers we have read since the appearance of Senator Wallace's letter.

The whigs, poor fellows, tell us they do not purpose bringing the bond question at the coming election. We believe it! They will not; that is to say they will not spring it, but they do so say they will support to the best of their ability all good anti-republicans! This is the position things here are taking. Those democrats who repudiate their party upon the bond question, are urging on the people the claims of those who have not made themselves notorious by the advocacy of this question, and are now busy in this country also in Chickasaw, Itawamba and Pontotoc, to bring before the voters at the next election democratic anti-republicans.

These things have been springing in the above named counties, and we feel very confident that a general rally is to be made by bond paying democrats in connection with the whigs throughout the entire state unless the democratic press spoil the pretty plan by developing the whole plot; laying the whole infernal scheme before the pure unadulterated democracy.

This grand scheme was concocted in the neighborhood of Aberdeen, and the leaders are now ready to open the campaign. All the implement of war are at hand.

It is the duty of each county in their primary meetings, in selecting candidates for state or other offices, to put the question plain to each nominee. The people should not be called into supporting men of whose principles they do not know anything more than that they voted for Polk. This will not justify us in supporting men who voted for Polk, for State offices. Many a man who is with us on all questions of national politics, leave us when asked--do you go with your party in repudiating the Union Bank bonds? This is the touch stone, and it should be applied on all and every occasion when men offer for the Legislature.

All parties have a most undoubted right to know of those who call upon them for support what their principles are. A party, we say, has this right, and when persons advance claims and only walk up to but one side of the great question which party sustain, and sink off through four or to subvert pecuniary ends--Then we say, party so called upon cannot be under any obligations either directly or indirectly. We like that sort of man who proclaims loudly what he will and what he will not sustain. Suspicion hangs around that man who is eternally shifting and never openly tells what he intends to do. People draw fearful inferences and partisans draw off. Malignant feelings are engendered and strife arises--factions and contentions thus creep into a party and its organization is weakened, and its strength rendered powerless because it prevails upon itself. Our opponents like such things, and they will huddle around and succeed each man, because they know one such man is more worthy to them than an hundred upon whom they have no personal bias twisting shall ever keep his motto before their eyes.

Oh du lepré cultra.
Uno perda, e' altra lieta.

Who hunts two hares, loses one and leaves the other.

THAT BUTTER--Much has been said of the necessity and importance of building a bridge across that desperate ravine which almost obstructs the common passage of waggon's, along one of our most business streets. This important matter has, we are fully convinced, been procrastinated to a painful period by our city authorities but we now find a disposition strongly manifested by the proper authorities, to make a start for all directions of duty, and in a few weeks, we in all probability shall see a good and substantial bridge way across that almost impassable gulch. To those who wish a contract for erecting this necessary improvement, we invite attention to the notice of the Mayor, in today's paper, who advertises by authority of the Board of Aldermen, proposals for letting to the lowest bidder the building of the bridge.

ANOTHER RECORD--In another column will be found a Prospectus for publishing in this city a new paper entitled "The Aberdeen Bee," by A. R. Wiggs & Co. The Bee will support the principles and policy of the whig party. The first number of the Bee, will be issued about the 20th inst. Rather early friend Ellick, for news to swarm.

We shall secure an able and efficient correspondent while at Mobile, if possible, for this paper. We do not intend to spare any expense we are able to stand, in endeavoring to make the "Advertiser" thoroughly a useful paper, not only to the planter and the merchant, but to the politician.

We learn by passengers who arrived at this port on the steamer Belle Poule, that the "Norma" struck a snag somewhere in the neighborhood of Peay's Bend, on her downward trip, and to prevent sinking in deep water, she was run on a sand bar. The boat was not much injured. She will be got in a day or two and go to Mobile for repairs. The Belle Poule picked up some 20 bales of cotton that was thrown overboard.

The "Arcade" has been fitted up under the management of the gentlemanly proprietor, S. A. Holliday who has now on hand an excellent supply of liquors, cigars etc. The establishment is kept in the finest order for good attendance, and the billiard room is most con. fortable.

The Steamer Belle Poule landed at our wharf on the evening of the 29th. She is one of the finest boats in the trade--comfortable in her fixtures for the comfortable accommodation of passengers. She is capable of carrying about 1000 bales of cotton. She is under the management of a set of most excellent officers, whose intention are to give entire satisfaction to this community. Let our planting community and the merchants give to her that support she is entitled to.

The "Mississippi Democrat" gives a side sweep that will touch some one near the seventh rib?

The Hon. J. C. Calhoun's letter of instructions to Mr. Shannon, our Mexican minister, will be found on the first page. It is a great and able paper.

The Hon. S. A. Douglas will please accept our thanks for a copy of his able speech, upon that subject of...

OUR CITY AGAIN--

Our readers may perhaps think we are a little tired of the "Norma" with its sweet over the state in 1837 like a species, telling all the aspirations of man, and wallowing in its vortex the thousand projects which then sprung up like some sensitive flower under the broad shade cast over the country by the banks, and was doomed to wither so soon as the sources which gave them life, ceased to furnish sustenance in promise to life. We are not touched at all with this disease. We were then in the State, and all of the grand panorama of events passed immediately under our eye. We were then cognizant of all the various projects, and watched well the progress things were making; assured fully that the time was not far distant when all must perish in the coming tempest of pecuniary calamity. We uttered our protest against speculating and bank speculators. We did so with almost a prophetic knowledge of its result, for we were as intimate with the position of monetary affairs than going forward as the whole State was made to be in a few months after the sad calamity occurred.

Let us not be misunderstood then by our readers at home, nor do we wish our friends abroad to misunderstand what we speak of Aberdeen. We have said hitherto that this city was destined to be the great commercial point in this part of the State--we have been no less questions about it. The design cannot prevent it through their sneers. The speculators cannot prevent it, though his purse. The place is marked out by a greater power than man's, for a place of the first commercial importance, and though it may be retarded by the injudicious management of property holders for a season, the work will not be so--improvements will spring up in our midst--population will flood to this point--capital will concentrate here in our business operations, and from this point as from a common center it will strike out into the adjacent country, carrying prosperity and happiness to a thousand families. These are things we say designing men cannot stop.

The people of Columbus already see in the city of Aberdeen a formidable rival. By sneers and scoffs they hope to retard our rapid progress. They impudently ask, "what can Aberdeen ever be?" We answer them: "It can be one of the first commercial points on the river--it is equal now to Columbus proper, and will be five years from this time a place of three times the importance of Columbus."

These are facts which every man is aware who has watched our past progress and present improvement. All boats that get as far as Columbus, can come to this point, as the river presents no stoppage between the two places.

We do not rely so much upon our own resources for importance, (though they are equal to those of Columbus) for greatness, as we do upon those counties obliged to trade at this point. This is an advantage that Columbus cannot boast of. The only county that trades at Columbus to any extent is, Fayette, and her productions are chiefly the gopher pea, or perhaps more properly, *pea nut*. She is rich in the production of that article of traffic, and the people of Columbus do a big business in it.

The Mobile merchants have turned their attention to this place, and there is now some extensive arrangements on foot to advance the mutual interests of the parties. Our merchants are making extensive selections of goods for the season, and the trade that has hitherto gone to Columbus or Mobile is now concentrated at this point. One gentleman who had by the two first boats an excellent stock of goods arrive in this city, has disposed of almost the entire lot, and has, we learn, already sent orders to be filled in Mobile, for a stock. Several new stores will be opened in the counties of Chickasaw, Pontotoc, Marion, &c., several branches of houses in this city. This is another cut at the business of Columbus.

If our citizens are true to themselves--if our merchants seek business of a permanent nature, we say let them act upon the motto of mutual reciprocity--trade fair--hold out inducements to the planter of the mechanic--give encouragement by offering good bargains to customers and you will secure to yourselves a good business and insure to this community a balance of trade hitherto unthought of by our citizens, and confer a benefit upon the prospects of this town that will in time amply reward you for what trouble you may have incurred. Reciprocity is the life and soul of all business operations, and we say to our merchants the only way to save yourselves from having on your shelves a surplus of goods at the end of the year, is to give good bargains--for a nimble shrew is better than a slow shuffling.

If this maxim governs the business of this town our destiny is written in letters of gold never to be blotted.

In these considerations which force themselves upon our mind, impel us to speak frequently of our prospects. We do not well aware that nothing can stop our progress, but they can be retarded. The days of speculation are passed for the present generation. We have sowed the wind and reaped the whirlwind! Let that suffice.

P. S. Fayette county Alabama is great in raising turkeys, and on this product the people of Louisiana do a great business.

A NEW PAPER--Last week, a new paper was laid upon our table, published in this city, and called the "Southern Tribune, and Aberdeen Commercial News." The Commercial professes to be democratic, but will devote itself mostly to develop the resources of this town, commercial matters &c. It is published by Messrs. Anderson and Leeland.

The Steamer "Norma" arrived at our wharf on the 27th, well freighted for this place. The Norma is a superb craft, under the control of an experienced man, and adroit in the management of a boat. We bespeak for the "Norma" a liberal patronage.

FEMALE SCHOOL--From the card of Miss Burr, it will be seen that her school will re-open on Monday next. Miss B. has had much experience in teaching; and is favorably known to this community in the capacity of a teacher.

The Da Queens arrived here on the 30th. She was well freighted. The Da Queens brought up some important news to our planters. The arrival of foreign news at Mobile, had a very considerable influence upon the Cotton Market. Prices will be seen by our reports have increased from 1-3 to 1-4.

The mails are so irregular that we are put to great inconvenience. There is certainly a screw loose somewhere. The last papers from Jackson were only fourteen days in reaching us.

The Vicksburg Sentinel, under the management of Mr. Jenkins, has assumed an enviable rank in the cause of democracy. It is an able and judicious democrat journal, worthy of the entire confidence of the party. Let it be sustained.

MORE MONUMENTS. The Whigs of Louisiana have proposed the erection of a monument to Henry Clay to be raised in Kentucky on the Ohio River, opposite the city of Gen. Harrison. The limit that each whig is allowed to subscribe is ten cents, and every Whig in the Union is requested to subscribe.

The widow of Alexander Hamilton, is passing the winter at Washington, and though 90 years of age, she moves on with a vigor that belongs to younger days. All her faculties are preserved, and her society is much sought after.

A PRESENT TO MR. POLK--We saw this morning at the foot of Gay street, a splendid flag made by the mechanics of the District of Kensington, Philadelphia, and intended as a present to President Polk. It is 26 feet long, and poll 10 1/2, with ensigns, &c. complete. It was brought on by Capt. N. Neal, of the ship Two Cousins, in perfect order and safety. --Balt. Republic.

(For the Advertiser)

An Acrotic, on the name of Virginia Josephine, a lovely babe, as she lies sleeping in her mother's arms.

Virginia, as now in happy infancy you breathe, I see the maternal arms around thee wreath. Rest sweet infant, in thy happiest hours, Gaze, innocent, lovely as the roseate flowers.

I nured to the fond caress of thy mother dear, Now nestled in the arms of her so near, I see thee sleeping in her beloved embrace, A now thy lovely innocence bedecks thy face.

Joining every loving sympathy and tender tie, O for mother's love, that's true, that's lasting, and that's high, E very new was such beauty in a child portray'd.

S ure never, and every smile, that on thy face is made, P artakes of heavenly essence; like the turtle dove Held as the sacred emblem of redeeming love, E ven in her little eye, pure innocence, in rays doth gleam,

N ew beauty, loveliness, and celestial charms doth seem, E ven now, to adorn her, as I quit the pleasing theme. PARVUS.

Aberdeen, Jan. 29th, 1845.

INTERESTING ENGLISH DECISION.--The following decision of the Vice Chancellor of England will be read with interest by the people of Mississippi. It will be seen that even in England, the position assumed by the anti-bonders of Mississippi--that the bonds were disposed of illegally, and created in violation of the constitution is fully sustained.

The vice chancellor gave judgment in the case of Huxtable versus the state of Illinois, on Monday, before July, 1840, Maria Sarah Langtons, who, in that year married Anthony Huxtable, clerk, by the advice of Mr. John Wright, of the firm of Wright & Co., her bankers, invested a considerable sum of money (3,545) in bonds issued under the seal of the government of Illinois.--Messrs Wright were the agents for the state, to which they were largely indebted when the bank failed. Messrs Magniac, Smith & Co. were then appointed agent for the state; that firm subsequently undergoing divers changes of partnership, and becoming known as Magniac, Jardine & Co. while since April, 1833, Messrs Baring, Brothers & Co. having been the agent. In March 1833, the agents refused to acknowledge Mrs Huxtable's bonds, or to pay the dividends upon them, on the plea that the bonds and sixteen others had been irregularly sent into the market by Messrs Wright & Co.; that the coupons had not been severed, and also that the agents had not sufficient funds.

The plaintiff denied that she was liable for the irregularities of the state agents; and further alleged that Mr. Jaudon, as commissioner of the state, had proved a debt against the estate of Messrs Wright & Co. amounting to £17,929, which sum included the money she had invested. She therefore filed a bill against the state and various persons, including the partners to the several firms, praying that the dividend of Wright's estate should be paid over to the state until her claim should have been satisfied. The state of Illinois did not appear to the bill; but Messrs Magniac & Co., and Messrs. Baring, Brothers & Co., demurred to it, on the score of a general want of equity as regards them.

The vice chancellor observed, in giving judgment, it did not follow that if the state of Illinois had repudiated the transaction, they repudiated it in the offensive meaning intended to be given to that word, or that they had done so without reason; for if the state placed bonds in the hands of its agents with certain directions how to use them and they were improperly dealt with by those agents, it would be too much to say that the state acted dishonestly because it refused to sanction what it did not authorize. He thought the transaction a fair one on the part of the state. The question here was, had the plaintiff, by her bill, made out sufficient case against Messrs. Magniac & Co., as one party, and Messrs. Baring, Brothers & Co., as another party. He was of opinion that the allegations in the bill were too indistinct as respected the several parties and though they appeared to the substratum of a good case, he did not think that it had been sufficiently made out. The demurrer, therefore was allowed.

CHARACTER OF THE NEW PRESIDENT BY MR. BUCHANAN.

We have a few men in our ranks to whom the whigs concede all the attributes of eminent statesmen. One of these is James Buchanan, the favorite Senator of Pennsylvania.

He has lately drawn the character of the man, and in a few words, but with so much truth and correctness, that it will be recognized as a faithful drawing by all who know him well.

In a letter of the 11th inst, published in the Globe, Mr. Buchanan says: "I have been upon terms of personal, political and social intimacy with James K. Polk for nearly twenty years; and have observed him in all situations, both in the sunshine and in the storm. Whilst the tremendous war of the Bank of the United States against the administration of the glorious old hero and sage of the Hermitage was raging, he never quailed, but led the van of Democracy in the House of Representatives. I shall venture the prediction that, as President of the United States, he will disappoint the expectations of his political foes, and will surpass even the high hopes of his friends. Prudent, firm, and sagacious, with a character, public and private, above all reproach, his country's good will be the polar-star of his administration; and his own glory and lasting benefits to the people of the United States, will be his rich reward, provided he be not thwarted by premature attempts to divide the party in a struggle for the next Presidency. His own nomination and triumphant election ought to warn the friends of all impatient aspirants, if any such there be, that those who are the first to enter the lists, and thus distract the party, will be the last in reaching the goal.

The leading characteristic of Mr. Polk's mind is its most unerring judgment, which eminently fits him for the high position to which his country has called him. During his long and varied services in Congress, it may be said of him, what could scarcely be asserted of any other public man, placed in a similar position--that he has never had occasion to explain or retract any of his votes, or even to qualify any of his opinions, expressed in the arduous of debate."

In the late canvass there was a concerted attempt throughout the Union, amongst the whig leaders, to represent Mr. Clay as infinitely the superior of Mr. Polk in all the great characteristics of a statesman. In the contrast which was continually presented to the people, the grossest injustice was done to Mr. P. Whilst Mr. Clay was elevated far above his true level as a man of talents, his

COMMERCIAL.

From the Planter's and Merchants Mobile Price Current, of 25th Jan. we collect the following interesting news, from which it will be seen, that the article of cotton has advanced 1/2 of a cent per pound since our last advices. The tendency of the market is still upwards; and holders remain firm in their determination not to sell, while the enquiry of purchasers continue brisk.

REVIEW OF THE MOBILE MARKET. Cotton--Arrived during the week 29,897 bales, and exported in same time 18,398 bales, as per statements--leaving the stock on hand and on ship-board not cleared last evening of 86,164 bales; against 100,409 same time last year.

The market closed firm on Friday week, sales amounting to fully 5,000 bales. On Saturday the enquiry was good, but the sufferer of holders tended in some measure to restrict operations. The same general features prevailed on Monday, the market towards the close exhibiting an increased degree of stiffness, which was more fully developed on the following day, buyers being mostly compelled to withdraw. On Wednesday purchasers again came forward, appearing disposed to operate at the prices of the previous day; the receipt of later foreign news, however by that day's mail, imparted an additional stimulus to holders, prices at the close being fully an 1/2 cent per lb. higher. A very general enquiry prevailed on Thursday, with increased sales, the market generally stiffening up under the influence and closing at about 1/2 cent advance upon the opening prices of the week. The same animated demand being experienced yesterday, and holders having the benefit of a few days later foreign news, confirming the favorable advices received on Wednesday, the market again advanced from an 1/4 @ 1/2 cent--the closing rates as quoted at foot, showing an advance during the week of 1/2 @ 3/4 cent per pound upon prices of the 17th inst. in all qualities above inferior. It is proper to remark, however, that we quote agreeable to a strict classification, and that there is some diversity of opinion amongst brokers as to the proper figures, the market also being a good deal excited and quite irregular.

The aggregate sales of the week sum up 20,000 bales, in daily transactions as follows: Saturday 2500, Monday 3000, Tuesday 1200, Wednesday 3000 Thursday 4,500, and yesterday 5 @ 6000 bales.

The principle transactions so far as divulged have been for export to England and northern and western cities. The stock on hand has been largely increased by the heavy receipts of the week. Small lots of a better description have been recently brought forward this week, and we note sales of one or two parcels as high as 7 cents.

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATIONS. Jan. 24, 1845. Jan. 25, 1844

Good and fine.... @ none... @ none... Fair.... 6 1/2 @ none... @ 10 c. Middling.... 5 1/2 @ 6... @ 9 c. Ordinary.... 4 1/2 @ 5... @ 8 c. Inferior.... 4 @ 4 1/2... @ 7 c.

Eight days later advices from Liverpool and seven days later from Havre, have been received by sailing packets arrived at New York. Liverpool rates of the 11th and Havre 7th December--both inclusive. The English accounts are quite favorable--cotton had advanced fully 1/4 per lb. upon the quotations of the 3d, with heavy sales, part of it on speculation. Sales weekly ending Feb. 4th 370 bales, 7,500 on speculation, and in the four business days of the preceding week 38,000, of which 10,000 to speculators, Mobile fair 14, and Orleans 44. At Havre, an animated business in cotton, but at a reduction of from 1 to 3 centimes. Stock reduced to 50,000 bales.

TERMINATION OF THE UNDERBOND INVESTIGATION--DECISION OF THE HOUSE OF BISHOPS--THE BISHOP FOUND GUILTY--Yesterday at 3 o'clock the investigation in relation to certain charges preferred against Bishop Onderdonk, terminated in the rendition of the verdict of the Court. The Bishop was found guilty on all the specifications in the present case, except one, on which the testimony was such a character that it could not be entertained. The vote was 11 for a finding of "guilty" and 6 of "not guilty"--a result very nearly what which we predicted a few days ago. The Court will meet again this day, for the purpose of pronouncing sentence, and then the Bishop will have the privilege of stating reasons in arrest of judgement. It is desired by the Bishops who voted against him that Bishop Onderdonk would offer his resignation. But, this, it is well understood, he will not do.

HON. R. J. WALKER--The New York American, a wing paper, pays the following compliment to our distinguished Senator.

"Mr. Walker is one of the most able men of the senate, and will probably attain the highest honors of the republic before his career be finished. His pomphlet on the annexation of Texas is a most scholarly work, and triumphantly sustains the justice and policy of that great national measure."

A correspondent of the American Sentinel at Philadelphia, demonstrates that Pennsylvania cannot pay the interest on her bonds, and will fall short more than a million, of paying the instalment if August next.

TAKE WARNING--The recent death of Senator Fulton of Arkansas, was caused by his sleeping in an apartment in which the paint had not dried. He died with what is called the Painters Colic.

The New Orleans correspondent of the St Louis Review, is not to be censured at, by any means. He is an exceedingly sprightly and humorous fellow.

In a letter he says: "Speaking of courses and discourses, reminds me of a slip of the tongue once made by a preacher and dealer in cotton, during the high prices of 1839. The worthy divine asked his congregation to join in singing the 108 psalm--long staple!"

Mr. Chapman will be absent some two weeks on business, at Mobile.

Our river still remains in good boating order.

The influenza, attended with fever, prevails to a great extent in the city of Washington, most especially to the annoyance of the votaries of fashion.

MARRIED--On the 26th January, by the Rev. Mr. Gann, Mr. H. B. Meacham to Miss Mary Riddle, all of this county.

PROSPECTUS.

INDUSTRY MUST PROSPER. THE undersigned proposes to publish in the town of Aberdeen, Moore County, Mississippi, a weekly newspaper to be called the ABERDEEN BEE. The Bee will advocate the political principles of the Whig party; the purity and sacredness of moral and legal obligations, and the strictest social order--Commercial, Literary, Scientific and Agricultural subjects will, likewise, receive a due degree of attention, and a liberal space in the columns of this paper.

The Bee however, will look especially to the interests of its own Hive, and as it will gather its honey from the surrounding country, every thing which will be calculated to advance the interests, or promote the welfare of the citizens of these counties, will be most especially considered.

The Bee will be published about the 20th of February, on an imperial sheet, with fair type, at \$3 per annum in advance, \$3 50 in six months, or \$4 at the end of the year. Advertisements inserted at the usual rates.

ALEXANDER R. WIGGS & CO. January 13, 1845.

NOTICE.

ALL notes and accounts due the undersigned, are to be settled by the fifteenth of February next, or they will be sued on without fail.

F. A. MYERS. Aberdeen, Jan. 27, 1845.

PORT OF ABERDEEN.

NORMA--ARRIVED 27th--Leech, from Mobile; 700 bbls freight. CONSISTERS--Messrs. J. N. Witte & Co, Wicks, Faircloth & Co, J. R. Eckford, G. Wickman, R. P. Ellis & Co, T. Sanders, Ira Rucker, J. H. Sherwood, M. Brewett, 271 Dunn, G. M. Ragdale, R. Holbert, and others. DEPARTED--28th, for Mobile, with 461 bales of cotton.

RUBY--ARRIVED, Ois, from Cotton Gin with 300 bales cotton. DEPARTED--on 30th for Mobile, with 401 bales of cotton.

BELLE POULE--ARRIVED, 30th, Johnson, from Mobile, with 900 bbls freight. CONSISTERS--Messrs. F. A. Myers, J. R. Eckford, J. D. Mann, W. H. Walton, Arcade, McCormack, A. Durward, G. W. Blair, J. Randolph, J. Brown, E. Walton, P. C. Herndon.

DEPARTED, 31st, for Mobile, with 520 bales of cotton. DU QUESNE--ARRIVED, 30th, Cooke, from Mobile, with 409 bbls freight.

CONSISTERS--Messrs. W. L. Baskins, G. McFarlane, W. H. & J. B. Jennings, R. H. Dalton, B. D. Gilbert, J. D. Mann, Habbert & Strong, W. McNeill, J. B. Davis, J. A. Creight, J. H. Baskin, Parke & Spratt.

DEPARTED, 31st, for Mobile, with 379 bales of cotton.

RECEIPTS OF COTTON. This Week..... 412 Bags. This Season..... 3,393 Bags.

Shipped this week..... 1,317 Bales. Shipped this Season..... 2,341 Bales. Stock on hand..... 5,227 Bales.

Aberdeen Weekly Prices Current.

CAREFULLY REPORTED AND CORRECTED BY W. H. & J. B. JENNINGS.

Cott'n..... 5..... 11.00 Bugging Ky..... 15..... .00 Bale Rope Ky..... 7..... .75

Hams..... 54..... .00 Sides..... 42..... .00 Bacon..... 18..... .00

Butter Country..... 12..... .12 1/2 Lard..... 18..... .08 Sugar Lump..... 16..... .17

N Orleans..... 6..... .00 Rio..... 9..... .10 Havana..... 3..... .10

Malacca..... 24..... .16 Java..... 24..... .16 Pura superfine..... 30..... .07 Macarel..... 12..... .15

Corn..... 62..... .75 Meal..... 50..... .09 Hoop..... 10..... .124

Sheet..... 9..... .11 Bar..... 7..... .11 Nails..... 8..... .10

Steel..... 17..... .30 American..... 15..... .00 English Cast..... 3..... .17

Powder..... 7..... .83 Shot..... 82..... .02 Salt..... 82..... .02

Beeswax..... 15..... .00 Candles..... 45..... .00 Spermin..... 45..... .00

Cerise..... 25..... .00 Borax..... 25..... .00 Refined..... 50..... .00

Signs..... 10..... .00 Chees..... 10..... .15 Goslen..... 7..... .00

Glasse..... 7..... .00 Glass..... 8..... .00 Indigo Spanish..... 30..... .00

Logg Bar..... 82..... .00 Feathers..... 3..... .15 Linseed..... 17..... .35

Oil..... 24..... .00 Lamp..... 11..... .00 Train..... 10..... .125

Party..... 10..... .125 Cog Brandy..... 92..... .00 Amr Brandy..... 50..... .75

Pea Brandy..... 75..... .00 Arr Brandy..... 45..... .75 N Eng Rum..... 45..... .75

Jamaica Rum..... 45..... .75 Holland Gin..... 50..... .75 American Gin..... 50..... .75

Rec Whisky..... 37..... .00 Lard..... 18..... .08

MOBILE IRON.

ND WHOLESALE HARDWARE STORE. DeFOREST, MORRIS & Co No. 24, WATER STREET, MOBILE. Sign of the Anchor.

HAVE just received a general assortment of REDUCED IRON, which they are selling at reduced prices, viz: 800 tons Swedish Iron of different sizes, consisting of Broad Flange Iron; Fire Iron; Band, Sheet, Hoop and Boiler Iron; Round and Square Iron; Nail and Splice Rods; Loose Shoe Iron, &c. &c. They have also received, by direct importation from Europe:

Wedding Hoos, of the same description which they have imported for several years past, and which have given general satisfaction to the Planters of this and the neighboring states. They have on hand

GIN GEAR, for different sized wheels, with Bolts complete warranted to work well. Mill Stones of all sizes; French Brui and Enopros Rocks. Sheet Steel, Bristles &c. for Gin makers. Mobile, January 18, 1845. 38-3m

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

FROM my house about two months since, a large black horse, with a small star in his forehead; has a halt in his right hind leg, caused by an injury which may be discovered near the fetterlock. On the left fore leg there is a mark--near side. On the right side where the saddle works there is three marks of shot--the shot still under the skin. I will give Ten Dollars for his delivery to me, or Five for information where he can be found. The horse was seen about the first of the month, and there is reason to believe he is yet in this county.

JAMES BEALL. Jan 18, 1845 38-3w

R. DAVIS & J. M. ACKER Attorneys at Law,

ABERDEEN--MISSISSIPPI. WILL practice in the following counties--Monroe, Lowndes, Itawamba, Tishomingo, Pontotoc, Chickasaw, and Oklawaha; the Federal Court at Pontotoc; Chancery Court at Fulton and Columbus; and the High Court of Errors and Appeals at Jackson. Dec. 14th, 1844. 32--1f

WILLIAM P. ROGERS, ATTORNEY AND CONSELOR AT LAW.

WILL practice in the counties