

GREAT FALLS DAILY TRIBUNE

THIRTY-SECOND YEAR

GREAT FALLS, MONTANA, FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 29, 1919

PRICE, FIVE CENTS.

SATURDAY TIME LIMIT OF U. S. BREAKING COAST STRIKE

Montenegro in Revolt Is Peace Firebrand 4 BROTHERHOODS

EUROPE DREADS RENEWAL OF OLD BALKAN TROUBLE

Clash Is Between Adherents of Deposed King and Serb Faction.

NICHOLAS' FOLLOWING OPPOSES JUGO-SLAVIA

London, Aug. 28.—Fighting has broken out everywhere in Montenegro and the whole country is in a state of revolution, according to news received here.

"We seem to be in for a recrudescence of the Balkan trouble," was a statement made to the Associated Press from an authoritative source.

The Montenegrins have cut the railway between Virpazar and Antivari, on the coast.

The Serbians are receiving reinforcements, but are not meeting with success in their efforts to put down the revolutionary movement, according to advices.

The uprising in Montenegro seems likely to bring to a head the long smoldering differences between the Montenegrin supporters of former King Nicholas and the faction adhering to the plan for the incorporation of Montenegro in the Jugo-Slav state.

FREDERICH FORMS NEW CABINET Paris, Aug. 28.—Stephen Frederich, Hungarian premier under Archduke Joseph's regime, has formed a new cabinet for Hungary in which, besides the premiership, he assumes the post of minister of the interior, according to a Havas dispatch from Budapest.

SEKS PEACE OF RUMANIA. Copenhagen, Aug. 28.—Nikolai Lenin, the Russian bolshevik premier, has sent a delegation to Kishinev, to negotiate peace with Rumania, according to a report received from Budapest.

VON DER DOLTZ HITS MITAU. Paris, Aug. 28.—Dispatches reaching the peace conference indicate that forces under General von der Doltz, at Mitau, have attacked Lettish headquarters in that city.

SILSEIAN MINERS RETURN. Berlin, Aug. 28.—Silesian dispatches show that the situation in that region is much improved, from 70 to 80 per cent of the miners having returned to work.

BRITISH MISSION ARRESTED. Copenhagen, Aug. 28.—Three members of the British mission to Lithuania were arrested by German soldiers and taken to Mitau, according to Riga dispatches to the Lettish press bureau.

U. S. Peace Mission Has Cost \$1,250,629; President Asks \$825,000 More for Envoys

Washington, Aug. 28.—President Wilson asked congress today for an additional appropriation of \$825,000 for the expenses of the American peace commission in Paris from last July 1 to the end of this calendar year.

The president said that up to July 1 the total cost of the commission had been \$1,250,629, and he estimated that by the end of the year the total would reach \$1,506,706. A part of this has been appropriated heretofore.

Among the largest items up to July 1 were included \$144,914 for subsistence, \$103,000 for salaries, \$105,000 for expenses of the commissions sent into other countries.

\$5,000,000 WASTED, GRAFT IN NEW R. R., SPRUCE PROBE CHARGES; URGE RECOVERY

Funds Declared to Have Been Misapplied to Prospective Use of Milwaukee Road; Gen. Disque Arraigned for Disregarding Route Selected by Superiors; Majority Wire Secretary Bakee to Hold Up Sale of Poperties; Civil Action Is Suggested Against John D. Ryan and Others.

Portland, Aug. 28.—"Approximately \$5,000,000 of government funds were squandered, misapplied and converted to the prospective uses of the Milwaukee railroad interests," by those in charge of army spruce production in the Pacific northwest during the war, according to a report telegraphed today to Secretary of War Baker by the congressional investigating committee which arrived here today from Seattle, where an inquiry into the operations of the spruce production division was conducted last week.

The report was signed by Representative James A. Frazier of Wisconsin, chairman, and Walter W. Magee of New York, constituting a majority of the committee. Clarence F. Lee, democratic member of the committee, did not sign the report.

Seek Facts for Recovery. The report declares that the expenditures of the spruce production division were "wasteful and unnecessary" and concludes by saying "that further investigation may disclose conditions upon which a recovery can be had against John D. Ryan and others who are responsible for this wasteful expenditure of public funds."

The committee recommends that, because of "additional facts" before it, that the proposed sale of railroads, mills and timber tracts acquired by the spruce corporation be postponed until further inquiry can be had and that any bids which may be received for such properties be held subject to final decision by the proper authorities.

Rather Scrap Mills. "We would rather see these railroads and mills scrapped than to have the government sell them to the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway for an insignificant percentage of their cost," reads the report in reference to the 20-mile line built by the Siemens-Carey, H. S. Kerbaugh corporation of New York, from Disque Junction on the line of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul and Lake Crescent to Lake Pleasant, Clellan county, Washington.

The report declares that "the line was built, not to carry spruce logs, but as an extension of the Milwaukee railroad for commercial purposes and as a shortcut to Grays Harbor."

VAST WAR PLANT GOES TO FRANCE FOR 400 MILLION U. S. Will Sell Supplies, Docks, Railways and Warehouses.

Washington, Aug. 28.—Sale to France for \$400,000,000 of all A. E. F. property in that country, except that withheld for return to the United States and for the use of troops remaining, is provided for in a contract signed with the French government, by its special liquidation commission. Payment will be made in ten-year gold bonds, bearing interest at the rate of 5 per cent from August 1, 1920.

The bonds are to be redeemed in gold at Washington on a dollar basis or, at the election of the United States, in francs. The contract covers all "fixed installations" such as docks, wharves, railroads, storage warehouses, barracks and refrigeration plants, as well as surplus clothing, subsistence stores, motor equipment and munitions.

10 PER CENT DISCOUNT PUT ON CANADIAN SILVER Seattle, Aug. 28.—Canadian 50-cent pieces will be worth only 45 cents at Seattle banks after tonight, local bankers having decided to charge a 10 per cent discount on Canadian silver beginning tomorrow.

STRIKE THREAT AFTER GOMPERS SEES STEEL MEN Send U. S. Corporation Letter That Few Days of Limit Remain.

Washington, Aug. 28.—Samuel Gompers took immediate hold of the restless labor situation on his return to American Federation of Labor headquarters today from Europe.

Closed all day with the executive council of the federation, Mr. Gompers declined to make any statement as to what course would be pursued in dealing with the many problems pressing for attention.

In the case of the steel workers, their committee, after conferring with Mr. Gompers, made public a letter to Elbert H. Gary of the United States Steel corporation, notifying him that a strike would be called unless an interview was granted the union representatives within the time limit previously fixed.

Irons Out Shopmen. Officers of the railway shopmen's union talked over their demands and the railroad administration's compromise offer with the federation president.

Representatives of the striking actors in New York also saw Mr. Gompers, but no information as to the conference was given out.

"We have received your answer to our request for a conference on behalf of the employees of your corporation," said the steel men's letter to Judge Gary, "and we understand the first paragraph of your answer to be an absolute refusal on the part of your corporation to concede to your employees the right of collective bargaining."

Strike Test of Authority. "You question the authority of our committee to represent the majority of your employees. The only way by which we can prove our authority is to put the strike vote into effect and we sincerely hope you will not force a strike to prove this point."

"We asked for a conference for the purpose of arranging a measure where the question of wages, hours, conditions of employment and collective bargaining might be discussed. Your answer is a flat refusal for such conference. You also made reference to the attitude of your corporation in not opposing or preventing your employees from joining labor organizations. It is a matter of common knowledge that the tactics employed by your corporation and subsidiaries have for years most effectively prevented any attempt at organization by your employees."

(Continued on Page Two.)

PERSHING BOOM LAUNCHED WITH GENERAL'S RANK

Nomination by Both Parties Urged as House Passes Fixed Title.

BUT FOUR VOTES CAST AGAINST, 271 IN FAVOR

Washington, Aug. 28.—In recognition of General John J. Pershing's service in the war, the house today passed a bill, authorizing the president to confer on him the permanent rank of general. The measure now goes to the senate.

The vote for the bill was 271 and four—Connolly and Jones, democrats, of Texas; Schall, progressive, Minnesota, and Temple, republican, of Pennsylvania, voted against it.

Joint Session to Welcome. Immediately after passing the bill, the house unanimously adopted a resolution providing for the appointment of a committee to arrange for a joint session of congress to welcome General Pershing on his return to the United States, next month.

Tributes to General Pershing were paid by many members of the house. Democratic Minority Leader Clark said General Pershing was more deserving than any former general "having commanded more troops than any other man and having fought on three continents."

Republican Leader Mondell said: "Along with his great military leadership, General Pershing has been alert enough to maintain an interest in the country's affairs" and urged the high rank for the commander as a recognition of his extraordinary service.

Democrat Booms Him. Former Speaker Cannon, Illinois, paid tribute to the humane sentiments of General Pershing, saying: "He's a heart as well as great ability as a general."

First mention in congress of General Pershing for president was made during debate by Representative Campbell, democrat, Pennsylvania, who said: "The country cannot pay too great an honor to him. I would like to see the people of this country and this house put aside their partisan adherence to democracy and republicanism," declared Mr. Campbell, "and make him the unanimous choice of the conventions that assemble next year and elect him president of the United States."

Warning to Turkey by U. S. Admiral Was on Lansing's Orders

Washington, Aug. 28.—In warning Turkey that "massacres of Armenians" were being committed, Rear Admiral Mark L. Bristol, commander of the United States naval forces in Turkey, was acting under instructions from the state department. This was announced today officially.

Judge Spares Cattle Commission Houses Charged With Gouging

Chicago, Aug. 28.—Federal Judge Sandborn has issued a temporary injunction, restraining Secretary of Agriculture Houston and other government officials from revoking the licenses of seven Chicago livestock commission houses who are charged by the government with violating the presidential wartime proclamation of June, 1918, in regard to the feeding of livestock in transit and before sale to the packers, which requires that this service be performed for the shipper at cost.

The government charges that the commission houses have been making a profit on this service.

Wilson's Air Letter to Prince of Wales Figures in Mishap

Binghamton, N. Y., Aug. 28.—A letter from President Wilson to the Prince of Wales, sent by airplane, has been mailed from Windsor, N. Y., by Captain J. M. Foster, U. S. A., a competitor in the New York-Toronto aerial derby.

He was blown out of his course after leaving Albany and landed Monday night on a hill near Windsor. Because of a damaged motor, his airplane was shipped to Mineola.

Negro Killed, Churches and Lodge Hall Fired, on Race Rising Report

Eastman, Ga., Aug. 28.—Eli Cooper, a negro, was shot to death in a church at Ocmulgee, Ga., near here today, by a mob. The church then was burned.

Other negro churches and a lodge hall in the vicinity were burned, after reports had been circulated that the negroes were planning to "rise up and wipe out the white people."

JOIN HINES EDICT TO START TRAINS

Ultimatum Sent From Cleveland Headquarters by Chiefs, With Announcement Unless Men Keep Contracts, Big Four Will Support R. R. Administration; Employes Coming Back; Send Peace Committee to Assure Jobs.

Washington, Aug. 28.—Saturday morning has been set as the time limit by which all striking railroad employes on the Pacific coast must return to work, both by the railroad administration and the "big four" railroad brotherhoods. Loss of jobs is the threat for defiance from the railroad administration; support of the federal administration by the "big four," the warning from the brotherhood chiefs at Cleveland.

Director General Hines tonight served notice on "public officers, railroad officers and employes and citizens generally in California, Arizona and Nevada" that the railroad administration would undertake to restore full railroad service in those states on and after 7 o'clock next Saturday morning, and that all striking employes who do not return to work by that time will find their places filled.

Anyone who tampers with or impedes the use of railroad property, Mr. Hines said, will be dealt with for having committed an offense against the United States.

Governors Also Notified. This action, coming after the announcement by the four brotherhood chiefs that the brotherhoods would assist the railroad administration in operating the lines if the illegal strike was not terminated, is the most drastic ever taken by the government in a labor controversy.

Mr. Hines, in addition, sent telegrams to the governors of California, Nevada, Arizona and to the mayors of principal cities in those states asking co-operation in maintaining traffic and in preventing interference with the movement of trains.

FIRST BREAK IN RANKS OF RAILROAD STRIKERS

Los Angeles, Aug. 28.—The first break in the ranks of the striking trainmen here came, late today, when about a dozen engineers and conductors reported for duty at the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe depot. Santa Fe officials said they had a train made up ready to move and lacked only one brakeman of having a full crew for it.

Representatives of the engineers, conductors and trainmen were in conference here with the general officers of the Southern Pacific, Santa Fe and Salt Lake railroads when the statement of Director General Hines, issued late tonight, was transmitted to them.

The railroad representatives said that the conference had been requested by the brotherhood men and gladly granted; that the brotherhoods had asked whether their members could return without loss of seniority or other rights, and had been assured that they could; and that they had then stated they did not know whether they could bring the men to return at present, but would report to the general membership.

Men Meet on Ultimatum. Shortly after the first editions of afternoon papers appeared on the streets here, this morning, displaying prominently Associated Press dispatches from Washington and Cleveland about bringing an end to the railroad strike, a general meeting of all strikers was called at a downtown hall.

Strikers from the three transcontinental steam roads, the Pacific Electric company and the Los Angeles Street Railway company, gathered at a large hall. Hundreds more stood in the streets, unable to wedge themselves into the room.

Newspapermen were not admitted, and word came out that a feeling of resentment against the orders to return to work which came last night, and against the announced attitude of the brotherhood heads, as reported today, was apparent in the debate and speeches in the hall.

General Manager J. H. Dyer of the Southern Pacific Railroad company, announced at 8 o'clock this morning that his road had called 355 strikers for duty in the usual manner since midnight, and that not a man had responded.

No Trains Moving. No indications of what action the men will take was given in meetings held last night. They have declared since they went out, however, that they will not return until every man who

(Continued on Page Two.)

FRENCH DEPUTIES RAP TREATY AND WILSON'S PART IN PACT

Paris, Aug. 28.—The debate on the ratification of the peace treaty was continued in the chamber of deputies this afternoon. Four speakers were heard, although more than an hour was consumed in electing Raoul Peret vice president of the chamber in place of M. Abel, recently appointed governor of Algeria.

Ten speakers have been heard since the opening of the chamber Tuesday. All of them criticized the treaty. None has yet spoken favorably. The ministers sit silent throughout the sessions.

M. De Gaulle and Bancel criticized President Wilson for taking too preponderant a part in the peace conference.

M. Brunet, socialist, said that President Wilson was not the father of the

WILSON STARTS WESTERN TOUR ON WEDNESDAY

First Speech of President at Columbus, O., One in Idaho.

MRS. WILSON IN PARTY; TUMULTY IS ANOTHER

Washington, Aug. 28.—President Wilson will leave Washington next Wednesday on his speech making tour in the interest of the peace treaty, and will deliver his first address in Columbus, O., next Thursday, probably in the evening.

Cincinnati is not included in the itinerary, but Secretary Tumulty announced the president will speak at Indianapolis, St. Louis, Kansas City and Topeka, in the order named. From the latter city the presidential party will go to Omaha then to Sioux Falls, S. D., St. Paul or Minneapolis and Bismarck.

They will follow speeches at Billings and Helena, Coeur d'Alene, Spokane—possibly Seattle—Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles and San Diego.

Will Swing Into South. Speeches may be made from the train between these cities but it is known the president is opposed to making open air addresses.

Returning from the Pacific coast the belief is that stops will be made at Reno, Salt Lake City, Denver and Oklahoma City, thence south and eastward probably to Louisville. It is not believed that President Wilson will go far into the southwestern and southern states, however.

Accompanying the president will be Mrs. Wilson, Admiral F. G. Vernon, Secretary Tumulty and a corps of secretaries and stenographers.

Archbishop Warns Catholics Not to Aid Lima Y.M.C.A. Project

Lima, Peru, Aug. 28.—Monsignor Emilio Lisson, archbishop of Lima, has published a communication in all newspapers, warning Catholics not to participate in the movement recently inaugurated in this city for the establishment of a branch of the Y. M. C. A., under the penalty of "laying themselves open to the suspicion of heresy and incurring general ecclesiastical censure."

Premier Botha Dies Suddenly in Pretoria

Pretoria, Union of South Africa, Aug. 28.—General Louis Botha, premier and minister of agriculture of the Union of South Africa, died suddenly today, following an attack of influenza.