

HERING TALKS TO MISSOULA AUDIENCE

GRAND WORTHY PRESIDENT OF FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES AT HARNOLD.

EXPOSITION OF IDEALS

Chief of National Organization Gives Interesting Talk, After Being Introduced By Senator Dixon—County Attorney Mulroney Heard—Plans for Visitor's Visit.

Last night a small but interested audience at the Harnold theater heard Frank E. Hering of South Bend, Ind., grand worthy president of the Fraternal Order of Eagles, give an exposition of the ideals for which that order stands.

The rain, which meant so much to the city and to as much of the surrounding country as it fell upon, resulted in some delay in the proceedings of the evening, and probably also accounted in part for the slender attendance. It was nearly 8:30 when the Missoula band began its concert in front of the theater, and some rain was still falling. The following selections were played:

March—"Eagles' Conventin"—Schultz March—"Wedding Feast." Harnold, "Dear Ones Far Away." Medley—"Sweet Old Song"—Dabney (Including "Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep," as a vocal solo, by J. Hart Willis).

Waltz—"Sounds From the North."

In the Theater.

At the close of the concert, which was much enjoyed by those present, the exercises in the theater began. Upon the stage were Edward C. Mulroney, Joseph M. Dixon, James F. Mulroney and Frank E. Hering. Mr. Mulroney was the first to speak, and in a few well chosen words he presented Senator Dixon, who he said, would extend words of welcome to the guest and speaker of the evening. This Mr. Dixon did in his own happy way.

He said, as he looked over the audience, "This rain is worth a million dollars to western Montana, but it is a little unfortunate that it came just at the time for this meeting." Mr. Dixon then spoke of the phenomenal growth of fraternal organizations during the past 25 years. The senator also referred facetiously to some of Mr. Hering's political experiences and then presented him to the audience.

Mr. Hering, who is a young man with the appearance of being even younger than he is, enjoyed the close attention of the audience throughout his address. He began by relating his experiences in Butte, Helena and one or two other Montana cities on a western trip several months ago.

"When I was in Butte," he said, "I inquired of some of the good Eagles there what was the best town in the state, considering business, educational and social interests; and they all replied that Butte, of course, was really the only city in the state."

"Later I was in Helena, and I remarked to some of our brothers there that I had been told Butte was the first city of Montana. They assured me it was all a dreadful mistake, and that Helena was by far the best city of the Treasure state. Then I met a Billings man, and he told me his town was the only city in the state which really amounted to anything. So then I told Mrs. Hering that my only recourse was to come out here again and see all the Montana cities for myself."

Then the speaker related a story to emphasize the fact that he thought well of Missoula.

Plain Talk.

"But," continued Mr. Hering, "I am here to talk with you in a plain sort of way about the Fraternal Order of Eagles." Mr. Dixon said something to you about the great changes which have taken place during the past 25 years. Now there is no effect without some cause, and I want to suggest a few reasons for some of these changes.

"There have been great changes in beliefs and customs. I was born in Pennsylvania. My mother was very strict, and I well remember that one of the worst whippings I ever got was one she gave me for going nutting on Sunday. She was one of those persons who believed it wrong to go walking

(Continued on Page Three.)

FIVE NEGROES KILLED BY MISSISSIPPI DEPUTY

Elliott, Miss., July 21.—Five negroes were killed and two others were mortally wounded today when the seven took issue with Deputy Sheriff Cautley, who was endeavoring to arrest them on a minor charge. As Cautley and two citizens approached the negroes ceased their work in the field and, grabbing pitchforks, made for the deputy. Cautley then opened fire with two revolvers.

EUROPE SCOURED FOR MISSING MAN



DR. H. H. CRIPPEN AND HIS MURDERED WIFE.

Paris, July 22.—A special to the Matin from Vernets Les Bains says that according to a telephone message received today a man answering the description of Dr. Hawley H. Crippen, wanted in London in connection with the disappearance of his wife, Bell Elmore, was seen at Puigecardis, a town just across the frontier in Spain, Wednesday night.

Paris, July 21.—The police at Vernets Les Bains, the little French watering place at the foot of the Pyrenees mountains, are positive that Dr. Hawley H. Crippen, widely sought by the London police, was in their city last Sunday and a vigorous search is being made for the fugitive. The procurer at Vernets Les Bains, telegraphed today to the director of the Surete Generale at Paris confirming the identity of the man who arrived there under the name of Tarbot on Sunday as Dr. Crippen.

The procurer advised that he believed Crippen had crossed the French frontier into Spain. The French detective department in Paris is inclined to accept the procurer's views as to the identity of Crippen, but is in doubt whether he crossed the Spanish frontier at Vernets Les Bains as all the positive information in the possession of the police indicates that he left the train before it reached Mount Louis, to which point he is said to have taken passage en route to Spain.

Fleeing to Andorra. The suspect, according to the belief of the authorities here, instead of making for Spain, is headed for Andorra.

EAGLES OF STATE ELECT THEIR OFFICERS

W. A. LOGAN OF MISSOULA IS RE-ELECTED SECRETARY—INTERESTING PROGRAM.

Livingston, July 21.—(Special.)—At the business session of the Eagles this morning, Miles City was awarded the honor of entertaining the convention next year. It was a hard fight but Milestown boosters swept away the opposition and finally went under the wire without a dissenting vote. Red Lodge, Anaconda and Hamilton were after the plum and in the preliminaries made a good showing, but Miles City was on the ground early and with their Cowboy band and other attractions made a favorable impression.

As a result of winning the convention the Miles City delegation has made the streets of Livingston hum with merriment. They have pulled off many ridiculous "stunts" much to the amusement of the big crowd.

Officers Elected.

During today a large amount of business has been transacted by the convention in secret session. Officers were elected as follows: State president, E. D. Wood of Helena; vice president, Harry L. Laurens of Livingston; chairman, Richard Brown of Livingston; secretary, W. R. Logan of Missoula; treasurer, W. W. Watkins of Billings; conductor, Charles Bolin of Hamilton; inside guard, A. F. Wilkenon of Red Lodge; outside guard, Jerry Maloy of Gardiner; trustees, James Sargeant of Missoula, A. E. Caulfield of Great Falls, and J. T. Troy of Havre. The business session of the order of today was the most important held during the convention. A

(Continued on Page Seven.)

dorra, the little and almost forgotten republic of 8,000 shepherd inhabitants, nestling in the foothills of the Pyrenees. Once in this country, it is said, extradition would be difficult, if not impossible. Andorra, which under the nominal suzerainty of the president of the French republic and the Bishop of Urgel, has sometimes served as refuge for persons who have committed crimes.

Story Scouted.

M. Sebille, head of the research department of the police, who is directing the search in France for Dr. Crippen and his typist, Ethel Clara Leneve, who is supposed to have left London in his company, opposes the theory that the woman who killed herself at Bourges on July 13 was Miss Leneve. He points out that the letter left by the suicide was written in French, a language Miss Leneve is said not to understand. Furthermore, the suicide's features were those of a person of a Slavonic type, and M. Sebille believes she was a nihilist.

Photographs of the suicide have not, however, as yet been compared with those of Miss Leneve. Should the suicide prove to be Miss Leneve it would give consistency to the story told by a guard on the boat train running between Dieppe and Paris that he had seen a couple answering the description of Dr. Crippen and his typist on July 12. According to this guard, the couple came through to Paris on this train. Here they are supposed to have separated, Crippen hurrying south and the girl going to Bourges, where she subsequently took her life.

Another story of the police is that the couple went by steamer to Marseilles and separated at that port.

VERDICT OF GUILTY FOUND AGAINST WYNNE

FORMER CHIEF OF BUTTE POLICE FORCE IS GUILTY OF GRAVE CHARGES.

Butte, July 21.—(Special.)—The examining and trial board, which has been hearing testimony in the case against E. W. Wynne, chief of police under the Corby administration, who is accused of failing to report to Mayor Nevin and of maintaining money to his own uses after paying a subordinate officer his actual expenses, found the former chief guilty this afternoon. The mayor has not as yet taken any action, although Wynne has been suspended for the past several days. Wynne, on the stand admitted the charge of getting the money from the county and holding it and he said the practice was customary. He said he put in the bill and after some time on recommendation of the county attorney, it was paid, both the county commissioners and the county attorney stating that the bill was a legal one and that if he did not get the money for the expenses the sheriff would be entitled to it.

In reference to the charge that witness had failed to make daily reports to the mayor, the chief said that he had called frequently at the mayor's office, but he was either out or engaged with people waiting for him, and he did not think he could spare the time to remain an hour or more at the office door of the mayor. He said that he saw the mayor on the day preceding that on which charges were filed against the witness and that he informed him of the condition of the force. The chief said he told the mayor that some of the officers were

(Continued on Page Seven.)

FENCE-CUTTER IS OUT ON BAIL

D. W. M'KAY, ARRESTED FOR PUTTING GATE IN FENCE, RELEASED BY MEXICANS.

STATE DEPARTMENT BUSY

American Consul Instructed to See That Millionaire Gets Fair Treatment—Was Thrown Into Dungeon Without Bail For Putting Gate in Fence Without Permission.

San Diego, Cal., July 21.—D. W. McKay, whose arrest at Tia Juana and subsequent removal to Ensenada has been brought to the attention of the state department at Washington, was today released on bail at Ensenada, according to advices received by his attorney, J. E. Wadham, of this city. Mr. Wadham made this statement to the Associated Press today:

"The facts, as I understand them, which are founded on statements made to me by D. W. McKay, Mrs. McKay and Albert Arguello, as follows: McKay went to Tia Juana hot springs for the benefit of his wife's health. The springs are located about three miles below the boundary line from Tia Juana and for the past year she has spent most of her time at the springs and Mr. McKay has traveled back and forth to his business. Mr. McKay has purchased or entered into agreements to purchase with several of the heirs for their interests in the Tia Juana springs. Mr. McKay and Mrs. McKay claim that Mr. McKay asked permission to cut a wire fence upon his property and put in a gate. Mr. Arguello denies that Mr. McKay asked the permission. But the facts are that McKay did cut a wire fence and put in a wire gate; that that Mr. Arguello went to Tia Juana and swore out a warrant, upon which Mr. McKay was arrested. He was Mr. Arguello went to Tia Juana morning of Saturday, the 16th, but Mrs. McKay did not know of his incarceration until about 12:30 at which time she telephoned to me. I immediately went to Tia Juana and found that Mr. McKay was being examined by the authorities. I made an appeal that Mr. McKay be released on bonds, which had been offered in any reasonable amount by the Merchants' National bank of San Diego; the authorities refused to consider the matter, stating that he could not be released on bonds until the testimony on the hearing was sent to Ensenada. In consequence of which Mr. McKay stayed in Tia Juana in jail until the afternoon of the 18th inst.

"I am informed that Sunday, the 17th, inst., he was moved into pretty good quarters and was allowed to go in and out of the door, but that Sunday night he was taken to a dungeon and locked up, the guard stating that he did not propose to take any chances. We offered to take Mr. McKay to Ensenada in an automobile and take the guards with us, but this was refused, although Mr. McKay was permitted to go in his own wagon, in charge of two officers, who, I believe, rode on horseback. McKay was handcuffed, it is said, but I do not know as to this positively. However, I have received advices from Ensenada to the effect that Mr. McKay has been released on bail."

Government Interested.

A special from Washington says: "The state department has telegraphed to Ensenada instructing the consul there to watch the proceedings in the McKay case and inform the department fully. The embassy at Mexico City has also been instructed to investigate."

The department is determined to make a searching inquiry and to do all in its power to see that Mr. McKay has fair treatment. Acting Secretary Wilson said this afternoon that nothing had been heard from Ensenada."

Information Wanted.

Mexico City, July 21.—The department of foreign relations at the solicitation of the American ambassador has asked by telegraph for information relating to the arrest and imprisonment at Tia Juana in Lower California of D. W. McKay, a wealthy American resident of San Diego. Me

(Continued on Page Seven.)

MISSOULA STAMP CLERK IS GIVEN EASY SENTENCE

Helena, July 12.—(Special.)—Judge Rusch has imposed a fine of \$225 on Charles Lee Herrick who pleaded guilty to appropriating to his own use while acting as stamp clerk in the Missoula postoffice, stamps to the value of \$260. Extenuating circumstances were advanced in behalf of Herrick.

EXPLOSION OF GUN KILLS ELEVEN MEN

Awful Disaster Marks Target Practice of Coast Defense at Fortress Monroe.

During Reloading of Giant Gun Explosion Occurs, Hurling Men and Officers Mangled and Crippled to Ground—Lieutenant Van Deusen Displays Wonderful Heroism—Investigation Ordered.

Fortress Monroe, Va., July 21.—Eleven men of the coast artillery are dead tonight as the result of the blowing out of a breech block in one of the big guns while the fort was engaged in target practice this morning. A half dozen others are in the post hospital, one of whom may die.

The cause of the explosion is not yet definitely determined, although a board of inquiry was appointed immediately after the disaster by orders from the war department in Washington. The list of dead and wounded follows:

The Dead.

SERGEANT HARRY HAAS, gun commander

CORPORAL BRADFORD, gun pointer.

PRIVATE A. J. SULLIVAN, DUFWICK, ADKINS, ADEY, KING, CHADWICK, SMITH, THURSER, HOKIAN. One private was blown into Chesapeake bay with the breech block. Lieutenant Van Deusen suffered a broken leg and Lieutenant Hawes was injured about the face.

The toll of death, it is believed, would have been larger had it not been for the heroism displayed by the officers and men in the battery. The wounded forgot their hurts and aided the uninjured in stamping out the burning powder that threatened the charge for a second shot.

The Accident.

The explosion occurred in battery De Russy, No. 1 gun doing the damage. The gun was in charge of Captain James Prentice, who had with him Lieutenants George P. Hawes, Jr., and George L. Van Deusen. Hawes had one private with the breech block to examine the range wheels when the charge was exploded. He was thrown down and momentarily stunned, but otherwise uninjured.

Eight men were killed outright, their bodies scattered around the emplacement. Captain Prentice and Lieutenant Hawes foresaw a further sacrifice of life if the other charge caught from the smouldering sparks and two sent out a call for surgeons while they attacked the flames with their bare hands.

Captain Prentice reached the emplacement first and pushing his way through the smoke and sparks, he carried out a bag of powder. He then was joined by Hawes and the two

completed the task of averting a further explosion. Meanwhile, Lieutenant Van Deusen lay crumpled beneath the gun, his leg broken in two places. He was suffering agonies, but when his brother officers sought to remove him he would not permit them to touch him.

The Heroes.

"See to the men first," he said, and propped against the gun he aided in directing the work.

Corporal Humphreys and Sergeant Brinkley, a gun pointer, also distinguished themselves. The former's head, body and arms were filled with pieces of flying concrete that had been blown from the emplacement. In spite of his painful wounds he rushed to his dead and wounded comrades, extinguishing their burning clothing and then hurried to the nearby emplacement for water. Sergeant Brinkley was close to the breech when it blew out. He was hurled over the right standard and when he regained consciousness he found himself hanging by one arm from the railing of the sighting platform. Although severely bruised and suffering from the shock, Brinkley declined to go to the hospital or permit the surgeons to examine him until they had assisted him comrades.

Investigation Ordered.

Colonel C. P. Townsley, commandant of the fort, promptly ordered an investigation.

"It is evident," he said, "that the explosion occurred during the insertion of the breech block into the breech of the gun and before it had been rotated and locked in place. The safety devices on the gun are intended to make a premature discharge impossible. Just how they failed to operate probably never will be known. Every member of the detachment who could have explained it is dead."

The inquiry, however, is to be thorough. Assisting in the investigation are some of the leading officers of the army, who were present at the time of the explosion.

The fatal accident occurred while target practice at floating targets, which were built to the proportions of battleships, was going on. The firing was conducted as nearly as possible under battle conditions and was on a more pretentious scale than ever has been attempted before.

BRYAN CAN'T BOSS CANADIAN PACIFIC SETTLES STRIKE QUESTION

PROMINENT DEMOCRAT SAYS DISAGREEMENT WITH MEN IS SATISFACTORILY ADJUSTED. THAT COMMONER IS COUNSELLOR NOT COMMANDER. TRAFFIC MOVES.

Denver, July 21.—Josiah Marvel of Wilmington, Del., member of the finance committee of the last democratic national committee, who was in charge of the campaign of George Grey of Delaware for the nomination for the presidency, tonight gave out an interview in which he says it is now time for democrats to get together and advise on the grounds upon which all can stand on national policies. Touching on the influence W. J. Bryan will have Mr. Marvel says:

"Bryan will, of course, have great weight in the councils of his party, but his wishes should be considered as wishes and not obeyed as commands. There is no divine right of domination in the democratic party. To the extent that the principles and candidates appeal to the majority of our party, he should be fully sustained and approved, but when he goes beyond this the duty of the party to itself is to proceed promptly to lick him. Mr. Bryan is not infallible and his honesty and earnestness make his mistakes the more dangerous. The leaders of our party who disagree with Mr. Bryan should argue with him and not about him."

Mr. Marvel stated that Judge Gray would not again be a candidate. Mr. Marvel said that he believed the next national convention would be held in Denver. He based the statement on sentiment expressed by national committeemen from the states east of Chicago.

(Continued on Page Seven.)

Montreal, July 21.—All possibility that the conductors and trainmen of the Canadian Pacific railway would strike was removed tonight when a definite agreement was reached between the company and the men, Messrs. Leonard and McTier, representing the company and Vice President Murdoch of the trainmen and a committee representing the men. The gist of the decision is that the standard rate of pay for the territory east of Chicago is recognized by the company. The men have gained about 50 per cent of the demands. The new schedule will be retroactive to May 1. The formal agreement will be signed tomorrow.

Arbitration Wanted.

A proposition to arbitrate came to the Grand Trunk Railway company and the chairman of its striking trainmen and conductors today from L. Mackenzie King, minister of labor, coupled with the intimation that if both parties would accept the award as binding the government would defray the initial expenses. Speedy answers were requested. That of the company was mailed to the minister at Ottawa, but Mr. Hayes declined to say what it was. Vice President Murdoch of the trainmen, also replied. He said he did not believe anything was to be gained by discussing arbitration.

Service Poor.

Outside of the arbitration talk today's strike developments were not important. The company has improved its passenger service and also started handling freight in a small way. It is securing some men, but at the present rate it will be weeks before the service is normal.

With the exception of a train of 26 cars of perishable goods, which left Toronto this morning for Montreal, no attempt was made in Ontario today to move freight. Grand Trunk passenger service out of Toronto was practically normal.

M'MURRAY ANXIOUS.

Oklahoma City, July 21.—J. F. Murray of McAlester, was in conference here today with his attorneys preparatory to the opening of the investigation of the Gore charges of bribery at Muskogee August 3. He is anxious that the investigation begin at the earliest possible date and said he had no knowledge of a contemplated postponement when the committee convenes.

RAWN'S DEATH CAUSED BY FEAR

RAILROAD OFFICIALS DECLARE THAT MAGNATE DIED ON EVE OF GREAT SCANDAL.

WAS INVOLVED IN CRIME

Investigations So Far Seem to Point Toward Fact That President of Monon Route Was Mixed Up in Greatest Railroad Scandal in History—Suicide Idea Prevalent.

Chicago, July 21.—Whether Ira G. Rawn, president of the Monon road, was killed by a burglar in his home at Winnetka, last Wednesday, or whether, as is stated by the Chicago police, he committed suicide, railway men declared today his death occurred on the eve of what may be one of the greatest scandals in railroad history. Questions asked Rawn at a hearing July 7 in the Illinois Central car repair cases, all were planned, it is said, by attorneys with the intent to incriminate Rawn as responsible for losses to the road.

Rawn, it is declared, knew the purpose of the counsel for the road and had sought by every legal means to delay the progress of the examination. Twice on personal pleas he had obtained postponements but the last effort for delay had failed and the examination was to have been continued Tuesday. His death will not cause any halt in the inquiry, stated Walter L. Fisher, one of the attorneys in charge of the inquiry.

"It is a civil inquiry to determine the amount of money involved," he said. "The questions were asked Mr. Rawn at the prior sessions to lay a foundation for facts ultimately to be brought out."

For the first time since the death, the air of secrecy was lifted from the Rawn home late today and newspapermen were summoned. Upon their arrival, announcement was made that a second bullet, the absence of which added to the appearance of suicide, had been discovered. The bullet was found, according to C. F. Hatley, who is conducting the investigation, in the ashes of a fireplace. Samuel H. Greeley, president of the village board of Winnetka, also telephoned Assistant Chief of Police Schuetzler here, asking him to detail two men to aid the investigation. A representative of the private agency, the men from which yesterday were recalled at the Rawn home, also was summoned to aid in the investigation.

A new theory as to the means by which Rawn was shot to death was suggested late today from the office of the private detective agency engaged by the Rawn relatives to investigate the death. The opinion was expressed that Mr. Rawn met his death as the result of an accident and that in fact, but one shot had been fired and that from the revolver held by Mr. Rawn.

"It is likely that Mr. Rawn heard some noise in his home and with revolver in hand descended the stairs in search of an intruder," said an officer of the detective agency. "When near the bottom of the stairway, I believe he stumbled and the revolver was discharged. This would account for the fact that only one shot was heard by neighbors and that there was no trace of a robber in the house. Mr. Rawn's relatives, knowing he descended in search of a burglar, and when finding him dead, likely assumed he had been shot by a burglar when the death more probably was caused by the accidental discharge of his own revolver."

NEW AEROPLANE BLOWS UP.

Joplin, Mo., July 21.—An aluminum aeroplane from which great things were expected by E. M. Dechenne, its inventor, came to grief at the aviation field today when the gasoline tank exploded in a short trial flight. Dechenne was uninjured.

OPENING DELAYED.

Pierre, S. D., July 21.—Chairman Burke of the house committee on Indian affairs, has been notified that there will be no attempt to open the Rosebud and Pine Ridge lands in South Dakota before next spring.

GOVERNMENT TROOPS DEFEATED BY NATIVES

Washington, July 21.—Severe fighting among the tribes of Liberia in the vicinity of Cape Thomas, has broken out again. Commander John F. Luby of the cruiser Des Moines, which cleared from Monrovia today for the Canary Islands, reported to the navy department that the Liberian troops have been signally defeated in an effort to quell the uprising.