

TWELFTH YEAR.

HOWLING HOODLUMS.

The Disgraceful Scenes Enacted in the Lower House of the Legislature.

Books, Paper Wads and Other Missiles Flying in Every Direction.

While the Speaker Laughingly Looks on and Joins in the Sport.

The Lincoln Lobby Packs and Overwhelms the Senate After Dark.

Several Members Threatened With Political Death For Opposing the Bill.

Details of the Passage of the Great Railroad Bill.

Special Dispatch to The Bee.

LINCOLN, February 19.—The legislature is completely demoralized. The scenes enacted in the capitol to-night are simply indescribable. The disorder in the house during the night session would disgrace the lowest dive in Omaha. For two long hours a perfect babel reigned. Members and lobbyists were pelting each other with paper wads, hurling all sorts of missiles through the house, while bills were being read and voted on, and the clamor was capped about 11 p. m., when Mr. Howard, of Clay, moved an adjournment, and a perfect shower of paper wads and books was hurled at him, and finally some hoodlum clapped a paper basket over Howard's head and smothered his voice.

Such an exhibition of indecency was never before perpetrated in any Nebraska legislature. It is a burning disgrace that reflects, to use a mild phrase, the utmost discredit on Speaker Humphrey, who is in honor and duty bound to maintain order and enforce decorum while the house is in session. This conduct was just what might be expected from a body that has given over to jobbery and reckless raids on the state treasury. The questionable means by which the capitol bill was to be lobbied through the house bears its sodum apple fruit in a long list of bogus claims and extravagant appropriations. Every scheme for plunder and every extravagant appropriation has been tied up the capitol hill.

becomes part of the general grab Pearson's bogus \$3,000 claim for protracted services rendered in defending the territory against Indian raids twenty years ago, passed the house this afternoon. That was followed by the passage of a bill appropriating \$76,000 for the new building and fixtures at the Kearney reform school. It is currently given out that this secures Senator Connor's vote for the capitol bill. It is incredible that Gan Connor could compromise himself by such a trade. The senate galleries were densely crowded with spectators and the senate floor

PACKED WITH LOBBYISTS to-night during the debate on the capitol appropriation bill. The majority report, signed by Senator Howell, of York, recommended the bill with amendments that reduced the special levy from one mill to three-quarters of one mill. Senator Reynolds presented a minority report, giving reasons why the bill should not pass. He cited the fact that the state is overburdened with tax; that the constitutional limit of debt is already overreached by more than \$250,000; that the state still owes \$30,000 for the wages to the capitol on which it pays interest, and lastly he protested against the bill on the ground of the bargains that had been made in receiving its passage in the house and that at least one member is believed to have been bribed.

A VERY ANGRY DISCUSSION arose over these reports, Reynolds at one time charged that an attempt to intimidate a member of the senate by threats was made by a prominent Lincoln merchant. Brown, of Lancaster, demanded the name of the senator and the language of the merchant. Reynolds said: "A leading merchant of your city, whose name I can give at any time, threatened that I should be defeated for reelection if I dared to vote for this appropriation." Mr. Canfield interposed and said: "I have been notified

I NEVER SHOULD BE REELECTED if I dared to vote against it, but I am bound to come back, all the same. The debate continued more than an hour. Messrs. Dech, Brown, Douglas, McShane and Reynolds opposing while Brown, of Lancaster, chief spokesman was seconded by Butler and Brown, of Clay. Half a dozen votes were taken on the motion to indefinitely postpone, to adopt the minority report and adjourn. Finally Howell's majority report with referred to the general file, where it will come up again for debate to-morrow.

THE MOST EXCITING SCENE took place on the final passage of the

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Berdell's Revelations the Crack of Doom to the Dorseys.

The Defense Vainly Struggling to Break Him Down.

The Sundry Civil Bill and the Amounts Appropriated.

The Indications are Favorable For a Storm in the Case of Hazen.

A New Scheme Devised to Dispose of the Surplus Revenues.

The New Mexican Treaty Before the Senate in Open Session.

A Lively Debate on the Tariff and Internal Taxes in the Senate.

The House Refuses to Suspend the Rules For a Single Measure.

CAPITOL NOTES.

Special Dispatch to The Bee. BERDELL'S REVELATIONS. WASHINGTON, February 19.—Berdell was again placed on the stand in the star route trials to-day. Witness testified that when S. W. Dorsey first knew of witness in conference with McVough he (Dorsey) asked witness for God's sake not to ruin him and his children, and that it would be the death of his wife, and witness said he would do anything he could to help him except commit perjury. Dorsey said "Damn it, what does this amount to when a friend's fate is at stake?" Merriek said the affidavit had been wrong from Berdell by Dorsey's tears and sobs. He demanded of the court the privilege of cross examination to show the entire truth; to show the witness was willing to lay bare his entire knowledge of the subject. The court said it would hear the counsel on the other side on the proposition. Merriek declared if a defendant manufactured lies, and it was proven, then it was proof of his guilt. That paper was evidence of Dorsey's guilt. It was false, witness swore to it and S. W. Dorsey swore to it. Ingersoll said the only proof that Dorsey wrote the statement had been given by this witness and he had sworn exactly the other way on a former occasion. The court saw no objection to the prosecution asking witness to explain an apparently contradictory statement. Merriek thereupon renewed his demand upon the defenses for the production of the books (Dorsey's journal and ledger) Ingersoll declined to assist witness by supplying him with books. Merriek insisted upon their production. He then proceeded to prove the contents. Witness said there were four entries against Wm. Smith; first, \$8,000; second, \$6,000; third, \$8,500; fourth, \$9,000. Merriek called upon the defenses to produce the stub check books. Again Ingersoll declined. The court finally sustained the position taken by the prosecution. Witness said the checks were marked "Mad," which he changed to "Wm Smith," amounting to \$30,000, \$65,000 or \$70,000. Merriek went through the affidavits in detail, combing every scrap of objection from the defenses, finally he exclaimed, "For God's sake stop your grumbling and let the facts come out." [Laughter.] Recurring to his conversation with Dorsey, witness said Dorsey said to him: "Berdell, if you will do this, if you will stand up for me to this extent, I'll make it all right with you." Witness replied that money could not buy him; it would not be any consideration. Witness testified regarding the handwriting, showing the defendants signed one another's names. Adjourned.

HAZEN'S INDICATIONS. Another "batch" of Hazen-Lincoln correspondence was published to-day. The former does not take his recent snubbing kindly, and repeats his request for a senatorial investigation, and in so doing, he manages to get in with the secretary of the senate, the latter again refuses, though in more subdued tones.

DIVIDING THE SURPLUS. A joint resolution was offered in the house to-day by Skinner to provide for equitable distribution of the surplus money of the United States treasury. It sets forth in the preamble that the amount of revenue now being collected is greatly in excess of the needs of the country; declares it expedient to repeal all external taxes except those on liquors, and direct all money in excess of the necessary expenses be divided among the states to be used for the payment of state debts, or for school purposes; that \$100,000,000 from the surplus now in the treasury be so divided among the states according to population on the first of July next.

PAY OF POSTMASTERS. General Bingham introduced a bill, in the house to-day to adjust the salaries of postmasters under the two cent postage law. It proposes that the salaries of postmasters of the first class shall be graduated from \$3,000 to \$6,000, as the receipts of their offices vary from \$40,000 to \$100,000; second class salaries range from \$2,000 to \$2,900, as the receipts vary from \$20,000 to \$40,000; third class salaries from \$1,000 to \$1,900, as the receipts vary from \$2,000 to \$10,000; fourth class salaries to be fixed upon a basis of box rents and cancelled stamps and stamps sold.

SUNDAY CIVIL BILLS. It has been decided by the appropriations committee to leave it for the committee on public lands to frame a

THE OLD WORLD.

The Dublin Conspiracy Proves a Most Gigantic One.

Carey's Revelations Send Terror to the Ranks of the Leaguers.

The Mysterious "Number One" a Good Subject For the Gallows.

Party Plans in Parliament—General Foreign News.

Special Dispatch to The Bee.

CONSPIRATORS AND INFORMERS. DUBLIN, February 19.—Twenty-one of the prisoners have been committed for trial, to answer to the charge of murdering Lord Cavendish and Burke. Joseph Smith has turned informer. Patrick Whelan has been liberated on bail. The hearing of the prisoners charged with conspiring to murder government officials was resumed to-day. All prisoners were again placed in the dock. Amid hisses, the prisoners shouted, "The future Lord Mayor Carey," but the latter shook his head menacingly at his former comrades. The examination was then resumed. He spoke more confidently than he did Saturday and replied to the cross-examination of counsel sharply and testily. He deposed, amid hisses by the prisoners, that he belonged to the Fenians, but not to the Supreme Council. The object of the Fenians was to separate Ireland from England, the former country being then harassed by coercion. He had no idea Lord Cavendish was to be murdered when Burke was attacked and was stupified when he heard of the former's murder.

ARRANGING FOR THE TRIAL. In the event of the inquiry concluding to-day, it is understood the prisoners will be returned for trial before a special commission of three judges. This commission will be necessary, as the prisoners, each having the right to challenge twenty jurymen, could exhaust the panel. Special arrangements are already being made at Green street court house for the trial.

CAREY'S POINTERS. LONDON, February 19.—Frank Byrne, residing at Cannes, is the man mentioned by Carey. The French police were communicated with to prevent his escaping into Spain. It is thought probable he will return immediately to London and give the authorities opportunity to arrest him if they so desire. If not arrested he will assist in his wife's defense. She is a consumptive. Thomas Brennan was in London as recently as Friday last. It is stated the name "Number 1" is Oliver Walsh at Cannes. Justin McCarthy said Sheridan was known to Parnell merely as an active League organizer, and his relations with Parnell were merely in that capacity, the latter knowing nothing of his character. Frank Byrne, McCarthy said, is a man in constant ill health. He held a position in the land confederation ever since the time of Butt and Shaw. He was known to all members of the Irish party as a quiet, respectable man. McCarthy had spoken to many of the members and all agreed it was inconceivable that Byrne could have had anything to do with the murders. His last act before going to France was to refuse a testimonial which his friends had raised on account of his feeble health. He said he could not accept anything while the country was in its present miserable state. The only time Byrne was left any discretion was while Parnell was imprisoned, but it is hardly conceivable he then listened to any advice on the part of fanatics.

NUMBER ONE. It is reported Byrne and other members of the league will be arrested, including the managers of the land league funds. The names of six prominent politicians are mentioned. It is rumored P. J. Sheridan has been arrested. It is understood the government knows "Number 1." He was born in the East Indies. He was a captain in the British East India service, afterwards joined the French army and became colonel during the Franco-German war. Towards the close of the war he came to Ireland with letters from the Bonapartists, his object being to raise force, which he enlisted for the ambulance service. He served principally under Gen. Bourbaki.

THE MURDER MYSTERY. DUBLIN, February 19.—The Freeman's Journal says: "The mystery of the Phoenix park murders is only half unfolded. We must await the denouement before expressing the verdict. The prospect now is that the mystery will be sounded to the very bottom, 'Numbers,' if he exists, will find his way to the gallows, which is the prayer of every honest man."

ANOTHER MAN. LONDON, February 19.—The Standard gives the name of "Number One" as Milne. He was often in the lobby of the house of commons in 1882, was well known to land leaguers, who deny they had any knowledge of his character or mission.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS. Special Dispatch to The Bee. DENOUNCED IN PARLIAMENT. LONDON, February 19.—In the commons to-day Trevelyan said the poor law guardians were able to cope with the distress in the county of Clare. Fobody died of starvation there.

PARNELL ANNOUNCED he would offer an amendment to the address, also would severely criticize the administration of the crimes act, jury packing, iniquitous sentences, etc., when the discussion regarding English officers was finished.

FORSTER WAS loudly cheered in the

THE NEW WORLD.

Some Facts About His Operatic Venture.

Chicago, February 15—"I shall bring Langtry back here," said Manager Abbey last evening, for an extra matinee to be given March 7. That will be her last appearance here under my management. As to my operatic venture, my salary list will amount to about \$22,000 a week, and perhaps more. I am not Napoleon. I generally give to the public what I agree to give them, and I never send out advance agents to lie to the press, I have engaged Campanini and Valeria, and I have virtually engaged Mme. Nilson. I have three agents now in Europe looking after singers. I shall probably have Mme. Scialchi. She is the greatest of living contraltos. Trebelli is a greater artist, but Scialchi has the most marvellous voice. The Metropolitan Opera House will be finished in August. Mapleson has a large number of cheap artists, but if I can't get along with very few of these and give a complete and first-class opera entertainment, better in all appointments than any ever before given, I shall close my venture. I shall give opera in Chicago sometime next January. I shall probably have Gersell. My agent is due in Odesa to-day, where she is singing. She sings through Russia, and then she goes to Vienna. My other contract will be Mme. La Blanche, who is now in Italy, and who is well known in this country. Henry Irving opens in Wallack's old theatre, Thirteenth street and Broadway, on October 29, and he will appear at Hayter's in Chicago, January 9. Messrs. Abbey and Schofield purchased the International Hotel and Park Theatre, Boston, for \$300,000, and we shall continue to run them as they are, having owned the interior appointments of the theatre previous to the purchase. The Metropolitan Opera House in New York will seat, when completed, 3,210 persons, and it will be a totally fire-proof house, with five exits for every part of the house. In point of completeness and detail it will be the finest in the world, and it will be larger than the famous La Scala, of Milan."

THE CONSOLIDATED MONOPOLY. Special Dispatch to The Bee. NEW YORK, February 19.—A meeting of the directors of the Western Union telegraph company was held to-day. President Green made a report that the company had taken full possession of the Mutual Union wires under the lease made a week ago. There was a formal ratification of the lease. Dr. Green said in the report: "The rumor circulated that we failed to carry the lease into effect, is without foundation; in fact I say positively we have now fully accomplished the bargain with the Mutual Union and there is no legal proceeding that can render the lease null and void."

THEVING BANKERS FEAT UP. Special Dispatch to The Bee. JERSEY CITY, February 19.—Garret S. Boyce, Edward B. Shaw and John L. Berch, defaulting officers of the defunct City bank, to-day pleaded guilty and were sentenced to hard labor in the state prison as follows: Boyce 10 years, Beach 4, Shaw 6.

THE SUGAR QUESTION. Special Dispatch to The Bee. WASHINGTON, February 19.—New York sugar men demand an immediate and thorough investigation into the alleged frauds practiced by the custom officials of the Pacific coast in the matter of admitting Hawaiian sugar of higher grade than was originally intended by the treaty. They charge that Claus Speckels is in collusion with the officials of the treasury department, and they demand that the question be judicially investigated in San Francisco by a suit wherein sugar experts can be called and the truth not be left entirely to the custom officials and the Speckels ring. The leading sugar dealers in New York also ask that congress shall ask the president to make public all the official correspondence in the department that may throw light on the question. What sugar dealers in New York seek to know is the grade of sugar, which under the treaty, is to be admitted free, and that question the officials of the treasury refuse to answer in a practical way by identifying and marking the samples. Importers to New York of Philippine island sugar say that since the Hawaiian treaty there is very much less of sugar from the former than heard of in the American ports.