

THE VALENTINE DEMOCRAT.

L. M. Rice, Editor and Proprietor

VALENTINE, NEBR., THURSDAY, MAY 4, 1911.

Volume 26, No. 17

THE GREEN FRONT

All kinds of Merchandise. I can afford to sell as low as anybody, I buy produce. Seed potatoes for sale.

MIKE DAVIS,

VALENTINE, - NEBRASKA.

Eureka Saloon

McGEER & CARROLL, Proprs.

Fine Wines, Liquors and Cigars

Bourbon Whiskies:

Old Crow,
Hermitage,
Cedar Brook,
Spring Hill,
and Jas. E. Pepper.

Rye Whiskies:

Sherwood,
Guchenheimer,
Sunny Brook,
and 29-year-old
O. F. C. Taylor.

These whiskies were purchased in bond and came direct from the U. S. government warehouse. They are guaranteed pure and unadulterated. Unexcelled for family and medical use.

Three Star Hennessy and Dreyfus Brandies, Imported Gordon and DeKuyper Gins, Guinness's Extra Stout, Bass Ale, Storz Blue Ribbon and Budweiser Beer.

Valentine - Nebraska

Bread, Pastries, Lunches, Meals

CONFECTIONERY, CIGARS, TOBACCOS

Home Bakery.

TELEPHONE NO. 7

POOL AND BILLIARD HALL

Cigars and
Soft Drinks

JOHN G. STETTER - PROP.

BULLS FOR SALE

Registered Hereford Bulls for sale at all times of the year.

SUNNY SLOPE STOCK RANCH

Simeon - Nebraska

JOHN F. PORATH

HURGE, NEB.

Tubular Wells and Windmills
Call me up by phone

JOHN D. EATON

Drayman

Light and Heavy Draying

Furniture and pianos handled in a careful manner. Coal hauled and trunks and grips a specialty. Phone No. 48.

The Chicago House

JIM FELCH, Propr.

Call on me for rooms and lodging.

Valentine - Nebraska

U. S. Weather Bureau Report

WEEK ENDING APR. 20, 1911.
Daily mean temperature 41°.
Normal temperature 46°.
Highest temperature 71°.
Lowest temperature 20°.
Range of temperature 51°.
Precipitation for week 00.00 of an inch.
Average for 23 years 0.56 of an inch.
Precipitation March 1st to date 0.81 inches.
Average for 23 years 2.49 of an inch.
JOHN J. McLEAN, Observer.

Notice.

Pearl Lydiatt having left her home and my bed and board without cause, notice is hereby given that I will not be responsible for any bills contracted by her.

Dated this 25th day of April, 1911.

16-3 CHARLEY LYDIATT

When you have stock to sell at public auction it will pay you to see us before starting your sale. Come and see us. 8 5

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued by the clerk of the district court of Cherry county, Nebraska, August 11, 1910, under an execution wherein Tillie Hinkle is judgment creditor and Frank Hinkle is judgment debtor, I will sell at the front door of the court house in Valentine, Cherry county, Nebraska, that being the building wherein the last term of said court was held, on the 10th day of June 1911, at 10 o'clock a. m. to satisfy judgment of \$1284.28 and interest at 10 per cent from date of judgment, May 17, 1910, and costs taxed at \$25.25 and accruing costs, at public auction to the highest bidder for each of the following described property to-wit: The northeast 1/4, 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, section 33, Township 35, Range 24, 24 1/2 W., section 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, section 35, township 35, range 24, in Cherry County, Neb.
Dated this 1st day of May, 1911.
C. A. BOSSETER, Sheriff.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER (Special Correspondent)

Revision downward on the things the farmer must buy, as well as revision downward on the things he produces?

This is the keynote of the democratic reciprocity and tariff program.

It differs radically from the reciprocity program contemplated by the Republican, which was: Greater downward revision on the products of the farmers than on the product of the trusts.

Here are the articles that will go on the free list under the democratic program, each of which would have remained heavily taxed under the republican program:

Lumber, dressed meats and meat products flour, boots and shoes, sewing machines, saddles and saddlery wire fencing, baling wire, cotton bagging and ties, burlaps and agricultural implements, including plows, harrows, reapers, binders and mowers.

This is not all of the democratic program for the extra session. Following as soon as possible after the reciprocity and free list bills, the tariff will be revised downward on woolen and cotton goods.

The articles in those schedules on which the greatest reduction will be made will be blankets, underwear and men's, woman's and children's clothing. The Democratic idea contemplates the placing of the lowest tax on the cheaper grade of wearing apparel used by the poor. Under the Payne Aldrich law articles used principally by the poor are taxed twice as much as the higher priced articles used by the rich.

In addition to reciprocity and tariff revision downward will come bills providing for the direct election of United States senators, publicity of campaign contribution before instead of after election, and separate statehood for Arizona and New Mexico.

While Senator LaFollette of Wisconsin was making his famous railroad speech five years ago, Senators Aldrich and Hale, to show their contempt for the veils being expressed, retired to the cloak room. As they passed out of the chamber LaFollette said:

"Mr. President, I pause in my remarks to say this, I cannot be wholly indifferent to the fact that Senators by their absence at this time indicate their want of interest in what I may have to say upon this subject. The public is interested. Unless this important question is rightly settled, seats now temporarily vacant may be permanently vacated by those who have the right to occupy them at this time."

Again, while the tariff revision was under discussion, LaFollette was insulted, and he said:

"I warn you that if you refuse to consider every proposition advanced in behalf of the public and carry out your determination to make this tariff legislation but the instrument by which special interests may enrich themselves by unjust exaction from the public, the public will hold you responsible and prove its resentment as certainly as election are held."

When the Senate convened on April 4 LaFollette's name was called and he answered. But the name of Aldrich and Hale were not called.

"Economy in public expense, that labor may be lightly burdened," is evidently not a Taft policy. While the Democrats have been endeavoring to abolish every useless office in the house of Representative, President Taft has just made increases in the salaries of White House employees as follows: Rudolph Foster, assistant secretary, salary increased

from \$3,000 to \$4,000; C. C. Wagner confidential stenographer to the President, increase from \$2,000 to \$2,500; H. P. Webster and F. M. Hendricks, expert stenographers, increases from \$2,000 to \$2,500

Practically all the tariff bills proposed by the Democrats have been already indorsed by President Taft. He has characterized the wool schedule as "indetensible" and he has admitted that the cotton schedule did not meet with his approval. Minority Leader James R. Mann introduced a bill last session creating a long free list, and while he did so merely as an incident to a filibuster, it will be hard for him to explain now that he was not in good faith. Thus it will be difficult to justify a presidential veto for any of these bills.

On the day the present Congress was called to order the writer happened to be seated beside H. B. Martin, secretary of the American Anti-Trust league. Just after Speaker Champ Clark had concluded his now-famous opening address, Mr. Martin turned toward me and said:

"There is a deeper meaning to this occasion than most of the spectators are aware. I am not speaking from a partisan viewpoint. What I allude to is that this is the first time in forty years, the first time since the trust problem has been acute in this country, that there is a real, out and out anti-trust majority in the House of Representatives."

The fact that a majority of the members of the new House stand for the passage of the reciprocity measure and the farmers' free list bill is evidence that the House is no longer controlled by the tariff trusts.

Lumber, for instance, would not go on the free list if Big Business was still in control. Heretofore the lumber interests, the same interests and individuals that are alleged to have elected and retained Lorimer in the Senate, have been able to prevent lumber from going on the free list.

The fact that wire fencing and other steel manufactures are placed on the free list, and that a sweeping investigation of the steel trust will soon be begun under the Stanley resolution is positive assurance that the steel barons are no longer able to dictate what bills shall die in committee and what bills shall be enacted into law.

It is evident also that the implement combine has lost its grip on the House, because agricultural implements, including plow, harrows, reapers, binders and mowers appear on the farmers' free list.

Nor is the beef trust still in command. If it was dressed meats would continue to be taxed, instead of going on the free list, as provided in the Democratic program.

Until this session of Congress the lumber trust, steel trust, implement trust and beer trust have had easy sailing. They have had but to contribute generously to republican campaign funds, receiving in return at the hands of the republicans sufficient protection to give them monopolies on American markets and to enable them to collect from consumers in excessive prices not only the amount of their campaign contributions, but handsome profits in addition thereto.

Men will always pay thousands to politicians or to party funds in the hope of getting back millions. Tariff for revenue not only tends to prevent monopolies and the consequent artificial prices, but cuts off a leading cause of political dishonesty and corruption.

The Phelps Photo Studio is open the first Wednesday and Thursday in each month.

Spring Clothing

The new Spring Line of Clothing is here and open for your inspection in all lines for Men and Boys.

Prices from \$1.75 to \$30.

Remember you promised yourself a new outfit for Easter. Why not look over the new stock while it is still complete?

You ought to see our new Spring Hats, Shoes and Oxfords.

Agent for Dr. Reed Cushion Soled Shoes.

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Undivided Profits 4,000

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Crookston - Nebraska

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EYES TESTED and GLASSES FITTED SCIENTIFICALLY.
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Valentine, Nebraska
References: My Many Customers.

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and Salt Meats. . .



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