

THE VALENTINE DEMOCRAT.

Published for Four Years as
CHERRY COUNTY INDEPENDENT.

VOL. XI.

VALENTINE, CHERRY CO., NEBRASKA, THURSDAY APRIL 9, 1896.

NO. 11.

THE VALENTINE DEMOCRAT
SUCCESSOR TO
CHERRY COUNTY INDEPENDENT.

ROBERT GOOD, Editor and Publisher

Democratic Mass Convention

The Democratic voters of Cherry county will meet in mass convention on Saturday, April 13th, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing delegates to state convention and to transact such other business as may properly come before it.

M. CHRISTENSEN,
Chmn. Co. Cent. Com.

SALUTATORY.

With this, the first issue of this paper under its new name of THE VALENTINE DEMOCRAT, we make our bow to the reading public of Valentine and Northwestern Nebraska, and ask their indulgence while we follow the time honored journalistic custom and air our hopes and aspirations, interests and purposes, and outline the policy the paper will pursue under our management.

Believing that in the success of the democrat party lies the only hope of permanent prosperity for the people of these United States, laborer, farmer, merchant and manufacturer alike, we shall to the best of our ability uphold and do battle for the principles of that party; but in so doing we shall endeavor to treat everyone fairly, regardless of political affiliations, "with charity to all, and malice toward none." Being a democrat we could not do otherwise, without proving traitorous to our party and principles, which accord to everyone the fullest social, religious and political liberty, and recognize no man as being better than his brother unless by the exercise of his ability he has proven himself superior.

THE VALENTINE DEMOCRAT will uphold the cause of every man who is unfairly dealt with, regardless of who the oppressor is or what position he holds. In the light of present day freedom a tyrant is despicable and deserves the severest condemnation of press and public. "To err is human," and if at times we make mistakes we will cheerfully rectify them. We accord to everyone the right to a free expression of his views, and demand the same right for ourselves; and while our opinions may not always be in exact harmony with yours, we beg that you give us credit for honesty of conviction and if you criticize, let your criticism stop short of condemnation.

The democrat party of Nebraska is in an unorganized, chaotic state, much to the regret of all who have the interest of the party at heart, and it will be our aim to assist in unifying the antagonistic elements in this, the Sixth congressional district. The party is practically without an organ in this section of the state, and to this fact is ascribable the small vote usually cast for our candidates for office. With the assistance of democrats all along the line we shall make THE DEMOCRAT a paper which can be read with interest and profit all over the northwest; to attain that end we ask the aid of the chairmen of the various county central committees.

The democrat party is not dead, as our republican friends would have the unsophisticated believe—neither is it sleeping; the grandest political organization ever known cannot die, and its foes are too active to permit it to sleep. The tide of popular favor has apparently been ebbing from us, but the reaction has commenced and when the "tides of November" have come and gone the democrat party will once more stand alone, supreme, victorious, without a peer, without a rival.

ROBERT GOOD.

Whitney for president.

A riddle—What does the Ohio republican platform mean?

Last Saturday the house of representatives passed a bill granting ex-Governor Thayer a pension of \$100 a month.

Reports from Kansas say that Governor Morrill, republican, is to be turned down at the coming state convention. He is to be congratulated.

Comparing the condition of the women of France, England and America Max O'Reil says the English woman gives up her freedom when she marries, the French woman gains it, and the American woman has it and retains it.

Treachery dark and deep has been unearthed in the ranks of Iowa republicans. They refused to elect a negro delegate to the national convention at St. Louis, and now all the colored men have veered from Allison and are shouting for "Marse McKinley."

Roller and ball-bearings are being introduced in farm machinery, such as harvesters and mowers. It is said that a mower equipped with these bearings can be drawn by a man while the machine is cutting a full swath. At the present rate of progress among inventors, it will be but a few years until the two-horse machines will be exceptions rather than the rule.

Another piece of jugglery has been attempted by this republican congress. Inserted into an appropriation bill in such a manner as to almost escape observation was a clause which would have compelled the New Mexico territorial council to meet in May, instead of December, as is the law at present. The deal was engineered by Steve Elkins, and was a very smooth piece of politics, the intention being to defer the sitting of the territorial council until May so that in the event of the inauguration of a republican president next March the council would soon be in session, ready to confirm the appointment of a republican governor.

We wish to thank Bro. Barker for the words of good will and fellowship given us in the last issue of his paper, and we assure him they are appreciated and accepted in the same kindly spirit which prompted them. We do not believe in newspaper "wars," and personal abuse is not to our taste; it does not add to the dignity of the paper or writer, nor assist in the advancement and education of a paper's readers, nor promote the public weal, and aside from giving the news these are the prime objects of a newspaper. Bro. Barker says he hopes neither of us will be compelled to carry a shotgun or six-shooter for protection, and we suggest that bowie-knives and side-sticks be added to the list.

Finance is the leading question of the day, and both the republican and democratic parties are considerably split up over "free silver, bimetalism, or single gold standard." The democrat party is divided on the question, unfortunately, and much of the energy which should be used to fight the common enemy is directed against each other. Whatever our individual views may be we should be, above all, democrats. The question of finance is not a state question, and should not enter into state politics. The democratic national convention of 1892 gave us a platform upon which to stand, and unless another is given us we should use it as our basis. We have too much faith in the democrat party to think it will adopt a "straddle" or evasive finance plank at the coming convention in Chicago. We are in favor of sound money, and believe in the free coinage of silver if an international agreement can be effected. We believe in the use of both gold and silver as money, without unjust discrimination against either. A single standard is odious to the majority of the people. The platform of the democrat party will be built with the sentiment of the people for a foundation. Let us not throw clods at each other, but work together in harmony regardless of minor differences of opinion and be Democrats first and financiers afterward.

THE REPUBLICANS

Held Their Convention Saturday and Endorsed McKinley.

The republican county convention was called to order at one o'clock Saturday afternoon by J. C. Pettijohn, and J. W. Tucker was elected chairman. After the usual preliminary skirmishing, Free Mills, C. R. Watson, C. H. Cornell, C. E. Bowring, J. C. Pettijohn, Amos Strong, Chas. Green and D. S. Ludwig were placed in nomination for delegates to the state convention at Omaha April 15th. Before commencing to ballot each candidate was called by name and gave his presidential preference, together with as much of his own political history as he could remember. C. H. Cornell took advantage of the opportunity offered when his name was called to state his views on the Manderson-McKinley embargo in a very decided manner, and made an excellent speech in favor of Mr. Manderson, calling the attention of the convention to the manner in which the latter had helped Valentine and Cherry county when U. S. senator—but nevertheless Mr. Cornell said he was in favor of McKinley as long as there was a show for his nomination. Judge Tucker said that he did not recognize the action of the few men in Omaha who effected the so-called compromise, and declared himself for Bill McKinley first, last and all the time. C. C. Bowring, of Merrimac, said he had received no instructions from the friends who elected him delegate, but they had told him that if he did not stick to McKinley they would beat his head off on his return home. From this time on it was a wild scramble to see who could say most for Manderson and yet declare himself for McKinley. After all had had their say the ballot was taken and Messrs. Mills, Watson, Cornell, Pettijohn, Bowring and Strong were declared elected delegates to the state convention. At this point E. J. Davenport raised a little storm by asking that the count be verified, some of the delegates thinking that the request was an intimation that the ballot box had been stuffed, Judge Walcott becoming especially fiery.

A resolution endorsing Manderson was passed, after which E. J. Davenport, W. T. Kinkaid, D. S. Ludwig, A. H. Ferguson, Ed. Clarke and L. L. Bivens were elected delegates to the Broken Bow convention, with instructions to use all honorable means to secure the election of "Tug" Wilson as delegate to the national convention.

A love feast was then indulged in, George Tracewell, "the third and last republican in Kewanae," giving his testimony first, after which Judge Walcott covered himself all over with glory by making one of the best republican speeches it has been our fortune to hear for some time. C. H. Cornell followed with a brief testimony given in his usual vigorous style, and Judge Tucker wound up the meeting with a fine tribute to democracy and a plea for republicanism, and then the convention adjourned.

"An indutrious young man of light complexion" advertises in the Ainsworth Home Rule for a young lady correspondent. We would advise the young man to go to school and learn to spell before entering upon a correspondence "with a view to matrimony."

If our populist friends have any announcement of caucuses, conventions, etc., they are invited to hand them in for publication. We bear them no ill will, and will gladly publish their notices as news items if for no other reason.

The Ohio house of representatives recently passed a bill prohibiting the wearing of high hats in theatres and other public places of amusement. It is thus that men continue to curtail the liberties of women.

Secretary of the treasury John G. Carlisle positively refuses to allow his name to be presented to the Chicago convention in connection with the nomination for president.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union will hold its next convention at St. Louis.

State Convention.

The state convention of the democrat party of Nebraska is hereby called to meet at Lincoln, April 29, 1896, at the hour of 4 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of selecting delegates to attend the democratic national convention to be held in Chicago on the 7th day of July, 1896. The apportionment of delegates from each county based on the vote for the Hon. T. J. Maloney, candidate for judge of the supreme court at the last general election, and including 2 delegates at large from each county is as follows:

Adams	8	Johnson	6
Antelope	4	Kearney	4
Barber	2	Keith	2
Blaine	2	Keya Paha	2
Boone	4	Kimball	2
Box Butte	5	Knox	2
Boyd	4	Lancaster	15
Brown	4	Lincoln	7
Buffalo	5	Logan	2
Burt	5	Loup	2
Butler	11	Madison	3
Cass	11	McPherson	3
Chadron	8	Merrick	2
Cherry	5	Nemaha	5
Cheyenne	4	Nuckolls	5
Clay	5	Osage	2
Colfax	7	Pawnee	4
Colunga	14	Perkins	2
Dallas	6	Phelps	2
Dawson	4	Platte	10
DeWitt	4	Polk	3
Dixon	3	Rock	3
Dodge	14	Rock	3
Douglas	10	Saline	12
Dwight	2	Saunders	4
Fillmore	5	Seward	2
Franklin	5	Shoemaker	2
Furness	2	Sheridan	2
Gage	29	Sherman	2
Garfield	2	Sioux	2
Gosper	2	Stanton	2
Grant	2	Thayer	2
Greely	5	Thomas	2
Hall	8	Thurston	10
Harrison	4	Valley	9
Hayes	4	Washington	10
Healy	3	Wayne	8
Holt	3	Webster	6
Hooker	2	Wheeler	6
Howard	5	York	5
Jefferson	5	Totals	623

The democratic state central committee: JAMES B. SHERMAN, Secretary. EUGENE MARTIN, Chairman.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE—Omaha, Neb., March 20, 1896. Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received here until 2 o'clock p. m., central standard time, April 29, 1896, and then opened for furnishing transportation, drayage, and for landing stores in Department of the Platte, during fiscal year commencing July 1, 1896. U. S. reserves right to reject or accept any or all proposals, or any portion thereof. Information furnished here by application. Envelopes containing proposals to be marked "Proposals for transportation on Route No. 1," and addressed to D. D. WHEELER, Major, U. S. A. (First publication March 25)

FINAL PROOF NOTICES' Parties having final proof notices in these columns will receive a marked copy of the paper which contains first insertion of same. It is the duty of each claimant to examine their notice carefully and should there be any error the fact should be reported to the land office and to this office at once for correction.

U. S. Land Office Valentine, Nebr., March 20th, 1896. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at Valentine, Nebraska, on May 9th, 1896, viz:

Robert L. Quisenberry, of Oasis, Nebr., H. E. No. 886, for the class of 1894, sec. 1, tp. 28, R. 23, and lot 7, sec. 6, tp. 29, R. 23. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Munson Butler, William L. Cohee, Charles R. Howard and Miez-Jah Harris, all of Oasis, Nebr. Also Munson Butler, of Oasis, Nebr., H. E. No. 884, for lots 2, 3, 4, and 5, sec. 6, tp. 29, R. 28, and lot 3, sec. 1, tp. 29, R. 29 W. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Robert L. Quisenberry, William L. Cohee, Charles R. Howard, and Miez-Jah Harris, all of Oasis, Nebr. C. R. GLOVER, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Valentine, Nebr., April 4, 1896. Notice is hereby given that George Dew, of Wood Lake, Nebraska, has filed notice of his intention to make final proof before Register and Receiver at their office in Valentine, Nebraska, on Monday, the 18th day of May, 1896, on timber culture application No. 7571, for the class of 1894, and section of section No. 28, in township No. 29, range No. 26. He names as witnesses: Ely D. Valentine, Henry L. Fischer, John Dale and Cyrus Hagen, all of Wood Lake, Nebraska. C. R. GLOVER, Register, Apr. 9, '96

U. S. Land Office Broken Bow, Nebr., March 20th, 1896. Complaint having been entered at this office by Hiram R. Edgar against Charles Rice for abandoning his Homestead Entry No. 8465, dated Oct. 20, 1880 upon the class of 1894, sec. 27, tp. 27 n and sec. 24, sec. 32, tp. 27 n R. 27 w in Cherry county, Neb., with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the same parties are hereby summoned to appear at the office of John Fritz a notary public at Broken Bow, Neb., on the 2nd day of May, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment. Final hearing at this office on the 9th day of May, 1896, at 10 a. m. CHARLES R. ADAMS, Register.

Danger Signals

More than half the victims of consumption do not know they have it. Here is a list of symptoms by which consumption can certainly be detected:—

- Cough, one or two slight efforts on rising, occurring during the day and frequently during the night.
- Short breathing after exertion.
- Tightness of the chest.
- Quick pulse, especially noticeable in the evening and after a full meal.
- Chilliness in the evening, followed by a slight fever.
- Spiration toward morning and pale face and languid in the morning.
- Loss of vitality.

If you have these symptoms, or any of them, do not delay. There are many preparations which claim to be cures, but Dr. Ficker's English Remedy for Consumption has the highest endorsements, and has stood the test of years. It will arrest consumption in its earlier stages and drive away the symptoms named. It is manufactured by the Acker Medicine Co., 16 and 18 Chambers St., New York, and sold by all reputable druggists.

STILL ON DECK!

WITH THE

Newest, Finest and Most Complete line of GROCERIES, CONFECTIONERY AND FRUIT

In this City. Also Provisions and Vegetables in season.

W. A. PETTYCREW, Prop.

Let us give you a pointer  Buy for cash and keep out of the hole.

E. McDONALD,

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Dry Goods, Clothing

Notions, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps and Furnishing Goods.

—AND A COMPLETE LINE OF—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE Also a large invoice of NAVAJO INDIAN BLANKETS

THE "RED FRONT"

CARRIES A COMPLETE LINE OF

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

JACKSON & BRAYTON, Prop. Valentine Nebraska

BANK OF VALENTINE

C. H. CORNELL, President. M. V. NICHOLSON, Cashier

Valentine, Nebraska.

A General Banking Business Transacted.

Buys and Sells Domestic and Foreign Exchange.

Correspondents:—Chemical National Bank, New York. First National Bank, Omaha

CITIZENS - MEAT - MARKET

WILL FURNISH:—

Fish, Game, Tender Steaks, Jucy Roasts, Dry Salt Meats and the finest line of Smoked Hams and Breakfast Bacon ever sold in town.

At Stetter's Old Stand on Main Street. J. W. STETTER, PROP.

THE PALACE SALOON.

HEADQUARTERS

WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS

Of the Choicest Brands.

VALENTINE, NEBRASKA

Democrat - \$1.00