

QUIET IN MEXICO CITY, WITH A VERY LIGHT VOTE POLLED

General Diaz Leading in Race for
Presidency in Balloting
at Juarez.

PIEDRAS NEGRAS FOR HUERTA

Officers Cast Votes of Soldiers for
Dictator.

CONSTITUTIONALISTS HESITATE

Nephew of Iron Man Most Talked of
in Nueveo Laredo.

JOKER GETS IN HIS WORK

Posts Burlesque Bulletin Announc-
ing "Willie Grape Juice" and
"Woodrow Bluff" as Can-
didates.

EL PASO, Tex., Oct. 26.—General Felix Diaz is leading the race for the Mexican presidency in the balloting in Juarez. Several hundred votes had been cast by noon today and the majority of them were said to be for the nephew of Don Porfirio Diaz. No disturbances have occurred so far and there is little indication of trouble. General Jose Inez Salazar, who reached Juarez last night with 700 cavalry, departed at 11:30 this morning over the National railway in the direction of Chihuahua City. Military officials deny he will make a scouting trip over the line, returning to Juarez this evening. No election for state officials is being held. Governor Mercado having postponed it for one month.

No Preparations for Election.
EAGLE PASS, Tex., Oct. 26.—Although it was positively announced last night that elections would be held in Piedras Negras, former constitutionalist capital held now by federalists, no preparations for balloting were to be seen early today. Citizens and many soldiers who gathered in the streets, apparently to watch the balloting, quickly melted from sight in a cold, raw wind which began about daylight. Early in the forenoon federal army officers in Piedras Negras intimated there might not be any attempt at holding an election because of a provision in the constitution said to forbid balloting while the country is not in a state of peace.

Say Election Illegal.
Federal officers said openly that because so many voting districts are now in a state of revolution an election today would be illegal and therefore that President Huerta will continue to hold office until the country is sufficiently at peace to warrant a legal ballot.

A joke posted near army headquarters in Piedras Negras a burlesque bulletin announcing the candidates today as:

"Victoriano Huerta."
"Willie Grape Juice."
"Woodrow Bluff."

Early in the day no apparent attention had been given to this sign by the federal authorities. It caused considerable amusement to passersby.

Little Interest Excited.
DALLAS, Tex., Oct. 26.—Voting in the Mexican general elections today at points along the Texas border excited little interest and the polls closed without serious disorder. At Piedras Negras, opposite Eagle Pass, federal officials took the bulk of the soldiers who formed the guard of the voters and unofficial returns gave Huerta more than 2,500 of a total of 2,800 votes cast.

Mexico City Quiet.
NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—Private advices were received here this afternoon from Mexico City stating that the city was quiet at noon and that a very light vote was being polled.

Diaz in His Quarters.
VERA CRUZ, Oct. 26.—The polls opened here at 9 o'clock this morning. An exceedingly light election was anticipated. Felix Diaz still remained in his quarters today, explaining his reason for so doing with the declaration that his wife was ill.

Crowds Collect.
EAGLE PASS, Tex., Oct. 26.—At Piedras Negras crowds continued to collect from time to time notwithstanding the sale seemingly in expectation that the polls would open.

Diaz Most Talked Of.
LAREDO, Tex., Oct. 26.—Election day opened peacefully in Nueveo Laredo, opposite here, with election officials at their post and a light early vote turning out. Constitutionalists hesitated to vote. Felix Diaz was more talked of than any other presidential candidate in political discussions everywhere to be heard about the streets.

Polk Man Badly Hurt.
YORK, Neb., Oct. 26.—(Special.)—Jess Thompson of Polk was brought to the York hospital Friday evening suffering with a sprained back. He was assisting in felling a tree, which fell across his body.

WOOLING FORTUNE FOR FARMS

Seventy-Six Thousand Register for
Chance at Land.

NUMBER ARRIVE TOO LATE

Greatest Competition on Record
Considering Number of Prizes
That Will Be Awarded to
Lucky Ones.

TOTAL REGISTRATION.

North Platte 30,822
Broken Bow 30,039
Valentine 18,189

Total 79,050

When the last man had registered for the government land that is located in the North Platte Forest reserve and Nebraska Military reservation at midnight Sunday night, 79,050 names of persons expecting to draw the magic No. 1 had been put on Judge Witten's registration books. The last man to be recorded was an old soldier, John C. Farrell, residing at 1107 South Eleventh street, St. Louis, Mo.

RUSH KEEPS ON INTO NIGHT

Over Thirty Thousand Persons Are Cared for at Broken Bow.

BROKEN BOW, Neb., Oct. 26.—(Special Telegram.)—The near approach of the closing hours sees no diminution in the land registrations. Cloudy weather which has prevailed this afternoon has not prevented hundreds of people from registering who came here by auto, while the Burlington road has brought in crowds of the people from both east and west.

Today's registration, ending at 4 o'clock this afternoon, exceeds that of yesterday considerably, it being 3,166. The total registration up to that hour was 29,655. There is no doubt that when the booth closes at 12 o'clock tonight the total registration for the two weeks will have exceeded 30,000.

The thousands of strangers who have been here these last two weeks have been handled by the city and railroad in a most competent manner. There were ample accommodations for all, and at no time has the Burlington uncomfortably crowded its coaches at this point.

During the night and day the trains have brought in 1,575 passengers. One of the large moving picture concerns had its representative on the ground, and several excellent views were taken, Lead Receiver John Reese figuring prominently in one of them.

During the registration the tallest man to pass through the booth was a Custer county product, and measured six feet seven inches. The shortest man came from Ord and was four feet five inches, while the heaviest man registered from Lincoln and gave his weight as 375 pounds.

Many newspaper representatives, both local and foreign, have crowded about the booth at all times, soliciting for subscriptions, and only one out of the number has been ejected for illegal work.

The Association of Soldiers, numbering thirty-eight members, will register rather handsomely on the two weeks' rather. Four hundred passengers came on train No. 28, arriving at 6:30 tonight.

NORTH PLATTE, Neb., Oct. 26.—(Special Telegram.)—Registration for the day ending at 4 p. m. was 2,753, making a total number of applicants for homesteads here now of 39,968.

Union Pacific train No. 15 this morning brought 850 and train No. 11 and second 19, coming in close together this afternoon, brought 324. Cold and blistering weather, the first since registration began, has caused those coming in automobiles to be many less in numbers. Promptly at midnight registration ended. The last day of registration promises to be one of the largest.

VALENTINE, Neb., Oct. 26.—(Special Telegram.)—The total registration at the close was 1,791. Miss Elizabeth Bush, one of the notaries, was the last person to register. Train No. 2, bearing thirty registrants, was late, and arrived here at 11:50, making a stop at the coal chutes where the crowd rushed off and ran to the booth. They reached it barely in time to register.

Building and Many
Autos Damaged by
Flames at Superior

SUPERIOR, Neb., Oct. 26.—(Special Telegram.)—The biggest fire in Superior's history was in the Superior garage and Odd Fellows' hall building. It was discovered by Night Watchman Gates at 2:45 a. m. The garage was filled with nearly a dozen automobiles and all were badly damaged. The prompt response of volunteer firemen saved them from being a total loss. A strong gale of wind blew from the north and the blaze could be seen for miles.

IF SCHOOLMASTERS' CLUB WAS IN POLITICS

Organization Might Be Made Very
Efficient in Any Sort of
Campaign.

MEMBERSHIP WELL LOCATED

Strategic Positions Occupied by the
Society Admirable.

SOME INTERESTING RECORDS

Coincidences that Show What Might
Possibly Happen.

MEMBER ALWAYS SUCCEEDS

Every Time One Runs for Office the
Outsider Is Left Far Behind
in the Count of
Votes.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Neb., Oct. 26.—(Special.)—The Schoolmasters' Club of Nebraska is not in politics, if lamp post interviews with "prominent members" of the club living in Lincoln as set forth in a Lincoln paper is to be believed, but the whole agitation over the removal of Dr. Thomas from the Kearney normal is due to the "agitation of certain Omaha papers, who are prone to look upon the Schoolmasters' club as a sort of Lincoln organization."

In an endeavor to show that the Schoolmasters' club is not a Lincoln organization and that it is not in politics Lincoln members of the club are quoted as saying that because so many of the club live in Lincoln is because of the geographical situation and the state university.

How They Are Located.
The records of the Schoolmasters' club show that of the 100 members, thirty-five live in the capital city and its suburbs. The other members are scattered over the state, and so scattered that were it the days of the railroads in politics and the old convention system it would look suspiciously suspicious.

Strangely, the Schoolmasters' club has representatives in all of the thickly settled counties and most of the larger towns. They are so situated that if the club wanted to cut a figure in politics it could do so very successfully because of the geographical location of its membership. Is there any political organization of the state or any politician who would not be in his political glory if he had a working representative in the following counties, which have all the way from one to four representatives of the Schoolmasters' club:

Adams, Box Bluff, Butler, Buffalo, Burr, Cass, Colfax, Clay, Custer, Dodge, Douglas, Dawes, Dixon, Grant, Hall, Hamilton, Jefferson, Johnson, Madison, Nemaha, Nemaha, Otoe, Platte, Phelps, Red Willow, Richardson, Saunders, Sedwick, Saline, Stanton, Washington, Wayne, York and with headquarters in Lancaster county with a working force of thirty-five members.

Effects on Primary.
In 1908, the first year that state officers were nominated at a primary, the Schoolmasters' club was represented by four out of the five candidates for state superintendent. One republican outside of the club had the sand to buck up against the stone wall and has not been heard from since. E. C. Bishop, a member of the club, landed the republican nomination and was elected. In his selection of a deputy he picked a member of the club, or at least his name now appears on the roster.

In 1910, of the four candidates, Frank S. Perdue was the only man who bucked against the line and he, too, went down to defeat. This was the year that the club got behind J. W. Crabtree after he had been deposed by the normal school board, and on a "sob" platform he was elected and a member of the Schoolmasters' club was kept as a deputy.

In 1912 it was a direct fight between members of the Schoolmasters' club and the outsiders on the republican side. J. E. Delsell represented the club with G. W. Whitehorn opposing him. On the democratic ticket E. E. Monroe tried conclusions with two members of the club, R. V. Clark and John Speedie. In each case the anti-club candidate was badly distanced, but somehow the republicans did not remember his unsuccessful competitor in the primary when he was elected, and appoint him to a good office as had been done in former years. But he was not a member of the Schoolmasters' club, and that might be the reason.

Why It Is Limited.
A Lincoln member of the club says that one reason why the club is limited to 100 members, is because if it was not so it would be too much like the State Teachers' association. In other words, a club of 100 members can be more easily handled than one with an unlimited number and the little club of the select could manipulate matters as they wanted it anyhow. To show how successfully the club has worked in the teachers' organization, every president of that organization elected in the past half a dozen years is a member of the Schoolmasters' club, and still the club is not in politics.

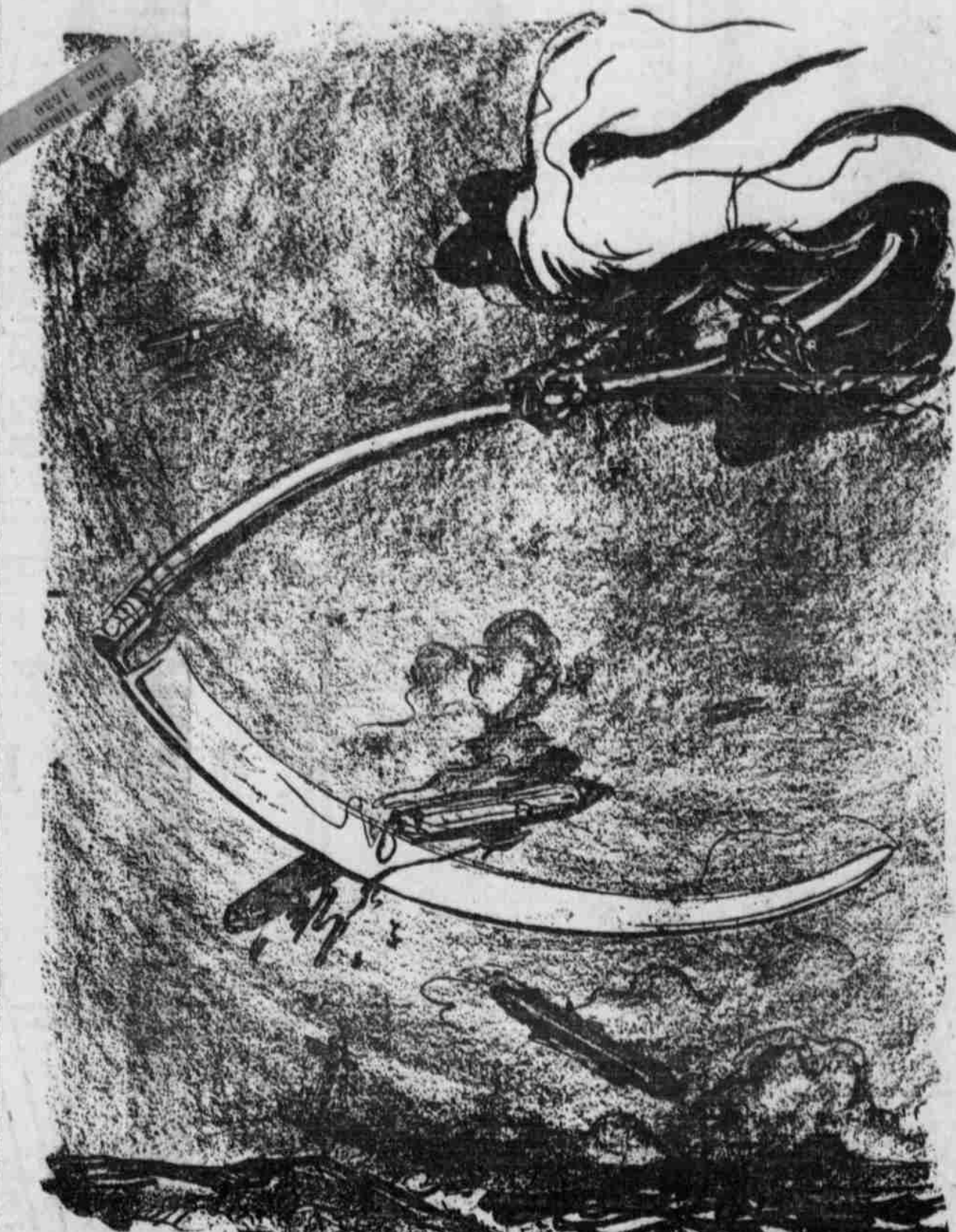
Earle Loses Second Round in Bank Suit

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Neb., Oct. 26.—(Special.)—Homer Earle of Ulysses lost the second round in the Ulysses State bank trouble, in which he sought to compel the State Banking board to re-examine the bank. He lost out in his attempt to secure the writ to compel the board to act and the present case was one brought for damages against Secretary Royce of the banking board, in which Royce filed a demurrer.

Earle shed for damages claimed to be sustained by reason of letters sent to Royce being sent by Royce to the bank people who in turn sued Earle for damages because of the letters. Judge Stewart of the Lancaster county district court held that Royce was not held because he had general duties toward the public.

The Conquest of the Air



From the New York Sun.

INCOME TAX RULES ISSUED

Finally Revised Regulations Made
Public by Treasury Bureau.

MANY CONFERENCES ARE HELD

Detailed Provisions to Guard
Against Duplication of the
Withholding of the
Tax.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—The Treasury department tonight issued the finally revised regulations for deduction of the new income tax at the source on interest maturing on bonds, notes and similar obligations of corporations, joint stock companies or associations and insurance companies, classed by the department under the general term of "debtor" for the collection purposes. The promulgation of the regulations followed an all-day series of conferences between Secretary McAdoo and his assistants.

The regulations embody reforms of certificates as to ownership exemption, partnership, etc., and are technical in terms. Because of the short time allowed for the interpretation of the law and the issuance of these regulations, bringing the date so near November 1, when the deduction must begin, it is temporarily provided that on November 1, 1913, and for fifteen days thereafter, interest coupons presented to a debtor need be accompanied only by temporary informal certificates.

Begins Next Saturday.
A tax of 1 per cent will be deducted at the source, beginning next Saturday, from all income accruing and payable to every United States citizen residing at home or abroad and to every person residing in the United States, though not a citizen, which income may be derived from interest upon bonds and mortgages or deeds of trust or other similar obligations, including equipment, trust agreements and receivers' certificates of corporations and joint stock companies or associations and insurance companies, although such interest does not amount to \$500, government obligations being excepted. Certificates claiming exemption may be filed by bond-holding individuals.

There are detailed provisions to guard against duplication of the withholding of the tax. The coupons or registered interest must be accompanied by certificates of ownership signed by each holder of bonds for such separate issue of bonds or obligations of each debtor. If the coupons are not accompanied by the prescribed certificates, the first bank or collecting agency receiving the coupons for collection or otherwise shall deduct and withhold the tax and attach to the coupons its own certificate, with descriptive memoranda. Debtors, whose bonds must be registered, must deduct a tax of 4 per cent of interest accruing on all bonds before sending out checks for the interest to registered owners, or before paying such interest upon interest orders until proper certificates claiming exemption are filed with the debtor of fiscal agent.

Provision of Regulations.
The tax shall not be withheld, the regulations provide, on coupons or registered interest maturing and payable before March 1, 1913, although later presented for payment.

All persons, firms or corporations undertaking for accommodation or profit the collection of coupons, checks or bills of exchange for payment of interest or dividends upon foreign obligations must obtain a license from the internal revenue department.

(Continued on Page Two.)

MAN ARRESTED SAYS HE IS NOT THE RIGHT PERSON

Once a great part rose, or sat, maybe, kind said "All is vanity." So a young man left Crawford, Neb., Friday night carrying a neat case. It so happened that at about the same time, C. B. Spearman, who is chief of police in the fair city of Crawford, wrote a telegram to Steve Maloney, boss of the Omaha detective, in which it was stated to look out for a man answering the description of N. C. Lacombe.

Sullivan and Lahey, local detectives, looked out. They found a man answering the description, who is charged with having attempted to pass a worthless check for \$1,500. The man arrested said he in the banking business at Cassville, Mo.

WANT CHURCH TO GO "DRY"

W. C. T. U.'s Favor Use of Unfermented Wine at Communion.

APPEAL TO EPISCOPAL BISHOPS

Request Reaches House of Deputies
and President Says "Why Don't
They Leave Things
Alone?"

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—The convention of the World's Woman's Christian Temperance union adopted a resolution yesterday requesting the house of bishops of the Protestant Episcopal church to "consider the propriety" of using unfermented wine at the communion in place of fermented wine, "which contains the narcotic poison alcohol."

The resolution was a substitute for one originally offered setting forth that fermented wine "could not truly represent the blood of Christ."

This phrase was objected to by English delegates, who argued that it would antagonize the Church of England. The English delegates also objected to an amendment declaring that "Jesus, commended unfermented wine in the holy communion."

The resolution came too late to be given attention by the house of bishops before adjournment.

The objections were voiced by Miss Agnes E. Stack, honorary secretary of the organization, who said that the bishop of Lincoln told her the Church of England could not offer the sacrament in unfermented wine and that the archbishop of Canterbury told her: "If you pass such a resolution I shall see my influence to see that no member of the Anglican church joins our organization."

The request of the Woman's Christian Temperance union reached the Episcopal convention informally two hours before the time set for adjournment. Rev. Dr. Alexander, chairman of the house of deputies, threw up his hands in a gesture of dismay when he was told of the request.

"The good ladies might just as well not have wasted their efforts," he exclaimed. "Why don't they leave these things alone? Of course we shall not act on it. It is too late now. In the first place it would require a two-thirds vote to consider any new business; in the second place we would have to change the prayer book and that, too, requires a two-thirds vote."

Rev. Dr. Amosie of this city, secretary of the house of deputies, had only to say that "This is not a grape juice church."

WILSON HITS AT HUERTA

In Eulogy of Penn. He Touches on
Present Day Problems.

FORECAST OF NOTE TO NATIONS

Proclaims Doctrine Whole Hemisphere
Should Be Devoted to
Peace Government Stained with
Blood Cannot Endure.

SWANSMORE, Pa., Oct. 26.—President Wilson, in a speech yesterday, proclaimed the doctrine that the whole western hemisphere should be devoted to one sacred purpose—"that nowhere can any government endure which is stained by blood or supported by anything but the consent of the governed."

It was extolling the spirit with which William Penn sought to establish "a free commonwealth" in America that the president incidentally revealed his thoughts on present day problems. His utterances, it is known, reflect the ideas which the Washington administration is preparing to announce to the nations of the world in a formal note on the policy of the United States toward Mexico. The president spoke in a big tent not far from the spot where Penn landed, the exercises being commemorative also of "Founder's day" at Swarthmore college. He was enthusiastically cheered.

Congress Hall Rededicated.
PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 26.—Congress hall, in historic Independence square, where the senate and house of representatives sat from 1790 to 1800, was rededicated yesterday with patriotic exercises, the occasion marking the completion of the restoration of the hall to almost its original appearance. President Wilson was the central figure in the ceremonies and delivered a twenty-minute address in which he harked back to the early days of the republic and contrasted men and things of those times with the present.

President Wilson, who was accompanied from Washington by Secretaries Wilson and Huston, Speaker Clark, Ambassador Jusserand of France and a delegation of members of the senate and house, was given an encouraging reception.

Speaker Clark made a patriotic address in which he said that if the political calendar had saint days, the Fourth of July would be known as Saint Jefferson day.

Dog Amuses Itself Killing Chickens

Paul Castor of 424 Grand avenue reported to the police yesterday that somebody broke into his chicken house Saturday night, helped himself and then left his dog inside to amuse himself. Castor says that when he went out to the chicken house Sunday morning all of his chickens were killed and the dog was sleeping peacefully on a bed of feathers. Castor shot the dog. He reports that between seventy-five and eighty chickens had been killed by the dog, and that he does not know how many were stolen.

HUNDRED MILLIONAIRES EAT LUNCHEON IN BAGGAGE CARS

CHICAGO, Oct. 26.—One hundred millionaires today ate luncheon in two baggage cars at Gary, Ind. They were officers of the subsidiary companies of the United States Steel corporation who went to the Indiana city to inspect the corporation's plant there.

OUTBREAKS AGAINST THE JEWS FEARED THROUGH RUSSIA

Outrages in Czar's Land Appear
Likely Whatever the Result
of Belia Trial.

PREPARATIONS BEING MADE

Dispatches from Various Quarters
Indicate Trouble.

'BLACK HUNDRED' ORGAN ROARS

Comments in Inflammatory Article
on Alleged Threats.

TWO SECRET POLICE TESTIFY

Declare that While Posting as Criminals They Learned Vera's
Brother, with Two Others,
Killed Yushinsky.

KIEV, Oct. 26.—As the trial of Mendel Belia, charged with murdering the Christian boy, Andrew Yushinsky, in March, 1911, proceeds the uneasy feeling in growing that whatever the result, outbreaks against the Jews will follow. Dispatches from various quarters indicate active preparations in this direction.

The "Black Hundred" organ, The Two-Headed Eagle, in an inflammatory article today, commenting on alleged Jewish threats against Russia published in the Vienna press, calls on its readers "to remember always and everywhere the infamous words uttered by Jewish publicists and that the Jews dare to insult the sacred name of our adored emperor and disgrace his sacred person and the whole imperial family."

Vera Teberlik's convict brother, Simulevsky, and his accomplice, Rudinsky, testified. Vera's brother denied that he had ever seen Yushinsky. Rudinsky denied knowing Vera.

At the trial two secret police agents, in confirming former Chief of Police Kravinsky's evidence, testified that while posting as criminals they had learned from Singulevsky that he, with Rudinsky and Lattishev, had killed Yushinsky in Vera's house.

The police today arrested many persons in the suburbs of Kiev on the charge of attempting to incite riots against Jews.

Twenty-Five Auto Trucks Laden with Flowers for Busch

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 26.—The funeral of Adolphus Busch, who died two weeks ago in Germany, took place Saturday afternoon in the presence of the members of the family and 150 honorary pallbearers.

At the hour of the funeral, street cars throughout the city were stopped for five minutes, and in many downtown offices work was suspended. While the small company within the Busch mansion, listened to the orchestra as it played three of the favorite classical selections of Mr. Busch and to the eulogy of Charles Nagel, former secretary of commerce and labor, thousands stood waiting outside and along the park drives and residential streets over which the funeral procession was to pass.

A few minutes before the service began a delegation from the Grand Army of the Republic, of which Mr. Busch was a member, entered the house and draped over the coffin a large American flag.

Frederick Von Lottner, a member of the German legation at Washington in the name of the German emperor, placed on the coffin a wreath. The coffin was borne out of the house and placed on an automobile truck, and old employees of the brewery accompanied the coffin around the brewery.

When the coffin was brought back to the gate, the journey to Bellefontaine cemetery began. Twenty-five automobile trucks, laden with floral tributes, many of them costing more than \$1,000, took a short route to the cemetery and were there when the funeral cortege, which had followed a long course, arrived.

A Question of Intelligence

There have been a great many things said and written about the comparative superiority of masculine and feminine minds. This is a profound question on which we do not wish to take sides, but there is one point we would like to make and that is that no mind, masculine or feminine, is truly intelligent that is not thoroughly up with the times.

And what does being up with the times imply? It implies being conversant with all the various trends of human thought and action; inventions and discoveries, political, religious and social movements, literary and artistic productions and many others too numerous to mention.

To these must be added one phase of human activity that is sometimes overlooked by thoughtless persons much to their own disadvantage, and that is the wonderful manufacturing and commercial development of the present day. The news of these fields of activity is found most concretely in the advertising columns of The Bee and other good newspapers. No person can be really intelligent today without keeping himself or herself informed by diligent reading of newspaper advertisements.

The Weather

| Temperature at Omaha Yesterday. | | | | |
|---|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| Hour. | Fair. | Temp. | | |
| 5 a. m. | 54 | 42 | | |
| 6 a. m. | 54 | 42 | | |
| 7 a. m. | 54 | 42 | | |
| 8 a. m. | 54 | 42 | | |
| 9 a. m. | 54 | 42 | | |
| 10 a. m. | 54 | 42 | | |
| 11 a. m. | 54 | 42 | | |
| 12 m. | 54 | 42 | | |
| 1 p. m. | 54 | 42 | | |
| 2 p. m. | 54 | 42 | | |
| 3 p. m. | 54 | 42 | | |
| 4 p. m. | 54 | 42 | | |
| 5 p. m. | 54 | 42 | | |
| 6 p. m. | 54 | 42 | | |
| 7 p. m. | 54 | 42 | | |
| 8 p. m. | 54 | 42 | | |
| 9 p. m. | 54 | 42 | | |
| 10 p. m. | 54 | 42 | | |
| 11 p. m. | 54 | 42 | | |
| 12 m. | 54 | 42 | | |
| Comparative Local Record. | | | | |
| 1912 1911 1910 | | | | |
| Highest yesterday | 54 | 74 | 42 | 60 |
| Lowest yesterday | 32 | 44 | 23 | 44 |
| Mean temperature | 46 | 59 | 38 | 52 |
| Precipitation | .00 | .00 | .00 | .00 |
| Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal. | | | | |
| Normal temperature | 49 | | | |
| Deficiency for the day | 15 | | | |
| Total excess since March | 30 | | | |
| Normal precipitation | .02 | | | |
| Deficiency for the day | .02 | | | |
| Total rainfall since March | 20.30 | | | |
| Deficiency since March 1 | 4.00 | | | |
| Deficiency for cor. period, 1912 | 1.28 | | | |
| Deficiency for cor. period, 1911 | 1.49 | | | |