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THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER
Local Showers

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September Morn

AMERICANS RESENT
WARNING TO "BEAT
IT" OUT OF MEXICO

President's Action "Unwarranted"
and "Due to Ignorance," Say
Telegrams from Capital.

FEW OF COLONY MEAN TO GO
Their Leaving Would Prejudice Wel-
fare and Financial Interests.

MISSIONARIES UP IN ARMS
Reasons for Instructions for Exodus
Appear to Them Inadequate.

REACTION FROM FIRST SCORE
More Southbound Persons Crossing
the Border at Arizona Point
Than Refugees Hastening
in Other Direction.

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—President Wilson's recommendation that American residents of Mexico leave the country, "is resented" by the American colony in Mexico City, few Americans intend to leave, if they do leave their welfare and financial interests "would be seriously prejudiced," the president's action was "unwarranted" and due to "simple ignorance of what is actually transpiring in Mexico"—this summarizes the contents of various telegrams of protest received in this city yesterday and today from Mexico City.

Senor Sebastian Camacho, president of the Mexican senate, and one of Mexico's elder statesmen, telegraphed to James A. Scribner, president of the Mexican Telegraph company, advising the American colony "is satisfied and tranquil" and requesting him to call President Wilson's attention to "the tremendous damages, which would result from his warning for which in all loyalty I state that there is no reason."

Missionaries Object.
The Methodist Episcopal board of foreign missions received advice from Dr. John W. Butler, superintendent of its mission in Mexico City, saying that the "Washington instructions for an American exodus" were "much resented" by the American colony, "that the reasons given for it appear inadequate" and that the missionaries there objected to leaving.

In view of this protest, the Methodist board, the Presbyterian board, and those of other denominations have declined to advise their missionaries to leave the country, recommending only that the women and children be recalled to places of safety.

The Mexican Telegraph company received a telegram from its superintendent in Mexico City, Charles E. Cummings, saying that there was "a strong reaction from the first scare caused by President Wilson's command to leave Mexico," and that in his opinion "a very small proportion of the American colony here will go."

More Going South.
NOGALES, Ariz., Aug. 31.—Americans leaving Mexico through this port are outnumbered by those going into that country. Only six United States citizens came out of Sonora on the last train, while on the first train today into that Mexican state, were American Consul Louis A. Brackett, returning to his post at Hermosillo, and several other American citizens.

Americans in Sonora are reported generally unconcerned for themselves. The military commander at Nogales, Sonora, has assured American Consul Simplich that absolute protection would be given foreigners.

Refugees Returning.
DOUGLAS, Ariz., Aug. 31.—Under promise of the state authorities, American refugees who hastened across the border when President Wilson issued his warning to Americans to quit the country, returned today and resumed their occupations.

The absence of anti-American demonstrations and assurance of protection from the Sonora state officials apparently have served to cause Americans in Sonora generally to disregard the warning of the president.

Nothing But Their Clothes.
NEW ORLEANS, La., Aug. 31.—After having lost everything they owned and glad to escape with their lives, tenets of three American refugees from Mexico arrived here late today on the steamer, City of Tampa, from Vera Cruz. Many of the Americans came from the interior and had nothing but the clothes they wore.

Fourteen of the party came from Durango, the capital of which has been in the hands of the rebels for some time. Mrs. Mary A. Brackett, told of repeated visits of rebels to her home and how, with drawn pistols and sabers, they robbed her of almost everything in her

The Weather

Table with 2 columns: Time (5 A.M., 6 A.M., 7 A.M., 8 A.M., 9 A.M., 10 A.M., 11 A.M., 12 M., 1 P.M., 2 P.M., 3 P.M., 4 P.M., 5 P.M., 6 P.M., 7 P.M.) and Temperature (72, 71, 70, 69, 68, 67, 66, 65, 64, 63, 62, 61, 60, 59, 58, 57, 56, 55, 54, 53, 52, 51, 50, 49, 48, 47, 46, 45, 44, 43, 42, 41, 40, 39, 38, 37, 36, 35, 34, 33, 32, 31, 30, 29, 28, 27, 26, 25, 24, 23, 22, 21, 20, 19, 18, 17, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0).

Comparative Local Record.
Official record of temperature and precipitation as compared with the corresponding period of the last three years:
Highest yesterday, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1910.
Lowest yesterday, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1910.
Mean temperature, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1910.
Precipitation, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1910.
Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal:
Excess for the day, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1910.
Total excess since March 1, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1910.
Normal precipitation, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1910.
Deficiency for the day, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1910.
Total deficiency since March 1, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1910.
Deficiency for year, period, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1910.
Deficiency for year, period, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1910.

WOULD GIVE COURTS LIBERTY

Conference of Jurists Seeks Liberty from Binding Statutes.

REFORM OF PROCEDURE NEEDED

"We Need a Little More Freedom of Compositing by Judges Over Back Fences," Says Speaker at Montreal Meet.

MONTREAL, Aug. 31.—The first interstate conference of judges since the United States of America became a nation met here tonight to plan for uniformity of judicial procedure. The conference was preliminary to the annual meeting of the American Bar association which opens here Monday. New York state was represented chiefly by the presiding judges of its courts of last resort. Three were present, also judges representing the nine federal circuit courts of appeals and the federal courts of Hawaii, Porto Rico and the court of appeals of the District of Columbia.

The aim of the conference is to eliminate delay and reduce the expenses of litigation. The judges wish to have the courts released from some of the statutes that now bind them and left free to make their own rules. It was suggested that the supreme court have superintendence over the rules of pleading and practice in all federal and state courts and gradually bring about uniform court procedure.

Shelton Presides.
Thomas W. Shelton of Virginia, chairman of the committee on uniform judicial procedure of the bar association, presided. In his address, Mr. Shelton predicted that the gathering would mean to interstate judicial delegations what the Mount Vernon conference of 1787 between Virginia and Maryland meant to interstate commerce relations.

The practical men of commerce, said Mr. Shelton, are demanding the injection of practical common sense in the machinery of the courts and congress and the legislatures are being called upon to give the courts the necessary power. He advocated a "flexible" system of interstate judicial relations, declaring that it ought to be quite as possible and even less difficult than the present plan of interstate commerce relations. Instead of thousands of merchants, manufacturers and bankers and hundreds of railroads and other human endeavors, creating difficult complications to solve, there would be forty-eight supreme appellate courts and nine federal circuit courts of appeals to agree upon any given principle.

"We need a little more freedom of compositing by the judges over the back fences," he added.

Haldane Visits West Point.
WEST POINT N. Y., Aug. 31.—Vice-count Haldane, lord high chancellor of Great Britain, who is en route to Montreal, visited the military academy today. Lord Haldane came up the Hudson from New York on J. Pierpont Morgan's yacht Corsair.

The Corsair dropped anchor off West Point at 1 o'clock and was immediately boarded by Colonel Clarence P. Townley, superintendent of the academy, accompanied by his staff and members of the academic board. In the boarding party also were Charles J. Roberts, minister of justice of the Dominion of Canada, and Sir Lomer Gouin, premier of the province of Quebec, who came from Canada to meet the lord high chancellor at West Point.

After the usual courtesies had been exchanged on board the yacht, the whole party came ashore and was escorted to the Plains by a troop of negro regulars. A salute of nineteen guns was fired and the battalion of cadets was drawn up in review formation on the grass plain.

Stops Before Mirror to "Primp" and Falls Into Hands of Cops

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 31.—Stopping for half an hour to "primp" before a mirror and adorn himself in raiment he was preparing to steal caused the undoing of Thomas Kennedy, arrested on a charge of burglary in a home in the fashionable South Side residence district early today, after a revolver battle with three policemen.

Kennedy forgot to pull down the blinds. Neighbors called the police. Kennedy had arrayed himself in a stolen summer suit, adjusted a borrowed cravat and was selecting a scarf pin from an assortment spread out on the dresser, when the policemen halted him. Kennedy emptied his revolver in the direction of the officers and a returned labor leader, and Constable Farbridge have been sentenced to three months' imprisonment because of speeches inciting to riot.

RIOTING RESULTS FROM DUBLIN TRAMWAY STRIKE

Dublin, Aug. 31.—Pierce rioting has been from the tramway strike, which began last Tuesday, and the government has prohibited as seditious a mass meeting of strikers which was organized for Sunday. A great crowd assembled about the transport workers' headquarters to-night and the police charged with clubs in an effort to disperse the demonstrators. Stones and broken bottles filled the air and many persons were hurt.

PARIS GOWNS OF ST. JOE WOMAN SEIZED AT NEW YORK

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—Paris gowns, worth \$1,000, the property of Mrs. I. H. Bartle of St. Joseph, Mo., were seized by customs inspectors for alleged non-declaration of duties on Mrs. Bartle's arrival here today on the steamer Province. Mrs. Bartle pleaded illness and said the failure to declare them was unintentional. She was directed to appear next Tuesday for a hearing.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Aug. 30.—Mrs. Bartle, whose gowns were seized in New York today by customs inspectors, is a fashionable dressmaker, who has been engaged in business here for many years. Her husband is a traveling man.



Drawn for The Bee by Hal Coffman.

OMAHA'S HOTTEST AUGUST

Mean Temperature Last Month Breaks All Records.

THIS SUMMER IS WORST OF ALL
Light Showers Reported at Few Points Between Here and Lincoln on Burlington, but That Is All.

Records of the local weather bureau show that this has been the hottest August since the establishment of the weather office in this city, forty-two years ago. For the first thirty days the average mean temperature was 84.4 degrees above zero.

Way back in 1880 there was an August when the mean temperature for the month was 80. Then again, in 1908, there was another August when the mean temperature was 80. But this month has been all beaten. There is still one day left in which there may be a fall, but there is very little or no chance of the mean average for the month dropping below the 80 degree mark, and it is practically certain that the August record will be broken.

In addition to this being the hottest August known in Omaha, there was another record broken. There were just nine days in this month when the mercury in the tube climbed to the 100 degree mark or over. That is a new record. There were sixteen days during the summer when the temperature was 100 or above. In 1901 there were fifteen days of 100 degree temperature. That year made a record that stood for three years.

Following is the mean temperature for every day thus far this month:
August 1, 77; August 2, 77; August 3, 77; August 4, 77; August 5, 77; August 6, 77; August 7, 77; August 8, 77; August 9, 77; August 10, 77; August 11, 77; August 12, 77; August 13, 77; August 14, 77; August 15, 77; August 16, 77; August 17, 77; August 18, 77; August 19, 77; August 20, 77; August 21, 77; August 22, 77; August 23, 77; August 24, 77; August 25, 77; August 26, 77; August 27, 77; August 28, 77; August 29, 77; August 30, 77; August 31, 77.

Despite the fact that Omaha's light sprinkle Saturday afternoon was accompanied by heavy black clouds, local railroad headquarters said early last night that with the exception of little showers at various points along the Burlington between Omaha and Lincoln, no rain fell in their territory in Nebraska. The weather was threatening at several localities very much as it was at Omaha.

ENTICING GIRL OUT OF STATE COSTLY FOR HARVEST HAND

YANKTON, S. D., Aug. 31.—(Special Telegram.)—Alvin Branberg, a harvest hand, pleaded guilty before Judge R. D. Tripp to a statutory charge for enticing 17-year-old Lila Dean of Menno to North Dakota and was sentenced to ten years in the state penitentiary. Branberg will be indicted under the Mann act next October for an additional sentence.

Railroads Decide to Fight New Law For Stock Passes

(From a Staff Correspondent.)
LINCOLN, Aug. 31.—(Special.)—The State Railway commission has been informed that the railroads are ignoring the new law requiring return transportation for one-car shipments and will file a suit to test the law.

It is understood that the railroads contend that the courts of other states have decided such laws in favor of the railroad and believe that a test in this state will bring the same result. The bill which amended the old law, which called for return transportation when two cars were shipped, was changed to one car and was introduced by Senator Grace of Harlan county.

Byron Clark, attorney for the Burlington; N. H. Loomis, general solicitor for the Union Pacific, and A. A. McLaughlin, attorney for the Northwestern, have all decided that the roads cannot be forced to furnish transportation both ways on one-car shipments of stock.

Glynn Says Sulzer Gave Him a Message For Tammany Chief

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 31.—Double dealing was imputed to Governor Sulzer in his direct primary campaign by Acting Governor Martin H. Glynn today. Mr. Glynn declared that just prior to the opening of his direct primary campaign Governor Sulzer requested him to convey privately to Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany hall, the assurance that "he must not pay any attention to what Mr. Sulzer might say on the stump regarding direct primaries," as what he would say on the stump would be what he considered would be good for himself. Mr. Glynn said he was further requested by Governor Sulzer to "assure Mr. Murphy that when the campaign was over Governor Sulzer and Mr. Murphy could get together and fix up matters to their mutual satisfaction."

LABOR DAY EVENTS.

Parade through Omaha business district at 10:30 a. m.
Picnic at Krug park in afternoon, with speaking by Miss Mary O'Reilly of Chicago, Mayor DeLinman and labor leaders, and program of sports.
Retail stores to close at noon.
Crickets game, 1:30 p. m., Miller park.
Picnic and barbecue, Mount Moriah Baptist church, Thirty-second and Stewart.
Picnic, Emmet Monument association, old South Omaha Country club.
Picnic, Clan Gordon, Thirty-second and Fowler.
Double-header at Bourke park, Sioux City against Omaha.
Trap shoot, Omaha Gun club, 3 p. m.
Trap shoot, Florence Gun club, 5 p. m.
Golf play on all Omaha links.

ALL QUIET IN WASHINGTON

Wilson at Summer Home and Bryan Lecturing in Pennsylvania.

President's Private Representative at Vera Cruz Ready to Go to Capital if Occasion Demands.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—With President Wilson at the summer capital in Cornish, N. H., Secretary of State Bryan lecturing in Pennsylvania and Maryland and the secretary to the president, Mr. Tumulty, spending the week-end in New Jersey, the waiting policy of the government in the Mexican situation became more emphasized today.

Before Secretary Bryan and Mr. Tumulty left Washington early in the day messages were received from John Lind, the special American envoy at Vera Cruz, which added assurance to the already confident attitude of the administration. Secretary Bryan asserted nothing had been received to cause any discouragement.

Mr. Lind, it was authoritatively stated, had no thought of returning to the United States at this time and was ready to proceed again to Mexico City at a moment's notice.

No Change, Says Wilson.
CORNISH, N. H., Aug. 31.—Though in close touch with departments in Washington and with Mexico City, President Wilson announced no change in the Mexican situation tonight. He spent the afternoon and evening at home. On his arrival here he received two long cipher messages relating to Mexico, but their nature was not revealed. The president, however, dispatched none in reply.

Bryan Delivers Lecture.
BELAIR, Md., Aug. 31.—Secretary of State William J. Bryan lectured at the Belair chautauqua this evening in "The Signs of the Times." He came here from Oxford, Pa., where he spoke to a similar assembly this afternoon.

Mr. Bryan left on his return to Washington immediately after closing his address.

HAY BARN ABLAZE FROM SPONTANEOUS COMBUSTION

BEAVER CITY, Neb., Aug. 31.—(Special Telegram.)—The dairy barn, silo, sheds and granaries of Jerome Aldrich, owner of the largest dairy farm in the Beaver valley, were threatened with destruction last night from spontaneous combustion, which occurred in his huge hay barn. One hundred tons of newly cut alfalfa sprang into a blaze from the heating of the hay, which had been stored too wet. A general fire alarm at 9 o'clock brought out the neighborhood as well as the fire department of Beaver City. Men, women and children worked heroically all night and it was not until 8 o'clock this morning that the smoldering mass was subdued and all of the farm buildings saved. The loss was confined to the contents of the hay barn and is fully covered by insurance.

Engine Hits Auto; Woman and Child Die, Man in the Hospital

GRAND ISLAND, Neb., Aug. 31.—(Special Telegram.)—As the result of their automobile being struck by train No. 41 shortly before 2 o'clock this afternoon on the Burlington road at the northeastern outskirts of this city, Mrs. Henry Hagerman, aged 34, and infant son were killed and her husband is in the hospital in a precarious condition.

The family was just leaving the city on their way to their home near St. Paul. The auto was struck squarely by the pilot and the machine carried down the track for fifty yards, being completely demolished. The bodies of the woman and child were taken from under a mass of twisted iron and shattered glass.

Hagerman was thrown clear of the wreck, but suffered terrible bruises and it is thought internal injuries. Relatives have been notified.

Fire Whistle Sounds and Audience Deserts Chautauqua Lecturer

WAYNE, Neb., Aug. 31.—Dr. Colledge chautauqua lecturer, this afternoon found that he had no success in competing with a fire whistle. He had just begun his address in the local chautauqua tent, following the prelude by the Italian Marine band. The tent was filled. Everybody was listening intently.

Then came the whistle. Before the speaker had reached the next semicolon the last of the audience was going out of the "exit."

The fire was in the public garage. The building was practically destroyed and one side of a nearby house was badly scorched. The blaze was discovered by Frank Strachan, who had just arrived from Lake Okoboji, Iowa, in his machine and was about to drive into the garage.

GIRL ASKS FOR PERMIT TO WEAR MALE ATTIRE

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—From a cell in the Raymond street jail Elizabeth Trondie, a Brooklyn girl, appealed today by letter to President Wilson to issue a permit to dress as a man.

"If I can appear as a man and do a man's work, I shall be more respected, and better paid," reads her letter to the president.

CHARLTON AT COMO, SCENE OF HIS CRIME THREE YEARS AGO

American Slayer of His Wife Placed in Prison Upon Arrival from Genoa.

TRICK ON THE NEWSPAPER MEN Correspondents and Photographers Marooned on Launch.

INVITED TO GO OUT TO BOAT Craft Stopped in Midstream While Prisoner Taken Ashore.

THEIR PROTEST UNAVAILING Former Omaha Youth Pale and Biting His Lips While He Tries to Hide Handcuffs Under a Waterproof.

COMO, Italy, Aug. 31.—Porter Charlton arrived here last night and was taken immediately to San Donnino prison.

Genoa, Aug. 31.—Porter Charlton, under escort of Lieutenant Franchini and Carabinieri Rizzo of the Italian military police, was brought ashore here yesterday from the steaming ship D'Italia. After a few hours in prison he was hurried to Como, where he is to stand trial for the murder of his wife three years ago.

The strictest measures of precaution were adopted to guard Charlton and by a stratagem the newspaper correspondents and photographers were prevented from approaching him. The head of the police invited the newspaper men aboard his launch. The invitation was eagerly accepted, in the belief that this would be a good means to reach the prisoner. The launch set out for the Re D'Italia, but suddenly stopped in midstream. All protests were unavailing, even when some of the American reporters threatened to take the matter up with the American authorities.

Charlton appeared in the gangway, supported on either side by Franchini and Rizzo. He was handcuffed for the first time, but tried to conceal the fact by the use of a water-proof, which was folded over his hands. He was very pale and kept biting his lips.

Instead of the Marass prison, where a great crowd had gathered, he was taken to an extension of the carabinieri. The crowd then rushed to thearrison, but the gates were closed and guarded. After a short interrogation by the captain of the carabinieri, Charlton was put on the 7:45 train for Como. Lieutenant Franchini and Rizzo, who had removed their uniforms, still acted as his guards.

ROSS ASKS EXTENSION ON HIS POWER PROJECT

(From a Staff Correspondent.)
LINCOLN, Aug. 31.—(Special.)—An application has been made to the State Board of Irrigation by Charles F. Ross for an extension of time for construction of his power plant on the Platte river between Valley and South Bend.

Mr. Ross says: In his application that he made application to the board for the power privilege and it was granted September 2, 1910. Work began upon the project February 28, 1911, but was stopped by a contest of the rights of the power brought by William P. Lord December 12, 1912. The contest was decided in favor of Ross June 8, 1913, and by reason of that contest a cloud was placed on the title and work had to cease.

Mr. Ross says \$1,000 has been expended on the project in surveying, maps and other work, but that they have sufficient funds to complete it. He asks for time until April 1, 1914, to again get ready to begin the work and two years from that time to complete it. The time originally given to have the work completed was September 1, 1912.

The board will probably take up the matter at its next meeting, though no time has been set.

FARMERS HAVE TROUBLE FINDING THRESHING HANDS

COOKSTON, Ill., Aug. 31.—With scores of idle men here, farmers are having serious trouble in hiring men enough to man the threshing rigs. All machines are running short-handed and men are refusing to go out for \$2 per day. The men, before they can be induced to go out, catch the farmers regarding the quality of the board, sleeping quarters, how many bundle teams they have, the number of pitchers in the field and then refuse to go unless they get a little more than the farmers offer.

Are You "In the Know?"

There is an expression "In the Know," which is rather pat. To be "In the Know" means to be informed, or rather to have special, inside information that perhaps others have not.

This phrase may be very aptly applied to those of our readers who carefully read the advertisements every day in The Bee as contrasted with those readers who are not so enterprising. Being "In the know" on the subject of advertising gives one a marked advantage over those who are not "In the know." One's dollar goes farther, shopping is made easier and ridiculous waste of purchases are eliminated.

Not to be "In the know" means careless, out-of-date news and extravagance. Read the advertisements daily and be "In the know."