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TALK OVER SCANDAL

Remount Affair is Re-Aired in the House of Commons.

DILKE THINKS PUBLIC SHOULD KNOW

Suggests the Publication of Evidence Obtained from United States.

NOLAN CONDEMNS THE LOOSE SYSTEM

Other Members of House Deprecate Method of Purchasing Horses.

WAR SECRETARY MAKES STRONG REPLY

Says Members Overlook the Difficulties in Purchasing Thousands of Horses in an Emergency.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—The remount scandals were re-aired in the House of Commons today in the course of a discussion of the army estimates and the army remounts.

Sir Charles Dilke (advanced radical) suggested the publication of the evidence bearing on the remount scandals obtained from the United States and Argentine. Colonel John P. Nolan, nationalist, condemned the loose system of contracts under which such dreadful scandals were possible, while several other members of the house deprecated the method of purchasing horses through middlemen.

Mr. Brodrick, the war secretary, replying, said the members overlooked the difficulties in providing 150,000 horses in an emergency. He said the government intended to probe the charges, but he believed some remount officers had been harshly charged. He did not believe that Lord Kitchener would join in the universal cry against the remount department.

In answer to the war secretary John Dillon (nationalist) asserted that Mr. Brodrick's vague speech only strengthened his suspicions and he pointed out as an instance of this that the government had not denied that Major Studdert had profited largely through buying horses in Ireland under a false name.

Mr. Brodrick denied that he had no disposition to push the Studdert and other investigations and said the government would go to the fullest extremes to convict the perpetrators of the conspiracy and fraud. The vote on the item of remount was agreed to.

ADMIRAL TAYLOR'S TALKING

German Press Says Man Who Says War is Likely is a Jingo and Ignorant.

BERLIN, Aug. 4.—The utterances attributed to Rear Admiral Taylor of the United States navy as to a probable conflict between Germany and the United States in 1907 were printed conspicuously here. The Tageblatt says it requires all the wrong headedness of a jingo combined with complete ignorance of European affairs to imagine that Germany intends to annex the Netherlands. Any German admiral so indiscreet, the Tageblatt continues, would be relieved of his duties immediately.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—In a recent dispatch from Washington Rear Admiral Taylor, chief of the bureau of navigation, was credited with having given expression to the ideas referred to in the foregoing message from Berlin. In this Washington dispatch Rear Admiral Taylor was described as thoroughly alive to the steady set of a current which is carrying the United States and Germany along converging lines in many parts of the globe and bringing these two nations into closer rivalry elsewhere. To Rear Admiral Taylor was given the credit of warning the leaders of the United States navy and army that preparations must begin at once and be vigorously prosecuted from this time forth for a grave crisis in German-American relations in the spring of 1907. The time of this crisis is fixed coincident with the most efficient sea power Germany now contemplates, the time when the Panama canal will be occupying much attention in this country, the time when the Cuban republic may about have reached the end of its tether, when Jamaica and other West Indian islands will be prostrate in bankruptcy, when the Netherlands, according to Admiral Taylor's predictions, will have been absorbed by Germany, leaving Curaso and the other Dutch islands of the Caribbean sea as bones of contention to force a supreme test of the Monroe doctrine.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—Rear Admiral Taylor denies the story wired from Washington to the effect that he believes the United States and Germany may go to war in 1907. When asked if he had set a date for a conflict between the two countries he said:

Such assertions as have been credited to me are without foundation other than that I have said our seacoast defenses should be well protected against attack by any European power. All naval officers are of this opinion. It would be ridiculous for me to predict a war with any nation. Our navy should be strengthened in readiness for any possible war.

WILLIAM TO VISIT RUSSIA

Extensive Preparations Being Made by Czar for the Reception of the Emperor.

KIEL, Aug. 4.—The imperial yacht Hohenzollern, with Emperor William on board, sailed this morning for Reval, Russia, where his majesty is going to pay a visit to the czar on the occasion of the Russian naval maneuvers.

Prince Henry joined the emperor on the trip and this seems to have been a late thought, as nothing was known until late of the prince's intention to go to Reval. Prince Henry went on Hohenzollern last night. The prince two or three days ago assisted in saving the life of the Austrian balloonist, Strohschneider, whose balloon collapsed over Kiel harbor. The prince saw the accident, went in a pinnace himself to rescue the balloonist and took him on board Kaiser Wilhelm II.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 4.—Extensive preparations are being made for the reception of Emperor William on his approaching visit to Russia. He will be met by the czar in the roadstead of Reval and together they will witness the maneuvers of the Russian squadron off the island of Carlo.

A new commercial treaty between Russia and Germany is regarded as still a long way off, but the Tageblatt thinks this is one of the subjects to be discussed by the emperors. Some government journals express regret that there is still a strong anti-German feeling in Russian political and social circles.

ASSIST SUGAR CANE GROWERS

Cuban Senate Approves Bill to Empower Executive to Raise Loan of Four Million Dollars.

HAVANA, Aug. 4.—[illegible] has discussed and approved in p[illegible] empower the executive to rai[illegible] of $4,000,000 at the minimum price [illegible] the maximum rate of interest o[illegible] cent, payable in thirty years, to be [illegible] to assist the sugarcane growers of the island, who will be paid at the rate of 50 cents per 100 arrobas of sugarcane ground from the last crop. This money is to be repaid by the cane growers in February, March and April of 1903 at 6 per cent interest.

The bill provides that the executive be authorized to pledge the customs receipts for the republic as a guarantee for the principal and interest of this loan and to guarantee increased expenditures on account of the loan. The executive is also to be authorized to pledge the customs receipts upon certain articles, tariffs being raised proportionately.

Six months after date another loan of $35,000,000 is to be raised on the same conditions as to time, price of issue and interest as the above mentioned loan. Four million dollars' worth of the bonds of the second loan are to be devoted to taking up the first loan. The rest of the $35,000,000 loan is to be used for paying the debts of the revolution referred in the paper and to pay the Cuban revolutionary army. This latter obligation amounts to $22,000,000. It is provided that congress, before the closing of the present session, is to vote a certain portion of the income of the island to pay interest on and provide a sinking fund for the second loan.

It is claimed that this bill will substantially pass the house. The senate is said to be really opposed to raising a large loan, but to have agreed to this loan. The Cuban element is in favor of paying the army, and it is said in other quarters that the plan has been divided into two sections in order to allow the first loan to be raised and that the second or big loan will be shelved. That part of the bill referring to guaranteeing the $4,000,000 loan by receipts from increased duties on certain articles was not approved by the senate.

No project has yet passed the house. The council of secretaries has decided to ask congress to authorize the expenditure necessary for the connection of the sea wall at La Punta and the end of the prado in order to give work to the unemployed.

CUBA IS TO BORROW MONEY

Wants Loan of Thirty-Five Million Dollars to Meet Current Expenses.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The State department has received the following cablegram from Minister Squiers, dated Havana, August 4:

The house has passed bill authorizing loan $35,000,000; minimum rate of issue 90 per cent. Maximum interest 5 per cent, redeemable in forty years.

Under the Platt amendment the United States is bound to take cognizance of every action of the Cuban government relating to loans. Article 2 of that amendment provides:

That said government shall not assume or contract any public debt, to pay the interest upon which and to make reasonable sinking fund provisions for the ultimate discharge of which the ordinary revenues of the island of Cuba, after defraying the current expenses of the government, shall be inadequate.

No computation has been made to ascertain whether or not the loan provided for in the bill which Minister Squiers refers to trespasses upon the provisions of the Platt amendment, but it is presumed that the Cuban revenue can pay the interest and provide a sinking fund beside defraying ordinary expenses of the government, as provided in the amendment.

At the same time it will no doubt be found very difficult to interpret this particular provision, as the question of revenues may fluctuate according to the conditions in the island. It is known that the intention of article 2 was to prevent any extraordinary issue of bonds for the purpose of redeeming the bonds of the so-called republic previous to the Spanish-American war and the payment of large bounties to those who had taken part in the insurrection against Spain. It was intended as a check upon the Cuban government in the matter of incurring indebtedness, although it carries no provision indicating what would be the action of the United States should the Cuban government exceed the indebtedness prohibited by the amendment.

Neither is there anything in the amendment indicating what steps the United States would take to determine whether the indebtedness was beyond the prescription, or how it would prevent the incurring of such indebtedness.

REGARDS SITUATION GRAVE

Now Believed by Vatican that Combes Will Denounce the Concordat.

ROME, Aug. 4.—The vatican regards the present situation in France, arising from the closing of unauthorized congregationist schools, as most grave, as it is now believed to be the intention of M. Combes, the French premier, to denounce the concordat.

It is reported that Cardinal Rampolla, papal secretary of state, is still in favor of temporizing with France, fearing that the hostile attitude of the vatican toward that country would lead to graver complications. Some of the cardinals advocate an entire rupture with France, thus anticipating that republic, and prevent the passage there of further anti-clerical laws.

CHAMBERY, France, Aug. 4.—Crowds made demonstrations in two neighboring townships today against commissaries of police who were closing up schools conducted by nuns. The tocsin was rung and the sisters, who refused to open their doors to the commissaries, were cheered by the people. The police were eventually obliged to make breaches in the walls of the building, whereupon the sisters, amid cheers of their sympathizers, left by the front doors.

DON CAMERON SEVERELY HURT

Former United States Senator Thrown from Carriage at London.

LONDON, Aug 4.—While Former United States Senator J. Don Cameron and Mrs. Cameron were driving this afternoon from Fort William, Inverness-shire, Scotland, to Inverlochy castle, Lochaber, which he has leased for the summer, the horses shied and the carriage collided with a cart. Both Mr. and Mrs. Cameron were thrown out and the senator was severely injured in the groin. With the exception of the shock Mrs. Cameron was not hurt.

TO OPERATE AGAIN ON KING

Information to that Effect Comes to World Through Official Channels.

DEFERRED UNTIL AFTER CORONATION

Is to Go Through Coronation Ceremony Before Surgeons Are Allowed to Use the Knife a Second Time.

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LONDON, Aug. 4.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—Information reaches the World correspondent through an official channel tonight that King Edward is really ill, but will go through the coronation and immediately afterward a further operation will be performed.

EDWARD TO SEE THE RACES

Presence of the King Gives Added Interest to the Yacht Races at Cowes.

COWES, Aug. 4.—Regatta week opened with every prospect for a record meeting and only fine weather is needed to insure the complete success of the royal yacht squadron's racing. The presence of the king has caused an added interest to be taken in the event.

There was much speculation as to the performance of the German emperor's Meteor III, which was to hoist its racing flag for the first time in British waters.

The race for yachts of over seventy-nine feet proved a disappointment, Meteor and George Waetjen's Navahoe both being scratched. Sybalta, owned by M. B. Kennedy of Glasgow, sailed over the course alone.

The king was on the dack of Victoria and Albert all morning watching the yachts start.

There are many big steam yachts in the roads, including Eugene Higgins' Varuna.

ADMISSION FEE TO ABBEY

Visitors Must Pay to View Coronation Decorations in Westminster.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—Visitors who will not be able to see the interior of Westminster Abbey before the coronation may do so after that event, it having been officially announced that the edifice would be open from August 12 to August 16. The colonial and the native Indian troops will be admitted free on August 12. On other days the entrance fees will range from 6d to 5s.

Invitations to the coronation ceremony have been telegraphed, at the king's command, to the mayors of all cities of more than 20,000 inhabitants.

Rehearsals of the coronation ceremony are held daily, with the exception of the musical program, which has been made a special order for Friday.

A structure is being erected between the Abbey and Parliament buildings, through which members of the House of Lords and of the House of Commons will have private access to the Abbey.

EDWARD CAN CLIMB STAIRS

For First Time Since His Sickness King Performs This Feat.

COWES, Island of Wight, Aug. 4.—King Edward today for the first time since his illness walked up and down a flight of stairs without assistance. He also enjoyed a stroll upon the upper promenade deck of the royal yacht Victoria and Albert, from which a splendid view of the yacht races was obtained. Empress Eugenie, who had arrived here on her yacht, Thistle, visited King Edward today.

Queen Alexandra, Princess Victoria and Sir Frederick Treves took a cruise today on board the royal yacht Osborne.

DOUBT HONESTY OF BOERS

Believed They Are Congregating at The Hague to Enlist Dutch Sympathy.

LONDON, Aug. 5.—The correspondent of the Daily Mail at The Hague says in a dispatch that it is becoming increasingly difficult to combat the generally accepted Dutch theory that the Boer leaders here are campaigning toward the ultimate subversion of British rule in South Africa. The Boer General Lucas Meyer (who has just reached Holland from London), instead of going to Germany, has stopped at The Hague and is going to visit Mr. Kruger, while several other prominent Boer leaders are assembling here. Nobody at The Hague, continues the correspondent of the Daily Mail, believes their story that their mission is to collect funds for Boer widows.

BANKER SPRECKELS FAILS

Kinsman of the San Francisco Editor Forced to Close Banking House at Berlin.

BERLIN, Aug. 4.—Peter Spreckels, a kinsman of the San Francisco Spreckels family, is the principal owner of the private banking house of Eduoard Rooksch, which closed its doors on Friday with assets nominally ten million marks ($2,500,000) and liabilities of three million marks ($750,000). Spreckels before and since the failure cabled to his American relatives for help. It appears that the American Spreckels family kept a considerable deposit at Dresden, which Peter Spreckels asked to have used for the benefit of his creditors.

DEFEAT BAND OF FANATICS

Police Force of Five Towns in Philippines Engage in an Ugly Battle.

MANILA, Aug. 4.—Governor Bandolts of Tayabas province has telegraphed Acting Governor Wright that the combined police force of five towns attacked and defeated a force under Roberto Rios, leader of a fanatical Filipino society.

Many of Rios' followers were killed or wounded, but only a few of the police were hurt. The fight occurred near Antimonan. General Davis has arrived here from Mindanao and has had an extended conference with General Chaffee on the Moro situation.

ITALY ADOPTS WIRELESS

Orders Marconi System of Telegraph to Be Inaugurated on All Italian Ships.

ROME, Aug. 4.—The government has ordered that the Marconi wireless telegraph apparatus be established on all Italian warships.

REID IS AT OYSTER BAY

Special Ambassador to the Coronation Ceremonies Makes a Report to the President.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., Aug. 4.—Whitelaw Reid and Mrs. Reid were guests today of President and Mrs. Roosevelt at Sagamore Hill. They arrived in the bay on the yacht Electric, owned by Elbridge T. Gerry, whose guests they were.

The party landed about noon at the J. West Roosevelt pier and were driven to the president's country home. Later the three guests were joined by Archbishop Ryan of Philadelphia, who made the fourth guest at luncheon.

Mr. Reid, who arrived from England on Saturday last, came to Oyster Bay to report personally to the president upon his trip to England.

President Roosevelt is being overwhelmed with endorsements for candidates for the vacancy on the board of commissioners of the District of Columbia. Thus far he has intimated to no one whom he may appoint. Ht is going over all the papers in the case, his desire being to select a man whose appointment will command the general approval of the residents of Washington. The appointment probably will be made within the next ten days.

Gifford Pinchot of Washington, chief of the Bureau of Forestry of the Agricultural department, arrived early in the afternoon and was a guest of the president at luncheon. During the afternoon he discussed with the president some departmental matters, including questions that have arisen concerning the national forest reserves.

Archbishop Ryan talked briefly with the president about the work being done among the Indians by the commission to which he was appointed several months ago as successor to Bishop Whipple. They discussed also the Philippine friar question, the president speaking freely and frankly of his attitude in the matter.

Mr. Roosevelt is satisfied thoroughly that the Philippine friars have not the confidence of the natives. It is his wish, therefore, to have withdrawn from the archipelago the friars now there, to whom the people will pay no heed, and to replace them with good men—as many from America as possible—to whom the natives will listen and in whom they will have confidence.

Mr. Pinchot will leave shortly for the Philippines, where by direction of the president he will make careful investigation of the forests of the archipelago with a view to making an extensive report thereon.

During the afternoon the president and Mr. Pinchot went down in the woods below the Roosevelt home with axes and cleared a space around a venerable beech tree to make practical demonstration of Mr. Pinchot's forestry theories. Archbishop Ryan, after his visit to Sagamore Hill, said that he agreed with the president and Governor Taft on the stand they are taking toward the friars in the Philippines. He believes that the present flurry among Catholics will subside and that the church as a whole will realize that the president is acting for the best interests of all concerned.

GERMAN WAR VETERANS MEET

American Organization at Convention in Hamilton, Ohio, is Reported in Excellent Condition.

HAMILTON, O., Aug. 4.—The convention of the German War Veterans of America was called to order here today by President Conrad Frank Erling.

The secretary read a number of letters congratulatory on the success of the organization. Reports were received from sixty-eight societies of a membership of nearly 4,000. The aid fund society reported capital of $14,000 and 2,300 members and paid death funds last year to the families for forty-three members. The financial affairs of the organization is reported to be in excellent condition.

The election of officers will be held tomorrow and August Schall of Cincinnati is prominently spoken of as next president. John Emba of Louisville, the present vice president, is also a candidate.

The discussion of the matter of publishing the bi-weekly organ of the society, the Krieger Zeitung, resulted in the appointment of a committee, Messrs. Vach, Schlensen and Moersch, who reported at the meeting this afternoon in favor of Rudolph von Ahlfeld as the publisher of the official organ of the bund for the next two years. Mr. Ahlefeld, who is a Cleveland man, has been the publisher for some time and has given great satisfaction.

It is understood an important feature of the convention will be the forming of a big organization out of the three distinct flourishing organizations, the regular Deutscher Krieger bund, the state organization of New York, which includes other organizations, and an organization in Wisconsin similar to that of New York. The New York president, Richard Miller of New York City, and the Wisconsin president, Max Hatlett of Milwaukee, are here to discuss and perfect the plan of consolidation.

The meeting adjourned early this afternoon to go to the fair grounds, where a picnic was held, with prize-shooting, a concert and dancing.

INJUNCTION IS DISSOLVED

Mayor Johnson of Cleveland Joins a Fight for Lower Street Car Fare.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 4.—The circuit court today dissolved the injunction recently issued by Judge Caldwell restraining the city council from granting public service franchises and especially those giving the low fare street railway company the right to use the streets.

Mayor Johnson fought the injunction suit and as a result of his victory today the low fare lines will probably be constructed as soon as possible.

Judge Marvin, who read the decision of the court, said in part:

The council is conclusively a legislative body. A legislative body is one that has the power to enact laws. This court is not authorized to enjoin a legislative body from performing legislative duties.

LASH FARMER WITH WHIP

Kentucky Man Taken from Home, Tied to a Tree and Severely Beaten.

OWENSBORO, Ky., Aug. 4.—William Dodwell, a farmer living near Yelvington, in this county, was taken from his home at midnight last night, bound to a tree and beaten with a blacksnake whip until he was almost unconscious from loss of blood. Over seventy-five lashes were administered. The bark was torn from the tree where the ropes which bound the unfortunate man touched it and the whip left marks on the tree. Dodwell's wife and daughter attempted to go to his rescue, but were prevented by the members of the mob.

TRAIN CREW PUT TO FLIGHT

Mob of Enraged Mexicans Makes Attack with Picks and Shovels.

MEXICAN BOY ACCIDENTALLY KILLED

Santa Fe Passenger Train Crashes Into an Oil Train, Wrecking Both Engines and Killing Fireman of One of Them.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Aug. 4.—In the yards of the Southern Pacific shops at Los Angeles the life of 14-year-old Joseph Mirano was accidentally crushed out by the wheels of a car.

Acting on the impulse of the moment a hundred Mexican laborers made a rush on the train crew whose engine had caused the accident and with spades, shovels and picks pursued them across the river flats and ravines almost to the east side police station, where the trainmen fled for protection.

A switch engine was called out and with a couple of box cars started for the scene of the accident with a squad of policemen and a number of trainmen armed with shotguns, pick handles and other weapons.

On reaching the stock yards the police found the mob had subsided and there was no further demonstration.

Wreck on the Santa Fe.

A Santa Fe passenger train returning from Redondo beach last night ran through an open switch and crashed into an oil train. Both engines were wrecked, as was also one coach and four oil tanks.

The fuel tank of one of the engines exploded immediately after the crash, setting fire to the wreck. Burning oil was scattered in every direction and the large oil refinery plant of the Combs Refining company was set on fire. The plant was destroyed, as were all the cars in the wreck except one.

T. D. Martin, fireman of the freight engine, is missing and it is thought his body is under the burned wreckage. Several others were badly hurt.

ALTON MEETS GREAT WESTERN

Notifies Other Lines that it Will Cut the Rate on Packing House Products.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—(Special Telegram.)—Traffic officials of the Alton notified competing lines today that the Alton would have to meet the rates on packing house products and dressed meats put in effect by the Great Western.

The notice was given at a meeting of the executives of the western lines with a view to trying to determine a line of action. The reason given by the Alton was the existence of an agreement or contract between that company and Swift & Company whereby the Alton guarantees as low rates to Swift's products as those granted by any railroad to any other packing concern down to 15 cents per 100 pounds. This contract was made over five years ago and the original term which it was to run has expired.

It is understood that the Alton officials have communicated with E. H. Harriman to see if he will sanction a cancellation and stand the damages in order to remedy the situation.

The situation of lines running into Kansas City and also Omaha is difficult. If the rates are reduced from Kansas City and St. Joseph the Omaha packers will be in a position to compel a similar reduction there.

It developed in the meeting that there is a strong determination to ignore the action of the Great Western, and the opinion was expressed that the time had come to make a standard of rates and their control. The Alton's action, however, proves a severe stumbling block and unless some way can be found to avoid it there will probably be a break in the ranks of the traffic men. After an extended discussion an adjournment was taken until Wednesday, when it is hoped that the Alton will withdraw its notice.

SENATOR HANNA GIVEN CANE

Employes of Cleveland City Railway Present Him with Token of Respect.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 4.—The 700 or 800 employes of the Cleveland City railway, of which Senator Hanna is president, met in a downtown hall tonight and presented Senator Hanna with a valuable cane. In acknowledging the gift, Senator Hanna expressed his sincere thanks to his employes for their gift and incidentally spoke in the relations that he hopes soon to see existing between capital and labor.

In part he said:

I cannot adequately express my feelings on this occasion. It has been the one ambition of my life to merit the respect if not the affection of the men in my employ. I have been with workingmen all my life, and have been their employer for many years, and tonight means much to me, for it brings the satisfaction to knowing that such a large number of men in my employ have been satisfied with my career as an employer. Your chairman has referred to the Civic federation. I say to you that were it not for my official position and public duties I would devote more time to the policies on which that organization is founded.

When the great anthracite strike was threatening our federation worked hard for weeks to avert it, but failed. After it was on we worked hard to settle it, but failed. However, in that matter it is my personal satisfaction that the promise I made at that time that the men would not go back on their word has been kept, and a sympathetic strike has been averted.

I believe in manhood. Labor organizations are not things that can be sued for breach of contract. They have no corporate existence. But I would rather have the promise of a laboring man backed only by his sense of honor and his manhood than any agreement which might be enforced by law.

Manhood and integrity are the same whether they belong to a miner, a street railway man or a boss. For myself, I have no higher ambition than to work for the purpose of bringing capital and labor nearer together and to live out my life in Cleveland, where I have lived for fifty-two years.

WESTERN MATTERS AT CAPITAL

First National Bank of Grand Island Has Corporate Existence Extended.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—(Special Telegram.)—Additional rural free delivery service will be established on September 1 at Salem, Henry county, Ia., with one carrier; route embraces an area of 16¼ square miles, containing a population of 400.

The comptroller of the currency has extended the corporate existence of the First National bank of Grand Island, Neb., until the close of business on August 4, 1922.

William R. Teagarden of Beatrice, Neb., has been appointed a clerk in the land office at Glenwood Springs, Colo.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—Showers Tuesday; Wednesday Fair.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:

Hour.	Deg.	Hour.	Deg.
5 a. m.	68	1 p. m.	81
6 a. m.	69	2 p. m.	83
7 a. m.	70	3 p. m.	82
8 a. m.	72	4 p. m.	80
9 a. m.	74	5 p. m.	78
10 a. m.	75	6 p. m.	76
11 a. m.	76	7 p. m.	77
12 m.	81	8 p. m.	77
		9 p. m.	75

PACKERS FILE DEMURRERS

Defendants in Case Against Alleged Beef Trust Claim Grounds Insufficient to Grant Injunction.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—The government suit against the alleged beef trust was sent a step forward here today by the filing in the United States circuit court of demurrers of the defendants, both as individuals and as corporations. The demurrers set up at considerable length that the complaint on which an injunction is asked is insufficient. It is maintained that the suit is multifarious and if allowed to stand would tend to congest the beef trust.

In specific terms the demurrers assert that "so much of the bill of complaint as asks a discovery of the several interests of the defendants and their business methods 'has not stated such a case as would entitle the complainant to the relief prayed for.'"

The effect of the filing of the demurrers is technically to admit all the allegations charged in the bill of complaint. The argument advanced in support of the packers' position is that, admitting the truth of the charge, no sufficient ground has been shown for the issuance of the petitioned writ. The instrument was signed by John S. Miller, counsel for all the packers.

If the demurrer is sustained by the court the original complaint may be amended and if overruled the defendants have the privilege of answering. It is not expected that any further steps will be taken in the case by either side until about September 1, when the federal judges return from their vacations.

PRISONERS ESCAPE FROM PEN

Train Robber Hyatt Heads Band in a Dash for Liberty from Tennessee Prison.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 4.—Armed with dynamite with which to blow his way out of prison, Louis Hyatt, the train robber and desperado, tonight led a desperate band of sixteen convicts to liberty from the Tennessee penitentiary. Fifteen of the escaping party got entirely clear of the premises, but one, Ed Carney, a safeblower, sent up from Nashville, paid the penalty of death in the bold undertaking. Joe Loss and James Work were traced down by bloodhounds and captured, but the rest of the prisoners had gotten so far out of bounds by midnight that no trace of them could be had. The prisoners were evidently furnished dynamite from the outside and used it in blowing an opening in the main wing of the prison. Hyatt stood off the inside guard with a brace of revolvers, which had been furnished from the outside, while the men preceded him to liberty. The dynamite was laid by Doe, the Manchester train robber, and he made good his escape. Six of the prisoners who got away were government convicts, and the others were state convicts. Posses with bloodhounds are in pursuit.

PINKERTONS AFTER WATKINS

Man Who Married Miss Maud Shonfeld Wanted in East for Alleged Misdeeds.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 4.—The Call says that Philip D. Watkins, society man and member of a prominent family of Montclair, N. J., is being sought for by the police for having obtained large sums of money in various cities by false pretenses.

Watkins was formerly manager of the Amesbury (Mass.) File works and Chief of Police Osgood of that city wires that he is wanted there for fraudulent check transactions aggregating about $2,000.

In June of this year, while traveling west from Boston, Watkins met Miss Maud Shonfeld, daughter of Henry Shonfeld of Omaha, who happened to be traveling in the same coach. After a few hours acquaintance with Watkins the girl consented to be his wife and they were married.

She had started with the intention of visiting her sister, Mrs. A. L. Ball of Ogden, Utah, but has thus far failed to reach there. The Pinkertons have been instructed to search for the couple.

HOTEL FIRE CAUSES PANIC

Guests Injured in Wild Rush to Escape from Blaze in Chicago Hostelry.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—Panic stricken, half a hundred guests at the Sir William hotel, 70 Randolph street, rushed through hallways and down the stairs tonight seeking escape from a fire, which resulted in serious injuries to four persons.

The sufferers:

Anderson, Grace, burned about head and arms.

Gray, William M., night clerk of hotel, burned about head.

Schafer, Fred, guest, overcome by gas and burned about head and body.

Gray, William, guest, overcome and burned about the head.

The fire, which was caused by escaping gas, was extinguished without serious loss.

ANOTHER BIG CORPORATION

United States Realty and Construction Company Files Articles of Incorporation.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 4.—The United States Realty and Construction company, with an authorized capital of $60,000,000, was incorporated here this evening. Of the capital stock, $30,000,000 is to be preferred, with 6 per cent cumulative dividends. The company is authorized to purchase, acquire and construct buildings. It is understood that its operations will be conducted principally in New York City.

Movements of Ocean Vessels, Aug. 4.

At Plymouth—Arrived: Kron Prinz Wilhelm, from New York.

At Moville—Arrived: Pretorian, from Montreal and Quebec, for Liverpool, and proceeded.

At Boulogne Sur Mer—Arrived: Noordam, from New York, for Rotterdam, and proceeded.

At Cherbourg—Arrived: Kron Prinz Wilhelm, from New York, via Plymouth, for Bremen, and proceeded.

At Gibraltar—Sailed: Hohenzollern, for New York.

At Glasgow—Sailed: Laurentian, for New York.

At New York—Arrived: Aller, from Genoa, Naples and Gibraltar; Georgia, from Liverpool.

NEW POLICE BOARD

Governor Savage Hands Commissions to Four Political Friends.

APPOINTEES TAKE FORCIBLE POSSESSION

Slip Into Office While No One but Janitor is Present.

MAYOR REFUSES TO ACT WITH THEM

Old Board Will Bring One Warranto Proceedings at Once.

PEACEABLE COURT ACTION IN PROSPECT

Governor Savage Said to Have Threatened Violence to Seat His Appointees, but Finds it Unnecessary.

New Mercer Police Commission.

Name.	Politics.	Term.
J. W. THOMAS	Republican	four years
W. J. BROATCH	Republican	three years
C. C. WRIGHT	Democrat	two years
LEE SPRATLEN	Democrat	one year

Governor Savage yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock issued commissions to the above as members of the Board of Fire and Police commissioners of the city of Omaha, acting under the decision of the supreme court rendered two weeks ago.

These are the men agreed on at the conference between the governor and Congressman Mercer and John N. Baldwin of the Union Pacific law department, and the condition of their appointment is understood to be the use of all the board's authority to force the renomination of Mercer for congress.

The method taken by the governor in announcing his selection was calculated to throw about it the greatest secrecy. He came to Omaha on the Burlington train at 3:10 o'clock and went to the Millard hotel, where he met the men he had selected and handed them their commissions. The commissions were from August 4 and expire on the first Monday in April of the years mentioned: J. W. Thomas, 1906; W. J. Broatch, 1905; C. C. Wright, 1904, and Lee Spratlen, 1903.

J. W. Thomas is cashier of the Union National bank. He came to Omaha about six years ago from Hay Springs, where he was somewhat prominent in local politics. He is a close personal friend of Governor Savage and was selected several days before he would consent to accept.

W. J. Broatch is a former mayor of Omaha. He has lived here many years and has been active in politics ever since he came to the city. He was a member of the legislature at the time Governor Savage was in that body and was a member of the former notorious Churchill-Russell police board.

C. C. Wright is the attorney for W. J. Broatch. He was one of the parties to the suit by which the supreme court reversed itself and authorized the governor to appoint the present men to office. He has been a candidate for district judge and been mentioned as candidate for congress, for county attorney and for several city offices.

Lee Spratlen was one of the leaders of the gold democrats. He was for a time assistant cashier of the National Bank of Commerce and is now an attache of the office of the general manager of the Burlington railroad.

New Commissioners Enter.

As soon as they had received their commissions the men started for the city hall. Arriving there, they entered the Eighteenth street entrance and went to the third floor. The news of the appointment had reached the city hall before the appointees arrived and the clerk of the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners came to the conclusion that it was time to quit for the day. He had just locked the front door of the office and was starting downstairs when the appointees reached the landing. In his hurry to close the room he had forgotten that a janitor was inside. The janitor had just completed his work and was starting out with a bucket of water in his hands. As he opened the door there was a precipitate rush for the entrance on the part of the appointees. It was touch and go between Carl Wright and W. J. Broatch as to who crossed the line into the rooms of the commission first.

Arriving in the rooms a short session was held and it was decided to notify the mayor, the chief of police and the chief of the fire department that the new board was in the office. The mayor came down before any business was transacted and he was invited to preside at the session of "the board." Acting on advice of the city attorney, he refused to do this, and the meeting was organized by the election of W. J. Broatch as president and Lee Spratlen as secretary, temporarily.

Chief of Police Donahue at this time arrived and was asked if he would recognize the authority of the governor's appointees. He asked to be given time for consideration. He was gone about fifteen minutes and returned, saying:

"I acknowledge and recognize this as the legal board. I consulted with the mayor and he told me to do just as I please. Now there is another thing to this. I am ready to carry out your orders, and when I cannot do that I will write my resignation."

Carl Wright, speaking to the chief, said: "We are here because of the decision of the supreme court. If there is to be any contest we will be in possession of the office until that controversy is settled. That is all we have to say."

Frank Ransom Appears.

The appointees then began to discuss the weather and other things, and several members of the city government dropped in to see how things were running. Frank T. Ransom came in and the board went into executive session to consider the question of the filing of an application for a writ of mandamus to compel the mayor, the members of the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners appointed by him, the clerk of that board and the chiefs of the fire and police departments to recognize their authority. The recognition accorded the governor's appointees by the chief of police caused a portion of the application to be stricken out, and before it was served C. A. Salter, chief of the fire department, appeared. He was asked to recognize the board and was given ten minutes to consider. In less than that time he was back in the office and said:

"I recognize this as the legal board."

W. J. Broatch was the spokesman for the appointees on this occasion. He said:

"That is all, Mr. Salter. Go back to work and let the men know that there will be no change at this time; that everything will run along in the same way."

He started to say something else, but upon a look from another one of the ap-