

Joint court of the United States at  
Washington, Virginia.

An act regarding the mode of paying  
out of the State of Alabama the two per  
cent. fund relinquished to said State by  
the act approved on the 4th day of Sep-  
tember, 1841.



**HILLSBOROUGH.**  
Thursday, March 23.

The bill to repeal the Bankrupt law,  
which had previously passed both houses  
of Congress, received the signature of the  
President on the third instant. By the  
provisions of the act, all cases legally com-  
menced previous to that date can be pro-  
ceeded to final judgment.

By some mishap we have failed to re-  
ceive a keg of ink, which has been on its  
way from Philadelphia since January last,  
consequently we were unable to issue any  
paper last week. By the kindness of one  
of our brother editors at Raleigh we have  
been furnished with a temporary supply,  
which has relieved us from our difficulty,  
given us time to wait the arrival of a  
keg of ink, which we have order-

a proceedings of the Democratic  
ing held at M-Ray's store on Satur-  
day the 4th instant, will be found in an-  
part of this paper. We are glad al-  
to see our fellow citizens assemble  
to inquire into public affairs and  
speak upon public measures for the  
good; but we think it the duty of  
who take upon themselves the of-  
f leaders on such occasions, to make  
selves acquainted with the subjects  
which they attempt to enlighten  
On many things men may ho-  
differ; and in some things allow-  
ed may be made for the influence of  
prejudice, which is too apt to effect the  
judgments of all of us; but with the  
present opportunities for information, errors  
of ignorance are hardly more to be excus-  
ed than direct wilful misrepresentation;  
instances of both of which we think it eas-  
y to show in the proceeding before us.

For instance, in the preamble to the  
resolutions of this Democratic meeting it  
is said, that instead of retrenchment so  
loudly promised, our expenses are great-  
ly increased. Is this so? From a report  
of the Chairman of the Committee of Fi-  
nance made to the House of Representa-  
tives near the close of the late session, it  
appears that the whole amount of appro-  
priations for the year 1843, including  
large outstanding appropriations, and es-  
timates for interest on the public debt, is  
only equal to \$18,175,289 37; being \$3,  
428,495 21 less than those of last year,  
and eight or ten millions less than those  
of any year during Mr. Van Buren's ad-  
ministration.

Again: In this same preamble it is said,  
that our annual revenue is brought down  
to near or quite one quarter of the present  
appropriations for the year's expenditures.  
This assertion is quite as much at vari-  
ance with the truth as the other. An es-  
timate from the Treasury department,  
as since published, made the re-  
venue and the expenses of the govern-  
ment the present year about equal,  
leaving under certain exigencies in-  
sufficiency might happen, the Sec-  
ecommanded that a duty should upon  
tea and coffee. But the re-  
sulting committees in the two hous-  
congress have been active, and  
Judgments were made in all the ap-  
tion bills; and by the report of the  
tee of Finance before referred to,  
own that the receipts will larg-  
ed the expenditures, and that  
ill probably be in the Treasury on  
day of January next an unex-  
pected balance of more than five millions

of dollars; and this too without the im-  
position of any additional duties as re-  
commended by the Secretary—tea and  
coffee still remaining duty free.

We will admit that, from the deranged  
state of the finances of the nation when  
the Whigs came into power, and to en-  
able them to meet the appropriations made  
by their predecessors, the national debt  
has been increased "from \$1 to 12 mil-  
lions of dollars." But this will not be  
a permanent debt. The revenue now  
exceeds the expenditures, and the debt  
will consequently be rapidly reduced.  
But how was it with the Democratic ad-  
ministration of Mr. Van Buren? He be-  
gan with a surplus of available funds of  
more than twenty millions of dollars, and  
had the advantage of a much higher tariff  
of duties; and yet during his four years

All these funds were exhausted, and he  
left an admitted debt of five and a half  
millions of dollars!—making an actual de-  
ficit of more than twenty-five millions of  
dollars!

How much truth there is in the asser-  
tion that "a large portion of one of our  
sovereign states has been surrendered to  
England," may be judged of by the fact  
that the treaty was ratified in our Senate  
by the large vote of 39 to 9; even the ar-  
ticle defining the boundary line was rat-  
ified by a vote of 38 to 11, Messrs. Cal-  
houn, King, Woodbury, and other distin-  
guished Democrats voting for it; so that  
if there was treason in the matter, the  
Whigs are not alone involved in the guilt.

It is a little singular, if such large con-  
cessions have been made to England, that a  
similar complaint should exist on the op-  
posite side of the water against Lord Ashbur-  
ton. These examples are sufficient for the  
purpose we had in view; which was to  
show the recklessness and blindness of  
some of those who aspire to be leaders of  
the people.

Having perused with more care the  
communication of "Aliquis," we have  
concluded, for cogent reasons, as they  
appear to us, not to publish it.

Several articles in type are crowded  
out of this number, and among them a  
very interesting letter from the Rev. C.  
M. F. Deems in relation to the supply of  
the Scriptures to destitute families.

Duncan K. MacRae, esq. of Fayette-  
ville has been appointed by the President  
of the United States, by and with the ad-  
vice of the Senate, Attorney of the United  
States for the District of North Carolina,  
vice W. H. Haywood, Jr. resigned.

**THE SENATE.**  
Having closed the brief account of pro-  
ceedings in the Senate on our paper of the  
6th with the closing of the doors for Ex-  
ecutive session, at the evening session of  
the 3d inst., we have found upon inquiry  
that our account was incomplete.

On the re-opening of the doors the same  
manifestation of the cordial good will and  
universal satisfaction which we had oc-  
casion to record at the termination of the  
last session of that honorable body was  
extended towards its presiding officer.  
The highest reward for the faithful and  
impartial performance of the delicate and  
responsible duties of so exalted a station,  
is the spontaneous expression of appro-  
bation of his Peers, who have witnessed  
and felt the influence of the manner in  
which these duties have been performed;  
and we could not, therefore, omit the re-  
cord of the following resolution, offered  
as it was by a gentleman of the opposition,  
(Mr. Benton,) and responded to as with  
one voice by the whole Senate:

"Resolved unanimously, That the  
thanks of the Senate be presented to the  
Hon. Willie P. Mangum for the ability  
and impartiality with which he has dis-  
charged the duties of President pro tem-  
pore of the Senate."

On resuming the chair, the President  
of the Senate briefly responded to the re-  
solution in the expression of a cordial  
wish for the safe return of each member  
of the Senate to the bosom of his family,  
and the continued health and happiness of  
all; and then closed the session by an ad-  
journalment of the Senate sine die.

**Nat. Intelligencer.**  
**DEMOCRATIC MEETING.**  
According to previous notice, a portion  
of the Democracy assembled at M-Ray's  
Store, in the county of Orange, on the  
4th March, 1843, to consult for the ge-  
neral good. On motion Jehu Hall was  
called to the chair, and Maj. Henry C.  
Trolinger and Capt. John Faucett ap-  
pointed secretaries. The object of the  
meeting being explained, a committee of  
six, consisting of Daniel A. Montgomery,  
Josiah Hurdle, Joseph Murray, William  
Hall, Philip Crawford and George Jordan,  
was appointed to draft resolutions for  
the action of the meeting, and after a  
retirement of some half hour or more,  
William Hall, esq., chairman of the com-  
mittee, reported the following preamble  
and resolutions:

Whereas we the people have a constitu-  
tional right to meet and consult for the  
general good; and whereas, in the brief  
period of only two years, under modern  
Bank Federal Whig rule of our General  
Government, we have not only had all  
the unparalleled frauds that put that party  
into power still kept up, but have had,  
instead of the retrenchment and relief so  
loudly promised us, our expenditures  
greatly increased, our national debt in-  
creased from five and a half to twelve mil-  
lions of a permanent debt; during the  
same period a large portion of the soil of  
one of our sovereign states has been sur-  
rendered up to the British; our means to  
pay our debts have nearly all been taken  
from us; our Whig executive, with his  
Whig cabinet, all the time; Whig Senate  
and Whig House of Representatives in  
session and quartered upon the people's  
money over half their time; and the only  
visible effect produced is that things have  
been made more and more oppressive up-  
on the people; our foreign commerce  
nearly destroyed; our annual revenue  
brought down to near or quite one quar-  
ter of the present Federal Whig appro-  
priations now made for the next year's  
expenditures; and all the products of in-  
ternal labour far below what they ever

were before; And whereas, in our State  
Government, we find things in a similar  
condition to those of the General Govern-  
ment;

Be it therefore Resolved, by we, a Port-  
ion of the sovereign people of the United  
States, and of the state of North Caro-  
lina, in the county of Orange,

1st. That this Whig Administration  
has signalized itself for doing nothing for  
the people that was promised during the  
campaign of 1840, and also for doing  
every thing they declared they would  
not do.

2d. That we view the surrender of a  
large portion of one of our sovereign states  
to England, by Daniel Webster, John  
Tyler's blue-light federal whig Secretary  
of State, as an act of base corruption.

3d. That our Senators and Representa-  
tives in the Congress of the United  
States, who know the wishes of a ma-  
jority of those who put them into power,  
and sit there at eight dollars per day and  
disobey the will of the people, are un-  
worthy of the honor obtained by filling  
such a station.

4th. That the bold open manner in  
which the honorable William Cost John-  
son, and the honorable John Q. Adams,  
in Congress, two leading Whigs, have  
advocated the Whig doctrine that we  
the people, out of our hard earned  
means, shall provide for the payment of  
two hundred millions of dollars of other's  
debts, shows a determination among the  
leading Whigs if possible to compel us  
to pay that debt. What would such men  
not do.

5th. That we will sanction any plan  
on the currency subject, that will give us  
a constitutional currency, and retain in  
the hands of we the people, through our  
representatives in Congress, at all times  
the whole and sole control thereof; that  
we never will surrender up the power to  
a few men in our own country to control  
the currency, much less to a set of spec-  
ulators and bankers in Europe, who,  
with another Nick Biddle in this country,  
could and soon would rule or destroy us  
and all our liberties, as was well nigh  
done in the late British Bank of the United  
States.

6th. That another United States Bank,  
similar to the old one, is an obsolete idea,  
repudiated by many of its former friends  
and advocates, and that no institution con-  
taining any of its federal features can meet  
with the approbation and support of the  
Democratic party.

7th. That late experience has given  
ample proof of Bank frauds upon the peo-  
ple, and of the necessity and advantage  
of the Independent Treasury System.

8th. That the return of the fine impos-  
ed on Maj. Gen. Andrew Jackson, for  
enforcing the requisitions of the martial  
law, by means of which the city of New  
Orleans was saved from a licentious soldi-  
ery, is due to honor, to justice, and to  
the national character, as well as to the  
fame of the illustrious hero and veteran,  
whose name and deeds have shed so bright  
a lustre upon the page of our country's  
history.

9th. That the State Bank of North  
Carolina has a capital stock of 1,500,000  
dollars, and might according to the pro-  
visions of its charter give us a currency  
of 3,000,000; but instead of the accom-  
modation for which its charter was spe-  
cially granted, it is furnishing us accord-  
ing to its own recent showing with about  
700,000 only, being less than one half  
the amount of capital stock paid in.

10th. That it was the policy and plea-  
sure of our last Whig Assembly to legis-  
late against the people and for bankrupt  
corporations, thereby putting the former  
in debt for the benefit of the latter to the  
amount of about eleven hundred thousand  
dollars.

11. That our late Democratic Assem-  
bly well merits the praise for having, in  
times like these, done more business of  
importance, and at less expense, than any  
previous Legislature that has convened  
for several sessions past; and we desire  
to impress upon the minds of the people  
that the fifty thousand dollar appropriation  
made at this session, was to pay off a  
Whig bankrupt Rail Road debt—there-  
fore, for this amount the coons themselves  
are chargeable.

12. That the resolutions of instruction  
to our Senators in Congress are replete  
with good and sound Democratic prin-  
ciples; and the originator of them, the  
young champion of republicanism, justly  
merits the applause of the Democracy of  
this State, as well as of the U. States.

13. That it is right and proper that a  
District Convention should be called to  
express the sense of the Democratic party  
as to the man best adapted to represent  
this District in the next Congress, and  
that we will warmly support the nominee  
of said Convention.

Ordered, That publication be made in the  
Hillsborough Recorder, notifying the citizens  
of Hillsborough, that the ordinance prohib-  
iting the discharge of fire arms within the corporate  
limits of said town, will be strictly enforced  
from and after the first day of April next, and  
that the Town Constable is required to report to  
the Magistrate of Police every violation of  
said ordinance.

By order of the Board,  
E. A. HEARTT, Town Clerk.  
March 21. 66-3e

**Black-smithing and  
Wagon-making.**  
THE subscriber would respectfully inform  
the public, that he is prepared to execute  
any business in the above line with which he  
may be favored—such as repairs of Carriages  
and Wagons, both in wood and iron, &c.  
Persons wishing their horses shod, will find it  
to their interest to give him a call.

A. C. MURDOCK.  
Mr. A. C. Murdock would respectfully in-  
form his friends who may have to attend the  
courts, that they can find comfortable accom-  
modations with him at cheap rates. His resi-  
dence is but two miles north of Hillsborough.  
March 1. 63--

hopes of affording amusement for the  
passing hour; he has rendered himself  
ridiculous for no visible purpose. He  
has given himself a much worse charac-  
ter in his defence than we did in the at-  
tack. He seeks the company of the  
ladies to reap improvement, to "soften  
his harsh and surly temper." Still it is  
a fact that ladies are most pleased with  
those who are most expert in little talk,  
and those who are particularly conversant  
in silly and common-place matters." Pray,  
sir, what must be the grade of his own  
intellect? What must be his ordinary  
themes of conversation, when he  
seeks the company of such silly conversa-  
tionalists for the purpose of improve-  
ment in conversation, and refinement in  
matters? Again, sir, he pretends that  
he does great violence to his feelings in  
thus arraigning the faults of the ladies;  
and in conclusion, is positively certain  
that no lady could have written the piece.  
But that it was the production of some  
"one of his own kind in woman's gar-  
ments." Pray, sir, I would ask, why  
then does he so outrage his kind and ge-  
nerous feelings, when there was no ne-  
cessity for it? These are a few of the  
numerous inconsistencies into which your  
philanthropic "young man" has fallen.  
He has praised and dispraised, laughed  
and wept, all on the same page; but this  
is not at all to be wondered at, as he is the  
volunteer defender of folly, for

"Smiling folly loves a varied song."  
He has assailed that part of our former  
piece relating to dress, and made many of  
the notions perfectly ridiculous by mak-  
ing them his own. If he had read the  
piece more closely he would find not a  
word said against the dress of the young  
men, but censure for neglecting the mind.  
His remarks about our own dress do us  
as much credit to his wit as to his judgment,  
and are as much beneath our notice as  
they are inapplicable to the ladies of Hills-  
borough, and we pass them by with the  
contemptuous silence they deserve; but  
will advise him in future to be more an-  
xious for his own improvement in com-  
position, as well as conversation, and less  
fearful of any accident happening to us  
from a fall.

"Immortal hero, all thy foes o'ercome,  
Forever reign the rival of Tom Thumb;  
Well may triumphant genius bear thee hence,  
Illustrious conqueror of common sense."

This piece has excited but the single  
emotion of pity; and we are indeed sorry  
that it should have gone forth to the  
world as the production of a Hillsborough  
gallant, for strangers will conclude that  
we are sufferers indeed in being compelled  
to entertain a young man when hur-  
ried away by the excitement of the par-  
lor who makes such a defence for "his  
kind" in the closet.

In conclusion we may now with much  
propriety assume our former name, after  
being compelled to peruse and reply to  
the production of this vain jackdaw, decked  
not in the beautiful plumage of the pi-  
geon, but in his own dull and peculiar  
livery, so that he may any where be re-  
cognised as well by his chattering as his  
feathers. THE SUFFERERS.

**MARRIED.**  
In this county, on Thursday the 16th  
instant, by John J. Freeland, esq. Mr.  
GASTON SWIN, of Person county, to Miss  
ELIZA ANN BOWEN, of this county.

In this place, on Sunday night last, by  
Richardson Nichols, esq., Mr. JOHN DOOLEY  
to Miss SUSAN HANCOCK.

**Obituary.**  
Died, in Chapel Hill, on the 9th inst.,  
JOSEPH DEEMS, infant son of John W.  
Carr, aged four months and fourteen days.

Dearest Joseph, thou hast left us,  
Here thy loss we deeply feel;  
But 'tis God that hath bereft us,  
He can all our sorrows heal.

I take this little lamb, said he,  
And lay him in my breast,  
Protection he shall find in me,  
In me be ever blest.

[Communicated.]  
**JUST RECEIVED and for sale by the sub-  
scribers,**  
Corn, Linseed Oil,  
Flour, Oil Cake,  
Meal, Pickled Cotton,  
Raisins, Lime,  
Figs, Tar,  
Irish Potatoes.

**MICKLE & NORWOOD.**  
March 21. 66--

**Town Ordinance.**  
At a meeting of the Board of Commission-  
ers of the town of Hillsborough, held on  
Saturday the 11th instant, the following ordi-  
nance was adopted.

Ordered, That publication be made in the  
Hillsborough Recorder, notifying the citizens  
of Hillsborough, that the ordinance prohib-  
iting the discharge of fire arms within the corporate  
limits of said town, will be strictly enforced  
from and after the first day of April next, and  
that the Town Constable is required to report to  
the Magistrate of Police every violation of  
said ordinance.

By order of the Board,  
E. A. HEARTT, Town Clerk.  
March 21. 66-3e

**Black-smithing and  
Wagon-making.**  
THE subscriber would respectfully inform  
the public, that he is prepared to execute  
any business in the above line with which he  
may be favored—such as repairs of Carriages  
and Wagons, both in wood and iron, &c.  
Persons wishing their horses shod, will find it  
to their interest to give him a call.

A. C. MURDOCK.  
Mr. A. C. Murdock would respectfully in-  
form his friends who may have to attend the  
courts, that they can find comfortable accom-  
modations with him at cheap rates. His resi-  
dence is but two miles north of Hillsborough.  
March 1. 63--

**Special Court.**

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,  
ORANGE COUNTY.  
Superior Court of Law—March Term,  
1843.

IT appearing to the Judge now holding this  
Court, that the but one upon the Civil De-  
cket of some cause to be done at this term; It  
is ordered by the said Judge, that a copy of the  
Superior Court of Law for this county be held  
on the first Monday in June next, according to  
the provisions of the act passed at the last ses-  
sion of the General Assembly, entitled, "an  
act for the more speedy administration of ju-  
stice." It is further ordered, that the Clerk of  
this Court cause this order to be published in  
the Hillsborough Recorder, and advertised at  
the door of the court house and three or more  
other public places in the county.

JOSEPH C. NORWOOD, c. s. c.  
March 21. 66--

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA,  
ORANGE COUNTY.  
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions,  
February Term, 1843.

H. G. Parish,  
v.  
Thomas D. Crain.

Justice's Execution, levied on House and Lot  
in the town of Hillsborough.

Anderson Armstrong  
v.  
Thomas D. Crain.

Justice's Execution, levied on House and Lot  
in the town of Hillsborough.

John U. Roberts  
v.  
Thomas D. Crain.

Justice's Execution, levied on House and Lot  
in the town of Hillsborough.

Charles Howard  
v.  
Thomas D. Crain.

Justice's Execution, levied on House and Lot  
in the town of Hillsborough.

James Thompson  
v.  
Thomas D. Crain.

Justice's Execution, levied on House and Lot  
in the town of Hillsborough.

Anderson Armstrong  
v.  
Thomas D. Crain.

Justice's Execution, levied on House and Lot  
in the town of Hillsborough.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court,  
that Thomas D. Crain, the defendant in the  
above cases, is dead; It is therefore ordered  
that publication be made in the Hillsborough  
Recorder for six weeks successively, that John  
Brantley and wife Nancy, Winship Petty, Fore-  
man Willoughby and wife Sarah, heirs at law  
of said Thomas D. Crain, decd., appear at the  
next term of this Court, to be held for the  
county of Orange, at the court house in Hills-  
borough, on the fourth Monday in May next,  
and show cause, if any they have, why a ven-  
dition capias shall not issue to sell the prop-  
erty so levied on by said executions.

J. TAYLOR, Clerk.  
March 17. 66--

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,  
PERSON COUNTY.  
In Equity—November Term, 1842.

McVoy Chandler, ex'r. and others, ex. Burnall  
Russell and wife, and others.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court,  
that William Howard and wife Winifred,  
Robert Davis and wife Rebecca, Benjamin  
West, and the children of Elizabeth his wife,  
deceased, Benjamin Clayton and wife Sally,  
and William Yarbrough, are not inhabitants of  
this state: It is therefore ordered, that publi-  
cation be made in the Hillsborough Recorder  
for six weeks, for the said defendants to appear at  
our next Court of Equity, to be held for the  
county of Person, at the court house in Rox-  
borough on the seventh Monday after the  
fourth Monday in March next, and then and  
there answer or demur, or the same will be  
taken pro confesso and heard ex parte as to  
them.

JOHN BRADSHAW, c. m. e.  
Pro vice \$4 50. 66--

**Stray.**  
TAKEN up and entered on the stray book  
of Orange county, on the 27th of February  
last, by Nathan Findly, living on Stony Creek,  
twenty two miles north of Hillsborough, a pale  
red dog with black spots, marked with a  
swallow fork in the left ear and an under bit  
in the right ear; five SHOATS with white and  
black spots, unmarked; and six PIGS with  
black and white spots, all unmarked. Valued  
at seven dollars.

JOHN A. FAUCETT, Ranger.  
March 21. 66--

**United States District Court  
of North Carolina.**  
IN BANKRUPTCY.  
In the matter of Matthew M'Cauley, a bank-  
rupt, I shall apply at the Court at Chambers,  
on the 27th day of March instant, for a  
final order for a dividend of the assets in my  
hands. All persons interested are required to  
interpose their objections to such distribution  
before the said court at that time.

WALTER A. NORWOOD,  
Assignee in Bankruptcy for Orange County.  
March 7. 65-1w

**United States District Court  
of North-Carolina.**  
IN BANKRUPTCY.  
Notice to show cause against Petition of  
Lewis Edwards, of Orange county, labor-  
er, to be declared a Bankrupt, at New-  
bern, on the fourth Monday in April next.  
David H. Cate, of Orange county,  
shoe-maker, to be declared a Bankrupt,  
at Newbern, on the fourth Monday in April  
next.

**Consumption and Liver  
Complaint.**

DR. TAYLOR'S BALSAM OF LIVER-  
WORT, from 375, Bowery, New  
York. For the cure of Coughs, Cold,  
Asthma, Consumption, pains in the Side  
and Breast, Liver complaints, and all those  
affections of the Throat and Lungs, which  
are a source of so much suffering, and so  
often terminate in Consumption, this re-  
medy is highly and justly distinguished.  
It is purely vegetable; mild and gentle in  
its effects upon the system, and being en-  
tirely free from all mineral products, can  
be taken in the most delicate cases with  
safety, as well as utility. So extensively  
has it been used, and so often proved suc-  
cessful even in extreme and apparently  
almost hopeless cases, that the proprietor  
feels no hesitancy in recommending it to  
all who unfortunately may have occasion  
to resort to some means of recovery. Physi-  
cians, aware of the healing properties of  
this vegetable preparation, and familiar  
with its effects, not unfrequently prescribe  
it in their practice, either as a palliative or  
a remedy; and with the Medical Faculty  
generally it has met with more than ordi-  
nary approbation.

**CONSUMPTION.**—The following  
remarks were taken from the last number  
of the Medical Magazine:

"The surprising effect produced by the  
genuine Dr. Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort, made  
at 375 Bowery, in consumption, cannot fail  
exciting a deep and abiding interest through-  
out the world. We have so long believed this  
disease (consumption) incurable, that it is dif-  
ficult to credit our senses when we see persons  
evidently consumptive, restored to health. Yet  
it is a fact of daily occurrence."

The following certificate was given by  
Capt. Scott, of Elizabeth City, N. C. a  
few days since:

"Being constitutionally predisposed to con-  
sumption (a number of my family having died  
of this disease,) and having suffered severely  
from irritation of the lungs, accompanied with  
cough and raising matter and blood, together  
with some pain in the side and breast, till I was  
supposed to be past recovery. I was induced  
by advice of Dr. Perkins, as a last resort, to try  
Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort. I have taken five  
bottles in all. I began to improve with the first  
bottle, and after taking the third was so far im-  
proved as to be able to get about; since which  
time, by continued use of it, I am quite restor-  
ed and able to attend to my usual business. To  
persons suffering from cough and affections of  
the lungs, I cheerfully recommend it."

**CONSUMPTION CURED.**—Bring of a studious  
habit, I became afflicted some years since with  
bronchitis, itching in the throat, slight cough,  
and other consumptive symptoms. Every new  
cold increased my disease, until it settled into  
regular confirmed consumption. I now com-  
menced the use of Dr. Taylor's Balsam of Liver-  
wort, made at 375 Bowery, and this medicine  
gave me relief in a short time. It has since ef-  
fected a radical cure. REV. G. W. CANJA.

**Violent Pain in the Side.**—I have been cured  
of a violent pain in the side, extending through  
to the shoulder, indigestion, diarrhoea, loss of  
appetite, and general debility, by the use of  
two bottles of Dr. Taylor's Balsam of Liver-  
wort, from 375 Bowery.

J. F. H. ALLEN, No 7 Merchant's Row.  
For sale in Hillsborough by D. Heatt; in  
Orange by George F. Taylor; in Greensboro-  
ugh by J. & R. Sloan—only agents.

**Notice.**  
AT the February term of Orange County  
Court, the subscriber took out letters of  
Administration on the estate of WILLIAM T.  
JORDAN, deceased; all persons indebted to  
said estate are requested to come for waitin-  
g immediately and settle the same with him, or  
otherwise he will resort to the usual course  
of collection; and all who may have claims,  
are required to present them within the time  
prescribed by law, otherwise this notice will be  
pleaded in bar of a recovery.

WM. PAUL, Adm'r.  
March 8. 65--

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,  
ORANGE COUNTY.  
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions,  
February Term, 1843.

Robert Dickson and others, Petition to divide  
vs.  
Nicolaj Thomas and wife. Slaves.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court,  
that the defendants in this case are not in-  
habitants of this state; It is therefore ordered,  
that publication be made in the Hillsborough  
Recorder for six weeks, for said defendants to  
appear at the next Court of Pleas and Quarter  
Sessions, to be held for Orange county, on  
the fourth Monday in May next, at the court  
house in Hillsborough, and plead or demur to  
said petition, or the same will be taken pro  
confesso as to them, and heard accordingly.

J. TAYLOR, Clerk.  
Price adv. \$4 50 65- 6w

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,  
ORANGE COUNTY.  
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions,  
February Term, 1843.

Elizabeth Pickett, et al.  
vs.  
Edward Pickett John Mc-  
bane and wife Julia.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court,  
that the defendants in this case are not in-  
habitants of this state: It is ordered that  
publication be made for six weeks successively  
in the Hillsborough Recorder, for said de-  
fendants to appear at the next Court of Pleas  
and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county  
of Orange, at the court house in Hillsboro-  
ugh, on the fourth Monday in May next,  
then and there to plead or demur to said peti-  
tion, otherwise the same will be taken pro  
confesso and heard accordingly.

J. TAYLOR, Clerk.  
Price Adv. \$4 50. 65--

**Lost or Mislaid.**  
A NOTE of hand on Henry Busham-  
mer for seven dollars and forty-seven  
cents, payable to the subscriber, bearing  
date in December 1842, and due thirty  
days thereafter. All persons are fore-  
warned trading for said note.

EMPPSON THOMPSON.  
March 8. 65--

**Negroes for Sale.**  
WILL be sold, on a credit of nine months,  
at Capt. Wm. Shaw's, on Saturday the  
25th day of March, a Negro Girl and a very  
valuable young Negro Man belonging to the  
estate of Wm. Shaw, deceased.

GEORGE HURDLE, } Adm'r.  
H. CRAWFORD, }  
March 8. 65--

</