



Union, the Constitution and the Law—
the Guardians of our Liberty.

HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.
Wednesday, May 9.

Health of Greensborough.—The Greensborough Patriot of Saturday says, a severe case of sickness is in town, of the same nature and of which there is a diversity of opinion among physicians, and others who have seen it. By some it is pronounced to be the Small Pox. The Patriot says, if it be the Small Pox, the mystery is, how it was communicated. In other respects the town is represented to be remarkably healthy.

Virginia Election.—The election in Virginia, it appears, has resulted in the election of Democrats in all the Congressional Districts, except one. Division in the Whig ranks is the principal cause. The Whigs have made some gains in the Legislature, though it is still largely Democratic.

Annexation of Norfolk.—The proposed annexation of Norfolk to this state is attracting considerable attention in the region of that city. The Norfolk Beacon says it is the wish of nine tenths of that community, and proposes that a poll should be held by the Mayor, at an election, for or against the annexation.

We have all along considered this as an idle discussion, as it can hardly be possible that the Legislature of Virginia will consent to cede so important a portion of her territory to a neighboring state.

Proscription.—A communication appears in the National Intelligencer of the 5th instant, signed "Truth," called forth by an article in the "Union," professing to give the politics of those employed in the Departments at Washington. Instead of ten Whigs and thirty-five Democrats, as stated in the Union, the Intelligencer's correspondent says there were employed in the Post Office Department, at the time Mr. Johnson left it, forty-four Democrats and two Whig clerks. The proscription of which the Democrats are now so loudly complaining, cannot well be more thorough than that which this statement exhibits.

Slavery in Kentucky.—A large meeting in the form of a convention, was held at Frankfort, Ky., on the 30th ult., the object of which was to consider what course would be best to adopt by those who are opposed to the increase and perpetuation of Slavery in the State. After much consultation and the discussion of various propositions, resolutions were adopted, declaring the belief that "Slavery as it exists by law in Kentucky is injurious to the Commonwealth, inconsistent with the fundamental principles of free government, and contrary to the natural rights of mankind, it therefore ought not to be perpetuated," and that "any scheme of emancipation ought to be prospective, operating upon negroes born after the adoption of said scheme."

The following points were recommended to be inserted into the new constitution:
First—An absolute prohibition of the importation of slaves in the State of Kentucky.
Second—That there be invested in the people complete power to perfect, in or under the new constitution of the commonwealth of Kentucky, a system of gradual prospective emancipation of slaves.

The Common School Advocate.
—We have received the first number of this paper, published by Dr. Nerues Mendenhall. It is a small quarto of eight pages, issued monthly, for fifty cents a year. As its name indicates, it is devoted to the purpose of education, and we hope it is destined to be useful. Communications, &c. are to be addressed to the editor, at Jamestown, N. C.

Owing to the absence of the Secretary and the loss of some of the papers, the proceedings of the Medical Meeting held here on the 14th ultimo were incorrectly published in this paper. We publish below, by request, a correct account.

Orange Medical Society.
An adjourned meeting of a portion of the Physicians of Orange was held in Hillsborough on the 14th ultimo. Dr. Watson, the chairman of the former meeting, being absent, Dr. Strudwick was called to the chair, and Dr. Jones of Chapel Hill appointed Secretary.

The Chair having explained the object of the meeting to be the formation of a Medical Society in Orange, and the appointment of Delegates to a Medical State Convention to be held at Raleigh, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, 1st, That this meeting highly approve of the Medical Convention to be held in Raleigh on Monday, 16th inst., and that the Chairman appoint Delegates to represent us in that Convention.
2nd, That it is highly expedient that a Medical Society should be organized in the county of Orange, to include all the practicing Physicians in the county.

3rd, That for the purpose of forming such Society, all the Physicians of the county be earnestly requested to meet in Hillsborough on Tuesday of May Court.
4th, That the Chairman appoint a committee of twelve to frame a constitution and by-laws, to be submitted to the meeting at May Court.

In pursuance of the fourth resolution, the following gentlemen were appointed by the Chair a committee to prepare a constitution and by-laws, viz: Drs. Watson, Yancey, Cave, Jones, Atkins, Morrow, Freeman, John Allison, Gay, Blackhall, Durham, and Norwood.

On motion, resolved, that the North Carolina Democrat and Hillsborough Recorder be requested to publish these proceedings.

E. STRUDWICK, Chm.
J. B. JONES, Sec'y.

A Series of Outrages.—We were surprised to learn, that during Guilford Superior Court, last week, the honest and moral community of Greensborough was shocked by the occurrence of several robberies, following each other in quick succession. One of the jewellery stores of that place was broken open, and several articles of considerable value were stolen. Another depreder, more daring than his contemporary in crime, entered one of the stores in the day-time, and "reared the deposits" in the drawer, amounting to something like \$100, while the proprietor and clerks were in the counting-room. A gentleman also became the victim of the dexterity of a pick-pocket, who, perceiving some bank-bills amounting to about \$150, extending from the end of his pocket-book, which protruded a little from the pocket, quickly slipped them out, leaving the owner in the possession of the empty book. We understand that the parties have been arrested, supposed to be engaged in all these depredations, and that they are believed to belong to a gang of rascals who are travelling from Court to Court, under the guise of peddlers, traders of tobacco, &c. In justice to the citizens of Guilford, it is but right to state, that not one of the persons suspected of being engaged in these recent thefts, is a resident of that County.

Raleigh Register.
The Register has saved us the trouble of writing an appendix to our chapter of events last week. We were advised not to publish any notice of the burglary in our last, lest it might hinder the detection of the perpetrators; and as we could not publish that particular instance, we passed over the others, in order that we might seem to be no respoer to persons.

The above is substantially correct, except that the amount stolen from the store in the day-time, was perhaps not so large; and that the parties arrested on suspicion of the burglary were, after examination, discharged.

The two thieves, noticed in our last as having been convicted, were whipped; and the man on trial for passing counterfeit money, was convicted, and received a portion of his sentence in the pillory—the remainder to be paid in instalments at the whipping post. *Greensboro Patriot.*

Distressing Casualty.—We learn from a gentleman who was present at Salisbury, at the Regimental Review of Rowan Militia, on Friday last, that the horse of one of the Officers on parade became frightened and ran down the street at a most furious gate, and dashed through a porch in which were standing several children, a hoof of the horse striking one of them on the head, causing a dreadful fracture of the skull, and severely crushing the ankle bones of another. The horse continued his course down the street, and finally threw the rider upon the points of some sharp piling, breaking several of his ribs, and otherwise seriously mangle him. Our informant states, that when he left Salisbury on Saturday morning, he understood the child whose skull had received the fracture, was dead, and that the Officer was considered almost beyond the hope of recovery. *Raleigh Register.*

Gold Hill.—We have been furnished with some interesting particulars about the Mine at Gold Hill, in Rowan county. It is said to have been discovered 18 or 20 years ago, but that no gold of large amount was obtained until within the last five years; since which it is calculated that \$360,000 per annum is obtained.

Three engines are in operation, which cost \$25,000; and two others are being erected. Eight different mining companies are working the mines at Gold Hill, and a large amount of capital is invested, estimated at \$300,000. *North Carolinian.*

Failure.—Bishop Doane, of New Jersey, (says the N. Y. Tribune,) has failed for \$250,000, and is said to be able to pay only a trifling portion of his vast liabilities. Most of this money is said to have been spent in building churches and chapels. The fortune of Mrs. Doane, formerly Mrs. Perkins of Boston, is not involved in this crash. Her income is said to be \$12,000 per annum.

Gen. Brooke.—The Picayune says that Brevet Major Gen. Brooke has received orders from headquarters to assume the command of the army in New Mexico, lately detached from Gen. Worth's command, and to proceed forthwith to his destination.

Another Liquor Law.—An act of the last Legislature prohibits selling or giving away spirits within two miles of any place of public worship, during the time that religious exercises may be in progress at such place, under penalty of not less than ten nor more than fifty dollars. Towns and villages are excepted.

Defalcation.—The U. S. Marshall for the Southern District of New York, Hon. Eli Moore, or his Deputy, Mr. Peck, has proved to be a defaulter to the amount of \$20,000. It is thought that the Deputy is the guilty party, and he has resigned; but it appears from the examination which has taken place, that Moore farmed out the office to Peck. The Sub-Treasury law makes the default a penitentiary offence.

The New York Courier has the following singular statement:

Sale of Offices.—The recent discovery of a large defalcation in the office of Marshal, has led to other discoveries equally astounding. It now appears from

an affidavit of Mr. Moore made in the Court of Chancery, that immediately upon the receipt of his appointment, he disposed of his office for the sum of \$16,000 and \$175 per month! Mr. Moore in justification of himself for this most unjustifiable proceeding, alleges that the practice is common, and that his two predecessors in like manner sold their offices to the same person—the Deputy Marshal!

This will doubtless lead to further investigations into the manner in which offices have been disposed of under the Van Buren, Tyler and Polk dynasties.

Rejoicing at a Removal.—A hundred guns are to be fired on Boston Common, on the occasion of Mr. Morton's retirement from the Custom House of that city on the 1st of May next. The powder is paid for by Cass Democrats, who subscribe a dollar a piece for the interesting object. Morton was a great free soiler and voted for Van Buren.

Injury to the Rail Road by fire.—In the early part of last week, the trestle-work on the South side of Rock Fish Creek bridge, on the Wilmington Rail Road, 25 miles from town, took fire, and about thirty rods in extent was destroyed before persons who happened to be near could get the fire under. The accident was caused, we understand, by the ashpan of the Locomotive which went up that day becoming detached. The injury will be repaired so as to admit of the trains passing in a day or two. Since the accident, the upward and downward trains have met at the gap and exchanged passengers and mails. *Wilmington Chron.*

Our University.—We learn that James T. Morehead, Esq., of Greensborough, will deliver the annual Address before the Alumni Association, at the approaching Commencement of the University. *Raleigh Register.*

The Winchester Virginian of the 25th says of the crops, that "the mild weather and a slight shower has made the wheat shake off the effects of the frosts of last week, in a great measure. With a reasonable supply of rain in the coming month, the valley is promised one of the largest wheat crops ever raised within its borders."

Important Rumor from Mexico.—The Mobile Register publishes the following extract of a letter from Vera Cruz, the 17th ult., brought by the steamer Thames to this city:

"News reached here this morning, from the capital, that the Mexican Congress had revoked the permit allowing the right of way to Tehuantepec for the construction of a railroad across the Isthmus, in favor of a Mexican gentleman now at Washington. British influence, it is said, is at the foundation of this counter movement. It is rumored that an English admiralty agent is at Mexico attending to this matter."

New York, May 2—P. M.
Difficulties at St. Domingo.—By an arrival here we have later dates from Saint Domingo. Gen. Solouque with his force were within sixteen miles of the city of St. Domingo. He has an army of twenty thousand well disciplined troops, and expected to attack the city in a few days. He had taken captive all the towns on his march. The whole island is in a state of great confusion and excitement; the inhabitants suffering much distress. It was believed that Solouque would be completely victorious.

Canadian Affairs.—The disturbance continues in Montreal, and is spreading all over both provinces. But it is nowhere assuming the shape of even a respectable row, much less a revolution. There will be a multitude of meetings; but as there appears to be no opposing elements, the Tory fire will soon burn itself quietly out, and every thing will resume its usual tone.

As for separation from the mother country, or annexation to the United States, there is no more likelihood of either than there is that the St. Lawrence will run up stream. The wrong party is dissatisfied. The quarrel has not arisen because the Government is not liberal enough, but because it is too liberal; not because a revolution is coveted, but because a bill has passed to pay those who made a very feeble effort to effect a revolution! *Albany Journal.*

Overflow of the Mississippi.—A writer in the New Orleans Delta, over the signature of D. B. Mosby, who says he has followed the Mississippi river 20 years, gives his opinion of the cause of the constant rising of that river. He says that he remembers when the Mississippi was not embanked with levees above the mouth of Red River. In those days the Mississippi was from 50 to 200 miles wide, at the times of its highest freshets, spreading over an immense valley from as high up as Helena. Now it is not more than a mile wide. This immense spreading out of the waters afforded a place of deposit for the mass of sediment which is now forced down the channel of the river, and is filling up the mouth and the bottom of the river, high up above New Orleans. In this way he accounts for the necessity of raising the levee every year or two; not that there is any more water in the river, but as the bottom of the river fills up with the vast deposit of sediment, the banks must be raised to hold the water.

He says that trees may be seen which once grew on the banks of the river, now buried 15 or 20 feet in the earth of the levees. For a hundred miles from either side of the Mississippi, a well cannot be

drilled without finding logs and other indications of the former overflows of the river.

If some remedy is not provided, Capt. Mosby predicts (what is feared by many in these days,) one of the most destructive overflows ever heard of in this country. He proposes as a partial remedy that Louisiana, or else the United States, shall cut two outlets leading into Lake Pontchartrain. *N. Carolinian.*

A Great Rise.—The editor of the Aurora Borealis, in speaking of J. H. Prentiss, recently deceased, says he was once a member of Congress, and by force of character, rose to be editor of the Cooperstown Journal, which he had conducted for forty-one years.

Connecticut.—The single Whig Congressman elected in Connecticut a few weeks ago, had a clear majority over his several competitors of 468 votes, and a plurality of 1144 over his Locofero opponent; whilst the united majorities of the three Locoferos who were elected was but 211, and their united pluralities over their Whig opponents only 405.

Emigration.—The Greensboro' (Ala.) Beacon says: "One day last week, upwards of thirty wagons and other vehicles belonging to the emigrants, mostly from Georgia and South Carolina, passed through on their way, most of them bound to Texas and Arkansas."

THE TEMPERANCE REFORMATION is making much progress in Bermuda, as well as at Barbadoes and other British Islands in the West Indies.

Proof Reading.—Proof-readers are sometimes very negligent. In speaking of Gov. McDowell's speech, the manuscript said, "Many members wept and among them Mr. Speaker Winthrop more than once gave way to his feelings in a flood of tears." The printed copy read, "Many members slept, and Mr. Speaker Winthrop more than once gave way to his feelings in a mug of beer."

The Poet Campbell.—Campbell the poet once said, "I believe, when I am gone, justice will be done to me in this way, that I was a pure writer. It is an inexpressible comfort, at my time of life, to be able to look back and feel that I have not written one line against religion, or virtue."

We learn, says the Boston Journal, that Dr. Warren, of this city, recently took from the stomach of an Irish girl, at the Massachusetts General Hospital, by means of an incision, a tape worm forty-one cent eleven inches in length! The operation was performed while the suffering patient was under the influence of Ether. She observed, on coming to her senses, "Oh! I have had a pleasant dream, and I feel relieved." The wound was dressed with great care; and she has scarcely complained of pain since the operation. This, we are told, is the only case on record, where the tape worm has been literally cut from the human stomach.

Tobacco a Cure for Cholera.—Dr. John W. Moore states, in a Mobile paper, that he cured one hundred or more extreme cases of cholera, not losing one, by the use of tobacco. He administered it in a form of an emana, of the strength of one drachm to a pint. He first tried it upon a negro, whose pulse was gone, his tongue was cold, and his muscles so rigid that he rested only on his head and heels. In five minutes he was relieved, and the cure perfected by drinking a decoction of sena. In his own case, Dr. Moore took into his stomach a spoonful of the tobacco decoction, with perfect relief from cramp and diarrhea. He has no doubt but that cholera may be as easily managed, as the fevers of our country.

Facts are Powerful Arguments.—There are in New Orleans and its suburbs twelve hundred and fifty-three members of the Sons of Temperance, attached to two different divisions. During the whole of the recent visitation of the cholera in those places, but three deaths occurred among members. Of these three two had been members less than a month, and the other was greatly exposed by reason of his occupation. The proportion of deaths in the city was fifteen to every thousand souls, while in the Sons it was but little over two in the same number. The Crescent publishes a report from which these facts are gleaned. They are significant items.

The following resolutions were introduced by John A. Williams, and unanimously passed by the "Closiophilic Society" of Oxford, N. C., on the 20th April, 1849:

WHEREAS, it has pleased an Allwise Providence to remove from amongst us the Rev. Stephen Ira Ellis, late of the North Carolina Conference, and a member of the "Closiophilic Society," to that Society where angels delight to dwell. Be it therefore

Resolved, That in the death of our brother we have sustained an irreparable loss, as well as the church an efficient minister and truly pious man.

Resolved, That we deeply sympathize with the afflicted companion and friends of our departed brother member, and recommend that they submit with christian resignation to the Will of our good God.

Resolved, That as a testimonial of our high regard for the deceased, we will wear the usual badge of mourning for the space of 30 days.

Resolved, That a copy of the foregoing resolutions be signed by the President and Secretary, and sent to the family of the deceased, and also published in the

Hillsborough Recorder, and N. C. Democrat.

E. K. CRABTREE, Pres.
H. BAST, Secretary.

PETERSBURG MARKETS.
(Reported for the Intelligence.)
Friday, May 4, 1849.

TOBACCO.—The market continues quite animated, and prices have an upward tendency.—Lugs 2 1/2 a 3 1/2—Leaf 3 1/2 a 4 1/2. The receipts are light for the season.

COTTON.—We have no change to note since our last report—prices are steady at 6 1/2 a 6 3/4 for good and fine—stained 5 1/2 a 5 3/4.

FLOUR.—Sales are limited at 4 1/2 a 4 3/4 the stock is much reduced.

WHEAT.—But little arriving, and sells at 80 a 90 cents.

CORN.—The receipts are very light, and it is wanted at 45c.

PEAS.—Blue-eye Peas 40c.
BEANS.—White Beans 70 a 75c.
RACON.—Va. cured, 6 1/2 a 7 1/2c.—Western Shoulders and Sides 5 a 6c.
LARD.—7 1/2 a 8c.

BRANDY.—Va. Apple Brandy 32 a 33 cents.

Corporation Proceedings.
Hillsborough, May 5.

Present O. F. Long, M. P., P. B. Fuffin, R. F. Morris, Stephen Moore, Wm. Nelson, Wm. H. Brown, R. Nichols.
Absent, Lemuel Lynch.
The committee appointed to collect and revise the ordinances adopted since 1838, &c. reported the same. The report was received and concurred in, and several amendments were adopted.

On motion, it was
Ordered, That Messrs. Lynch, Ruffin and the Magistrate of Police be appointed a committee to contract for the printing of 150 copies of the Town Ordinances, including those adopted since 1838.

On motion, an ordinance was adopted imposing an annual tax of ten dollars on peddlers offering their goods for sale within the limits of the town. (For which see advertisement.)
E. A. HEARTT, Town Clerk.

We are requested to announce Mr. ROBERT F. MORRIS as a candidate for the County Court Clerkship of Orange County.
We are requested to announce Col. HENRY K. WITHERSPOON as a candidate for the County Court Clerkship of Orange County.
We are requested to announce Gen. JOSEPH ALLISON, as a candidate for re-election to the County Court Clerkship of Orange County.
We are requested to announce Mr. RICHARD M. JONES as a candidate for re-election to the office of Clerk of the Superior Court of Orange county.

Obituary.
Died, in Jefferson county, Alabama, on the 10th ultimo, in the 56th year of his age, the Hon. JOHN P. FORESTER, formerly of this county. He occupied the honorable position of Judge in Jefferson county for many years, and was highly esteemed for the correctness of his department, and the kindness and benevolence of his disposition. His funeral was attended by the Masonic fraternity in a body, and by the Elyton Division of the Sons of Temperance, of which he was their first presiding officer. He was piously inclined for several years previous to his death, and during his last moments expressed hopes of a blessed immortality.

LONG & WEBB
RESPECTFULLY announce to their friends, that they have received their full Stock of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
Consisting of every variety of Merchandise, Dry Goods, Fancy and Staple, Cutlery, Hardware, Crockery, Paints, Dye Stuffs, &c. &c., All of which they are anxious to dispose of for Cash, or on credit to punctual dealers only. Their prices shall correspond with the times.
May 8. 80—tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
ORANGE COUNTY.
In Equity—March Term, 1849.
William Barlee and James Webb, against
The Hon. James Irwell, John M. Fawcett, Adm'rs. of Elizabeth Fann, Dec'd., Wille Fann, Macka Fann, Anna Winfree, Julia Walker, Elizabeth Bynum, William Pendergrass and Tabby his wife, John Pendergrass and Rebecca his wife, and William Pickett, Willis Pickett, John Pickett, Topley Pickett, John Barber and Elizabeth his wife, formerly Elizabeth Pickett, and Nathaniel I. King.
Original Bill of Injunction.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendants Wille Fann, Macka Fann, Anna Winfree, Julia Walker, Elizabeth Bynum, William Pendergrass, and Tabby his wife, John Pendergrass, Rebecca Pendergrass, Willis Pickett, Topley Pickett, and John Barber and Elizabeth his wife, and Nathaniel I. King, are not inhabitants of the State of North Carolina; it is therefore ordered, that advertisement be made in the Hillsborough Recorder for six successive weeks, for said absent defendants to appear at the next term of the Court of Law and Equity, to be held at the Court House in Hillsborough, on the 2nd Monday of September next, and then and there to plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, otherwise the same will be taken pro confesso as to them and decree entered accordingly.

Witness O. F. Long, Clerk and Master of our Court of Equity, at office, this 8th day of May, 1849.
O. F. LONG, c. & M. E.
Price adv. \$6: 50 80—6w

Stray.
TAKEN up and entered on the Stray Book according to law, by George Nichols, living thirteen miles north east of Hillsborough, a BAY HORSE, supposed to be about fifteen years old, blind in the right eye, white feet up to pastern joint, a star in the face.
A. C. MURDOCK, Ranger.
April 12, 1849. 79—8w

Town Ordinance.

At a meeting of the Board of Commissioners of the town of Hillsborough, held on the 5th day of May, 1849, the following ordinance was adopted:

Be it ordained, That all peddlers offering for sale, within the limits of this town, goods or articles not manufactured in this State, shall be required to pay an annual tax of ten dollars (10.) into the town treasury; and the Town Comptroller is hereby required to collect the same and pay it over to the Town Treasurer.

Be it further ordained, That the foregoing ordinance shall be in force from and after the first day of June, 1849; and that the same be published in the Hillsborough Recorder and North Carolina Democrat for three weeks.
By order of the Board.
E. A. HEARTT, Town Clerk.
May 7. 80—3w

A PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency CHARLES MANLY, Governor of North Carolina.
WHEREAS by the 15th chapter of the Acts passed at the last session of the General Assembly, it was provided that the Sheriff of the county of Orange should hold an election on the 3rd Thursday in April then ensuing, to take the sense of the qualified voters of said county on the question of "Division" or "no Division" of said County;

And whereas the said Sheriff has certified to this Department that said election has been duly held, and that 1257 votes have been given in favor of Division and 1001 votes in favor of no Division;

Now, in pursuance of the provisions of the 25th section of the Act referred to, I do hereby make known, by this Proclamation, that a majority of the qualified voters of said county of Orange have voted in favor of the Division of the same; and I do hereby declare that the Act of the last session of the General Assembly, entitled "an Act to lay off and establish a county by the name of 'Alamance,'" ratified on the 29th day of January, A. D. 1849; and also the Act entitled "an Act supplemental to an act passed by the present General Assembly, entitled an Act to lay off and establish a new county by the name of Alamance," ratified on 29th January, 1849, are operative and in full force and effect.

Given under my hand and seal of office, at the Executive Department in the city of Raleigh, this 24th day of April, 1849.
CHAS. MANLY.

By the Governor,
LANGDON C. MANLY,
Private Secretary.
April 28. 79—6w

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

ORANGE COUNTY.
In Equity—March Term, 1849.
William and Alfred Ray, }
vs. } Original Bill.
John Ray & others. }

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Mary Ray, one of the parties defendant in the above case, is not an inhabitant of this State; it is ordered, that advertisement be made in a public newspaper for the said Mary Ray personally to appear in this Court, on the second Monday of September next; and then to answer the bill of complaint of said William and Alfred Ray, and to stand to, abide by and perform such order and decree as shall be made in the premises; otherwise said bill will be taken pro confesso as to her, and decree entered accordingly.

Witness, O. F. Long, Clerk and Master in our said Court, at Office, the 2nd Monday of March, A. D. 1849.
O. F. LONG, c. & M. E.
April 18. 78—6w

DR. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS.—When the proprietor of this invaluable remedy purchased it of the inventor, there was no medicine which deserved the name, for the cure of Liver and Bilious complaints, notwithstanding the great prevalence of these diseases in the United States. In the South and West particularly, where the patient is frequently unable to obtain the services of a regular physician, some remedy was required, at once safe and effectual, and whose operation could in no wise prove prejudicial to the constitution. This medicine is supplied by Dr. M'LANE'S Liver Pills, as has been proved in every instance in which it has had a trial. Always beneficial, not a solitary instance has ever occurred in which its effects have been injurious. The invention of an educated and distinguished physician, it has nothing in common with the quack nostrums imposed upon the public by shallow pretenders to the medical art. Experience has now proved beyond a doubt, that Dr. M'LANE'S Pills is the best remedy ever proposed for the liver complaint. Purchasers will please beware of counterfeits, and invariably ask for Dr. M'LANE'S celebrated liver pills, and take none else, as there are no other pills purporting to be liver pills, now before the public.

FEVER AND AGUE, and Bilious Complaints.—Although long known as a sovereign remedy for chronic cases of Hepatic derangement, the proprietors of Dr. M'LANE'S Liver Pills were not prepared for the following gratifying evidence of its capacity and curative powers in Ague and Fever, and Bilious complaints.

MADISONVILLE, Nov. 22, 1847.
"Messrs. Kidd & Co.—About one year since I was laboring under a very severe attack of Ague and Fever, but by the use of M'LANE'S Liver Pills I was soon restored to perfect health. I believe them to be the best medicine for Bilious complaints that has ever been offered for sale in this section of the country."
JAMES SHARPE.

FOR SALE BY
Long & Webb, Hillsborough; D. Heatt, Jot Jones Watson & Co., Chapel Hill; A. Moore, Mooresville; Hurdle & Hurdle, Walnut Grove, Orange County; Moore & Noel, Mt. Tira Person County.
February 7. 67—

LINN, SMITH & CO.

Wholesale Druggists,
213 Market Street, above 5th,
CLAUDE B. LINN, } PHILADELPHIA.
HORACE F. SMITH, }
A. I. OLNEY, }

DRUGS & MEDICINES,
Paints, Oils, Glass, Dye-Stuffs, Varnishes, &c. &c.
Also, Patent Medicines, Medicine Chests, Surgical and Obstetrical Instruments, Chemical Tests, &c.

Orders from Country Druggists or Physicians, filled promptly and with care.
Philadelphia, March, 1849. 73—6m

WANTED,
ONE THOUSAND yards of TOW and COTTON cloth.
LATIMER & JONES.
October 13 00—

BLANKS for Sale at this Office.