

THE KENNA RECORD.

VOL. 10. KENNA, CHAVES COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, JUNE 2, 1916. NO. 16.

R. F. Ballard

SOME SPRING CALLERS



ANNOUNCEMENT.

Chaves County Teachers' Institute.

The Chaves County Teachers' Institute will be held at the Central School Building in the City of Roswell, beginning Monday, June the 5th, 1916.

It will continue for two weeks. The examinations for teacher's certificates will be held on Friday and Saturday, June 16th and 17th.

Supt. W. O. Hall will serve as Conductor, and Prof. W. C. Todd and Miss Dorothy Russell will serve as additional instructors.

The Manuals have not yet arrived, having been delayed on account of failure to procure paper upon which to print them. I cannot at this time say when they will be out but trust it will be soon. Teachers should be prepared to pass reading circle examinations. The reading circle books may be procured by writing Chas. Hefeld Co., Albuquerque.

1. For teachers with first grade elementary or professional certificates:

(a) "Sociology and modern Social Problems," price \$1.00. American Book Company, Chicago.

(b) "The Rural School—Its Methods and Management," price \$1.00. Silver Burdett & Company, Chicago.

2. For teachers with second and third grade elementary certificates:

(a) "Everyday Pedagogy," price \$1.00. Ginn and Company, Chicago.

(b) "Rural Life and Rural School," price 80 cents. American Book Company, Chicago.

The Institute fee will be two dollars. Examination fee will be one dollar. Good board may be procured at the many boarding houses and in private homes at reasonable rates. Will be glad to have you with us.

Respectfully,
C. C. Hill,
County Superintendent of Schools.

"For God's Sake Tell the People to Quit Monkeying With Gasoline"

(Following the sad, fatal accident of Mrs. Wilson last week, Mr. Whitman and others give the following to the Roswell Record.)

"For God's sake; for the sake of the wives and mothers of the city, for the sake of home and humanity, again call the attention of the people to the danger of monkeying with gasoline. That's a statement from Charles Whitman, fire chief of Roswell. He continued:

"I have been fire chief of Roswell for years. There have been three deaths from fire. Everyone has been the result of Gasoline: Ernest Mounts' sister was burned to death as the result of gasoline; Luther Piant was burned to death as the result of gasoline, and now Mrs. Wilson pays the penalty. There have been some forty badly burned as the result of gasoline fires.

"Will the people ever learn?" Every product of animal life—wool, silks, feathers, furs—when washed in gasoline, will produce the necessary spark, by friction, which means an ignition, and in this climate it takes less air to mix with the gas vapor than in the damper climate. That's why there are so many more explosions out here; that's why there should be no monkeying with gasoline.

Dr. Galloway issues a warning. "Will the people never learn the danger of gasoline? Tell the people to leave it alone. People don't understand gasoline. You could have a whole room full of gas vapor—and as long as there was no air to mix with it, you could strike a match in it and there would be no danger; whenever air mixes there is danger; you will always have air, unless you are in a laboratory. So leave gasoline alone. When you want something washed send it to some one who understands the use of gasoline."

Moving picture men, airship men, who have been in Roswell, say that there is more static in the valley atmosphere than any where else they know of. That makes the use of gasoline more dangerous.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office, at Roswell, N. M., May 11, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that Walter T. Scott, of Redland, N. M., who, on July 1, 1912, made H. E. Serial No. 029304, for 224, Sec. 15, T. 6, S., Range 28 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Three-Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Will A. Palmer, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Redland, N. M., on June 20, 1916.

Claimant names as witnesses: William E. Bramley, William D. Stirma, George H. Stirma, Louis H. Propps, all of Redland, N. M.

Emmett Patton, Register.
May 19-June 16

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M., May 3, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that William Pickett Graves, of Eschell, N. M., who, on June 21, 1915, made H. E. Serial No. 029305, for 224, Sec. 22, and 224 1/2, Section 23, Twp. 7 S., Range 31 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three-year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before C. E. Gabriel, U. S. Commissioner, in his office at Eschell, N. M., on June 13, 1916.

Claimant names as witnesses: Albert G. Arkison, William W. Healy, Claude C. Peterson, Maurice J. Brown, all of Eschell, N. M.

Emmett Patton, Register.
May 12-June 9.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office, at Roswell, N. M., May 17, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that Henry Ernst of Boaz, N. M., who, on June 16, 1914, made Add'l H. E. Serial No. 027304, for NW 1/4 Sec. 24, and SW 1/4 Sec. 25, Township 7 S., Range 30 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five-year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before Dan C. Savage, U. S. Commissioner, in his office at Roswell, N. M., on June 29, 1916.

Claimant names as witnesses: Charles E. Netz, George W. O'Farly, John D. Keener, William Horner, all of Boaz, N. M.

Emmett Patton, Register.
May 19-June 16

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, New Mexico, May 25, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that John H. Long, of Ingram, N. M., who on Aug. 26, 1909, made homestead entry No. 02977, for 165626, Sec. 24, Township 2 S., Range 30 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five-year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Dan C. Savage, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Kenan, N. M., on the 18th day of July, 1916.

Claimant names as witnesses: Moses Galdston, Katherine Taylor, James Burton, Oscar Bell, of Elda, N. M.

A. J. Evans, Register.
May 25-30.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M., May 26, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that Lafayette M. Pascoe of Richland, N. M., who, on June 5, 1915, made H. E. Serial No. 029310, for 224, Sec. 22, Twp. 6 S., R. 28 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three-year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before C. E. Toombs, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Richland, N. M., on July 3, 1916.

Claimant names as witnesses: John H. Kidd, of Redlake, N. M., James E. Bates, of Garrison, N. M., Mabry O. Danforth, of Allis, N. M., Blake Williams, of Richland, N. M.

EMMETT PATTON, Register.
June 4-30

The other day the Gilder Hotel management complained to the electric light company that there must be a short circuit, as guests were complaining of slight shocks when they stood on the heavy wool carpets and unlocked their doors. The trouble man was sent up. Nothing was found, but it was proven again that the static in the atmosphere caused the whole trouble. The telephone users and company have had like experiences.

THAT MAN CHARLIE

By ROBERTA CARSON.

Paula, windblown and rainsoaked, burst into the living room where her mother was reading. "No luck, mother! There isn't a maid, black, white or indifferent, who will budge a foot in our direction just because we're a couple of yards out of town. McManus at the employment office says they're all that way and he can't do anything about it. I told him to send out anyone who came along. A man would do it he said get one. Oh, why did dear old faithful Essie have to get married? And just now of all times!" She dropped dismally into a chair. "What can we do?"

Mrs. Courtland tapped her book thoughtfully. "If it were anybody in the house but the Remingtons who were coming it really wouldn't make so much difference. But they live so well and are so precise about everything."

"And there's a son coming, too!" groaned Paula. "Oh, we just can't

nave them. Father might telegraph to Remington later that somebody has died, or that we've had a flu, or smallpox, or something."

"They are motoring here from Boston, Paula, and left the middle of the week. We would not know where to reach them by wire."

"Well, then we still have two days!" Paula got up and took off her hat. "For forty-eight hours I'm going to clean the house till it shines. Whatever the Remingtons find, it won't be dirt."

Bang! Bang! Bang! went the carpet beater welded by a round, white arm, strengthened and seasoned by many rounds of golf and tennis.

Paula was talking to a man. She had seen him pass slowly along the side street as if searching for a house. "McManus has sent us a man I do believe.—Stop! Wait a minute! Are you looking for Courtland's?"

"Yes."

"Did Mr. McManus, the employment man, send you?"

"Yes—but how—"

"Never mind! There's no time to talk. No matter what you can or can't do now—you are better than nobody and we need you. I'll give you an old coat of father's till your things come. Then beat these rugs and sweep them off. Get the hose in the laundry and scrub the porches and walks. Shine the brasses around the front door and then come up stairs. I've forty windows for you to clean. Sounds like a lot, but it's got to be done!"

So Charlie banged rugs, scrubbed stairs, oiled floors, cleaned windows, beat eggs, stripped the fat off the ham, ground coffee, ran errands, changed furniture and cut glass. At the last minute on Friday he helped iron the curtains after Paula had shown him how, and then after dinner he washed the dishes carefully, put them away and cleaned up the kitchen.

Then he presented himself to Paula in the library. "Miss, I'm sorry, but I've got to leave."

"What? You can't go now, Charlie. She sat down with shaking knees. "Sorry, but I gotta."

"But—why?"

"My family needs me. I gotta go. I tried to help all I could."

"Oh, you did, Charlie. You're a few of, but what will we do when the company comes in the morning? No one to do dishes or anything!"

"Mebbe the company can help."

Paula laughed weakly. "Yes, maybe they can, but then again maybe they won't. But of course you don't understand, Charlie. All right, if you've got to go, we've got to let you. I'll get your money from father. Four dollars—is that right?"

The next morning the Courtlands watched the clock anxiously, fearful lest their guests should arrive before the work was done. But things were in order and mother and daughter in faultless toilets when an automobile containing three people drew up to the curb.

Mr. and Mrs. Remington were greeted cordially and the Courtlands waited expectantly for the begoggled son, who was busy with the car outside. Then he came, and something in the travel-worn suit and shapeless cap seemed familiar to Paula. Off came the goggles, and behold—Charlie!

The Remingtons enjoyed the situation so hugely that the astonished Courtlands joined in the laugh. "We have heard from our son how the land lies!" laughed Mrs. Remington, "so we are all prepared to roll up our sleeves and pitch in and help."

Later, Charlie Remington had a few words alone with Paula in the library where he had handed in his resignation the night before.

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Philosophic King.

Though King Peter has refused to leave his Serbian soldiers, he is not a military man at heart. Rather is he a scholar and philosopher, as is shown by his admiration of John Stuart Mill, whose works he has anonymously translated into Serbian. When in exile in Paris and Geneva, King Peter lived very modestly, renting upper flats at £30 a year in each place. In the agreement with his Geneva landlord was a stipulation that if he should be summoned to the Serbian throne his lease should terminate.—London Evening Standard.

NOTICE OF CONTEST

P. S. 0400
Box 01101
C-11-217

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office, at Fort Sumner, N. M., April 20th, 1916. To William T. Brandon, record address, Monroe, Wis., Contestee:

You are hereby notified that Judson B. Owens, who gives Kenna, N. M., as his postoffice address, did on March 30, 1916, file in this office his duly corroborated application to contest and secure the cancellation of your homestead entry, Serial No. 02660, made March 15th, 1907, entry refused, 2-9-12, for 224, Section 26, Township 4 S., Range 27 E., N. M. P. Meridian, and as grounds for his contest he alleges that said entryman has wholly abandoned said land, that he has not resided upon or cultivated any part thereof for more than three years last past.

You are, therefore, further notified that the said allegation will be taken as confessed, and your said entry will be canceled without further right to be heard, either before this office or on appeal, if you fail to file in this office within twenty days after the FOURTH publication of this notice, as shown below, your answer, under oath, specifically responding to these allegations of contest, together with 30¢ proof that you have served a copy of your answer on the said contestant either in person or by registered mail.

You should state in your answer the name of post office to which you desire future notices to be sent to you.

A. J. Evans, Register.
May 12, 1916
May 19, 1916
May 26, 1916
June 2, 1916

NOTICE OF CONTEST.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M., April 27, 1916. To Earl H. Boydston of Eschell, N. M., Contestee:

You are hereby notified that Walter A. Strawn, who gives New Hope, N. M., as his postoffice address did on March 25, 1916, file in this office his duly corroborated application to contest and secure the cancellation of your homestead entry, Serial No. 02611 made April 12, 1913, for 224, Sec. 14, Township 7 S., Range 31 E., N. M. P. Meridian, and as grounds for his contest he alleges that "said Earl H. Boydston has made no improvements on said land and has wholly abandoned said land for a period of more than three months last past."

You are, therefore, further notified that the said allegation will be taken by this office as having been confessed, by you, and your said entry will be canceled hereunder without your further right to be heard therein, either before this office or on appeal, if you fail to file in this office within twenty days after the FOURTH publication of this notice, as shown below, your answer, under oath, specifically meeting and responding to these allegations of contest, or if you fail within that time to file in this office proof that you have served a copy of your answer on the said contestant either in person or by registered mail, if this service is made by the delivery of a copy of your answer to the contestant in person proof of such service must be either the said contestant's written acknowledgment of his receipt of the copy, showing the date of his receipt, or the affidavit of the person by whom the delivery was made stating when and where the copy was delivered; if made by registered mail, proof of such service consists of the affidavit of the person by whom copy was mailed stating when and the post office to which it was mailed, and this affidavit must be accompanied by the postmaster's receipt for the letter.

You should state in your answer the name of post office to which you desire future notices to be sent to you.

Emmett Patton, Register.
May 12, 1916
May 19, 1916
May 26, 1916
June 2, 1916