

ROOSEVELT GREETED ENTHUSIASTICALLY BY PEOPLE OF ALBUQUERQUE

Citizens of This City and New Mexico Join in Giving the Colonel Real Strenuous, Old Time Reception

DEFEAT OF STATEHOOD IS OPEN BREACH OF FAITH

Ex-President Declares That People of Territory Have Complied With Demands and Should Be Admitted.

To a crowd that filled the Elks open house until standing room was gone, and which were forced to remain in the street, Colonel Theodore Roosevelt last night made one of his characteristic speeches, which found instant response among his audience and was frequently cheered.

Mr. Roosevelt spoke openly and fearlessly on all questions he brought up and his remarks upon the defeat of statehood were typical of the man. Declaring that the failure of the national government to admit New Mexico to the union was a breach of faith, Mr. Roosevelt asserted that during his administration he had been a consistent friend of New Mexico and that there was no reason for rejecting New Mexico from admission this long.

"The national government," he said, "has been guilty of grave wrong toward New Mexico. Congress has violated the conditions and said that when they were complied with you would be admitted to the union. You have fulfilled those conditions. The promises remain unfulfilled. I will go further—by its failure to make you a state the national government has been guilty of a breach of faith."

When Mr. Roosevelt alighted from the train he was met at the station by one of the largest crowds that ever welcomed a visitor to the city. The New Mexico uniform was worn in the and to them the colored address was a real reminder from the valley of the Mississippi. Roosevelt received the ex-president as he rode down the street. Both the New Mexico and the Santa Fe carried the handsome flags which are the property of the organization, made an excellent showing. Mr. Roosevelt, being deeply interested in the Bay State movement, his remarks to the boys last evening were particularly appropriate and interesting.

At the conclusion of his talk he went to the headquarters reserved for him, where he met Mrs. Roosevelt and Miss Ethel Roosevelt. A short time after he was taken to the Elks theater where one of the largest audiences ever assembled in that building cheered him to the platform. The stage was unobtrusively decorated with the national colors. President Taft on the platform with the noted speaker was Governor Mills, Mayor Egan, Cashier George Curtis, Dr. Robert Smith, Col. M. L. Stone, Col. M. P. Smith, J. S. Jones, Dr. Stone, George W. Arnold, Frank W. Cheney, Judge J. A. Abbot, Solomon Little, A. E. Walker, Van and others.

Col. Roosevelt spoke to the boys and the women of New Mexico. It is naturally to me a very real pleasure to be here in New Mexico. It was in this territory that I got my first notion of the members of my regiment, naturally a lot of men to whom I feel bound by ties as close as those which could connect any men together. And if it had not been for the regiment I could not have been president, so you see New Mexico has a good deal to answer for. Now I want to come to you tonight, not only to say a few words of greeting, but also to express the pleasure I feel at being here and my appreciation of the greeting New Mexico has given me, but also to speak a little about your governmental problem and of what New Mexico owes to itself to do when it becomes a state.

At the outset I wish to say and I wish to put it as strongly as I know how, that I feel that the national government has been guilty of a grave wrong to New Mexico. Congress had done certain conditions and said that when they were fulfilled you would be admitted to the union. You have fulfilled those conditions. The promises remain unfulfilled. I will go further—by its failure to make you a state the national government has been guilty of a breach of faith. I hold also that it was the duty of the government to admit Arizona. As I think it is a slightly strong possibility, but a possibility of making a deal between you, I do not think there is any warrant for voting against the admission of Arizona, still I can see a colorable argument that can be made

COLOR LENT TO JAPANESE SCARE

American Vice Consul Reports That Japs Are Trying to Get Coaling Station Along the Mexican Coast.

Washington, March 15.—Color to the claim that the mobilization of troops along the border had for part of its object the prevention of an alliance between Mexico and Japan is lent by the following report received by the state department from Vice Consul H. M. Stadden, stationed at Mazatlan, Mex.

"Negotiations are in progress between the Tokyo Kaiser Kaisha, the Japanese Steam Pacific steamship line, and the National Railways of Mexico, looking to the establishment of a coaling station at Chamapa, about 150 and one-half miles from Mazatlan, on the line of the National railways, ship of the Tokyo Kaiser Kaisha to run from Yokohama to ports on the west coast of South America, sailing via Valparaiso, Lima and Peking. If the coaling station is established, these ships will sail homeward bound at Mazatlan, and an effort will be made to sell coal also to the Siberia line of steamers, which ply in the Mexican coastwise trade.

"Until recently the Tokyo Kaiser Kaisha found little cargo for its ships outside from Yokohama to South America, and it was planned to have the station established at Mazatlan. Now, however, the Tokyo Kaiser Kaisha is securing full cargoes of rice and general merchandise for Peruvian ports, and it is planned that, in the event of the establishment of the coaling station, the coal will be brought out from Japan in steamers of the firm of Mitsui & Company, who are to furnish the coal. Mitsui & Company are said to be in communication with the American contractor for the port works at Mazatlan, who also holds a concession from the Mexican government for a coaling station at that port.

"Incident to these various negotiations, rumors have arisen that coal fields exist along the west coast of Mexico. One of the more persistent of these rumors is to the effect that within this whole union can be mined in the mountains. The American contractor for the port works at Mazatlan has found coal along the line of its proposed extension to Tepic."

against it, but in the case of New Mexico there was not one particle of justification and I am unbridled and disappointed that I do not come among you tonight to haul you as citizens of a state.

"However, that will come some day. You will be a state very soon and then my friends, it rests with you to make this one of the states of which this whole union can be proud. I earnestly hope that you will take your duties as citizens very, very seriously, and I want to speak to you on that point tonight. It would be easy and pleasant for me to do nothing but say how well I think of you—that would not only be easy, but true—because I have a peculiar feeling for you of this territory, the people of the great plains and the Rocky mountains. I was in the coal business myself for a good long time. I lived west of the Mississippi. When I was elected president I felt that I was the first president who had ever been really at home in the great grass country, and so I was able to do certain things.

"For instance, I started the national irrigation policy of the government, but I learned, in the needs of the west. I know how necessary it was to put water on the land in the west, and I also know how much the land would yield if the water was put on. I had to persuade both standpoints. In the first place they did not understand how necessary it was to get the water on the land. Then, who had seen the country, did not see where you could grow anything where you only had sage brush. They did not know that all that was necessary was to put the water on.

"So the thing that would be pleasant to me would be merely to say how I admire you how I believe in the pioneers and how I want to talk of your duties to yourselves and to the nation when the territory becomes a state.

"Of course I want to see it a progressive state. Not only an I a progressive, but I do not see how any westerner, indeed I do not see how any real American can be anything else. If you do not make progress you are going to fall back, you cannot stand still. Either you will go forward or will fall back, one of the other, and according to my belief, it is impossible for a great democracy to cease being progressive and to not also cease being either great or democratic. I want you to be progressive, but I do not believe in being progressive with the middle of I want you to make good progress, but I have not yet seen any time in any movement where there was not almost as much need of breeching work as of true work. You have got to be able to haul a wagon forward, but you have also got to be able to pull it back, especially when you are going down hill. I also want you to remember that the more details of former government are unessential compared to the vital essentials of honesty and efficiency.

"If you will tolerate unfitness in your public servants, it does not make any difference what way you may choose them, it is equally discredit to you. An unfit public servant is a disgrace to you. I think you should make it clear that you can be made

PENSACOLA BLAZE SWEEPS TEN CITY BLOCKS; TOWN THREATENED

Late Report This Afternoon Said Fire Was Practically Under Control; Heavy Gale Fanned the Flames.

Associated Press.—The fire at Pensacola, Fla., which broke out at 9 o'clock this morning threatened to destroy Pensacola, Fla. The fire gained a headway in ten city blocks. The flames were fanned by a stiff northwest wind.

FIRE IN FRISCO AND LOS ANGELES

Fifty Thousand Blaze in Latter City and \$100,000 in Former; Dormitory Fire Chases Inmates Into Cold.

Associated Press.—A fire at Frisco, Tex., reported this morning threatened to destroy Frisco, Tex. The fire gained a headway in ten city blocks. The flames were fanned by a stiff northwest wind.

BRIGHT FUTURE IS ASSURED TO NEW MEXICO

B. F. Panky, Ranch Owner, Capitalist and Progressive Citizen Visits Albuquerque and Meets Ex-President

B. E. Panky, who owns a large ranch near Lordsburg, N. M., and who is also a large land owner in Kansas and other states, besides being a man of considerable means and influence, was among those who visited Albuquerque yesterday to meet Mr. Roosevelt and assist in his reception.

Mr. Panky has been identified with every progressive movement in the territory, since coming to New Mexico and is a firm believer in the future of the new state.

"We have already begun to realize our assets," said Mr. Panky. "I doubt if there is any state in the union with the natural resources that this territory has and with the future that the new state is facing. The development of New Mexico is a large question. We can support our present population and our mining, agricultural, timber and other resources have scarcely been touched as yet."

Mr. Panky takes a hearty interest in anything looking to the development of the new state and is a leader in anything for the betterment of the people and the improvement of the lands of this community. He is one of a type of people who are carrying on the work of development, which will undoubtedly eventually make his prophesy come true.

LIMANTOUR LEAVES TO MAKE PEACE IN MEXICO

Bears With Him Conditions of Surrender of Insurrectos and Concessions From the Diaz Government

Associated Press.—The sudden departure from New York of General Limantour, Mexican minister at Havana, after a week of conferences and negotiations, is now explained by the understanding that he has succeeded in effecting a tentative plan in which substantial reforms are expected to begin immediately. They will be put into effect in the Mexican government and the leading investors are satisfied and are to aid in restoring peace.

General Limantour bears with him the full expression of the demands of the insurgents, which, it is hoped, will be acceptable to the Mexican government and he made the basis of peace. The presence here at the Hotel Astor of General Madero, father of the provisional president, and the fact that Limantour has been through three generations of the confidential advisers of the Madero family, and the fact that Limantour and the senior Madero have been in conference, while important messages have been exchanged between the finance minister and Mexico City, added significance to the situation.

TWO MEN ARRESTED FOR ALLEGED FORGERY

The arraignment of R. W. DeNoff and A. S. Crumpton, arrested by the railway police for the alleged use of a forged railway pass, will likely be in the hands of Judge Judge W. H. Whitling, United States commissioner at Albuquerque. DeNoff was arrested in Las Vegas. It is said he rode that far on a fraudulent pass given or sold to him by A. S. Crumpton, formerly chief clerk for F. E. Summers, superintendent at San Marcela. He asserts he was ignorant of the conditions under which the pass was issued. Crumpton was arrested here by Night Chief Patrick McGarry. The men are held in the county jail.

BLACK HANDERS IN VERY UGLY MOOD

Spit in Face of Photographer in Court While Trial of Camorra Goes On; Many Dramatic Incidents.

Associated Press.—The trial of the alleged black handers in the Camorra, Italy, March 15.—The trial of criminal procedure in Italy means possible frequent dramatic incidents, and they are not lacking in today's hearing in the trial of 28 members of the Camorra for murder.

SHEEHAN TO QUIT FIXTURES LEFT IN BANK, THAT'S ALL

Cashier Disappears and Developments Show That Bank Was Looted Before Doors of Institution Closed.

Associated Press.—The fixtures left in the bank of the First National bank of New York, which closed its doors before the Cashier, Charles J. Sheehan, is gone. The investigation of the bank's affairs has been unable to locate him. Developments show that the bank was looted before the doors of the institution were closed and that the cashier had taken a large sum of money with him when he fled.

ANNOUNCEMENT IS TO BE MADE THIS WEEK

Various Other Candidates Have Been Eliminated and It Now Rests With Cohalan to Capture the Caucus.

New York, March 15.—After two months before the legislature by the candidates of his party for the vacant United States senatorship, William F. Sheehan finally has decided that there is no chance of breaking the ranks of the insurgent forces, who under the leadership of senator Franklin D. Roosevelt, have stood solidly against him since the Democratic caucus, and will withdraw some time this week.

The exact manner in which Mr. Sheehan will leave the contest has not been decided upon by his friends, but his exit will be marked by the re-election of Daniel F. Cohalan, Charles F. Murphy's opponent and political adviser, as a candidate. That Cohalan will be as little acceptable to the insurgent group as was Cohalan as Sheehan has been, is a possibility. Nevertheless, Murphy is willing to try him on the independent and Cohalan not only is willing, but eager to make the race.

"It was with the full knowledge that the Cohalan experiment would be tried on them that the insurgents flatly refused Sheehan's proposition to delay again that a fresh proposal be called and all elements of the party enter it and be bound by the result. Senator Roosevelt finally read this program as a scheme to make a final try for Sheehan and it thus failed to slip Cohalan in as the choice of all of the Democratic legislators assembled in caucus.

As a preliminary to the withdrawal of Sheehan, a general program of attention has been given up for the past week. No one has known better than Murphy and Cohalan what a scandal there would be for the senatorship the moment Sheehan officially pulled out of the race. In fact, it has been well known to all of those in close touch with the situation that a number of candidates have been grooming themselves for the contest.

DIXON LOOMS BIG IN COLORADO

New Man Pops Up and Gets Seven Votes and Hope is Expressed That He Will Break the Deadlock.

Associated Press.—Dixon, Colorado, March 15.—The prospect of a break in the legislative deadlock appeared today when County Judge John H. Dixon of Denver received seven votes. The report is current that within the next few or ten days all of the legislative and executive offices will be united at Dixon. Possibilities are expressed that enough votes will be secured to make an election.

BLIZZARD IN GOTHAM

Cold Spell of Coastal Severity for This Time of Year

New York, March 15.—A cold snap of unusual severity for this time of year has practically the entire eastern portion of the country tightly wrapped today.

The temperature has dropped from 28 degrees to 10 below during the night, and the snow was accompanied by a gale from the northeast coast which swept the New England coast.

SHUTDOWN THREATENED

Negotiations for Agreement With Coal Operators Falls in British Columbia

Vancouver, B. C., March 15.—A shut down of all the coal mines in this province next winter of British Columbia, employing 2,000 men, is expected soon.

SHEEHAN TO QUIT RACE FOR SENATE IN FAVOR OF COHALAN

Another Man Placed to the Front by Tammany to Take the Place of Unsuccessful Billy Sheehan.

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INSURRECTOS GET PAST GUARD AND BLOW BARRACKS IN JUAREZ

Two Prisoners and Wounded Reported Taken, But Federal Commander Denies That Any Were Captured.

Associated Press.—Two prisoners and wounded reported taken, but Federal commander denies that any were captured. The report was made by a insurgent force of 400 before marching on Juarez.

Insurrectos got past a double force of guards and practically the entire garrison under arms in front of the barracks and headquarters. It is not known how many composed the party of insurrectos who included the guards (not included in the town and partially destroyed the federal barracks with nitroglycerine.

They carried out the plans with the loss of not two men who were wounded and captured. It is not thought insurrectos are near the city in any great numbers. Madero with a thousand men is some distance south waiting for a junction with another force of 400 before marching on Juarez.

Says Did No Damage. El Paso, Tex., March 15.—Colonel Lamberson, commander of Juarez, stated this morning that the bomb thrown into the military barracks last night did no damage and that nobody was captured. The shots of the insurrectos, he said, did not hit anybody.

E. A. M-Daniels, engineer on the Mexican Northwestern railroad, arrived today and reported the road cut in pieces from Juarez to the southern terminus at Pearson.

SEVEN MEN DROWN AND 50 ARE IN GREAT PERIL

Gales on Ocean and Lakes Wreak Havoc Today; Tug Goes Down on Lake Erie With Seven Men on Board.

Associated Press.—Galveston, Tex., March 15.—The storm rangers are awaiting the arrival of 2,000 coast artillery troops from Hamilton, Tenn. General Mills hopes to have his end of the origination in camp by the end of the week. The transports will probably arrive tomorrow.

First Army Maneuvers. San Antonio, Tex., March 15.—The first maneuvers of the troops in camp were on the program today. It was proposed to send out a company of infantry for several miles to seek cover and for the aeroplanes to look for them.

Hostile to Diaz. Pittsburg, Pa., March 15.—Senior Limantour, Mexican minister at Havana, passed through Pittsburg early this morning on route to Mexico. He will reach St. Louis this evening.

Hannock's Campaign Fails. Douglas, Ariz., March 15.—General Hannock's campaign against Aguirre seems to have ended in a dismal failure from the rebel standpoint. Following the offensive movement of the Mexican federalists last night in the direction of the rebel camp no sign was to be seen at daylight today of the rebels.

Correspondents on Job. San Antonio, Texas, March 15.—Which ever correspondent in the American press has been in the city of Juarez, he is accompanied for the first time by a correspondent from the Associated Press.

From the departmental heads at Washington there came a great hue and cry that the plans of the leaders would be frustrated, that the enemy would learn of every movement in the battlefield from the reports sent back to them by the correspondents. But the war correspondents stuck to the army and they entered the city of Mexico with Scott's victorious forces.

Times have changed since then. When American troops began converging on San Antonio, in the great day game of modern times, the mobility of the army was to be tested. The war correspondents proved their worth in the field, their reports were sent back to headquarters with speed and accuracy. The first detachment of the army arrived Thursday night. The first detachment of the war correspondents followed them. The newspaper men were first on the scene.

San Haversack Tried Out. San Antonio, Texas, March 15.—The same news haversack is being given its first official test under test conditions. It is a small, light, and durable haversack, which is being tested at the same time as the new haversack. It is a small, light, and durable haversack, which is being tested at the same time as the new haversack.

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MADERO WITH 1,000 MEN NEAR AT HAND

Orocco Has 800 More and Trouble is Looked for in Border Town Shortly; Maneuvers Begin Today.

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