

DEEP MYSTERY SURROUNDS KIDNAPING OF ROGERS BABY; GRIMES GANG EXONERATED

Strongly Suspected That Las Vegas People Conceived and Executed Daring Plot Which Resulted in Payment of \$12,000 Ransom for Release of Two and Half Year Old Baby; Believed Some of Those Implicated Are Now Boldly Assisting Posses in the Man Hunt; Feeling Still Runs High and Violence Will Likely Be Attempted If Arrests Are Made; Posses Cover Hundreds of Miles, Following Futility Clews; Many Conflicting Rumors Are Current.

Las Vegas, N. M., April 1.—Sensational developments are momentarily expected in the Rogers kidnaping case. Captain Fred Fennoff of the New Mexico mounted police arrived last night from Socorro. Today he is actively leading in the work of unravelling the mystery of the crime. The disappearance of the man who kidnaped Judge Walden's little grandson, Captain Fennoff has not been a mile out of the city limits today. This fact is believed to have considerable significance, although the investigation, but only slightly, has been waiting for an opportunity to be arrested. The men to be arrested will be residents of Las Vegas in the country immediately surrounding this town. That the posses who scoured the country from 10 to 60 miles east of Las Vegas, traveling in a circle taking in the immediate vicinity, have been waiting for an opportunity in a wild goose chase is the general belief here today. It is believed the kidnapers are local people and now in Las Vegas. It is strongly believed that one or two of the kidnapers are the gang of kidnapers who in the past have participated in the chase.

FRENCH CASE WILL BE FINISHED TUESDAY

Prosecution Rests in Trial in Which Two Men Are Charged With Stealing to the Extent of \$35,000.

Special to The Evening Herald. (Herald, N. M., April 1.)—The case of the territory versus J. B. Humphreys and Henry Farr, accused of stealing \$35,000 from the Wells Fargo & Co., at Pecos, N. M. in May, 1908, which has been on trial before Judge C. J. Roberts for the past three days, will probably not be completed before Monday night, and a verdict is not expected before Tuesday morning. The prosecution rested this morning after direct examination, and the defense began the work of presenting evidence.

PARADE OF DEATH IN MEMORY OF FIRE VICTIMS

New York Unions Arrange for Mournful Protest Against Fire Traps and Women Victims.

New York, April 1.—More than one hundred thousand persons will march in a silent parade with draped banners through the streets of New York next Wednesday in memory of the victims of the Titanic Water company fire. The demonstration was arranged by representatives of a hundred and fifty labor unions.

MILLIONAIRE MUST GO TO JAIL

Convicted of Using the Mails to Defraud, Receives a Three-Year Sentence As Well As Heavy Fine.

Seattle, Wash., April 1.—Charles Daxton Hillman, a multi-millionaire real estate operator, previously convicted of using the mails to defraud, was sentenced to two years and six months imprisonment in McNeill Island penitentiary, and a fine of \$5,200 and the cost of his prosecution.

MADERO PREPARES FOR FIGHTING BY MASSING HIS TROOPS

Correspondent for Associated Press Returns to Chihuahua from Rebel Leader's Headquarters.

INSURRECTOS MAIN FORCE NEAR CHIHUAHUA

Prospects of Peace Are Apparently More Remote Than Ever; Merely Move to Gain Time.

Chihuahua, Mexico, April 1.—A representative of the Associated Press who returned today from the headquarters of Francisco I. Madero, the insurgent leader, reports that Madero and Gen. Pascual Orozco, with their main force of insurgents, numbering more than 1,000, are at Bustillos, 60 miles east of this city. Another force of 800 is at San Andres, and other small towns between San Andres and Chihuahua have detachments of 50 to 100 men. Blanco has arrived at Guzman with his detachment from the north.

MADERO'S TROOPS INVEST CHIHUAHUA AND WAIT

Special to Evening Herald. El Paso, Texas, April 1.—That the rebels have little faith in the sincerity of the peace negotiations is apparent from reports that reached El Paso today. The insurgents have concentrated their troops about 60 miles from Chihuahua, except for small bands that are operating between the main command and the border. These roving bands are in size from 50 to 100 men, mounted and armed with saddle Winchester. They are employed in scouting, foraging for food and water and in keeping the rebels busy by a guerrilla warfare against any small bands that they encounter.

ROMANCE UNITES CHILD BRIDE AND GROOM

Twenty-Five Years Ago, 14 Year Old Girl Was Married in Missouri Then Divorced; Remarries Now. Special to Evening Herald. Roswell, N. M., April 1.—A romance of a Missouri girl and her husband, who were married in 1886, has been revived here. The girl, Mrs. E. F. Fry, married a 14-year old bride at Chariton, Mo. They lived happily and she had three children. Two years ago, they became estranged and separated. A year ago Mrs. Fry secured a divorce. They met recently, made up and remarried. Their future home will be at Tishon, N. M.

YOUTH SUICIDES ON HIS WAY HOME

Roswell Youth Takes Strychnine On Return From a Dance; Cries Attract Ineffectual Aid.

Special to Evening Herald. Roswell, N. M., April 1.—While on his way home from a dance at the Armory about 1 o'clock this morning, Mead Blair, a well known young man of this city, took strychnine in whiskey and died soon after. His cries attracted the attention of passers-by, who endeavored to ally his sufferings, and who called a physician. All efforts to save his life failed, however, and he died soon after. He was 20 years old.

MAINE HULK WILL BE EXPOSED BY JUNE 1 ST

It Will Then Be Possible to Tell Who Blew Up Ship According to Experts of the Navy.

Pensacola, Fla., April 1.—The hull of the sunken battleship Maine in Havana harbor will be exposed not later than June 1, according to Frank M. Daudle, the contractor who has built a coffer dam around the ship. Then it can be determined whether the explosion which destroyed the ship was from without or within.

NO SENATOR SELECTED YET IN COLORADO

Denver, Colo., April 1.—There was no election on today's senatorial ballot. No compromise is in sight.

SEVEN ARRESTED FOR BOLD ROBBERY IN IOWA

Gang Who Bound County Treasurer at Des Moines and Dynamited Safe Being Run Down.

Des Moines, April 1.—Seven arrests were made today in an effort to apprehend four men who last night bound and gagged Deputy County Treasurer M. W. Keller and took approximately \$10,000 from the county treasurer's office, which contained a hundred thousand dollars. One alleged confession has been made by Al Hines, the first man arrested. Deputy County Treasurer James O'Callaghan has been arrested. He is a brother of Robert O'Callaghan, western league baseball manager. One more charge of dynamite would have given the men entrance to the vault, but they were frightened away after the first explosion, which practically wrecked the vault door.

CAPTAIN MURRAY IS ATTACHED TO GUARD

Retired Army Officer is Detailed to Territorial Militia Under Act of April 23, 1904.

Evening Herald Bureau. Washington, D. C., April 1.—At the request of Governor William J. Mills of New Mexico, Captain Michael S. Murray, a retired army officer, has been detailed to the territorial National Guard under the act of April 23, 1904. He will report in person to the governor at Santa Fe.

WOUNDED RIDE HOME IN AMMUNITION CARRIAGES

El Paso, April 1.—A dispatch to the Herald from Hermosillo says eight of the cartridges that were ammunition for the federal army at the front have been turned over to the federal army, making a total of nearly 100,000 rounds. The cartridges were brought in from the front. Many wounded are reported to have died on the field for lack of medical attention. The Herald's correspondent says the war in Sonora is rapidly taking the aspect of a war between the federal army and the Pinos are fighting with insurgents while the Yaquis are not being fighting with federal.

CATHOLIC CHURCH IS DESTROYED

St. James in San Francisco Burned to the Ground; Some of the Vessels and Statues Saved.

San Francisco, Cal., April 1.—St. James Roman Catholic church, a large wooden building, occupying a quarter of a block on the Mission street, was burned early today. The property saved some of the vessels and several images. The loss is estimated at \$100,000.

MACK WIRES THE LEGISLATURE

Denver, Colo., April 1.—Lieutenant Governor Fitzgerald today read a message before the joint session of the legislature from Norman E. Mack, chairman of the National Democratic committee, appealing to the Democrats of Colorado to end their deadlock and elect a United States senator to be sworn in at Washington next Tuesday.

ACCUSED OF HAVING STOLEN HORSES IN THEIR POSSESSION

Mariano Nepomuceno and Benigno Sanchez, two well known citizens of Las Padillas, were taken into custody this morning by a deputy sheriff from their possession of horses which were stolen. Both men have been charged with the crime and are being held in jail today.

JACK JOHNSON IS IN JAIL TO STAY

San Francisco, Cal., April 1.—The state supreme court today denied the application of Jack Johnson, the heavyweight champion for relief from his sentence of six months imprisonment in the county jail for automobile speeding.

PEACE TAKES WINGS IN MEXICO AND WAR TO END IS THE SLOGAN

Interest Centers Now in Hard Fighting at Santa Barbara and Also in the State of Sonora.

JALISCO ORGANIZES MORE RURALES

San Carlos Mines Owned By British Concern Have Been Raided Thus Involving England.

El Paso, April 1.—Nothing more has been heard here of peace negotiations. Interest centers in the fighting at Santa Barbara and in Sonora. Further details of the fighting in these regions is lacking today. Word comes from Guadalajara, however, that fighting is expected in Jalisco, as Luis Moya, the leader of a band of insurgents in Durango and Zacatecas, has entered Jalisco. The legislature of Jalisco has appropriated \$50,000 for the organization of state rurales to oppose insurgents. The San Carlos gold mines, a British concern, were raided by the Moya band at Mezquital del Oro, Zacatecas, and a quantity of dynamite was taken. This, it is reported, insurgents will use against San Cristobal de Barrancan, which is being fortified.

FREIGHT TRAINS RUN AGAIN FROM JUAREZ

El Paso, April 1.—The first freight train in a month left Juarez today for the Mexican colonies at Casas Grandes, the line having been repaired last night. The line has been practically tied up since December 27.

ST. LOUIS AND KANSAS CITY INVOLVED IN THE LATEST LABOR WAR; FIVE THOUSAND MEN INVOLVED.

St. Louis, Mo., April 1.—Four thousand union carpenters struck today because of the refusal of their board for an increase of five cents an hour in wages.

CARPENTERS WALK OUT IN KANSAS CITY ALSO

Kansas City, Mo., April 1.—A thousand union carpenters quit work today, and announced that they would not return to work until they were granted an increase in wages of five cents an hour. Two large firms have signed up for the increase.

CHICAGO PACKERS FILE DEMURRER

Chicago, Ill., April 1.—The industrial Chicago packers today filed a demurrer before Judge Carpenter in the United States district court, holding that the anti-trust act of 1890, under which an antitrust suit was brought in the United States, does not create any crime, in that it does not demand sufficient certainty in its definition of the nature of the suit, or offense with which they are charged.

CAMORRA CHIEF IS STILL BRAZEN

Viterbo, Italy, April 1.—Under mass examination today Enrico Alfano, a reputed leader of the Sicilian Camorra appeared for his arraignment under the direct investigation committee, when his vehement denials were unavailing. He denied the charges, but was not so convincing.

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SPAIN IN THROES OF A DANGEROUS CRISIS WITH HER CABINET

Premier Canalejas Fails to Maintain Position He Adopted in Effort to Save the Day.

KING ALFONSO HURRIES TO SCENE OF ACTION

Bill Framed to Regulate Religious and Other Societies Had Been Approved Recently.

Madrid, April 1.—The cabinet of Premier Canalejas resigned today. The Canalejas cabinet was formed in February 1910. Canalejas in favor of religious reforms, incurred bitter opposition from Catholics, and his cabinet resulted in the suspension of diplomatic relations between the government and the Vatican. The premier has, however, been credited with the support of King Alfonso, and his bill of associations, was aimed to regulate the religious and other societies. He refused to submit it first to the king, but afterwards to the king. This was approved unanimously by the cabinet last Tuesday, and was to have been introduced April 4.

KING HURRIES TO SCENE

Seville, Spain, April 1.—King Alfonso, who has been stopping here with Queen Victoria and children, left hastily today for Madrid, following the receipt of official dispatches concerning the resignation of the cabinet.

CARPENTERS STRIKE FOR MORE PAY

St. Louis and Kansas City Involved in the Latest Labor War; Five Thousand Men Involved.

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THEY DECLARE OFFENSE ALLEGED DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A CRIME AND PROTEST AGAINST INDICTMENTS.

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FILIPINOS WANT THEIR FREEDOM WITHOUT MORE DELAY

Manuel I. Quezon, Philippine Delegate in Congress Wants Countrymen Relieved of American Dominance.

HE ASKS THAT DATE BE SET AT ONCE

Asserts That United States Occupation of the Islands Prevents Natives From Advancement.

Special to Evening Herald. Washington, April 1.—Manuel I. Quezon is a man with a mission. He is representative of eight million people who desire liberty. As one of the Philippine commissioners who has a seat on the floor of the house of representatives and enjoying the privileges extended to territorial delegates in congress, Delegate Quezon is making in this country a single-handed fight for the independence of the Philippine islands. He knows that he can only carry his point when the American people there become thoroughly acquainted with the "little brown brothers," and are convinced that the Filipino is capable of self-government.

There are, two Philippine commissioners, one selected by the general assembly of the Philippine legislature, the members of which are elected by the 5,000,000 people of the islands, and the other selected by the Philippine senate, created by the appointments of its members by the American officials in the islands who are at the head of affairs. The legislature, or assembly has as its representative, Senator Quezon. The senate has its delegate in congress, Senator Benito Legarda.

Senator Legarda believes that American occupation is the right thing, that independence is a good thing when the Filipino people are prepared. Senator Legarda is a millionaire, and one of the wealthiest men in the islands.

Senator Quezon is only 42 years of age, and is not wealthy. He believes that his people are ready for self-government now if the American people will not compel congress to give the Filipinos their liberty at once, he wants a definite time fixed, a time not faring away than ten years, in which independence shall be given them.

Less than two years ago Senator Quezon came to Washington as one of the "Filipino resident commissioners." He could not read or speak English so that he could be understood. Today he can speak it fluently and has a vocabulary that would make a college professor envious.

Twice he has addressed the house. Both times he demanded the independence of the islands. His speeches, brief and to the point, were well received by the members, but he soon realized that independence would only come when the American people were awakened, and instructed their representatives and senators to act. Now he is engaged in a personal campaign of education among individual congressmen. He is taking them one at a time, and begging of each that they give ear to the situation and make the Filipinos an independent people.

"American occupation of the Philippines," said Senator Quezon, "is of the greatest benefit to the Philippines. Still, these benefits, great as they are, can never make the Filipino forget that they are not governed by themselves, but are still under foreign rule. American citizens have nothing better than liberty and freedom, why should they deny it to others?"

The Philippine question, to date, he explained, is whether or not the Filipinos are capable of managing their own affairs, or creating a republic that can weather all political storms. "That argument," he continued, "is not sufficient certainty in its definition of the nature of the suit, or offense with which they are charged."

The Philippines are also attacked as being a failure.

He mentioned that as a practical question, the Filipinos have proven their ability to safely and safely manage their own affairs, and continue in argument as to why they should not be free.

"The first sign is love of liberty, as different in nations as in men. A boy, while he is a boy, is content to remain at home under the care of his parents, and the first sign that man gives of his maturity is the development of his own love of liberty."

A nation is the same as a man when it begins to feel the love of liberty and to struggle for it, the sign indicates that the country is going to political life, and soon it must be made independent. For 100 years the Filipinos, in spite of the miracle of the Spaniards, were happy and contented, never trying to become free. This was true, because there was no large Spanish army stationed in the islands, and the soldiers were all natives with the exception of about 2000 Spaniards. The Filipinos patiently bore the misdeeds of the Spaniards because they were not so convincing.

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Special to Evening Herald.

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