

LABORERS DECLINE TO GO ASHORE

Six Hundred Canal Diggers Balk at Colon.

CLUBBED INTO SUBMISSION AND DRIVEN FROM SHIP

Lusty Men From Martinique Frightened at Reports of Conditions in Canal Zone. Prefer Death to the Job.

Colon, Oct. 1.—Six hundred and fifty laborers from Martinique brought here Friday on the French steamer Versailles, under contract to work on the canal, refused to disembark or submit to vaccination, which is imperative under the American sanitary regulations. They clamored to be taken back to Martinique, asserting that they had been misinformed as to conditions here before they embarked and that later they learned these conditions were intolerable and deadly.

Yesterday morning, however, five hundred of them, with difficulty persuaded to land and these were sent to points along the line of the canal. One hundred and fifty remained on board and declined to leave the ship under any circumstances. These were forcibly ejected from the vessel this afternoon by Panaman and Canal Zone policemen, but not until nearly every one of them had been clubbed and several bleeding from nasty wounds. All of yesterday and last night the Versailles was guarded by Panaman policemen.

Early this morning the French consul at Colon, appealed to the men to listen to reason, explaining that they had left Martinique under contract with the canal zone emigration agent guaranteeing payment of their passage here and that while working on the canal they would have in addition to their wages the guarantee of free quarters and free medical attendance. The men, however, were not answerable to this reasoning. Notwithstanding the efforts of the consul and the Panama and American officials and despite the information given them by several of their countrymen the health and other conditions on the isthmus were satisfactory, and the terms of the employment would enable them to save money, they persistently refused to leave the ship, leaving their breasts and invoking death in preference to going ashore.

The captain of the Versailles, who all through the trouble, displayed an extraordinary amount of patience, told the men that he was ready to take back to Martinique all those who were able to pay their passage, but the men argued that the French government would be willing to reimburse the steamship company, and they themselves were penniless.

Before noon the instance of the agent of the company and the French consul, a squad of twelve policemen went on board the vessel and told the men that force would be used if they persisted in the refusal to disembark. Seeing the police were armed with bayonets and guns, the men feared their breasts and said they preferred death rather than be taken ashore. Governor Malouin, Mayor Aldron, the chief of police and others argued with the men, but again without effect.

Ten additional policemen arrived at the wharf, but the governor, wishing to avoid bloodshed, and considering the police force insufficient, telegraphed to the Police Amador, asking permission to use the Canal Zone police, to which the president consented. Meanwhile twelve policemen of the zone had arrived at the dock and were being held in readiness.

At 2 o'clock the laborers were informed that they would be given two hours to reconsider their decision, and that if three of them consented to disembark, the others still holding out. Then the Panaman police, armed with clubs, approached the laborers and after their refusing to quit the ship, began to club them right and left. The zone police a few minutes later assisted in the clubbing, but with better judgment and less indiscriminately. About 500 of the laborers leaped into the sea, but all of the men were able to swim. The captain, however, lowered a boat, which picked them up. Nearly every man had received blows and some of them were bleeding from ugly wounds.

Seeing that resistance was useless, the men yielded, came ashore, and began to eat the food that had been placed on the dock in sight of them for several hours. Many of them had not eaten since Saturday. At 5 o'clock all the laborers, who were in a pitiable condition, were placed on board a train which left for Corozal, where they will be put to work.

NO IDLE MEN IN NEW YORK

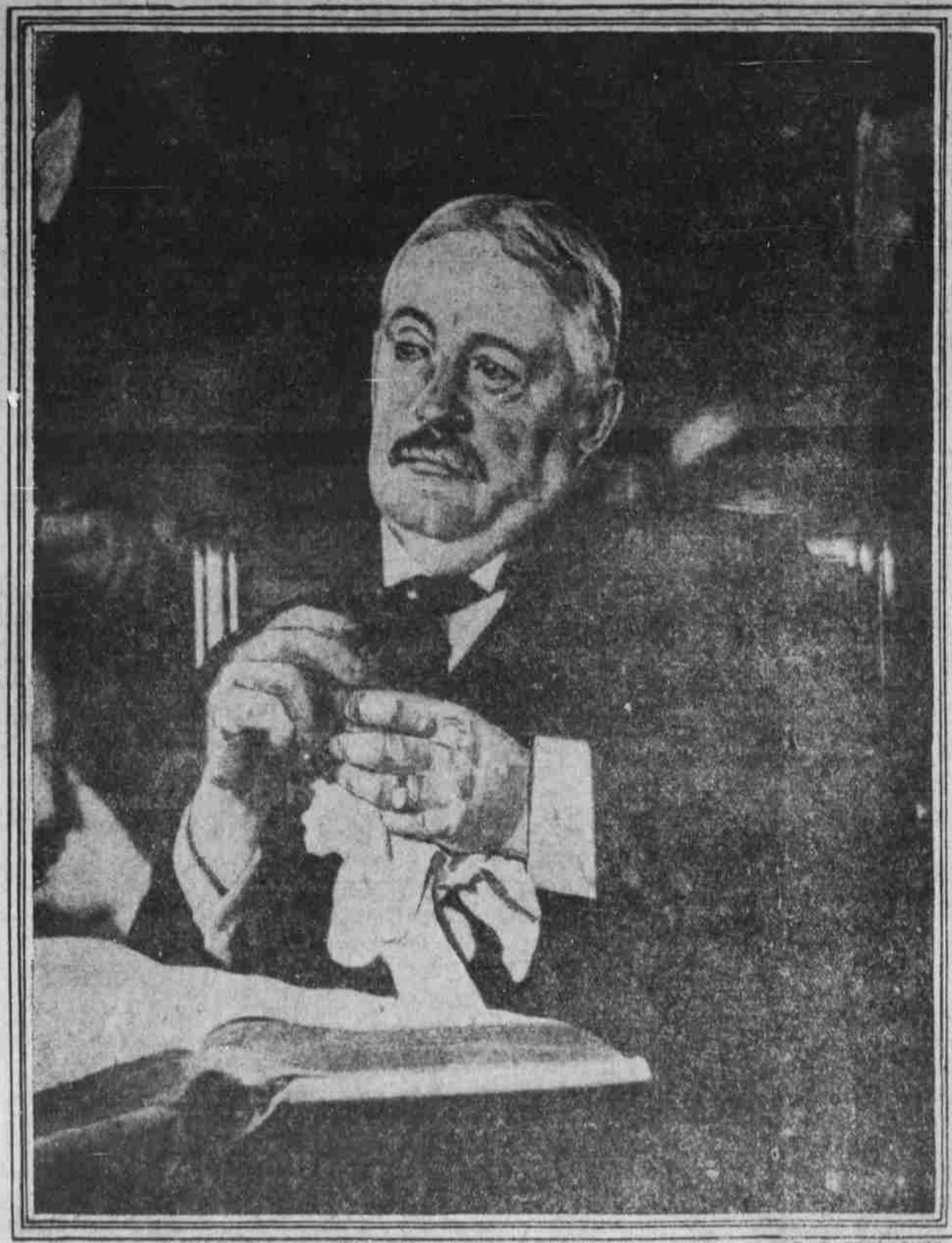
STATE DEPARTMENT SAYS THAT THERE IS PLENTY OF WORK FOR ALL.

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 1.—In its last quarterly bulletin published today, the department of labor calls attention to the marked improvement in trade, which began in the middle of 1904, and has continued almost uninterrupted. The department says now there are relatively fewer idle wage earners in New York than there were even in 1902, the most prosperous year of the decade.

Hundreds Injured in Bruenn.

Bruenn, Austria, Oct. 1.—A collision took place here today between rival troops of German and Czecho-Slovaks, resulting from the agitation by the former against the proposed establishment of the Czecho-Slovak republic. Troops were compelled to intervene before order was restored. One hundred and sixty persons were injured, some seriously, and several police stations were partly wrecked and hundreds of windows broken.

PRESIDENT M'CALL OF THE NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, WHOSE RESIGNATION IS DEMANDED BY NEW YORK MINISTERS.



JOHN M'CALL EXPLAINING THE NEW YORK LIFE'S POSITION

TO DEMAND RESIGNATION OF PRESIDENT M'CALL

Reverend Wilfred Moore Leads League the Purpose of Which Is to Force Retirement of Speculators and Grafters From Life Insurance Companies.

New York, Oct. 1.—At the conclusion of a sermon in which he denounced the management of the great insurance companies, tonight, Rev. Wilfred Moore, pastor of the Riverside Baptist church, announced that at a meeting to be held tomorrow in the offices of Attorney A. Johnson Hyatt, at Nassau and Broadway, he would head a league that would have for its object the bringing to the proper authorities of the alleged misdeeds of the officials of the several insurance companies which are now under investigation by the legislative committee. Mr. Moore stated authoritatively that not only would the league require the resignation of President M'Call and Vice-President Perkins, but that they would force that result and compel the officials to restore trust funds diverted to any alleged unlawful purpose.

Germany Adopts Our Reforms. Washington, Oct. 1.—Germany has indirectly complimented the United States by adopting in her portion of the Samoan Islands a form of government modeled after that which the United States has established in the Manuan group. A government clerk, serving in the American group writes: "I notice by the last Zeitung, the German Samoan paper, that the Germans are changing their form of government for the natives to correspond to the form we have here, which is a very fine compliment to Judge Gurr who really drew up the form we have."

German Diplomacy Active. London, Oct. 1.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Standard says it is an indisputable fact that German diplomacy is exceedingly active. The consensus of opinion is that the Kaiser is urging the czar to form a Copious alliance to offset the Anglo-Japanese alliance.

Cholera Appears in Lodz. Lodz, Russian Poland, Oct. 1.—Three fatal cases of cholera were reported here today.

MURDER IN BUFFALO SETTLEMENT WHERE MURKINLEY'S ASSASSIN LIVED.

Buffalo, Oct. 1.—Louis Knybnick, a Pole was shot and mortally wounded today. The police are looking for another Pole known to his fellow workmen as Peter Kelly. The affair is surrounded by much mystery. The facts thus far brought to light indicate that it was the work of some secret society. Continuing the assassin of President McKinley, lived for a time in the Polish settlement where today's shooting occurred.

DECLARES BOWEN CHARGES DIRECTED AGAINST HAY

Washington, Oct. 1.—In the correspondence between President Roosevelt and Assistant Secretary of State Loomis, made public here tonight, the president says Secretary Hay disagreed with him on "even mild censure" of Mr. Loomis in the "Taft report on the investigation of the charges brought by Mr. Bowen, formerly minister to Venezuela, and assistant secretary Hay very strongly condemned Mr. Bowen's course."

The president quotes Mr. Hay as declaring that most of the charges are really against himself (Mr. Hay) and not "against Mr. Loomis at all," and that Mr. Bowen knew that.

THREE KILLED BY ENGINE CRASHING INTO CABOOSE

Birmingham, Ala., Oct. 1.—A switch engine in the yards of the Louisville & Nashville railroad jumped the track today, and smashed into a caboose on the adjoining track. Two men were instantly killed and a third so badly injured that he died in the hospital a few hours later.

The Dead. T. P. BIRD, Bellefonte, Ala. JOSEPH AARON, Bessemer, Ala. L. M. GLASS, Columbia, Ala. All are well known young men. The bodies were terribly mangled. The engineer and fireman escaped by jumping.

MAY SUFFICE FOR MURDER

Sensational Boston Crime Believed to Be Clearing.

POLICE ARREST TWO ON SUSPICION OF COMPLICITY

One Declares Friend Assisted in Cutting Up Body of a Woman. Both Are Held As Witnesses.

Boston, Oct. 1.—The first arrest in connection with the finding in the harbor near Winthrop on September 21, of a suit case containing the corpse of a woman on whom a medical examiner states an illegal operation had been performed, occurred today, when the police took into custody on suspicion of being an accomplice in the case William A. Hayes of this city. The arrest is said to have been made on statements made by Samuel A. Wingfield, who told the police that he had a friend who had cut up the body. Hayes was examined at length, and while he denied the accusation and claimed his friend had confessed it with his being on a corner's jury, he was looked up. Hayes is a clerk in a shipping office. Wingfield is also held as a witness.

WILL PROTEST AGAINST NEW COMMANDERY

GRAND MASTER OF MEXICAN KNIGHTS TEMPLAR SPRINGS SENSATION.

Mexico City, Mex., Oct. 1.—Grand Master Juan Pablo Soto, of the Mexican Knights Templar declares he shall protest to the proper authorities against the establishment of a commandery of foreign Knights Templar in this city. He declares also that it is absurd for the new commandery to say that it will not recognize the rights of the Mexican Knights, of whom there are now 10,000, with commanderies scattered all over the republic.

CHINESE MAY HAVE SETTLED MEXICO IN SOME PAST AGE

Remarkable Discovery in Prehistoric Toltec Ruin.

BRICKS AND CARVINGS OF UNDOUBTED CHINESE ORIGIN

Mexico City, Oct. 1.—Explorations made in an old Toltec pyramid on the Maguayitos Hacienda in the state of Puebla, have disclosed the fact that the structure was built of clay bricks which proves it to be far older than the Aztec monarchy, and possibly older than the Toltec occupation of the country. Several elaborately carved figures were found representing men in Chinese dress and with marked Chinese features. The figures probably represented warriors. Antiquarians are much puzzled over the matter, as the evidence points to a Chinese settlement in Mexico in the past ages.

DEMONSTRATIONS FORBIDDEN BY BUDA PEST POLICE

Torchlight Processions Set for Tuesday Stopped.

LITTLE CHANGE REPORTED IN POLITICAL CRISIS

Buda Pest, Oct. 1.—The prefect has issued an order prohibiting torchlight processions, which the coalition parties and socialists, respectively announced yesterday would take place on October 3.

PLEASANT PROSPECT OF TEXAS LYNCHING

MONT GIBSON HAS FINE CHANCES OF BURNING AT THE STAKE.

Edna, Texas, Oct. 1.—A party which arrived in town late today from the Allen pasture where the negro, Mont Gibson, was located this afternoon reports that several possees are in hot pursuit and are rapidly being augmented and that a capture by midnight is deemed certain. Bloodhounds have been placed on Gibson's track. The officers never will be allowed to take possession of the negro and the general opinion is that he will meet death at the stake.

PRIZEFIGHTERS TOOK TO THE TIMBERLINE

WHEN ILLINOIS SHERIFF APPEARED WITH WARRANTS AT RING SIDE.

Newport, Ind., Oct. 1.—Sheriff J. Stephens this afternoon broke up a prize fight by appearing at the ring-side in the woods near the Indiana-Illinois state line. Kid Hubert of Kansas City, and Carl Anderson of Hammond, the principals were in the ring when the sheriff appeared and announced that everybody was under arrest. The crowd of 300 men made a break for the woods. Anderson and his manager, Kid Hennessy, of Danville, Illinois were handcuffed together and brought here. Hubert, who was stripped for the fight, escaped with the crowd.

GENERAL DECREASE IN FEVER

Few New Cases Reported in So.

MISSISSIPPI REPORTS NO MORE SERIOUS CASES

Reports From New Orleans and Pensacola Show Marked Falling Off in New Cases and Deaths.

New Orleans, La., Oct. 1.—The yellow fever report to 6 p. m.: New cases, 23. Total to date, 3,023. Deaths, 3. Total to date, 331. New foci, 4. Cases under treatment, 227. Discharged, 2,495.

Hundred Leaving Vicksburg. Vicksburg, Miss., Oct. 1.—Five new cases of yellow fever and no deaths were reported up to 6 p. m. today. Several hundred people left the city last night and today.

New Cases in Natchez. Natchez, Miss., Oct. 1.—Of the five new cases of yellow fever reported up to 6 p. m. today, three are white and two colored.

The official report shows total cases to date to be 57; total foci, 27; total deaths, 5; under treatment, 30.

The Sunday report would have been the lowest one on record, except for the report of a case of infection in an other convent and asylum, the attending physician reporting six cases among the girls in Mount Carmel in St. Louis. There have been several cases in the Mount Carmel convent in St. Cloud street and as these two institutions are closely allied it is very likely that the infection was transmitted from one to the other. Another case was reported from the French asylum in St. Ann street.

The Algiers side turned up two cases. Among the deaths was that of Sister Mary Edith of the convent of the Perpetual Adoration.

The total number of cases under treatment in the city is only 227, which is the best evidence of the good fight against the epidemic.

It is not at all unlikely that by the time the president arrives, the quarantine in Louisiana will be only a memory.

The following reports were received: Kenner—One new case; two deaths. Mandeville—One new case. Tallulah and vicinity—Thirteen new cases.

The Mississippi Summary. Jackson, Miss., Oct. 1.—The Mississippi yellow fever tonight is as follows: New cases, 5. Total to date, 158. Deaths, none. Total, 26. Cases discharged, 53.

Cases under treatment, 79. The health officials are greatly encouraged over the small number of new cases reported today and the situation is entirely satisfactory.

Encouraging Report From Pensacola. Pensacola, Fla., Oct. 1.—The official fever summary tonight is as follows: New cases, 5. Total to date, 158. Deaths, none. Total, 26. Cases discharged, 53.

Cases under treatment, 79. The health officials are greatly encouraged over the small number of new cases reported today and the situation is entirely satisfactory.

ALL HONOR FOR RUSSIAN WAR HERO

STRIKING CONTRAST WITH THE RECEIPTION GIVEN TO THE DEFEATED STONESSEL.

Odessa, Oct. 1.—The body of Major-General Kondratenko, commander of the seventh east Siberian rifles, who was killed December last during the siege of Port Arthur and who is honored throughout Russia as the foremost hero of the war, arrived here today on the steamer from Port Arthur.

The body was received with a great civic and military demonstration in striking contrast with the indifference displayed on the arrival of Lieutenant-General Stoenessel. Deputations brought wreaths from many cities and from the Russian army in Manchuria.

A special train tomorrow will convey the body in state to St. Petersburg, where in the presence of Emperor Nicholas, it will be interred in the Alexander Nevsky monastery, the resting place of the empire's most celebrated men.

ONE MORE VICTIM OF THE GREAT WAR

FLOATING MINE BLOWS UP COASTING STEAMER HIESHIO, SOUTH OF SHANTUNG.

Che Foo, Oct. 1.—The coasting steamer Hieshio, plying between Shanghai and Densin, struck a mine and was totally destroyed ninety miles south of Shantung promontory Saturday morning. Fifteen persons on board the vessel drowned. The foreign passengers and a portion of the crew of the Hieshio were rescued by two passing steamers.

Twenty Drown Off Iyven Island. Helsingfors, Oct. 1.—The Swedish steamer Sford and The Robert collided Saturday evening near Iyven island, in the sound. The Robert sank, and in the sound. The Robert sank. Twenty persons were drowned.

Noted Cuban Bandit Killed. Guana, Cuba, Oct. 1.—It is reported that the notorious Cuban bandit, Chino Orelli, has been killed by the rural guards. Orelli has been condemned to death for several murders. Many attempts have been made to capture him.

STOCK TRAIN MASHES PASSENGER

Fatal Wreck in St. Paul Railroad Yards.

AIR WAS NOT WORKING ON SPEEDING FREIGHT TRAIN

Two Pullmans Bear Brunt of Terrific Crash, Landing Bottom Up in the Ditch. Many Injured.

St. Paul, Oct. 1.—A Chicago and Great Western stock train running 20 miles an hour, as it was going through the St. Paul yards at 2:30 o'clock this morning struck the middle of a "Soo" line passenger train which had just left Union station and hurled two Pullman sleepers over a retaining wall to the bottom of a gully 20 feet below. One sleeper landed bottomside up and the other fell on its side. Both cars were badly wrecked. One woman was so badly injured she died at St. Joseph's hospital shortly after being taken there and nine others were seriously injured while a score or more were less seriously hurt.

The "Soo" train had arrived from Montreal thirty minutes late and was bound for Minneapolis, running 20 miles an hour, about 30 miles an hour at near Fourth street the track on which it was running leads to an inside double track. Here the engineer of the "Soo" train sighted the Great Western stock train going for the South St. Paul stock yards and heading for a split switch which connects the outside and inside tracks. The engineer of the Great Western train whistled for brakes, showing that his air brakes were not working and as a warning to the "Soo" train, but it was evidently not heard, as the "Soo" train failed to slacken.

The engine and first sleeper of the "Soo" train got safely across the switch, but the second and third sleepers were hit. The end of the fourth sleeper was partially wrecked.

The Dead. MRS. CLARA N. CROSS, Minneapolis, died at St. Joseph's hospital. Seriously Injured. J. P. Wilkinson, aged 45, Minneapolis, head and hip injured.

Mrs. Mary Deutlich, 28 years old, Minneapolis, back and head hurt. L. S. Morris, aged 43, Montreal, head, back and neck injured. James Bordeaux, aged 43, porter, St. Paul, head, back and legs injured.

Wreckers Detail Flyer. Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 1.—The Louisville & Nashville flyer, running between St. Louis and New Orleans, went into an open switch at Goodrich early today, colliding with box cars in the siding. The first three cars were damaged. The engineer and fireman were hurt but the passengers escaped injury. The wreck is believed to have been caused by wreckers.

ASKS ENGLAND TO STOP SLAUGHTER

ARMED INTERVENTION SOUGHT BY BALKAN COMMITTEE IN OUTRAGES IN MACEDONIA.

London, Oct. 1.—Noel Buxton, M. P., chairman of the Balkan committee, recently wrote to Foreign Minister Lansdowne with reference to the massacre by Turkish troops in the Macedonian village of Konopits suggesting the enforcement of European control of Macedonia, if necessary by the aid of a military force.

Lord Lansdowne replied to the effect that the government was already investigating the incident with a view to diplomatic representations to the Porte and said he had ascertained that the Turkish authorities had sent a commission to the scene, the report of which was awaited.

W. A. Moore, secretary of the Balkan committee, who returned from London from the Balkan committee, reported this massacre to the Associated Press Saturday.

ARMY STOREHOUSES DESTROYED BY FIRE

JAPANESE WAR DEPARTMENT SUFFERS THROUGH BLAZE IN TOKIO.

Tokio, Oct. 1.—A fire, which broke out in the army stores at Hiroshima at 1 o'clock this morning and continued for over four hours destroyed twenty temporary buildings, together with their contents, consisting principally of provisions and clothing. The cause of the fire is being investigated. A large part of the clothing had been removed to another storehouse before the fire. The extent of the damage is believed to be comparatively slight. There was no loss of life.

A later telegram from Hiroshima says that the fire was still burning at 1 o'clock this afternoon. In addition to twenty buildings containing clothing and provisions, seven others filled with fodder were destroyed. Although the buildings were constructed of light material they contained an enormous amount of stored goods, and the structures being of inflammable nature, the flames were difficult to extinguish, despite the efforts of the troops. The fire was discovered at 1 o'clock and spread with great rapidity. It was probably of incendiary origin. The loss is variously estimated at from \$2,000,000 to \$5,000,000.

Portsmouth to Tokio. St. Petersburg, Oct. 1.—It is said that M. Korostovoff, formerly secretary of the Russian legation at Peking, and an attaché of the Russian peace mission, at M. de Witte's special request, will be appointed the Russian minister at Tokio.