

GOVERNORS FAVOR THE CONTROL OF ALL LANDS BY STATES

Principles Enunciated Unanimously Declare for Policy Radically Different From One Now in Operation.

TITLE TO PURCHASERS SHOULD PASS AT ONCE

Denver Next Convention Place With Carey, of Wyoming, for President, and Ammons, of Colorado, for Secretary.

With the adoption of the principles and the selection of officers and the next meeting place, the conference of western governors came to an end here this afternoon.

The declaration of principles, which was presented by Governor Carey, although adopted unanimously, was considered a victory for the radical element. It expressed the belief that jurisdiction of the states should extend to all their territory, the taxing power of all their lands, and their political power and influence be thereby secured.

The governors decided to convene next year at Denver, Governor Carey, of Wyoming, and Governor Ammons, of Colorado, were elected president and secretary respectively for the year. Governor Carey had been elected president previously to preside at the conference here.

The statement of what the governors believed should be the policy of the national government was in part as follows:

That as rapidly as possible the states become prepared to take over the work of conservation and the federal government withdraw its bureau from the field. The permanent withdrawal of any lands from entry or sale, we believe, contrary to the spirit of the ordinance of 1785, and we urge that such lands be returned to entry.

That the action on the part of the executive departments of the government in passing title to purchasers of public lands is unfair to the states as it permits purchaser to occupy lands indefinitely without paying taxes.

That mineral lands now withheld from entry or classified as prohibitive prices be re-opened at nominal prices.

The resolution expressed appreciation of the work done by the departments at Washington in co-operation with the several states in experiment and improvement.

The closing sessions today of the conference of western governors were devoted mainly to drafting an address to the public outlining what changes were considered advisable in government control of natural resources in order to obtain the highest efficiency.

Clay Tallman, commissioner of the general land office, was the first speaker at the morning session. "I am not here to defend," he said, "in opening, in fact, I am not going to try to defend the actions of the department in the past. I am here as a constructionist. Construction can be obtained only through co-operation, not through quarrelling."

Commissioner Tallman then asked a series of questions of the governors present with a view of ascertaining the exact changes which may be wanted. Special attention was given to the position of the United States forest service, it being alleged by some of the governors that the administration of the service had discouraged mining and prospecting.

At the close of the discussion Commissioner Tallman said that as far as he was concerned if the prospectors confine his work to actual prospecting and obey the rules of the forest service there would be no disposition on the part of the administration to hinder but every effort made to encourage.

Both Assistant Secretary Jones and Commissioner Tallman indicated that the administration policy would be for the freest opening of all mineral and oil lands to the honest developers.

Pope Writes Letter to Kaiser.

Rome, June 7.—The pope has written an autograph letter of felicitation to the German emperor on the occasion of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the emperor's reign. The letter will be presented by Cardinal Kopp.

No One Injured in Slight Wreck.

Reno, Nev., June 7.—Two trucks of the dining car on Southern Pacific limited train No. 18, west bound, left the tracks at Sparks, delaying the train. Railroad officials report no one injured.

LABOR LEADER SHOT IN HEADQUARTERS ROW

Chicago, June 7.—Michael Doyle, business agent of the Electrical Workers' union, was shot and seriously wounded in the union headquarters here tonight. At the hospital, Doyle refused to name his assailant to the police, saying that he would take his own measure in the matter.

Physicians said that he probably would recover. One bullet shattered the right side of his jaw and another is lodged near his spine.

Doyle has had a stormy career as a labor leader and has been a prominent figure in the factional labor wars in Chicago.

The shooting, according to the police, came as a result of the "slugging" of a member of the union by a former business agent of the organization.

ESTATE OF YERKES LESS THAN \$1,000,000

New York, June 7.—The estate of the late Charles T. Yerkes, Chicagoan magnate, which at the time of his death in 1902 was estimated at \$12,000,000, has shrunk to a net value of less than \$1,000,000 according to a supplemental appraisal of the estate filed here today. The gross value is given at \$4,149,779. Debts and expenses of administration were \$3,267,746, leaving a net estate of \$882,033. The appraisal shows that the total amount received by Mrs. Yerkes was \$886,948.

TARIFF BILL NOW ABOUT READY FOR CAUCUS

Senate Finance Committee Is to Pass Upon Whole Measure Before Submitting It to Upper House.

Washington, June 7.—Before the tariff bill gets to the senate democratic caucus, where it will be submitted to the most severe test it must meet first its passage, it will have a preliminary try-out before the senate finance committee that promises to be most rigid.

Although the sub-committees have been at work on various schedules a month and are about to finish their work, it was said tonight that there would be opposition by democrats on the finance committee to many changes. There is a prospect that some of the committee recommendations may not be adopted.

Chairman Simmons, of the finance committee, tonight called a meeting of the members of the committee for Tuesday morning.

The Johnson sub-committee today practically decided to keep the duty on cut diamonds at 10 or 15 per cent.

The "protection" bill proposes 26 per cent. Diamond merchants filed briefs showing it was the opinion of customs officials that an increase of duty would increase smuggling.

The sub-committee also decided to modify the clause prohibiting the importation of plumage of wild birds holding that it was for land and would shut out feathers of birds not protected in foreign countries. The amendment will not, however, admit egrettes.

HEAVY REWARD FOR TRAIN WRECKERS IS OFFERED

Southern Pacific Ditched and Six Passengers Injured by Discharged Employes of Circus, Is Belief.

Salem, Ore., June 7.—Offer of a heavy reward was made by the Southern Pacific company tonight for the arrest and conviction of persons who wrecked a Willamette Valley limited train three miles south of Salem today. Six persons were injured in the wreck, which was at first attributed to a faulty rail.

Investigation by county officials and railroad detectives was said tonight to have revealed evidence that the passenger train was derailed by discharged employes of a circus, who probably hoped to ditch the circus train scheduled to pass a few minutes after the Willamette Valley limited. Spikes had been removed from the ties for a distance of sixteen feet. A crowbar used by the wreckers was found nearby.

Water-tightness of the engine averted a serious disaster. With the emergency brakes applied, the train had been brought almost to a stop before straggling the loose rail.

Morganthau Declines Ambassadorship.

Washington, June 7.—Henry Morganthau, a New York lawyer, to whom President Wilson offered the post of ambassador to Turkey, after a conference with the president today, declined the post.

WOOD NOT GUILTY OF PLANTING DYNAMITE

Attorney for Millionaire Wool Manufacturer Asks Investigation of Alleged Attempt to Bribe Juror.

Indian, June 7.—After deliberating throughout the night the jury acquitted President Wood of the American Woolen company of the charge of conspiracy to injure the textile strikers at Lawrence, by planting dynamite. A disbursement in the case of Fred E. Atteaux was reported. Dennis J. Collins, who turned state's evidence was found guilty on two counts and not guilty on the other four counts of the indictment.

The foreman reported that Collins was guilty on the first two counts and that the jury had been unable to agree in the case of Atteaux. The court ordered that bail for Atteaux be renewed pending the disposition of his case.

Immediately when the verdict was announced Attorney Henry F. Hurlburt, counsel for Wood, asked the court to direct an investigation of a published statement that an attempt had been made to influence Morris Shumann, one of the jurors. Before the court made its charge yesterday Shumann was questioned by Judge John C. Crosby, District Attorney Joseph C. Pelletier and counsel for the defense regarding a statement which he was said to have made to the district attorney. This was to the effect that a man unnamed had intimated to him that he might have a business position for life and \$200 in cash if he voted "right."

Upon assuring the court that he would not be influenced by the alleged attempt at bribery, Shumann was permitted to continue in the jury box. Attorney Hurlburt said that he wished the matter cleared up promptly in justice to all concerned. Judge Crosby stated that an inquiry would be begun before him next Wednesday and he instructed all the jurors to be present.

Mr. Wood gave out a statement, in which he said in part:

"I am profoundly grateful for the verdict which the jury has rendered in my behalf in the so-called dynamite case. I had no reason at any time to assume that the verdict would be otherwise. I was not conscious of any guilt in connection with the alleged conspiracy, because I was in no way implicated in it, nor did I have any knowledge of it."

In asking for the investigation, Mr. Hurlburt said:

"The newspapers of Boston have been filled with the statement that a juror was approached. While the name of the attorney to whom it was said this juror was to go to get \$200 was not mentioned, it was generally known through rumors circulated about the court that the attorney was myself."

"I am an officer of this court. The charge of attempting to bribe a juror is of the gravest character. If any officer of this court or any attorney is implicated, it is due to such persons that a proper and thorough investigation be made. The jurors are here and I ask that they be kept while these charges are publicly investigated. I am informed that the grand jury is making an investigation but the grand jury inquiry is secret and I move that this court hold an immediate public investigation of these charges in open court."

District Attorney Pelletier said that he endorsed everything that Mr. Hurlburt had said. He declared that he did not believe that either Mr. Hurlburt or his client, Mr. Wood, had even the slightest connection with the matter.

Judge Crosby stated that though the usual method of investigating such cases was through the grand jury, he saw no objection to a public hearing.

"But," he added, "so far as Mr. Hurlburt is concerned, I think an investigation is unnecessary, for it is inconceivable that any person of Mr. Hurlburt's high and honorable professional standing should have any connection whatever in an affair of this kind."

After the adjournment of court, Wood was surrounded by a crowd of friends. His co-defendant, Collins, was the first to offer congratulations. Atteaux, while showing plainly his disappointment at the jury's failure to acquit him, expressed satisfaction over the outcome of Wood's case.

Collins' case is still open, but the fact that he was not called for sentence, lends color to the report that by giving evidence for the prosecution he has earned a suspension of sentence. The prosecutor would not predict regarding the matter of another trial for Atteaux.

CONTRACTORS LOCK OUT ALL UNION LABOR

Kansas City, June 7.—Two hundred contractors of this city, members of the Building Construction Employers' association, tonight voted unanimously to lock out all union labor on construction work here next Monday. The lockout will affect about 4,500 men.

The contractors declared they would not open their jobs to union labor until "the strong hold of the Builders' Trades Council on the individual union is destroyed."

INVESTIGATION OF INDIAN AFFAIRS DEMANDED BY SENATOR

Appropriation of Between Nine and Ten Million Dollars Held Up Pending General Inquiry in Upper House.

MUCH MISMANAGEMENT MAY HAVE OCCURRED

Vast Amounts of Property Owned by Red Men Under Irresponsible Management Is Assertion of Lane.

Washington, June 7.—Demands of Senator Lane, of Washington, that the Indian affairs committee of the senate secure complete statements as to how all Indian funds are administered before acting on the \$10,000,000 Indian appropriation bill, now pending, have opened up an Indian fight that probably will be carried on to the floor of the senate.

Senator Lane made a final demand today upon the committee of which he is a member, for complete information.

"This far the committee has been unable to furnish him with the facts," Senator Lane promises to ask the committee Monday to authorize only temporary appropriations for the Indians and to institute at once an investigation of the Indian bureau.

Other committee members declared it was impossible to secure the detailed statement of expenditures Senator Lane desired, and that the bill would be recommended for passage early next week. Mr. Lane said if such action were taken, he would renew his fight on the floor of the senate.

The Indian bill contains a provision, for which Senator Townsend, of Michigan, has made a hard fight, for an investigation of the Indian bureau, the Indian service and the administration of all funds. It is not known, however, how long such an investigation would take.

Senator Lane filed a protest with the committee today, in the form of a letter, in part as follows:

"I have asked for a reasonable and plain business statement of the facts, without prejudice to anyone, as they relate to the many differing provisions of the measure. This bill provides for specific appropriations amounting to between nine and ten millions of dollars, and in addition confers power to administer property and money amounting, I am informed, to hundreds of millions more."

"Up until this time, I have been unable to secure information except what pertained to a few agencies, which, in every instance, show that the moneys appropriated have not been applied for the purposes for which they were asked. In addition, such statements prove, conclusively and beyond dispute that such appropriations are administered by rights of absolute control over millions of dollars worth of property, unaccounting for the management of which anyone appears."

"It is my desire to ascertain now and at this time definitely and positively, however, and for my own guidance, whether or not the committee intends longer to deny me the right of having the facts as they pertain to this measure laid before me for consideration."

ALASKA VOLCANOES BELCHING FLAME AND SMOKE

Government Mail Steamer Reports Unusual Activity in Mountains Along Both Coasts of Peninsula.

Seward, Alaska, June 7.—All the volcanoes along the Alaska peninsula and adjacent islands, as far to the westward as Unalaska pass, are in eruption, emitting flame and dense volumes of smoke. News of their activity was brought by the mail steamer Dora, which arrived today from her monthly voyage to Dutch Harbor.

Mount Shikhatin, on Uliank island, was shooting flames high into the air and Mount Pistor and McCushion were smoking when the steamer passed them. Mount Katmai, which was in violent eruption just a year ago, and covered fertile Kodiak island with a thick layer of ashes, is sending up a great column of smoke, filling the heavens with a haze discernible at Seward.

Redoubt, Hinnoma and St. Augustine volcanoes on the west side of Cook inlet, are showing signs of activity, smoke in great volume pouring out of their orators.

PATERSON STRIKERS GIVE PAGEANT OF STRUGGLES

Sheriff Harburger Orders Removal of Placard Bearing Inscription, "No God, No Master," From Hall.

New York, June 7.—In the presence of a throng that packed Madison Square Garden tonight, the silk strikers of Paterson, N. J., presented in pageantry, the struggle they are waging with the Paterson mill owners for higher pay and shorter hours.

More than 1,000 strikers, a large number of them women, led by Elizabeth Goetz Flynn and Hanna Silverman, the 17-year-old girl who has played a prominent part in recent strike developments, came from Paterson on a special train to take part in the demonstration. From a spectacular standpoint, it was no other than their journey may be said to have been their while. The big audience was mainly impressed by the six episodes in the mill strike that the workers presented in picturesque fashion.

The mills depicted in miniature were bustling with activity when the first scene opened, but the workers were seen soon walking out on their strike, slinging the Marcellites. As the second episode started, the police were shown interfering with peaceful picketing and conflicts between strikers and the police were staged. The killing of a man by detective's bullets, the impressive funeral of the victim, a strikers' mass meeting and the sending away of strikers' children to be cared for elsewhere, were successfully presented, the pageant ending with a reproduction of a mass meeting at which Miss Flynn and William H. Haywood, the Industrial Workers of the World leader, made typical strike speeches.

Hundreds in the audience joined with the thousand or more on the stage in singing the Marcellite in the first episode.

The stage policemen were "hooned" when they came on to stop the picketing and the actor pickets were cheered. Among the hundred of the latter were forty who had actually been arrested by the police at Paterson.

Sheriff Harburger, of New York county, was in the audience. He expressed disapproval of a display card bearing the inscription, "No God, No Master," and it was removed. Patrick Quinlan, the convicted strike leader, made a short address. He pleaded with the strikers to hold out.

FATAL MINE DISASTER OCCURS IN PENNSYLVANIA

Shamokin, Pa., June 7.—Two miners were killed and more than a dozen were injured today in an explosion in the Scott shaft, four miles from here, operated by the Susquehanna Coal company. Officials of the company announced that no men were entombed, but nine workers declared that they believed other men were still in the mine.

The explosion occurred in the second lift of a slope almost a mile under ground and the slope immediately caught fire. John Wiley, inside superintendent, and his assistants organized a rescuing party and within an hour two dead and fourteen injured were brought to the surface. The dead men were foreign-speaking miners and nearly all the injured are also foreigners. Of the injured at least two are expected to die. After several hours work the rescuing party came on a group of twenty miners in the burning shaft. They were unhurt and were taken to the surface. It is not believed any more men are in the mine.

BUFFALO BILL ILL AT KNOXVILLE, TENN.

Knoxville, Tenn., June 7.—Physicians attending William F. Cody, who became ill here yesterday, said his condition was grave. Colonel Cody is being cared for at the home of his cousin.

"Buffalo Bill" took part in the performance of his show here yesterday afternoon, but he was unable to appear in the evening. He said he was suffering from nervous exhaustion and serious stomach trouble.

Colonel Cody's condition seemed improved tonight, and he said if he continued to grow better he would leave for Atlanta to join his show.

MISSOURI INSURANCE LAW EMBARRASSING

St. Louis, June 7.—Insurance Commissioner Revell, Monday, issued a circular against the fire insurance companies that have ceased writing policies in Missouri to show cause for their refusal to issue insurance in this state. The companies will have ten days under the citation to show why their Missouri license should not be revoked.

Commissioner Revell said today the matter is of great importance than in the large cities. Country banks, he said, have foreclosed mortgages because borrowers have been unable to obtain a renewal of insurance on mortgaged property.

KING GEORGE NOT IN FAVOR OF MORE WAR

London, June 7.—At the luncheon given by the king in honor of the British peace delegates today, his majesty expressed the hope that their labors would soon be satisfactorily concluded. At a subsequent meeting of the delegates, however, little progress was made and adjournment was taken until Monday. The delegates failed to reach an agreement on the form of the draft protocol.

King George, conversing with the delegates regarding the danger of fresh struggles among the belligerents, remarked that another war would be a crime against humanity.

PRESIDENT INSTALLS CAPITOL TELEPHONE

Washington, June 7.—Installation of a telephone in the president's room at the capitol today afforded senators to a keener appreciation than they had hitherto possessed, that they might expect President Wilson in their midst at any moment of the day.

On the president's last visit to the capitol, he got a key to his room so that he might come and go without notice.

Nurse Will Join Suffragettes. Baltimore, Md., June 7.—Miss Ellen Lamotte, chief of the Baltimore city tuberculosis nurses, has obtained an extended leave of absence and expects to sail on June 21 for London to join the militant suffragettes.

FEDERAL OFFICER IS TO BE EXECUTED BY BLANCO

Captain Eschasareta, Who Defended Matamoros Valiantly, Captured by Insurrectos Near Brownsville.

Brownsville, Texas, June 7.—Two federal soldiers were killed and a command of fifty-three, with their captain, Antonio Eschasareta, was captured in an engagement with the "blanco" near Matamoros, Mexico. Eschasareta, who with his men was brought to Matamoros, will be court martialled and shot, according to a member of the staff of General Blanco.

The fifty men with fifteen companions escaped from Blanco's men when he attacked the city and sought safety on the Texas side of the Rio Grande. A detachment of United States soldiers arrested fifteen, but fifty waded the river, regained Mexican soil and took to the brush. A scouting party discovered them today.

Eschasareta is a resident of Cameron county, Texas, and is widely known in the state of Tamaulipas.

United States cavalrymen patrolling the border today arrested a squad of fifteen Mexican federalists fourteen miles northwest of Brownsville.

A rebel soldier, convicted of attacking a young Mexican woman, was executed this afternoon in a Matamoros plaza by order of General Blanco. It is reported two soldiers charged with minor offenses were also summarily dealt with in another part of the city at the behest of their commander.

DETECTIVES LIE IN WAIT FOR TWO SUSPECTS

Landlady Discovers Burglar Outfit in Effects of Young Men to Whom She Had Rented Room.

Chicago, June 7.—A number of tools packed in a suitcase, three loaded revolvers, a bottle of chloroform and a quantity of jewelry, were among articles found today in a room she had rented to two young men by Mrs. Vivian Hammond, a West Side landlady. Two detectives went to the room and concealed themselves with the intention of surprising the suspected burglars when they returned. The officers lay in wait with their revolvers cocked and ready while hours passed.

Meanwhile, a "rob" police reporter had heard the orders given at the police station. He notified his partner and his friends and while the detectives were hiding in the room, a large force of reporters, newspaper photographers and curious persons attracted by the congregation were waiting outside the house to see the expected desperate battle.

When the detectives were informed of the state of affairs, they sent to the police station for aid to disperse the crowd. The vigil was rewarded after nine hours by the return to the room of Adolph Neuhorn and Frank Neuhorn, brothers, 23 and 16 years old. The men surrendered without resistance and said they were employed as bakers. The police are investigating their story.

ANTI-TRUST LAW IS INVOKED AGAINST UNION LABOR METHODS

Nineteen Leaders of United Mine Workers of America Indicted as Officers of Combination.

CONSPIRACY CHARGED IN W. VA. COAL STRIKE

Organized Effort Alleged to Keep Products of Paint and Cabin Creeks Out of Competition With Other Fields.

Charleston, W. Va., June 7.—President John P. White and eighteen other officials of the United Mine Workers of America, were indicted in the federal court here today, on a charge of violating the Sherman anti-trust law. It is alleged the defendants conspired with the coal operators of western Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, to raise wages in the West Virginia coal fields so as to prevent its competition with the other four states in the eastern market.

Those named in the indictment are: John M. White, president; Frank J. Hayes, vice president; Thomas Haggerty, Joe Vasey, Jas. Cantrell, Chas. Hatley, Marco Roman, George H. Edmonds and Benjamin F. Morris, organizers of the United Mine Workers of America; Thos. Catrus, president; Clarence H. Griffith, vice president; James M. Crago, secretary of district No. 17, United Mine Workers of America, and Jas. Diana, John Nuttner, Remie Mitchell, W. S. Reece, P. D. Stanley, U. S. Cantley and A. D. Lavender, subordinate officers of district No. 17.

The indictment charges that the nineteen men, affiliated with the United Mine Workers of America, did in Kanawha county, West Virginia, and within the jurisdiction of the federal district court, conspire in a combination and conspiracy in restraint of trade and commerce in several ways. The offense is said to have started September 1, 1912, and continued since.

It is charged that the indicted men have been agents and members of "an unincorporated voluntary organization of individuals" as a labor union, known as the United Mine Workers of America, having many thousands of members who complied by regulating wages, to control the price at which the coal mines in the state of West Virginia could compete with coal mined in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois.

The indictments returned today are said to be the first ever made against the officials of the United Mine Workers of America, charging them with violating the Sherman anti-trust law. It was commented that the indictment comes at a time when federal legislation is pending exempting labor unions from the provisions of the Sherman law.

The information upon which the indictment is based is said to have been the result of an extended probe into conditions by District Attorney Harold A. Ritz, of Bluefield, W. Va.

The indicted men, it is said, will be summoned into court during the coming week.

The indictment alleges that coal produced in West Virginia, especially Kanawha county, is shipped in competition with coal mined in other states of the competitive field and that the contemplated organization of the West Virginia miners is to restrain the sale of the West Virginia coal in these markets.

It is further stated that not more than 15 per cent of the output of the West Virginia fields is consumed within the state and the balance is shipped to other markets.

The object and purpose of the mine workers is to fix wages to be paid to the laborers and to refuse to allow said laborers to work unless said wages are paid, the complaint further reads.

It is charged that the mines in the competitive states are unleased, dominated by the United Mine Workers of America and the coal operators of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois have entered "into a combination and conspiracy with the miners' union wherein the alleged conspirators have agreed to prohibit the coal mined in West Virginia from entering the lake markets and Canada."

The alleged conspiracy, it is stated, has resulted in much violence and lawlessness at the mines of the West Virginia operators on Paint and Cabin creeks. Loss of life and destruction of property necessitated martial law.

The federal grand jury tonight returned indictments charging peonage against the W. H. Thomas Coal & Coke Co., W. H. Pritchard, superintendent, and Samuel Taber and William Thomas, employes. It is charged the defendants arrested four miners and held them to work out a debt. The coal company operates in Mercer county, West Virginia.

UNION OFFICER SCOTS IDEA OF VIOLATION OF TRUST LAW

Indianapolis, June 7.—"That the old, old wall all operators make when they try to keep us from organizing