

12,000 Fans See Brookteds Open Baseball Season

Light Showers probable To-night and Sunday; Warm

FINAL EDITION The Evening World. FINAL EDITION

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GERMAN MACHINE GUNS SWEEP FRENCH AT NEW BATTLE IN ST. MIHIEL REGION

STOCK PRICES AGAIN SOAR IN RECORD BULL MARKET; 788,000 SALES IN 2 HOURS

Professionals Unload as Public Buys in Unprecedented Volume.
WHOLE LIST GOES UP.
Cotton Sets New Record, Advancing \$1 a Bale in First Hour.

For two hours to-day, between 10 and 12 o'clock, the stock Exchange was the stage on which there was revived that good old time melodrama of "Feeding the Lambs," otherwise known in the street as "unloading on the public."

Trading in stocks was at a rate unequalled for years. Sales totaled 788,000 shares of stock, at the rate of 2,000,000 shares for a full day.

At first the speculators put prices up all around to the highest levels that have been known since long before the European war began.

It was not the window dressing parade of a few latest spring styles in such specialties as Bethlehem Steel, automobile and rubber stocks, which have been on view for the past few days.

Lines of regular stocks were taken down off the shelves, where they had been put away during the year of depression, and were sold in an eager way which could not buy enough and seemed to care little what price it paid.

Accumulated orders from every part of the country put prices up two to three points all around during the first half hour.

United States Steel was the favorite and as there are millions of shares available to hand out, this rush brought joy to the Street. Its price went up to \$5, which is \$10 a share higher than ruling prices at the beginning of the week.

But as the public rushed in to buy, the professionals of Wall Street turned sellers and nearly every trader on the floor of the Exchange became a bear on stocks.

BROOKFEDS OPEN PENNANT FIGHT AT WASHINGTON PARK

12,000 Fans See Federal League Favorites in Action Against Buffalo.

BATTING ORDER.

Brooklyn: Anderson, P. Magee, 2b. Kauff, cf. Evans, rf. Cooper, lb. Westerkil, 3b. Reed, ss. Simon, c. Newton, p.	Buffalo: Agler, cf. Louden, 2b. Dalton, lf. Chase, lb. McDonald, rf. Engle, 3b. Smith, ss. Blair, c. Hillert, p.
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Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and Fry.

WASHINGTON PARK, Brooklyn, April 10.—The real opening of the baseball season took place to-day when the Federal League inaugurated the game event by playing Buffalo the first game of the series in the presence of several thousand enthusiastic spectators.

When the Brookfeds entered out on the field, headed by the new manager, Lee Magee, they were accorded a great ovation by the spectators.

MOTORMAN IS MOBBED AFTER BOY IS KILLED

Reserves Called to Rescue Trolley Employees When Car Runs Over Child.

Reserves from the Vernon Street Station had to be summoned this afternoon to quell a demonstration made by several thousand people at Marcy Avenue and Ellery Street, Williamsburg, against Motorman Harry Krista, No. 794 Rogers Avenue, Brooklyn, whose car had just run over an unidentified Hebrew child about four years old.

Krista was driving an Ocean Avenue car in the direction of the Williamsburg Bridge when the boy started off the curb in pursuit of a ball and was jammed up under the forward truck of the car, the front wheels passing over his chest.

Patrolman Rappold of the Vernon Avenue Station protected the motorman until the reserves arrived and Dr. Spiegel of St. John's Hospital had pronounced the child dead.

The B. R. T. wrecking crew jacked up the car and removed the body, which was taken to the police station.

"VILLA KILLED OWN MEN WHO REFUSED TO JOIN BATTLE"

Hunted Them Down When They Balked at Being Led to Slaughter, Says Obregon.

IS HELD UP AS COWARD. First to Run When His Forces Were Routed, Carranza General Declares.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—"Pancho Villa, after a shameful defeat administered to him by our forces," said a message received by the Carranza Junta here to-day from Gen. Obregon, dated Culiacan, via Vera Cruz, April 9, "is in full retreat."

"He passed through Salamanca with eighteen trainloads of soldiers, five of them containing wounded," the message continued. "Many of the troops have deserted him. We have burned more than 2,000 dead soldiers left behind by Villa upon the battlefield. He claims his defeat is due to humanitarian sentiments—a very good excuse. Let us hope that he will develop those humanitarian sentiments dead in him so long."

"Regardless of his boasts of being a great general, his defeat is due primarily to his inability in directing operations and his total disregard for the safety of his soldiers."

"Due to his useless charges, many of his best soldiers perished by the hundreds without accomplishing anything of advantage."

"When he noticed that his troops were reluctant in carrying out his orders to go to virtual slaughter he became enraged and killed a number of soldiers whom he found seeking shelter."

"Villa did nothing that a capable military man would have done to prevent this unnecessary butchery. As soon as he realized his defeat, he abandoned his infantry and fled for safety with his famous 'dorados'."

Gen. Carranza was quoted as reporting Obregon's men marching along the railroad track on San Luis Potosi and the evacuation of Dolores Hidalgo and northward flight by the Villistas.

On Board U. S. S. Colorado, MAZATLAN, April 9.—By Radio To San Diego, Cal., April 10.—A battle between Carranza forces under Gen. Carrasco and Villa followers in command of Gen. Huelsma, has been in progress for two days at Mazatlan, Sinaloa, South of Mazatlan. Only meagre reports of the fighting have been received.

SCULPTOR BITTER DIES IN SAVING HIS WIFE FROM AUTO

Fatal Accident as Famous Artist and Wife Were Leaving Opera House.

AUTOIST IS NOT HELD. Mrs. Bitter, Who Was Hurt, Able to Be With Husband When He Succumbed.

Karl Theodore Francis Bitter, the sculptor, died at 6:30 A. M. to-day in New York Hospital from injuries received when struck in front of the Metropolitan Opera House last night by an automobile owned and driven by Edward T. James, an electrical contractor of No. 416 Madison Avenue.

Mr. Bitter and his wife had been to the opera and in crossing Broadway way stopped at the northbound tracks to let the stream of traffic pass. The James car swung out of line to the car tracks to pass a limousine, and Mr. James did not see Mr. and Mrs. Bitter until his machine was upon them and he could not slow down.

The sculptor thrust his wife almost out of danger and himself received the full force of the touring car, being knocked down and wedged under it. Mrs. Bitter was struck a glancing blow and not seriously injured. At the hospital it was found Mr. Bitter's skull was fractured and he had internal injuries. He was placed on the operating table, and his wife remained with him until the end. The police decided Mr. James was not at fault for the accident.

Mr. Bitter lived at No. 41 West Seventy-seventh Street and was a native of Vienna, forty-seven years old. He was expelled from the Vienna School of Fine Arts, where he first studied, for his insistence on the right of free speech. He came to America in 1889.

His excellent work for a firm of architectural decorators soon attracted attention and in 1891 he was asked to submit models for the \$200,000 Astor memorial gates of Trinity, winning in the competition.

Among his important works were the sculptures on the Administration and Manufacturers and Liberal Arts Buildings at the Chicago fair in 1893; the interior decoration of the residence of the late Collis P. Huntington in New York; decorative work for the Newport mansion of Cornelius Vanderbilt, the altar of Grace Church, Utica; besides many pieces in the museums of Europe and statuary of many of the finest mansions of America. He was in charge of sculptures at the Buffalo and St. Louis expositions, did much of that for the San Francisco Exposition recently opened, and made the Cathedral Parkway statue of Carl Schurz.

He was another notable example of the poor immigrant boy who came to America practically penniless and soon won his way to fame and fortune. One of his reasons for leaving his native land was the ill treatment of a lieutenant when he was drafted as a private in the army. In later years, when he was successful and wealthy, his former superior officer and persecutor one day knocked at his door here and asked for work. The sculptor showed his splendid character by employing him.

Has Hibernated Four Months. Carlisle Brooks, well-known tragedian, 42, has been in the Brooklyn Hospital since last Thanksgiving, and being with his tongue in his cheek and from a pathological condition of the throat, has been unable to speak for four months. He has lost 40 pounds. The doctor said yesterday all they can do is to wait and watch.

Sculptor Who Died in Saving Wife When Both Were Run Down by Auto



KAMP KILL KARE FAMOUS RESORT SWEEPED BY FIRE

Built by Timothy D. Woodruff It Was Meeting Place for Noted Politicians.

UTICA, N. Y., April 10.—Kamp Kill Kare, the estate in the Adirondacks which the late Timothy D. Woodruff developed and which was sold to Francis E. Garvan, a former Assistant District Attorney of New York City, was almost totally destroyed early yesterday by fire which broke out in the servants' quarters.

The camp was famous as the meeting place of noted politicians and big men prominent in finance in New York State. There many political deals were put through and much governmental history of the State made.

Mr. Woodruff expended about half a million dollars in developing the place into what was one of the most elaborately furnished camps in the mountains.

It included about twenty buildings, 1,200 acres of land. Two of the buildings were saved by Capt. Fred Maxon and helpers. The main part, however, was burned. One of the buildings saved was that known as the Governor's room.

Mr. Woodruff, the now owner, came up from New York last night and went to the camp. He brought an architect with him and stated that he would rebuild it once for the summer.

Willard to Box in Philadelphia To-night. Philadelphia, April 10.—Joe Willard settled here shortly after noon to-day. He will give an exhibition at the National A. C. Club to-night and leave on the 9 o'clock train for New York.

MORE GAINS CLAIMED BY PARIS WAR OFFICE; BEATEN, SAYS BERLIN

Great Battle on Hills About Combres Follows Capture of Eparges, but the Germans Insist All the Attacks Were Repulsed.

CHARGES UP THE SLOPES MADE UNDER RAKING FIRE.

PARIS, April 10.—Desperate fighting on the Combres heights, east of Les Eparges with a terrible loss of life, was reported continuing, in to-day's despatches. Following the capture of Eparges in a bloody engagement yesterday, the French are pressing home their advantage by heavy smashes against the centre of the northern side of the Teuton wedge.

The capture of Les Eparges was worth the sacrifice that was necessary for it dominates the plain of the Woevre. And in capturing the five successive series of trenches, covering an advance of about six miles, in the past week, the French arms have established their superiority and the men gained a feeling of confidence and victory that is invaluable.

Over rocky hillside the battle about Combres is now proceeding. The Germans hold strong position on the plateau. Their machine guns are raking the cliffs. But by daring rushes with fixed bayonets the French are slowly fighting their way up the heights.

The Combres battle is the most desperate now going on between the Meuse and the Moselle. The French believe they have found a weak spot in the German line and are hammering it with a vengeance.

Progress from Verdun means heavier pressure on the northern flank of the Germans holding St. Mihiel, while the southern flank is threatened by the French advance between Pont-a-Mousson and the Meuse.

In the forest of Montmarais the Germans are delivering almost continuous counterattacks. They have made fifteen assaults on one point. The War Office says each attack has been repulsed.

The French War Office report this afternoon repeated the claims of gains made last night and added that supplementary reports showed that the French masters of the last German positions at Les Eparges led to desperate bayonet fighting.

It is evident that the French are not only attempting to capture St. Mihiel, which always has been a danger point since its wedge was driven into the line of the allies, but are at the same time seeking to aid Russia by preventing the withdrawal of German corps for the relief of the hard-pressed Austrians and German forces in the Carpathians.

All French Attacks Repulsed, Is the Report from Berlin

BERLIN, April 10 (via London).—The official war office statement of to-day follows: "The hourly taken at Drel Grachten (in Belgium) was increased to five officers, 122 men and five machine guns."

"In Champagne, north of Reims, our troops evacuated trenches taken on April 4, which were destroyed yesterday by French heavy artillery. French attacks in this district were repulsed."

"On the front at Romenuville and in the forest of Le Preire all French attacks were repulsed. On the western border of Le Preire forest the enemy finally lost that part of our positions which they penetrated at the end of March."

"A repeated attempt to wrest from us the village of Bezaux in Grande, southwest of Chateau Salines, was paid for by the French with the loss of a company which was completely routed, while two officers and 101 men remained prisoners in our hands."

Is It Possible That Scotland Yard "frames"?

REPUBLICAN LEADER JAILED FOR SELLING NARCOTICS

Job Hedges, as Counsel, Alleges Political Conspiracy Against Paul Borchard.

Paul Borchard, a druggist with several stores and Republican leader of the Thirtieth Assembly District, was sentenced by Justice Kernochan, French and McInerney to-day to six months' imprisonment in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of \$500 for failing to register his sales and purchases of narcotic drugs according to the Boylan act.

On his trial Borchard was defended by Job Hedges, who asserted the charge against Borchard was born in a political conspiracy and was meant to injure his efficiency as a Republican leader. The Justice set aside to-day for an inquiry into the accusation of the lawyer.

A letter from Ernest K. Coulter, superintendent of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children and representative of Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt in the crusade against drugs, was read. It charged that Borchard had boasted that he was immune from prosecution because of his political influence and that he was not only a distributor of drugs.

Mr. Hedges denounced the Coulter letter, saying that before Coulter was subpoenaed by justice he had been Borchard's closest friend and had once introduced him for the Assembly. He announced that he would appeal the case at once.

Job Hedges, as Counsel, Alleges Political Conspiracy Against Paul Borchard.

Tenannes, Havana 12 M. Stamps, Naples 12 M. Algonquin, San Domingo... 3 P. M.

(Continued on Second Page)

World Wants Work Wonders.