The Sun.

Rain and colder; high northeasterly winds.

VOL. LXVI.—NO. 71. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1898.—COPYRIGHT, 1898, BY THE SUN PRINTING AND PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION. PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE GREAT VICTORY

Republican Triumphs from East to West.

CONGRESS IS OURS.

Sound Money Again Victorious Over Free Silver.

GAINS IN THE WEST.

Connecticut, New Jersey and Indiana Republican.

SUN'S FIGURES VERIFIED.

No Important Changes from Those Given Yesterday.

THE SUN'S election returns printed yesterday morning were so wonderfully accurate that it is almost unnecessary to repeat them to-day.

The next House of Representatives will be Republican by a working majority of 19. Reports sent out by the Associated Press to the effect that the House would be Democratic are false.

Mr. Roosevelt carries the State of New York by a plurality of between 17,000 and 18,000. Revised returns were received in THE SUN office last evening from every county in the State verifying the figures of the day before.

In New York city the pluralities are substantially as given yesterday. Van Wyck's plurality in the Greater New York is 83,938, and in Manhattan and the Bronx 60,622. THE SUN, twenty-four hours ago, gave these pluralities as 83,799 and 60,100. Mr. Woodruff, for Lieutenant-Governor, runs slightly behind Mr. Roosevelt for Governor.

The result in other States also maintains THE SUN'S accuracy of yesterday, except that possibly THE SUN was not liberal enough with its Republican pluralities. In Massachusetts the Republicans sweep everything, giving Gov. Wolcott a plurality of 80,000. In New Jersey the Republican candidate for Governor goes in by 10,000 or 11,000. The Legislature is Republican, insuring the election of a Republican Senator in place of Senator Smith. Connecticut, which sometimes goes Democratic, also turns up Republican to the core by about 16,000 plurality. Pennsylvania sustains its previous Republican record with a plurality of 150,000. Ohio sustains President McKinley and his Administration with a plurality of 60,000. In Iowa the Republicans come out 62,000 ahead. Michigan elects a Republican Governor by 75,000 plurality. Indiana shows 15,000 for the head of the Republican State ticket. Wisconsin makes a record of not less than 40,000 Republican plurality. Kansas Republicans elect their State ticket by more than 8,000 and name seven of the eight Congressmen. Nebraska repudiates Bryan and free silver. The Republicans elect four out of six Congressmen. The Pacific coast States rival even the States in the East in their big Republican pluralities.

A feature of the election is the great Republican majorities given throughout the Union in support of President McKinley and his policy.

Another feature is the total annihilation of the free silver and Populist forces of the West. They have been snowed under an avalanche of sound-money ballots, seemingly, so deep that they cannot rise again.

INDIANA 15,000 REPUBLICAN.

The Legislature Is Also Republican on Joint Ballot—New Republican Congressmen.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 9.—The Republicans have carried their State ticket by 15,000 plurality, have elected certainly eight Congressmen and probably another, Faris of the Fifth district. They will have at least twenty on joint ballot in the Legislature, assuring the election of a Republican successor to Senator Turpie. The State ticket plurality is proportionately as large as that given to McKinley. Until to-day the Republicans were badly worried over the result in this city and county, but the fog that surrounded the returns for hours began to give way. When they saw daylight they became jubilant, as later reports assured the re-election of Congressman Overstreet and Marion county's nine representatives. Overstreet will go out of Marion with 3,000 majority, with only about 600 against him in Johnson, the other county of the district, and that will elect him by 2,500, which is 1,388 less than the plurality he had two years ago. All other Republican Congressmen are elected by from 500 to 2,000 less pluralities than in the last Presidential year.

The Congressmen certainly elected are: First district, James A. Hemenway (Rep.); Second, Robert W. Miers (Dem.); Third, W. T. Zenor (Dem.); Fourth, F. M. Griffith (Dem.); Sixth, James E. Watson (Rep.); Seventh, Jesse Overstreet (Rep.); Eighth, George W. Cromer (Rep.); Ninth, Charles B. Landis (Rep.); Tenth, Edgar D. Crumpacker (Rep.); Eleventh, George W. Steele (Rep.); Twelfth, James M. Robinson (Dem.); Thirteenth, A. L. Brick (Rep.). George W. Faris of the Fifth district, whose defeat was conceded by the Republicans, is probably elected on a very close margin. This will retain the present political proportion of the delegation, Republicans, 9; Democrats, 4, with no change politically in any of the districts. The Legislature will be: Senate—Republican holdovers, 15; Republicans elected, 14; Democratic holdovers, 9; Democrats elected, 12; Republican majority, 8. House—Republicans elected, 59; Democrats elected, 44; Republican majority, 12; Republican joint majority, 20.

In the campaign just closed the Republicans appealed to the voters to support the McKinley Administration and sustain territorial expansion. To this the money question was subordinated. The Democrats discussed almost wholly free silver.

BRYAN'S STATE REPUDIATES HIM.

Republicans Elect State Ticket, Legislature and Four of the Six Congressmen.

OMAHA, Nov. 9.—There is no longer any shadow of doubt that there has been a Republican landslide in Nebraska. The Republicans have gained 20,000 votes, carrying the State by 7,000. There are some isolated districts to hear from yet, but the returns to come in cannot change the result. In addition to gaining the entire State ticket, the Republicans carry the Legislature, having 75 members and the fusion forces 58. This of course means a United States Senator to succeed Allen, and very likely Thompson of Lincoln will be the man. In the Fourth and Fifth districts the Republicans gain two Congressmen and very much reduce the majorities in the Third and Sixth. The Congressmen probably elected are: First district, E. J. Burkett, Rep.; Second, David H. Mercer, Rep.; Third, John R. Robinson, Fusion; Fourth, E. H. Hinshaw, Rep.; Fifth, C. E. Adams, Rep.; Sixth, W. L. Greene, Fusion.

Just what caused the landslide is now the subject of animated conversation all over the State. There are two contentions along this line that are prominent, one element asserting that it is the spirit of antagonism to free silver that defeated the Fusion forces and the other asserting that it is the natural result of the feeling that an adverse vote at this time to the Republican party would mean a severe rebuke to the Administration's conduct of the war, which might hamper the President in arranging the terms of peace. Undoubtedly both arguments contributed to Republican success materially. The Republican platform as well as the tri-convention platform of the Fusion forces each contained financial planks, and the defeat of Fusion can be fairly considered a defeat for free silver. In the Second Congress district (Omaha) the financial issue was the real issue, and the fight reached the proportions of the old-time Bryan contest. Here David H. Mercer, Republican, opposed G. M. Hitchcock, the editor of the *World-Herald*, the free-silver organ that brought Bryan out and which Bryan edited for several years. All his arguments were along this line, and he did all he could to rally to his support all persons of free-silver tendencies. As a clincher to the free-silver features in this district, Col. Bryan came to Omaha early yesterday morning and paraded the street for several hours with Hitchcock, apparently to emphasize the fact that Hitchcock's campaign was in a great measure his personal campaign. Therefore the overwhelming defeat of Hitchcock is declared by all sides to be an emphatic defeat of Bryan's hobby, and the significance of this feature is being generally dwelt upon by the campaign managers of all parties. It is stated generally that a considerable fund was provided by the national free-silver organizations to help Hitchcock, and his paper was filled with silver arguments during the entire campaign. Senator Allen, Gov. Holcomb and other prominent silver men were brought to Omaha and spoke and worked for Hitchcock.

Republican State Chairman Snyder said tonight: "I attribute Republican success largely to the feeling stirred up over the war and the fact that the average Nebraskan is disgusted with the administration of the allied silver forces. The financial issues figured to a considerable degree, especially in the Second Congress district. My returns now show that the entire Republican ticket is elected by 7,000 plurality, and the Republicans have a working plurality in the Legislature. The First, Second and Fourth Congress districts are largely Republican, with the chances of a Republican in the Fifth. The other two Congress districts are Fusion by reduced majorities. Of course we will have a Republican Senator to succeed Allen."

Democratic Chairman Dahlman said to-night: "The claims of the Republicans are absurd. The State has not gone Republican to the extent they claim. Later returns will show the allied silver fusion forces on top, though of course the Republicans have made great gains. I attribute these gains to the failure of the Fusion forces to appreciate the importance of the election and their failure to vote."

PINGREE'S AMAZING VICTORY.

He Will Have a Plurality of Probably 75,000 in Michigan.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 9.—Incomplete returns from seventy of the eighty-two counties in the State show that Gov. Pingree has made a surprising run, and captured the majority vote in every county except Jackson and Lenewee. The latter is lost to him by a narrow margin of forty-seven majority.

The prediction of the Democrats and the anti-Pingree Republicans that the organized move to cut him would result in his downfall does not seem to have been true, as on a very light vote he has more than 63,000 majority. As the counties not heard from are "backwoods" counties and always strongly Republican, it seems probable that his majority will reach 75,000 in the State. Compared with the total vote of 1896, when he led President McKinley, his comparative majority is greater this year than then.

It is an open secret that the Democratic strongholds voted for the Governor, and the disaffection engineered by the anti-Pingree, Democratic crowd was more than overcome even in the places where it was strongest by the Governor's immense personal following. Many of the close counties were carried for county offices by the strength of the head of the ticket.

The Republicans elect a solid Republican delegation to Congress. The Legislature is very nearly solidly Republican, and on it hangs the election of a successor for United States Senator to J. C. Burrows, who is a candidate to succeed himself. Senator Burrows's private secretary and manager, Henry M. Rose, tonight gave out a statement that Senator Burrows had eighty-nine members of the Legislature and was sure to succeed himself.

The Michigan House of Representatives is composed of 100 and the Senate of 32 members, so that if Burrows has more than 70 he is sure of re-election. The probabilities all seem to favor the return of Senator Burrows, but at the same time Albert Pack's managers say that Pack has 60 votes pledged and that he will be elected Senator. Gov. Pingree favors Pack.

Everybody is surprised at the great majority Pingree received, and there is mild surprise that Gardner and Fordney were able to beat Todd and Brucker in the Third and Eighth Congress districts. No estimate of the total vote can be given at the present time, as nothing but majorities have been reported. Not even in the year when the Republicans elected all but one member of the Legislature has the general Republican victory on county and Congress tickets been as great. The Pingree opposition is speechless with amazement.

THE VOTE IN TENNESSEE.

McMillin, Democrat, Elected Governor by Nearly 20,000 Plurality.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 9.—Partial returns from eighty-two out of ninety-six counties in the State have been received. Benton McMillin (Dem.) is elected Governor, defeating James A. Fowler (Rep.). A conservative estimate of McMillin's majority is from 10,000 to 20,000. The majority for the Democratic candidates for Railroad Commissioners will not fall very far behind these figures. The Democrats have elected their candidates in all the Congress districts except the First and Second, where the Republicans reelected Brownlow and Gibson by decreased majorities. The Legislature is Democratic by a good majority.

North Dakota Goes Republican.

BISMARCK, Nov. 9.—North Dakota elects B. F. Spalding, Republican, to Congress over H. M. Creel, Fusion, by probably 5,500 majority, and the Republican State ticket, headed by F. G. Fancher for Governor, by probably 4,000. The Legislature will be Republican on joint ballot, insuring the election of a Republican United States Senator to succeed W. N. Roach, Democrat.

Arkansas's Vote Small, but All Democratic.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Nov. 9.—To-day's returns from yesterday's Congress election in Arkansas in no way changed the estimates of last night's figures. While the vote was the smallest on record, it was all Democratic. Arkansas will have six Democrats in Congress.

Citizens' Union Not a State Party.

The Citizens' Union ticket failed to poll 10,000 votes in the State, and there is therefore no Citizens' Union State party. The managers of the Bacon campaign expected to poll 4,000 votes in New York city, but Bacon received only 729.

Special Trains via Pennsylvania Railroad to Yale-Princeton Football Game.

Saturday, Nov. 12, at Princeton. Leave West 23d st. station 10:20 and 11:20 A. M. Cortlandt and Desbrosses sts. 10:30 and 11:30 A. M., returning at close of game. Round trip fare $2, good only on special trains.—*Adv.*

SUN'S FIGURES WERE RIGHT

GAVE COL. ROOSEVELT'S PLURALITY AS 17,572; IT IS 17,770.

Republican Majority in the Next State Senate Will Be 36—Senate Stands as The Sun Announced Ten Hours After the Polls Closed—Majority in Assembly 28.

THE SUN yesterday morning gave Col. Roosevelt a plurality in the State of 17,572. Corrected returns from all the counties of the State show that Col. Roosevelt's plurality is 17,770. Following are the pluralities by counties:

PLURALITIES BY COUNTIES FOR GOVERNOR.

	Roosevelt, Rep.	Van Wyck, Dem.
Albany	.....	939
Allegany	3264	.....
Broome	3612	.....
Cattaraugus	3307	.....
Cayuga	3233	.....
Chautauqua	6909	.....
Chemung	.....	87
Chenango	2123	.....
Clinton	24	.....
Columbia	305	.....
Cortland	1734	.....
Delaware	2486	.....
Dutchess	2637	.....
Erie	.....	2965
Essex	2115	.....
Franklin	2792	.....
Fulton and Hamilton	2218	.....
Genesee	1993	.....
Greene	139	.....
Herkimer	1196	.....
Jefferson	3599	.....
Kings	.....	18274
Lewis	713	.....
Livingston	1850	.....
Madison	2693	.....
Monroe	2637	.....
Montgomery	800	.....
New York	.....	60622
Niagara	549	.....
Oneida	1389	.....
Onondaga	6186	.....
Ontario	1849	.....
Orange	2769	.....
Orleans	1409	.....
Oswego	3726	.....
Otsego	1103	.....
Putnam	250	.....
Queens	.....	1548
Rensselaer	.....	631
Richmond	.....	2145
Rockland	51	.....
St. Lawrence	7655	.....
Saratoga	2356	.....
Schenectady	576	.....
Schoharie	.....	721
Schuyler	722	.....
Seneca	33	.....
Steuben	2978	.....
Suffolk	2583	.....
Sullivan	468	.....
Tioga	1235	.....
Tompkins	1431	.....
Ulster	1551	.....
Warren	1261	.....
Washington	3638	.....
Wayne	2617	.....
Westchester	1551	.....
Wyoming	1728	.....
Yates	1396	.....
Totals	105362	87622
Plurality for Roosevelt, Rep.	17770	

NEW YORK LEGISLATURE.

Republicans Will Have 4 Majority in the State Senate; 28 in Assembly.

The next State Senate will be as printed in yesterday's SUN, 27 Republicans and 23 Democrats. THE SUN'S list of Senators elected was correct. Complete returns from close Assembly districts increased the Republican majority in the Assembly to 28, making the joint ballot majority 32. Putnam county's official returns may show the election of the Republican candidate for member of Assembly, the Rev. James M. Yeager, which would increase the Republican majority to 36. Adrian H. Denn, the Democratic candidate, claims his election by a small majority.

New York county elected eight Republican Assemblymen. Complete returns from the Eighth district show the election of Charles S. Adler, Republican, by a majority of 105. Benjamin F. Gleason is elected in the Fourth Monroe district, making the delegation from that county solidly Republican. John K. Patton, the Republican candidate in the Seventh Erie district, is elected, making the Erie delegation six Democrats to two Republicans. The Second Westchester district elects Joseph E. Ennis, Republican, and the First district of the same county elects John J. Sloane, Democrat. Irving Brown, the Democratic candidate, won in Rockland county.

CLOSE VOTE IN MIDDLETOWN.

A Tie Vote for Mayor—An Alderman Elected by 4 and Another by 8 Votes.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Nov 9.—Charles L. Elwood, Democrat, and Frank A. R. Pronk, Republican, are a tie for Mayor of this city. Each received 1,432 votes. George E. Wallace was defeated for City Treasurer by 45, Alexander Finn, Democrat, was elected Alderman by 4 votes, and Francis M. Barnes, Democrat, had a plurality of 5 for Alderman. Middletown has seventy voters in Company I, First New York Volunteers, now at Honolulu. It was supposed this morning that when the soldier vote reached here in about four weeks these results would be changed, particularly in the case of Wallace, who resigned a Lieutenancy in the company and only returned from Honolulu a few weeks ago. In response to an inquiry Secretary of State Palmer says that city nominations were not sent to the soldiers at Honolulu. It is believed that the omicial canvass will change the vote on Mayor, as irregularities are said to have occurred in one of the districts.

CLEAN SWEEP IN WISCONSIN.

State Ticket, Legislature and Ten Congressmen Are Republican.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 9.—Corrected returns of yesterday's election show an even greater Republican victory than was at first reported. Not only was Gov. Edward Scofield re-elected and the whole State ticket carried, but every Congressman in the ten districts was elected by the Republicans. The next Legislature is overwhelmingly Republican. Of the 100 members of the Assembly, 82 Republicans are elected. Of the 33 State Senators the Republicans will have 31.

The pluralities are not yet complete, but it is now estimated that the State went Republican by 40,000. Senator John L. Mitchell will retire as United States Senator next spring. The Legislature will choose his successor. The contest is between Joseph K. Quarles of Milwaukee, Joseph V. Babcock of Necedah, Isaac Stephenson of Marinette and S. S. Cook of Neenah. There are several others in the field.

ONE REPUBLICAN IN TEXAS.

Hawley, Rep., Was Elected to Congress in the Tenth District.

GALVESTON, Tex., Nov. 9.—The Congress representation of Texas in the next Congress will be twelve Democrats and one Republican. Although full returns are not in from the Tenth and Twelfth districts, enough has been received to show that Hawley, Rep., is elected by a handsome plurality. Slayden, Dem., has carried the Twelfth district by a majority estimated at 3,000 and over. The State has gone Democratic by an overwhelming majority. Sayers's majority for Governor is estimated at 200,000 over Gibbs, Populist. It will be several days before complete returns are received.

All Deerfoot Farm Sausages

Are made at the farm in Southboro, Mass. Their success is owing to the choice materials and the neatness and cleanliness of the preparation.—*Adv.*

Uric acid troubles have no chance with Londonderry Lithia Water.—*Adv.*

REVISED CITY ELECTION RETURNS.

Woodruff Runs 4,353 Behind Roosevelt in the Greater New York.

The returns of the city vote printed in THE SUN yesterday morning were so complete as to leave little to be added. Van Wyck's plurality in the greater city is 83,938, and in Manhattan and the Bronx is 60,622. THE SUN yesterday morning gave these pluralities as 83,799 and 60,100. The Associated Press pluralities were from 5,000 to 8,000 out of the way. The revised city vote for Governor and Lieutenant-Governor is interesting as showing how far Roosevelt ran ahead of Woodruff. It is as follows:

FOR GOVERNOR.

	Roosevelt, Rep.	Van Wyck, Dem.	Van Wyck's Plurality.
Man. and Bronx	111,591	172,213	60,622
Brooklyn	82,827	101,101	18,274
Queens	9,885	13,783	3,898
Richmond	4,578	6,722	2,144
Total	208,881	292,819	83,938

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

	Woodruff, Rep.	Danforth, Dem.	Danforth's Plurality.
Man. and Bronx	109,454	172,368	62,914
Brooklyn	81,656	101,362	19,706
Queens	9,526	12,981	3,455
Richmond	4,451	6,667	2,216
Total	205,087	293,378	88,291

Woodruff behind Roosevelt, 4,353.

The total vote for Supreme Court Justices in this county was:

REPUBLICAN.			TAMMANY.		
Cohen.	Daly.	Taft.	Andrews.	Pitney'd.	Levent't.
116,411	121,563	111,268	164,893	165,102	164,800

Average Tammany plurality, 48,518.

Adler, Rep., defeated Jaffer, Tam., in the Eighth district of Manhattan for Assemblyman. This makes the delegation from this county: Tammany, 27; Republican, 8, a Tammany loss of 2.

RESULT IN MASSACHUSETTS.

Gov. Wolcott's Plurality 80,000—Congressman Walker Defeated by 77 Votes.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—Revised returns from all over the State show that Gov. Wolcott received a plurality of 80,393 over Bruce. The total vote of the State was 294,033. Wolcott had 187,213, and Bruce 106,820. In spite of the fact that there was an increase of about 25,000 in the total vote over last year, Wolcott's plurality was over 500 less than that over Williams last year. On the face of it this shows a net loss of about 20,000 for the Republicans, and that, while the Democrats got out every vote, the apathy among the Republicans was very marked and general. Of the two Congressmen lost one only will be of assistance to the Bryanites, Henry F. Naphen, who defeated Barrows in the Tenth.

Naphen is a hot free silver man, and will be a vigorous ally for the Chicago platform men. John R. Thayer, who had the honor of defeating Joe Walker, is a gold Democrat and voted for Palmer and Buckner in '96. He is really sounder, although a Democrat, than was Walker. Walker was defeated by 77 votes, according to the latest showing. Two years ago Walker's majority was over 11,000. Mr. Fitzgerald in the Ninth was reelected by about 4,500 plurality, notwithstanding the fact that there were running against him another Democrat and two Republican candidates.

The State Legislature shows a gain for the Democrats of twelve in the House and no change in the Senate. The standing at present is:

Senate—Republicans, 33; Democrats, 7.

House—Republicans, 104; Democrats, 67; Social Democrats, 2; Independents, 5; tie, 2.

CLEAN SWEEP IN IOWA.

State Ticket Republican by About 62,000—Solid Congress Delegation.

DES MOINES, Nov. 9.—The entire Republican State ticket is elected by a plurality of about 62,000. Iowa also elects the entire Republican delegation to Congress. Gen. Weaver, fusion candidate in the Sixth district, is defeated by about 1,000 by Major Lacey, Henderson, Dolliver, Lacey, Conner, Hull and Shiepburn are returned to Congress, and Thomas Hedges of Burlington, Haugen of the Fourth district, McPherson of Storm Lake and Lot Thomas of the Eleventh district are elected as new members. It is a sound-money delegation. The proposition to amend the Constitution, reorganizing the General Assembly districts, failed to carry.

State Chairman Townsend claims that the Democrats have elected four Congressmen by the country vote, but refuses to state yet which ones these are.

NORTH CAROLINA'S VOTE.

The Republicans Get Two Congressmen—Scheme to Impeach Gov. Russell.

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 9.—The late returns show that the Republicans have elected two Congressmen, Linney in the Eighth district and George H. White, the negro, in the Second district.

The Democrats elect Small in the First district, Thomas in the Third, Atwater in the Fourth, Kitchen in the Fifth, W. Bellamy in the Sixth, Kitz in the Seventh and Crawford in the Ninth.

Democratic majorities for the Legislature candidates continue to increase and the Democrats will control that body by a two-thirds vote. Gov. Russell may be impeached when the Legislature meets.

CONNECTICUT IS SOLID.

Republicans Elect State Ticket, Legislature and Four Congressmen.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 9.—Connecticut has again gone Republican in every political department, including a full State ticket, four sound-money Congressmen and both branches of the Legislature. The State ticket led by about 16,000 votes. The complete vote for Governor in the 168 State towns was: Lounsbery (Rep.), 80,732, and Morgan (Dem.), 64,293, against 108,807 Republicans, 66,986 and 56,524 Democratic. The Senate will be composed of 20 Republicans and 4 Democrats, and the House of Representatives of 193 Republicans and 75 Democrats. There were no Democrats in the last Senate and only 29 in the last House of Representatives.

SOLID IN VIRGINIA.

All the Congressmen-Elect in the Old Dominion are Democrats.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 9.—Virginia will send a solid Democratic delegation to Congress. All the ten Democratic nominees have been elected, according to returns received late last night and to-day. The hardest fight was in the Ninth district, where Judge William F. Rhea, Dem., opposed Gen. James A. Walker, Rep. Judge Rhea has probably defeated Gen. Walker by from 1,000 to 1,500 majority. The other Democrats won by from 2,500 to 12,000. The Democratic plurality on the vote for Congressmen in this State will be somewhere between 40,000 and 60,000.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Republicans Control the Legislature—The State Ticket in Doubt.

SIOUX FALLS, Nov. 9.—The State is still in doubt as far as Governor is concerned. Both parties are claiming the election of their candidates. It will probably take the official canvass to decide who is elected. Gamble, Republican, for Congress, is surely elected, and the indications are that Burke, Republican, has been elected by a small majority. He may be beat, however, by Knowles, Populist. The Republicans will have good working majorities in both branches of the Legislature.

Idaho Carried by the Fusionists.

BOISE, Idaho, Nov. 9.—The Fusion ticket has carried the State by pluralities ranging from 5,000 to 8,000, and the Fusionists will control the Legislature. From forty-seven precincts, making up one-eighth of the State, Steunenberg, Fusionist, for Governor, gets 3,083; Moss, Republican, 2,021, and Anderson, Populist, 557. Wilson, Fusion, for Congress, received 2,532; Heyburn, Republican, 1,925, and Gunn, Populist, 836.

May Be a Congress Contest from Maryland.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 9.—The closeness of the Congress election between Frank C. Wachter, Rep., and Dr. John B. Schwatka, Dem., may cause a contest in the House of Representatives if the Democrats have a majority. Mudd, who was reelected yesterday on the Republican ticket, was seated some years ago over Compton, Dem., but these tactics will probably not be resorted to in Mudd's case, as he has a large plurality.

Auction Sale for Bank Creditors,

Consisting of fine diamonds and other precious stone jewelry. Sale at noon to-day, 47 Liberty st. John M. French, Auctioneer. By order of trustee.—*Adv.*

BRITISH PREMIER SPEAKS.

NO PROTECTORATE OVER EGYPT TO BE DECLARED AT PRESENT.

Salisbury Says He Won't Prophesy What Will Take Place if England Is Forced to a Position She Does Not Now Occupy—Sympathizes with the Czar's Proposal, but England Must Prepare for Danger—Our Advent in Asiatic Diplomacy.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—There was the customary assemblage of Ministers, Judges, naval and military officers and other prominent men at the banquet given by the Lord Mayor to-night. The principal speech of the evening was made by Prime Minister Salisbury, who, in the course of his remarks, said that the Government had quite recently to consider the question of a European war, though not at a very near distance. The result had turned out happily. It seemed possible at one moment that it would be otherwise, but the great judgment and common sense displayed by the French Government in circumstances of unusual difficulty had relieved Europe of a very dangerous and threatening storm. While matters were to some extent in suspense it was necessary for the British Government to adopt precautions to prevent its being taken unaware. The immediate necessity for precautions had now passed, but it was not to be assumed because these precautions had not stopped immediately that they indicated the continued proximity of danger.

Lord Salisbury dwelt upon the guesses that have been made as to the purpose of the naval activity in England, including the conjecture that the Government intended to declare a protectorate over Egypt. He said in connection with this subject: "I cannot rise to that aspiration. If we are forced by others into a position we do not now occupy I do not venture to prophesy what will take place, but though I do not say that we are entirely comfortable, we are quite sufficiently satisfied with the state of things as they at present exist. I do not think there is any cause at present to modify, and I earnestly hope nothing will arise to necessitate a modification, of our position in Egypt, for I am convinced that the world would not get on as peaceably as now if such a necessity was imposed on us."

The Prime Minister expressed sympathy with the Czar's disarmament proposal and paid a tribute to the motives that prompted the rescript, but, he said, while earnestly concurring with his Majesty's views, he thought until his aspirations were crowned with success the Government must continue to take precautions to meet the dangers which the present state of the world everywhere revealed. He added:

"In some respects the era of this great proposition, which, I think, will be an epoch in the history of man, has been marked by unhappy omens. It is the first year in which the mighty force of the American republic has been introduced among the nations. I am not refusing sympathy to the citizens of the republic in the difficulties through which they have passed, but nobody will deny that their appearance among the factors of Asiatic, and possibly European diplomacy, is a grave and serious event, which may not conduce to the interests of peace, though I think it is likely to conduce to the interests of Great Britain."

The concluding passage of Lord Salisbury's speech revealed apprehension that troubles were likely to arise with great suddenness in any direction, for which reason Great Britain could not intermit her defensive precautions.

The newspapers in their editorials this morning show dissatisfaction with the speech of Lord Salisbury. The Ministerial *Standard* finds the Prime Minister's deliberate vagueness not reassuring, and says that it increases rather than allays anxiety.

The *Daily News* (Liberal) asks where is the danger of war. It adds that if Lord Salisbury meant anything by his reference the American situation is evidently somewhat serious. If he meant nothing it was very ill advised to publicly indulge in a fit of diplomatic blues in such a sensitive time.

The *Times* thinks that the country will be content for the present with the knowledge of the British position in Egypt, but says that Lord Salisbury's warning regarding a possible compulsory modification of that position is a serious one.

The *Chronicle* (Radical) complains that Lord Salisbury has left the situation more disquieting than he found it. The paper is indignant with his maladroit remark concerning the United States, and declares that nothing could be more unfortunate or even more offensive. It repudiates the idea that the entrance of the United States into the world of politics would either make for war or be a partisan advantage for Great Britain.

LORD MAYOR'S SHOW.

Britannia and Columbia Sat Side by Side in the Parade.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—The Lord Mayor's show took place to-day with the usual crowds and incidents. The early part of the day was cloudy and disagreeable, but the skies partially cleared later.

The feature of the parade was a car emblematical of the English-speaking races. Upon the car Britannia and Columbia were seated together and British and American flags were borne on either side. Mr. Henry White, United States Chargé d'Affaires, and his family, viewed the parade from the Mansion House as the guests of the Lord Mayor.

BERESFORD IN CHINA.

He Is Impressed with the Importance of Maintaining the Open Door.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Nov. 10.—A despatch to the *Times* from Newchwang says that Lord Charles Beresford, who is visiting China in the interests of the British Associated Chambers of Commerce, arrived at that place on Nov. 4. He is deeply impressed by the importance of Newchwang and the necessity for maintaining the "open door."

He was struck by the facts that there is no Russian trade with Newchwang, but that there is great Russian railway building activity. He is also struck by the fact of Russian military domination, armed Cossacks being in a treaty port, and Cossacks patrolling the railroad and guarding the military posts along the line throughout Manchuria.

Close Vote in Nevada.

RENO, Nev., Nov. 9.—Returns from eight counties give a small majority for McMillan, Republican candidate for Governor. The other seven, it is expected, will bring Sadler, Silver, ahead; but the contest will be close. Russell, the regular Democratic nominee for Governor, has probably polled about 2,000 votes in the State, and McCullough, Populist, about 700. Newlands, Silver and Democratic nominee for Congress, will beat Wren, Populist, from 700 to 800. The Republicans had no candidate for Congress.

Wyoming Goes Republican.

CHEYENNE, Nov. 9.—Returns from ten of the thirteen counties of Wyoming give Frank W. Mondell, Republican candidate for Congress, 1,500 majority; DeForest Richards, Republican, for Governor, 1,200, and the rest of the Republican State ticket 1,500. Three counties to hear from will increase these majorities several hundred. The Republicans have 50 out of 57 members of the State Legislature on joint ballot, and will re-elect a United States Senator in January.

Winter Weather Causes Many Minor Troubles

avoidable if you have telephone service at your house. Moderate message rates. Standard equipment.—*Adv.*

BRITISH COMMENTS.

Roosevelt's Election Regarded with Great Satisfaction.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Nov. 10.—Pending the receipt of news giving the complete results of the American elections the London press finds it difficult to express a definite opinion on the general question, but Col. Roosevelt's success is everywhere welcomed. The *Standard* says it is a matter for very cordial congratulations that the party of clean, wholesome State government received opportune reinforcement.

The *Daily News*, commenting on Col. Roosevelt's election, says it is a distinct triumph for the best elements in American politics.

The *Morning Post* says it is a distinct triumph for President McKinley's policy.

The *Daily Mail* says it is a great satisfaction to all who consider that honesty and patriotism give claim to political honor.

The *Chronicle* says that every friend of honest administration will be delighted in this country, where Col. Roosevelt's high character is well known. It adds: "We rejoice equally with the Republicans."

The *Daily Graphic* says that Col. Roosevelt's election is distinctly a subject for congratulation.

The *Times* says that Col. Roosevelt's name and antecedents are sufficient guarantee of an honest administration for the next two years. It adds that the chief significance of his election is that it creates a formidable rival to Mr. McKinley for the Republican nomination for the Presidency in 1900. The *Times* thinks that the nation's answer to the great questions of public policy is halting and ambiguous. It is difficult to say that the verdict of the elections confirmed the President's judgment, but it certainly has not condemned it.

FOUR NEGROES LYNCHED.

Result of Election Rioting in South Carolina—Body of Armed Men Called For.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 9.—Four lynchings occurred this afternoon as a result of the election riots at Phoenix. About 5 o'clock a large crowd of armed whites came upon another crowd of their men who had eight negro prisoners at Rehobath Church. At first the crowd was very quiet, but gradually their passions rose. Twice they were quieted. Then nothing could stop them. One of the negroes was dragged out into the road and riddled with bullets. While this was being done four of the negroes managed to escape. The remaining three were then lynched without ceremony. One of the fleeing negroes was wounded.

The most serious trouble is yet expected to occur. At midnight the news comes that the negroes are massed in the vicinity of Phœnix, and are in large numbers. The despatch says a serious conflict is expected to occur at any moment. This despatch also says that six negroes have been shot as a net result of the day's work.

Messages have been received in this city by the Governor and Adjutant-General from reliable men in the neighboring towns asking that weapons and ammunition be sent them for protection. The requests have not been granted.

At midnight to-night a request was telegraphed here for 350 armed men to be sent to Greenwood on a special train. It is not known whether such a party will go or not.

POPULISM DEFEATED IN KANSAS.

Republicans Elect Their State Ticket by 8,000 and Seven of the Eight Congressmen.

TOPEKA, Nov. 9.—The Republicans have carried Kansas for their State ticket, and have elected seven of the eight Congressmen. The majority on the State ticket will reach 8,000. Fully 35,000 farmers refused to vote, and this surprise, which did not dawn on the managers until the returns began to come in from the country districts this morning, gave the Republicans the victory. It is believed that three-fourths of the stay-at-home vote went to Bryan two years ago, but the good times and advanced prices for stock and farm products during the past two years convinced them that sound money was better than the theories advanced by Mr. Bryan. These Congressmen are elected: At large, W. J. Bailey, Republican; First district, Charles Curtis, Republican; Second district, J. D. Bowersock, Republican; Third district, F. R. Ridgely, Populist; Fourth district, J. M. Miller, Republican; Fifth district, W. A. Calderhead, Republican; Sixth district, W. M. Reeder, Republican; Seventh district, Chester I. Long, Republican.

LANDSLIDE IN WASHINGTON.

The Republicans Win the Legislature and the Two Congressmen.

TACOMA, Nov. 9.—The Republicans of Washington elect Frank W. Cushman and W. L. Jones to Congress by 3,500 to 4,500 plurality and two Supreme Court Judges. The Legislature is overwhelmingly Republican.

The entire State is surprised at the landslide which has overcome Populism and free silverism by such a decisive vote. This vote shows a complete change of front on the part of 10 per cent. of the voters of the State. Eastern Washington counties, which went fusion by 1,000 to 3,000 two years ago, gave Republican pluralities yesterday. Incomplete returns indicate that eight counties give slight fusion pluralities, the others going Republican. Tacoma and Spokane lead the Republican column with 600 plurality each. Seattle gives a small plurality. The Republicans are holding jollification meetings to-night all over the State.

WEST VIRGINIA'S RESULT.

Republicans May Get All of the Congressmen—Legislature Republican.

WHEELING, W. Va., Nov. 9.—Late returns from every district of West Virginia are such as to cause a renewal of Republican hopes, so nearly stifled by the reports received early this morning. The Republicans have re-elected B. B. Dovener to Congress in the First district by a majority of about 1,800, have elected Judge Romeo H. Freer in the Fourth district by about 1,000 majority, have probably re-elected Alston G. Dayton in the Second district, his own estimate being 840 majority, and besides have a splendid fighting chance to get a majority in the House. Should they lose here, though, they can elect a United States Senator on joint ballot. In the Third district the Democrats claim the election to Congress of Judge David E. Johnson by a majority of 1,000. Republicans, however, claim the election of William S. Edwards.

UTAH IS DEMOCRATIC.

Roberts, a Polygamist, Elected to Congress by About 10,000.

SALT LAKE CITY, Nov. 9