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NO COMPROMISE

THERE CAN BE BUT ONE ISSUE; THE SETTLEMENT MUST BE FINAL. THERE CAN BE NO COMPROMISE. NO HALFWAY DECISION WOULD BE TOLERABLE. NO HALFWAY DECISION IS CONCEIVABLE.—From President Wilson's Mount Vernon address.

WILL YOU HOLD YOUR HEAD UP PROUDLY WHEN THEY COME HOME?

[By Bruce Barton]

I lifted the receiver of the telephone, and almost dropped it again in surprise. For the voice was that of my good old friend, and I supposed him far away in France.

"Yes, back," he answered; and it struck me that his voice was slow and older, as though the weeks of his absence had been years. "Back, but not for special duty. There—there is another reason."

And then I knew that he must be wounded. Wounded—while here at home I still pursued my ordinary course. Wounded—to keep my children safe.

It came over me of a sudden, as it never had before, that I am debtor to him to an amount that I never can repay.

They will all be coming back before long. Some wounded, some grown strangely old. But most of them well and normal enough, thank God.

And we will stand along the sidewalks to see them pass. How shall we feel that day, I wonder.

Will their eyes say to us, "We were hungry for a bit of sweet, and you did not think to send it?"

"We were cold and you let the hut fires die; we were lonesome, and the movies stopped because there were no funds to carry on."

Will that be the message of their eyes to us?

Or shall we stand confidently in their presence, greeting them as men who have nothing to repent.

As men who in their absence gave freely of wealth and time, that there might be warmth and cheer and comfort over there?

They are coming back some day—perhaps before we think. And what will be the message of their eyes to you?

THE REASON

The reason why Nevada will, on November 5th, return Charles E. Henderson to the United States senate to aid and support President Wilson during the war and the impending peace negotiations, is made very clear by the able speech which Senator Pittman made in the senate on October 10, 1918. The senator performed a real service to the country by showing that the Republican party, through its floor leader, Senator Lodge, had attacked President Wilson's reply to Germany's plea for peace because that party is not in accord with, and is opposing the president's program to bring about an everlasting world-wide peace, and that such opposition very seriously increased the difficulties of negotiating such a peace.

Senator Pittman's comprehensive analysis of the position of the Republican leaders strongly emphasizes that the urgent necessity for retaining the present unity of organization and action in the field of diplomacy is equally as great as the necessity for the continuation of such unity of action in the field of battle. We have this unity among our army and naval forces in France and without it in our diplomatic machinery at Washington the sacrifices and accomplishments of our boys at the front may easily be lost because of mere partisan considerations and opposition to the president. In this connection, the senator, among other things, said:

Mr. President, the opposition of any statesman of the senator's great ability and learning to the efforts of the president of the United States, upon whom the duty devolves to successfully conduct this war and bring about a lasting peace, would have its effect, but when that statesman is the leader of the Republican party in the United States senate, and by virtue of that position in the United States, and the minority leader on the great Foreign Relations committee, his opposition becomes a matter of grave concern to all of the people of our country. He cannot obstruct the carrying out of the principles and policies of the president of the United States, but if he were the leader of a Republican majority in the United States senate, he could block the consummation of such world policies.

It is true that the president of the United States is vested with sole authority to direct the army and navy of the United States. He has the sole jurisdiction to conduct foreign and diplomatic negotiations. He is the chief executive officer of our government, upon whom devolves the duty of formulating treaties and agreements with other governments, but these treaties do not become operative until ratified by the United States senate. Would a Republican United States senate, under the leadership of Senator Lodge, ratify treaties embracing the president's program, or would they substitute for it a program formulated by the senior senator from Massachusetts?

This is but one of a hundred illustrations that might be made to prove the necessity of a united government in time of war. This is the people's war and it is to the interest of every citizen of the United States to see that the president of the United States is upheld in every particular in his humane policies that have been approved and adopted by all of our allies. Our people do not distrust Woodrow Wilson. He is loved, trusted and respected not only by all of the people of the United States, but by the suffering peoples of our allies. He is recognized throughout the world today as the predominant statesman of the age.

The people are not concerned about partisan political considerations at the present time. On the contrary, they are interested in winning the war and securing a permanent, world-wide peace and they will, therefore, support their war president by electing Senator Henderson and other able and trusted senators throughout the country, to the end that there may be no partisan division in the councils during the pending peace negotiations. A vote for Senator Henderson is a vote for President Wilson, his principles, policies and the action he will take in behalf of the people of this and other countries during the impending peace conferences. Vote for him.

GERMAN "JUSTICE" IN PEACE

The German nation asks a "just peace," an "honorable peace," one that will not bring about their disintegration, but were the conditions reversed and they in the saddle what kind of a peace would they deal out to their opponents, taking their past actions as a criterion? Senator McCumber aptly stated the case in the United States senate the other day when he said:

They had schemed for forty years the destruction of their neighbors. They had robbed France of two of her provinces in 1871, and made her pay in damages for the privilege of being robbed. With the memory of the seizure of Silesia from Austria, of Schleswig from Denmark, of Alsace-Lorraine from France, the time had come for the conquest of Belgium, the domination of Serbia and Rumania, the great Mitteleurop-

pean military power, the destruction of Great Britain, and the defiance of the world, and those powers struck the blow on land and sea. They struck it against nations wholly unprepared, at France first, and then Great Britain who fought for two years with one hand while preparing for war with the other hand.

No act has been too atrocious to be eliminated from their mode of operation. They expected to win by terrorism. But a righteous and indignant people, though fewer in numbers, held them back until this great nation, tardy of action, slow in preparation, came into the conflict on the side of the allies. We know what would have been the result had they succeeded—an enslaved world, buffeted and kicked and abused by the most despotic militarism the world has ever known. Their arrogance did not leave the world in doubt as to their purpose. They had even declared it long before the blow was struck. A confiding world could not believe that such an atrocious purpose could be possible.

APPEALS TO OKLAHOMA VOTERS TO AID SUFFRAGE

An appeal to the voters of Oklahoma for the woman suffrage amendment which they are to vote on election day has been framed by President Wilson in the form of a telegram to the Democratic and Republican state chairmen of that state.

The president states, in his telegram, that "it is my deliberate judgment that adoption of this amendment is a necessary part of the program of justice and reconstruction which the war has convinced the nations of the world that they should undertake in the interest of justice and peace."

"SOUTHERN DEMOCRATS"

That responsibility for the defeat of the Suffrage amendment must rest on the Southern Democrats was clearly disclosed in the analysis of the negative votes.—Washington dispatch.

Including such well-known Southern Democrats as Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania; Senator Lodge of Massachusetts; Senator Weeks of Massachusetts; Senator Wadsworth of New York, and Senator Brandegee of Connecticut, not to mention less noted Southern Democrats elected as Republicans from other Northern states.—San Francisco Star.

APPLICATION FOR PATENT

Notice of Application for United States Patent.

Serial No. 010869

United States Land Office, Carson City, Nevada.

October 17, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the Act of Congress approved May 10, 1872, the Mound House Plaster Company and B. W. McCausland, by their attorney-in-fact, P. A. English, whose postoffice address is care of George D. Smith, Carson City, Nevada, has made application for a United States patent for the Excelsior Mining Claim, being the southwest quarter (SW $\frac{1}{4}$) of section twenty-four (24), township sixteen (16) north, range twenty (20) east, M. D. B. & M., in Mound House Mining district, Lyon county, Nevada, expressly excluding from said application the southeast quarter (SE $\frac{1}{4}$) of the southwest quarter (SW $\frac{1}{4}$) of said section twenty-four (24), net area applied for being one hundred twenty (120) acres.

SHOBER J. ROGERS, Register. Date of first application, Oct. 17, 1918.

FOR RENT

Two front bedrooms; private entrances. Enquire at this office 017-1w.

APPLICATION FOR PATENT

Notice of Application for United States Patent.

Serial No. 010870

United States Land Office, Carson City, Nevada.

October 17, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the Act of Congress approved May 10, 1872, the Mound House Plaster Company and B. W. McCausland, by their attorney-in-fact, P. A. English, whose postoffice address is care of George D. Smith, Carson City, Nevada, has made application for a United States patent for the Regan Placer Mining Claim, being west half (W $\frac{1}{2}$) of the southeast quarter (SE $\frac{1}{4}$) and east half (E $\frac{1}{2}$) of southeast quarter (SE $\frac{1}{4}$) of the southwest quarter (SW $\frac{1}{4}$) of section thirty (30), and north half (N $\frac{1}{2}$) of northeast quarter (NE $\frac{1}{4}$) of northwest quarter (NW $\frac{1}{4}$) of section thirty-one (31), township sixteen (16) north, range twenty-one (21) east, M. D. B. & M., in Mound House Mining district, expressly excluding from said application the east half (E $\frac{1}{2}$) of southeast quarter (SE $\frac{1}{4}$) of southwest quarter (SW $\frac{1}{4}$) of said section thirty, net area applied for being one hundred (100) acres.

SHOBER J. ROGERS, Register. Date of first application, Oct. 17, 1918.

GEORGE BRODIGAN

DEMOCRAT, FOR

SECRETARY OF STATE

Vote for Him

Vote for Him

WILLIAM A. BURNS

Democratic Candidate for

STATE MINING INSPECTOR

General Election, November 5, 1918

EDWARD A. DUCKER

Candidate for the office of

JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT

W. E. BALDY

Republican candidate for

DISTRICT ATTORNEY

Of Ormsby County, Nev.

CHARLES B. HENDERSON

Democratic candidate for the

UNITED STATES SENATE

General Election, November 5, 1918

ED MALLEY

Democratic candidate for

STATE TREASURER

General Election, November 5, 1918

ANNOUNCEMENTS

E. E. ROBERTS

General Election, November 5, 1918

Republican candidate for the

UNITED STATES SENATE

FRANK P. LANGAN

Announces His Candidacy as a Non-Partisan Candidate for the

Office of

JUDGE OF FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT

GEO. W. KEITH

Candidate for

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Ormsby County, Nev.

W. P. HARRINGTON

(Incumbent)

Democratic candidate for

STATE SENATOR

A record of achievement

WILLIAM T. KING

(Incumbent)

Candidate for

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Ormsby County, Nev.

WALTER J. HUNTING

Non-Partisan candidate for

STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

General Election, November 5, 1918

CHARLES L. DEADY

Democratic candidate for

SURVEYOR GENERAL

General Election, November 5, 1918

CHARLES R. EVANS

Democratic candidate for

REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS

General Election, November 5, 1918

JOHN EDWARDS BRAY

Non-Partisan candidate for

STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

General Election, November 5, 1918

JOHN M. CHARTZ

Democratic candidate for

DISTRICT ATTORNEY

Of Ormsby County, Nev.

GEORGE GILLSON

Republican candidate for

STATE SENATOR

From Ormsby County, Nev.

W. E. WALLACE

Democratic candidate for

MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY

From Ormsby County, Nev.

DAN E. MORTON

Independent candidate for

CLERK AND TREASURER

Of Ormsby County, Nev.

General Election, November 5, 1918