

The Carson City Daily Appeal

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Carson City Daily Appeal is the real live advertising medium of this section as evidenced by its carrying a larger amount of advertising than any paper in the city.

THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS

On August 28, Senator Harding, among other utterances regarding the League of Nations, declared it to be an offensive and defensive alliance of the great powers "to impose their will upon the helpless people of the world."

Again, the Republican candidate for president, in his efforts to belittle the efforts of the League of Nations, states: "We cannot be governed from both Geneva and Washington." He further declares that the League of Nations and the constitution of the United States are irreconcilable.

This has been used as a slogan of the Republican press and answered by the Democratic, both reaching in the dark to gather a concrete example of the working of the league. Up to the utterance of Senator Harding there had been no test of the possibilities of the result of a league's decisions. It resembled a new machine, untried, but apparently in workable order. The machine has been put to work. Its first milling is up to expectations, from a Democratic point of view, and it will remain for the Republican henchmen to toss the grit in the machine which stops its function.

Under dispatch of September 20, the world is informed that following the action of the Supreme Council of the League of Nations Ignace Paderewski and A. Valdenar accepted the league's findings in the Polish-Lithuanian dispute, which has threatened a war. With the decision the dramatically impressive ministers fell into each others arms. The report further states "The acceptance of the findings marks the league's first success in blocking threatening war."

Does this appear to correspond with the predictions of Mr. Harding in his statement that the league is an alliance of the great powers to impose their will upon the helpless people of the world? Does it reflect any discredit to the efforts of the men, who through a judicious hearing, saw a way past more blood and conflict, and do the people outside of the senate oligarchy and its henchmen see anything in this adjustment that conflicts with the constitution of the United States?

It must be remembered that the difficulties were adjusted without the aid of a representative of the United States, as this great land does not have voice in the league's meetings. Had the text of the league been adopted upon its presentation the American ministers would have taken credit for the return of the dove of peace.

Other problems are to be met by the League of Nations, at which America will be conspicuous by its absence. From indications they will be along the broad sphere of bloodless operations.

Fiume, and her troubles are to be brought before the league's councillors. Since the d'Annunzios seized this strip of territory, originally given to the Jugo-Slavia, only to be taken over by the dreamer and poet, it has been one scene of bloodshed. Following its wake industrial troubles have arisen. They are to be taken in hand by this court of justice, remodeled, given back to industry and on a solid basis. Should the second attempt at national equity result as happily as the Polish problem, it will be a sad event for the predictions of Candidate Harding.

Then comes the Japanese problem. Will the league grant the protest of a few western states of far off America to regulate immigration and to prohibit the brown man's expansion by land holdings. The question comes before that body, and Japan, with her clever ministers, will have full voice at the meeting. Thanks to the efforts of the Republican organization at Washington, America, the most deeply interested party to the hearing, will have no vote or voice. It would appear that Mr. Harding and his followers have blocked the desires of Western America in its efforts to make political crumbs of a great problem.

There is another sore clinging to the side of America, Mexico. There might have been adjustment on this question had the league been adopted, but refusal leaves it a matter of arms, not equity.

What stand will the Republican party take following this first victory for the league? If they stand by Harding on his foreign policy and denunciation of the league, they make him ridiculous. If they stand by Harding and his policy prevails the United States keeps out of the League of Nations.

The first work of the league brings the question fairly before the people. Do they want war in the future, or do they want settlements along the lines of Poland and Lithuania. The Republican nominee declares emphatically for the former, the Democratic for the latter.

THE COMMISSION'S DECISIONS

The decision of the public service commission of Nevada that the intrastate raise of freight and fares be denied will unquestionably meet the approval of the people. First, from the fact that the people have hoped for a downward trend in fares and freights; and, secondly, from the fact that the opinion and decision comes after a full presentation of the claims by the roads.

The big question involved is that of state and federal rights. If the state has its constitutional rights to regulate common carriers within her bounds then the ruling of the commission is sound. If the federal laws have used its rights, through recent legislation, then the work of the commission is curtailed to the smallest period.

Undoubtedly the traction plants will take the question to the federal courts for determination. Mandamus will probably be the next move to force the hands of the Nevada commissioners and subject the people to a higher rate of fares and freights.

For the past fifteen years the home commission has been working along lines of reasonableness of charges, not book earnings and the multitude of propositions builded to befuddle the people. Some excellent results have accrued in the conclusions, but the new problem of federal and state clashing on intrastate matters is yet to be solved.

As the Nevada ruling follows a review of all of the evidence it will take a new order of affairs to upset their contention that fares and freights should be reduced and not advanced.

LACKS VISION, THAT'S ALL

In response to the suggestion of the San Francisco Chronicle, reproduced this morning in our local contemporary, let it be devoutly hoped that if it is Tasker L. Oddie's fortune to be elected United States senator from Nevada that he will not fall into the reactionary and silurian habits of Sam Shortridge, whom the Chronicle is boosting for senator from California.

Shortridge is one of California's leading attorneys and nature gifted him with a remarkable set of brains, but at the same time unfortunately afflicting him with strabismus. He is always looking in the wrong direction.

THEIR BOND OF SYMPATHY

Mr. Wilson was never fit to be president by training or temperament, says Senator Penrose. That is the way the former kaiser feels about it. That is the way Hohenzollerns and Hapsburgs feel. Mr.

Wilson was the wrong man in the wrong place at the wrong time, and it would be strange indeed if Boies Penrose, as a member of the senate oligarchy that has had its own troubles with the president, held a different opinion.—New York World.

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W. E. BALDY

Republican Candidate for

District Attorney

ORMSBY COUNTY, NEV.

Election, November 2, 1920.



Charles F. Riley

REGULAR
DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE

County Assessor

ORMSBY COUNTY

Election, November 2, 1920

Ben W. Coleman

(Incumbent)

Non-Partisan Candidate for

JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT OF NEVADA

Election, November 2, 1920

Charles B. Henderson

(Incumbent)

Regular Democratic Nominee for

UNITED STATES SENATOR

Election, November 2, 1920

Mrs. Madge Raycraft

Regular Democratic Nominee for

COUNTY CLERK and TREASURER of Ormsby County, Nevada

Election, November 2, 1920

W. H. James, Jr.

Regular Democratic Nominee for

SHERIFF OF ORMSBY COUNTY

Election, November 2, 1920

T. L. Hawkins

Regular Democratic Nominee for

COUNTY COMMISSIONER (Short Term)

Election, November 2, 1920

John W. Legate

Regular Republican Nominee for

COUNTY CLERK and TREASURER of Ormsby County, Nevada

Election, November 2, 1920

BROKEN HILLS Silver Corporation

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NEVADA

Samuel S. Arentz CHAS. R. EVANS

Regular Democratic Nominee for

FOR CONGRESS

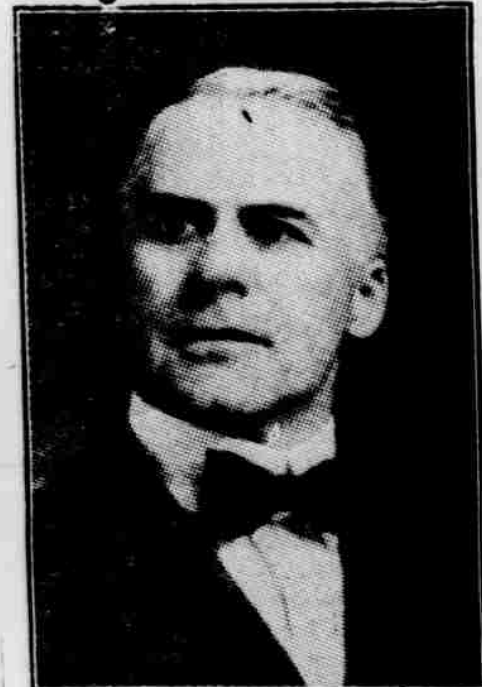
Election, November 2, 1920



Regular Republican Nominee for

Congress

Election, November 2, 1920



I desire to thank you for the confidence given me two years ago and continued in letters of advice and kindly criticism during my term at the national capital, thus upholding the hands of your representative in congress.

Sincerely,
CHARLES R. EVANS.

SUMMONS

In the First Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, in and for the County of Ormsby.

HILDA STROM MALITOR, Plaintiff,
vs.
WALTER MALITOR, Defendant.

The State of Nevada sends greeting said defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within ten days after the service upon you of this summons if served in said county, or within twenty days if served out of said county but within said judicial district, and in all other cases within forty days (exclusive of the day of service), and defend the above-entitled action. This action is brought to recover a judgment against you (defendant) in favor of plaintiff, and decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between the parties, and awarding the custody of the child, issue of such union to plaintiff, and for other relief on the grounds of defendant's willful desertion of plaintiff for the period of more than one year and defendant's neglect for more than one year to provide any necessities of life for plaintiff,—all without any cause, consent or provocation by plaintiff and without any justification or excuse for defendant,—all of which appears from plaintiff's verified complaint hereto to which you (defendant) are especially referred. [Seal of Court] Dated this 19th day of August, A. D., 1920.

DANIEL E. MORTON,
Clerk of the First Judicial Court of the State of Nevada, in and for the County of Ormsby.

By J. W. LEGATE, Deputy.
Brown & Belford, attorneys for plaintiff, Reno, Nevada.

Date of first publication, Aug. 24, 1920.

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