

# The OHIO DAILY EXPRESS

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## CITY TO HOLD CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS

Civil service exams for five city positions will be held the latter part of February, it was announced by Secretary Clarence Koch last week.

The first examination will be held February 18 for the position of public health inspector in the department of health. The salary for the position is \$225 to 255 a month.

The other examinations will be for the following positions: Waterworks department electrician, \$285 to 315 a month, February 19; division of parks caretaker, \$185 to \$205 a month, February 20; division of street cement finisher, \$1.26 to \$1.35 an hour, February 24; and waterworks de-

partment caulker, \$1.05 to \$1.15 an hour, February 23.

Kock said that applications must be in the civil service office two days prior to the examination date.

West Siders are urged to follow up on these announcements and apply for the positions. Ostensibly they are open to all, and qualified applicants may help to break down barriers that now exist in the municipal civil service. Part of the reason for the barriers is the lassitude of people in the area, the giving up the battle before firing any shots. Those qualified or who think they are qualified can obtain applications at the offices in the Municipal building.

## Between The Lines

By Dean G. B. Hancock for ANP

"Speak now or else hereafter forever hold your peace" has been solemnly uttered by many a solemn minister before the assembled wedding guests. The injunction holds an ominous meaning for southern Negro educators before the studied attempt of the southern governors to feist upon the south and the Negroes thereof a regional university for higher education of Negroes.

The success of this new attempt to evade the spirit of the United States constitution will prove one of the great iniquities of the century. Social structures have a way of remaining after social functions have changed. This means, race relationally speaking, that when segregation in the south has died a natural death and when the old south can no longer stem the tide of a higher civilization, the highly financed instruments of segregation will be stumbling blocks in the way of the new order of things whereby the brotherization of mankind will become a fact and not merely a theory.

One of the more depressive aspects of the impending situation has been the silence of the Negro educators of the south. The time to speak is now and the matter in question is the matter of this proposed segregated regional university whereby segregation will be unnecessarily prolonged in the

(continued on page 4)

## Well Known Promoter On Trial for Forgery

NEW YORK, Feb. 9. (ANP)—James L. (Jimmy) Caruth, the once popular St. Louis newspaper man and promoter, went on trial here last week for forgery and it was believed by some of his friends that he was fighting the toughest battle of his career.

Caruth, as well known in Chicago and Cleveland as he was in St. Louis, is accused of fleecing a Lenox tavern owner out of \$8500 before she realized what it was all about.

The victim, pleasingly plump and just as satisfactory from a point of looks, was Mrs. Lillian Johnson who testified that she had been estranged from her husband since 1935.

Mrs. Johnson, stylishly draped in a grey suit and an expensive looking "New Look" coat which was trimmed in Persian lamb, was the cynosure o fall eyes (four women sat on the jury) as she walked into General Sessions Judge Saul Streit's courtroom to testify that Caruth had flim-flammed her out of \$3,000 in cash on one occasion by posing as a contractor and calling himself James C. Graham.

## SAYS CONGRESS CANNOT PASS ANTI-LYNCH LAW

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9. (ANP)—A question of whether congress has the right to pass an anti-lynching act or not was brought up by newly elected Sen. Stennis of Mississippi in testimony before the senate judiciary committee last week.

He said that this bill was "far beyond the powers of congress to enact."

This point was brought out as the senator expressed his opposition to the passage of anti-lynching bill by congress. He said such a law would be a violation of states rights.

Two more Mississippi legislators, Sen. Eastland and Rep. Rankin, are also scheduled to testify against the bill.

## KIWANIS CLUB BACKS CIVIL RIGHTS FIGHT

BUFFALO, Feb. 9. (ANP)—A branch of the same organization which last year hit national headlines for welching on the prize of a car to a Negro raffle winner listened intently last Friday to an analysis of the President's Report on Civil rights. The organization is the internationally famous Kiwanis club whose Buffalo branch had as its guest speaker, Asst. Atty. Robert A. Burrell, the only Negro member of the D. A.'s staff in this city.

Pointing out that the real importance of the report on civil rights lies in the hands of community leaders, Mr. Burrell urged the members of Kiwanis to take a lead in the fight for justice to all American citizens.

"There can be no real civil rights for all," he said, "until each of us, individually and through our organizations, insists on judging every other person on his merits instead of the false yardsticks of race, creed, color or nationality."

## As I See It

By A. D. Braithwaite

We have refrained from commenting on the new Robeson Park Housing project located at Germantown and MacArthur streets, because there were several fea-

(continued on page 4)

## Many Films On Negro Available

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9. (ANP)—On the eve of National Negro History week, Roger Albright, director of educational services of the Motion Picture association of America, said that a great number of motion pictures dealing with the work of the Negro people and America's continuing fight against intolerance are now available for use in schools and by educational groups.

In lauding the aims of National National Negro History week, Mr. Albright praised the great heritage and accomplishments of the Negro people.

The films are distributed thru Teaching Films Custodian, a non-profit affiliate of the Motion Picture association of America headed by Eric Johnston.

The TFC films, originally produced for theatrical showings, were carefully selected and adopted for educational use in schools and colleges all over the nation. In addition, community groups de-

voted to educational purposes may use the films. The films are easily available at state university film libraries throughout the country.

Among the many films available for use by educational groups is the Metro-Golden Hayer short, "The Story of Dr. Carver." This film tells the life story of the famed scientist, from his infant days when he was sold as a slave, through his work as one of this country's great ment of science.

"Motion pictures," Mr. Albright said, "have become a powerful teaching tool. The textbook has been given life. The blackboard has been given movement. A better and a deeper learning has resulted in schools throughout the land."

Information may be obtained through TFC in New York at 25 West 43rd street, or from the Educational Service department of the Motion Picture association, 1600 Eye street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

## Gets 7 Years For "Doubling" Money

### RADIO STATION SEEKS NEGRO ACTORS

CHESTER, PA., Feb. 9. (ANP)—Station WPWA here made history this week when it sent out a call for Negro actors to audition with the purpose of forming an all Negro radio theater group. When formed, the players will comprise the cast of a program written by Larry Menkin, writer-producer for WPWA. Commercial work will follow when the group is adequately trained.

Larry Menkin, top-flight writer and producer, is handling the organization and trainign of the cast. He feels that Negro actors do not have to dwell on racial and tolerance themes. He plans westerns, mysteries, and excerpts from famous shows for his new cast.

A revealing feature of Menkin's plans was the response he received from business men in the vicinity of the station. Most said it was a good idea. A few asked why he was attempting to make Negroes radio actors. The answer was, "why not?"

Menkin places his success in the

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 9. (ANP)—Robert A. Butler, who decided shortly before Christmas that the best way to double his money was to split it in two, was sentenced to seven years in a Federal prison last Tuesday for violation of the counterfeit statutes. He pleaded guilty before United States District Judge George H. Moore.

Butler, also known as "Chewing Gum Red," used a razor blade and his fingernails, which he had allowed to grow long to split three \$5 bills and two \$1 bills.

On the blank sides of the split bills, he pasted paper cut to size. With the back of one \$5 bill he paid a 75 charge at a local grocery store and with the face of the same bill he bought two apples and received the change at another store.

Secret Service agents said Butler tempted fate too far. Pasted on the blank sides of some of the split bills were portions of a cartoon by a cartoonist of one of St. Louis leading daily papers, criticizing inflation.

hands of mail responses from citizens who believe in his attempt.