

The Colon Democrat

W. C. GOULD, Editor.



EATON, O., SEPT. 21, 1854.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT, SHEPARD P. NORRIS, OF CLERMONT COUNTY.

MEMBER OF BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS ALEXANDER P. MILLER, OF BUTLER COUNTY.

W. C. L. VALLANBIGHAM is a candidate for Congress at the ensuing election, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention for this district.

Eaton, Aug. 29, 1854. Mr. Editor:—JAMES Y. CAMPBELL has discharged the duties of the office of Probate Judge for one term. We believe that his official duties have been, and he again elected, will continue to be discharged to the entire satisfaction of a large majority of the people. We therefore present and recommend him as an independent candidate for Probate Judge, of Preble county, at the ensuing October election. MANY OF THE PEOPLE.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING.

The friends of State Rights, popular Sovereignty and Democratic men and measures are requested to meet in Eaton, on SATURDAY THE 23RD INST.

At two o'clock, on business of importance.—let every body come.

By order of the Exec. Com. S. BANTA, Chairman.

Eaton Sept. 21, 1854.

From two or three causes, or a combination of causes, the Democrat, for several weeks, has hardly been respectable in mechanical execution. Whether it resulted from the hot weather, the ink, or paper, or partially from all three, we have not been able to determine, but shall do so, an endeavor to remedy the evil. Nothing is more provoking to a Printer, than having his paper work badly. The paper which we now use, is inferior in quality we know, to that we used heretofore, but it costs us more money than the other did, and a the best we could get.

We notice the Cincinnati papers have raised their prices of subscription, in view of the high rates of paper, ink, labor and provisions of all kinds. Every one of our subscribers who has not been accounted squared before the 10th day of October next, will be charged \$2.00 and that amount collected. Here's a timely notice—not a dam.

Again, we are called upon to record the death of one of our most enterprising citizens. NEWTON LARSEN, Esq., died at his residence in Dixon township, on Friday evening last, after a short illness, of a complication of diseases. He was in the 47th year of his age. "Regret is in vain."

We learn that Cholera broke out again at Dayton, last week, and a number of cases occurred on Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

We notice the "Life Boat" man intends opening an Oyster and Eating Saloon in a few days, where the Luxuries of earth, air and sea, will be served up to all who favor him with their custom. Every thing for the good of the "inset man," will be served up on short notice and in epicurean style, according to the New Constitution. Roll in with your quarters and get therefore nice Fresh Oysters, Stewed, Fried, Roasted—Chickens served up to order as well as many other nice things too tedious to enumerate.

The last resolution of the Fusion Convention, held in Eaton on the 8th inst., reads as follows: "Resolved, That the resolutions of this meeting be published in all the papers of this Congressional District, favorable to the election of Campbell to Congress."

Now, we wish it distinctly understood that, we never have been favorable to the election of Campbell, or any other whig to Congress, are not now, and never expect to be, but publish the proceedings of the meeting as news. We despise Lewis D. Campbell's free soil, fusion political principles, and however much we may admire the man socially, could not be induced to support him for any office as responsible as that of Representative in Congress.

By the proceedings of the Fusion Convention published in another column, our readers will discover how beautifully the Free Soilers were roused into the support of resolutions laudatory of Lewis D. CAMPBELL. They expected after throwing themselves away on the resolutions, of course, the magnanimity of their buyers would display itself, as a sine qua non, one of the under-ground railroad party would be nominated for some county office, but the promise to the ear has been broken to the hope, and bitter disappointment sits upon the hearts and lips of our sanguine Free Soil friends. The old whigs of the county were not so easily transferred as some people imagined.

The finest favored Tea we have seen for a long time—and the best Segars, we received a day or so since from TAYLOR & KELLY, dealers in Teas, Segars, Tobacco, Para Wine, &c., No. 29 West Front Street, Cincinnati. Our merchants and others will find a choice assortment at low prices. We knew what good Tea is and we hesitate not to procure the simple received, the best we have ever seen. The Segars are of the finest quality and will bear smoking. Try for yourselves, see card in another column.

We learn from the Scioto Gazette, that Mr. Seymour, of Bainbridge, Ross county, Ohio sold a few days ago, a quantity of corn in the field at thirty five dollars per acre. It was brought by some gentlemen from Kentucky. This is doubtless the highest price ever paid for standing corn in Southern Ohio.

What the dooce is the Matter.

There must be some strange influence pervading the ranks of the whigs in Preble county, if there are any more whigs in the county, of which we have some doubts. Here we are, within three weeks of an important election, and yet not a candidate announced—Surely they do not mean to let the election go by default, and the democracy walk leisurely over the course? What then is the matter? Has the Free Soilers placed them in their present position, and are they afraid to make nominations, lest the "third party," the "shameless traders for spoils," refuse to support their candidates and the whole kith and kin meet a Waterloo defeat? Where is the 800 high majority old Preble used to roll in the days of Harrison and Clay? Echo asks where? Where is the enthusiasm which used to call together the legions of Whiggy in other days, and rally them in solid phalanx around the banner of their party and their chosen leaders? Echo asks where? Where are the principles, in the maintenance of which, hundreds and thousands of Freeman left their usual business, and devoted their time, money and talents! Where is their Whig State Ticket! Where is their County Ticket! Where are their principles? What is their platform? All gone! gone! gone forever! Decidedly, and to all intents and purposes, the whig party is used up communally, in county, State, and nation. They may talk of their candidates, and the once whig journals may endeavor to rally voters to the support of certain men, but they are not whigs! Old issues with them have passed away, and behold all things have become new! Their State Ticket is a "Fusion," most of their congressional candidates, in the State are the result of "fusion," and in some of the strongest whig counties, as in this, they have no existence or organization. Soon the times and places which once knew the whig party, will know it no more forever, and it will be forgotten, except upon the pages of the political history of our country. Many who were whigs in other days, will join the democracy party—some will spend their lives in trying this "ism and that idea, as they have been doing heretofore, giving a little galvanic life and animation to "faded and feeble opinions, springing up for a day to agitate the country, and then passing into oblivion. In reviewing the history of the whig party, its rise, progress, and fall, we cannot but be impressed with the truth that, no party can exist for any length of time in this country, unless its principles are strictly national! No organization can live, and panter to all the sectional interests which may spring up. No party can embrace all the aims of the time and survive. In gathering in all kinds, of every faith and opinion, too much explosive matter is accumulated, and although for a season the latent fires may be smothered yet they must as a natural consequence explode, and blow the party or body containing them, "sky high." So it has been with the whig party. So it will be with any party which pursues a similar course. The Democracy, by refusing at all times to "fuse," and standing upon national principles, has outtraced all opposition, and will continue to be triumphant, whenever the sober second thought prevails, so long as nationality marks the conduct of its representatives and its course of policy. We trust in God that the democratic party may always remain true to the country and its own future. Republican and American in principle, the democratic party must in the future, as it has in the past, prove the salvation of this country and guide its onward and upward course in prosperity. We hold that no true American can be anything else than a democrat! Republicanism and democracy are twin brothers, and no man born in this free and happy country, can be true to his birthplace and his birth-right, unless he is true to his country and her institutions. No man who has chosen this land as his home, can be true to himself and the interests of his adopted country, unless he supports the genius of our institutions, and in so doing, as a natural consequence he becomes a democrat and true American. We hold that the democratic party is the only true American party, the profession of all others to the contrary notwithstanding. You might as well call a devilism a republic, as to attempt to administer a Republican form of government, upon any other than democratic principles. We stand upon the broad platform of democracy, and with the banner of true Americanism floating over us in the breeze, shall ever be found advocating with all our little ability, the best interests of our country. We say "our country, may it always be right, but right or wrong, our country still."

The crowds of Farmers and others who throng the establishment of HUSSELL & CO., fully evince the interest our "lords of the soil," feel in Agricultural improvements, a variety of which this enterprising firm have for sale, among which are Plows, Corn-shellers, &c. Such an establishment has long been needed in this county and the Agricultural Warehouse of our friends meets with that encouragement from the public which it deserves. All kinds of Iron and Hardware kept in addition. Some of the implements for Farmers are as curious as useful. "Call and see them all!"

Huges & Sarris, next door to "the highest siceple," the tallest specimen of man's folly in the western country, have a rare supply of Watches, Jewelry and Silver Ware on hands, and Silver Watches of such fine workmanship, and such correct time-keepers that, they will do "to be on" for months, and not gain or lose a minute—the very article for railroad men.

The Little Miami Railroad is a model in mere ways than one. It is a model in its construction, management, running time and machinery. Its conductors, CUSTOMER OSOON and FERGUSON are models of accommodation, and enjoy the largest amount of confidence and esteem of the traveling community.

Everybody who having eyes and yet cannot see very well, will be furnished with the best kind of assistance, by applying at 157 Main street Cincinnati, to HENRY BLISS, who keeps always on hand an immense supply of Jewelry, spectacles, Watches, &c.

"Free Men—Free Soil—Free Speech"

Reader, you recollect of hearing that phrase before, haven't you? An Abolition speech probably never was made, or an Abolition paper ever issued without employing it. It is the strongest clap-net for their vocabulary contains.

How does it contrast with their late doings at Chicago! Douglas was refused "free speech" by a rowdy mob, and later Gov. WILLARD, of Ind. was refused in like manner. "Free speech," indeed! Such pestilent hypocrites are much better entitled to a free pillory!

The Chicago Times says of Gov. WILLARD, that— "The moment he attempted to show that the Nebraska and Kansas act was framed by a party upon that principle, the same disorderly gang of Abolitionist rowdies who, the week before had insulted Judge Douglas, as if by concert, commenced blaspheming, screaming, yelling and shouting. These elegant performances, which evidently were most natural to those engaged in them, were relieved of their monotony by such cries as "That's a lie," "You get down," "Kick him out," "Shut him up," "Rab his head with a brick," &c., each of these choice remarks eliciting from the rowdies hurrahs, stamping of feet, and other marks of approbation.

What kind of a people have they in that city, that such infamous conduct should be tolerated a second time? Have the National Democracy there no spirit, no respect for city or self outrage? The Ohio river would float very soon with such stinking garbage, should an attempt like that ever be made in Cincinnati.—Enquirer

Going to Kansas.

Three hundred freemen, from Massachusetts and New York, passed through Albany, a few days ago, on their way to Kansas; and from many other quarters we hear of like movements. Kansas and Nebraska are rapidly filling up with an enterprising, industrious class of men from the Northern States, who take with them all the implements of farming, as well as type and printing presses, to spread intelligence over the new territories. The Abolition fanatics don't like these movements of the people, as they clearly prove that all the stories in relation to Kansas and Nebraska going to be Slave States, are silly falsehoods, circulated for the sole purpose of keeping alive abolitionism and fanaticism.

Winstons & Co., No. 29 Pearl street, have on hand and are receiving an immense supply of reasonable and fashionable goods for the trade. Everything in their line, from the finest Linens to a red flannel shirt—from the most costly cloth to the cheapest jeans or linen woolsey—the finest dress goods for ladies to the cheapest fabric for the fair sex, may be found in abundance and variety at their establishment. Their goods are No. 1, and their prices very low. Call and examine their stock.

Dealers in Carpeting, &c., who wish to supply their customers with the most beautiful styles and best quality and at the cheapest rates, will purchase of HENRY PARKS, No. 19 East Fourth street. His stock is immense and his reputation enviable. He sells better Carpets at lower rates than any other house west of the mountains as many of our citizens can attest, and all who buy at his establishment will come to the same conclusion. Go and examine his stock and learn prices.

There's our friend WINSTON, 129 Main street, who will furnish you with the best Looking-Glass, or finest Picture, to grace your Parlor, Dining-room, Hall, Office, Saloon, or any place you choose to put it. His establishment is one of the attractions of the Queen City, and he himself a rare specimen of a gentleman.

It is an acknowledged fact that L. H. BAKER & CO., corner of Main and Fourth sts., manufacture the most fashionable, cheap and durable Hats to be found west of the mountains. The rare Leary of their Titles, has been the theme of preacher, politician, poet, statesman and plebeian, all awarding Baker's Hats the highest meed of praise.

Proverbial all over the country as well for accommodation as for the style, quality, cheapness and quantity of the goods they offer customers, is the firm of TAYLOR, FARRIS & WYNN, corner of Main and Pearl streets. Our Merchants who want Notions, cannot find a better variety, or more gentlemanly dealers anywhere and we advise them to call before purchasing elsewhere.

Old Winter's "getting along" and Boots Shoes, &c., of reasonable kind and quality will be in demand by all classes, therefore, we advise every body to purchase of ROSS & POMEROY, No. 9 Pearl. Since Pomeroy's visit to the President he buys better Shoes, &c., and sells much cheaper than heretofore. Call and see.

The established reputation of DEAN & LE BERTON, in this section of country renders any word of praise almost superfluous, but lest some of our merchants and dealers forget their old friends, we would just remind them that this firm have on hand the largest and best stock ever offered to the trade, and will be pleased to have all their old customers call in and examine before making purchases, as they can offer greater inducements to buyers than ever heretofore. No. 217 Main street, is the place.

City and country alike award to GEORGE WHITE 56 and 58 Fifth street, the highest praise for the beautiful styles of his Fall stock, comprising the latest fashions, finest qualities and latest patterns from every clime, adapted to every taste and condition, and now selling at the lowest rates. We once who know something, purchase their Dry Goods of George White.

Hard times and scarcity of money is the cry which greets your ears from all quarters, yet SHERID, COLLARD & HUGHES supply the "needful" at rates according to the demand, and turn none away empty unless they do not come under the terms.

When you talk of good accommodations, good beds, nice rooms and everything that is desirable in a Hotel, put down the Walnut St. House, under the proprietorship of J. W. SWANNEY, A. No. one! The immense amount of patronage received by this Hotel from the traveling community is the best evidence of public appreciation. Everything in its place and a place for everything makes the Walnut Street House one of the most desirable Hotels in the country. The accommodations in every respect cannot be excelled and all who try its good fare come away delighted and join in its praise. The kind attentions of the Proprietor and his Assistants MESSRS. WALLACE and JOHNSON are not among the least attractions of this magnificent House.

The tall piles of goods on hand and receiving by HUSSELL, ALEXANDER & DAVIS, evidences to every reflecting mind that they are determined to give customers rare opportunities for bargains in style, quality and quantity, and the amount they daily ship off to distant dealers shows that their efforts are appreciated. They sell low and on easy terms and our merchants who purchase had better call and examine their new stock. No. 58 Pearl street, is becoming celebrated as a place for bargains.

These times when everything is "dry as a powder horn" water scarce and whiskey not come-at-able, WILLIAMS & BANISTER, No. 17 Sycamore street, manage to keep a supply of spiritual comfort on hand, which has improved by age, and will be sold to all persons wholesale or other purposes. We tried some of it "long time ago," when it was not quite so old as it is now, and thought then it wasn't hard to take. Can't say how it is "under the new Constitution."

Hon. Thomas Fwing of Lancaster, discontinued his subscription to the Lancaster Gazette a few days since, stating as a reason that the course of the paper was an insult to his family. The paper, for several months, has been violent denunciations of Romanism, he fails to which a portion of Mr. Fwing's family are attached.

The well-known and popular house of DAVY & M'CALL, No. 57, Pearl street, is receiving immense supplies of reasonable and fashionable goods adapted to the Western trade, and our dealers will make money by purchasing their supplies at their old established house. The proprietors are gentlemen upon whose integrity our merchants may rely and we advise them to call before purchasing elsewhere. "A word to the wise is sufficient."

Popular with the traveling public is the United States Hotel, under the superintendence of FRANK WETBERGER and his gentlemanly assistants, "SILVER" alias our townsman A. W. MORTON, and "CHARLEY," the "little one." Guests always leave satisfied with the accommodations and bills. The former first rate, and the latter very low.

No place in Cincinnati presents a greater amount of the useful and ornamental, than does the establishment of PETER SAWYER, No. 35 Fifth Street, and our citizens when they desire anything in his line, will get it better and cheaper than any other place. His Daguerreotype Stock is immense, and of the best—his fancy and Military Goods are "not to be beat," and customers who are wise to their own interests, will buy at the house of Peter Sawyer.

Ha! ha! he! It is enough to make a man jump in his sleep, and cause his morning dreams to be beautiful and pleasant, a peep into the establishment of DEWEE & ROCKWOOD, No. 50 Pearl Street—but, if a sight would do a fellow a man, it would be very dangerous for a body to look in upon the large stock of Bonnets, Ribbons, Silks, &c., just received and now offering for sale to merchants and others, who are wise enough to discover where to purchase the prettiest, cheapest, best and most fashionable Bonnets, &c., for lovely women. No use talking. Go and examine for yourself.

If you want fresh Drugs, Medicines, or anything usually kept by a wholesale dealer in this line, go to ZELLES, corner of Main and Columbia streets. Besides keeping a fine assortment of the best at the lowest rates, he is a gentlemanly clever fellow, whom you will not fail to like upon acquaintance.

The Hat wearing public will remember and bear in mind that, JARVIS & FARRINGTONS are celebrated all over the country for the style, finish and cheapness of the Hats they manufacture, therefore, all who desire a nice, fashionable, durable Hat, will purchase at 149 Main street, Cincinnati.

If your boiler is busted and you can't get up the steam these times "under the New Constitution and the Liquor Law," apply to McLELAN & WEAVER, Congress street, near Ludlow, Cincinnati, where you can be accommodated.

Our friend ELIAS WYNN, has on hand a large lot, all sizes, Metallic Burial cases, the best article ever offered the public, which will be sold at the lowest rates.

SHRAGER & CO., No. 113 Main Street, are receiving an immense assortment of reasonable and fashionable clothing which will be sold at reduced prices.

If you want a good Likeness go to BART'S No. 28 Fourth Street.

No. 10, Fifth Street, is the place to obtain a correct delineation of feature, and a life like Likeness.

Awful Ravages of the Cholera in Pittsburgh—Ninety-five Deaths in Thirty six Hours.—Pittsburgh, Sept. 15

The Cholera has broken out with great violence in various parts of the city and vicinity, and is highly fatal. It is impossible to say how many cases have occurred, but there has been ninety-five deaths reported during the last thirty-six hours. Some three or four hundred have been carried off within three or four hours after being attacked.

From the Weekly Register.

Proceedings of the Anti-Nebraska Mass Meeting.—Pursuant to the call published in the Register, requesting a mass meeting of the legal voters of Preble county, in relation to the late Nebraska act, a large number from the different portions of the county met in Marsh and Lockwoods Hall.

The meeting was organized at 11 o'clock, A. M., by calling Geo. Felix, Marsh, to the chair, who in a very plain and appropriate speech stated the object of the meeting.

The following Vice Presidents were then appointed: William Magaw, Israel Township, James Elliot, Dixon, Thos. C. Mitchell, Jackson, Guy Bloom, Jefferson, James McCabe, Somers, Isaac Walters, Gasper, Wm. Caslor, Washington, J. H. Carroll, Somers, Peter S. Patton, Gratis, John H. Coffman, Lanier, Samuel Kessler, Twin, John Wentz, Harrison.

The following Secretaries were then appointed: E. B. Bolens of Washington, J. H. Tabbs of Gratis.

On motion, a committee of three from each township was appointed to report resolutions, and any other business they might see proper. The following persons composed said committee: Israel—George Husmaker, John Wiley and Joseph Scott. Dixon—David Morrow, Wm. Pinkerton and Charles Lash. Jackson—Thos. McWhinney, James Morse, and Wm. McWhinney. Jefferson—Robert Miller, L. M. Morrison and L. C. Sweater. Washington—L. Danham, N. W. Carroll and W. Whiteside. Gasper—Hampton Hall, David Longnecker and H. W. Dooly. Washington—Jacob Chambers, David Johnson and William Caslor. Gratis—Jesse Stubbs, I. M. Randolph and Wm. Boner. Lanier—Henry M. Eison, A. Coffman and S. Fleming.

Wm. J. L. Riley, N. Benjamin and Sam'l Kessler. Harrison—E. B. Bolens. Which committee withdrew to the M. E. church and proceeded to business.

On motion, the meeting adjourned to 12 o'clock, P. M.

Meeting again convened at the hall, when on motion the chairman appointed a committee of three, Jas. Elliott, Nathan Hornady and Charles C. Walker, to wait upon Hons. L. D. Campbell, and Samuel W. Parker, and invite them to address the meeting.

The committee on resolutions and business having returned made the following report: WYREKAS, an election is soon to be held wherein the people of Ohio are to have an opportunity of declaring their sentiments in relation to national affairs of very great importance; and whereas, the people of the third Congressional district of Ohio have a common interest, and feel a common solicitude with their fellow citizens else-where for the universal prosperity and well being of the free-born people of this our glorious North American Republic; and whereas, this prosperity and well-being were sadly imperiled by faithless, dishonest and ambitious demagogues during the last session of the Federal Congress, but were, nevertheless, in very though ineffectually defended by a portion of the people's representatives, among whom our faithful statesman Lewis D. Campbell stood bravely conspicuous; therefore

Resolved, That the sentiment of the people of Preble county, here truly represented, cordially and unqualifyingly approve of the course of their honored and honorable Representative Lewis D. Campbell, throughout his entire congressional career; and particularly as regards his opposition to the repeal of the Missouri Compromise law and his advocacy of the River and Harbor bill, (so-called,) and of other measures of similar beneficence.

Resolved, That the people of Preble are grateful for his services, proud of his reputation, sensible of his merits, and confident of his patriotism.

Resolved, That his constituents esteem him worthy of a re-election, and that they will reelect him.

Resolved, That his compatriot peers, who acted with him in congress, in behalf of the righteous cause, are also entitled to the respect of all just men for their honorable and upright course.

Resolved, That we fully endorse and heartily approve of the preamble and resolutions adopted by the people at the Anti-Nebraska State convention held in Columbus on the 13th of July last; that we recognize as true the facts set forth in that preamble; that we deem those resolutions just and proper; that we consider the State ticket nominated by said convention worthy of support; that we will vote for it and earnestly hope that a majority of the people of Ohio will "do likewise."

Resolved, That our moral and political obligations to the land of our birth and the freedom we inherit compel us to deprecate, denounce and oppose the ill-advised policy of the present Federal administration as strikingly developed in the abrogation of the Missouri Compromise, the release of a sterile desert with a view to facilitating thereby the extension of slavery, the preliminary intriguing for the conquest of Cuba and the legalization of the African Slave-Trade, the vetoing of the bills making provisions for the relief of the Indian Insurrection and for the improvement of Rivers and Harbors, and last and most ludicrous, the brilliant exploit of bombarding and burning the defenseless and deserted hamlet of Greytown—all of which measures were exclusively designed and intended for the promotion of sectional Southern interests and the aggrandizement of the "peculiar institution" of Human Slavery.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this committee, it is inexpedient to enter into the nomination of county officers to-day, but refer the subject to this convention whether it be expedient or not.

On motion, this report was unanimously received and adopted.

On motion, a committee of one from each township was appointed with power to call convening to make nominations, or by such other manner as said committee may think proper, if it becomes necessary to make nominations for county officers. Committee on nominations: William Magaw, Israel township, James Austin, Dixon, Thos. C. Mitchell, Jackson, L. M. Morrison, Jefferson, J. H. Carroll, Somers, Hampton Hall, Gasper, E. Minshall, Washington, Jonathan Davison, Monroe, Jesse Stubbs, Gratis, Andrew Coffman, Lanier, Joseph B. Shaw, Twin, John P. Coblenz, Harrison.

Authentic Details of the Battle of Berry's Point—Defeat of the Troop from Fort Laramie—Government Goods Captured.—Berry's Point, Nebraska Territory, 8 miles east Ft. Laramie, Aug. 21.

Sir: An affair has happened here between the soldiers and the Indians, which ought to be properly noticed by the United States Government. Having been an eye-witness to the battle, I consider it my duty to furnish a correct account of it and its causes. It is the first since the 17th of August a train of Mormons passed through this place. The Indians, who were encamped here waiting for their payment from the Government, had no provisions, and were of course anxious for something to eat. As the Mormons were passing, a lame cow, belonging to a man in the rear of the Mormon train, became frightened and ran into the Indian camp, and as one of the Indians, a Minnechong shot it down, and with his companions, ate it up. The Mormons then went to the fort and reported that the Indians had killed one of their cows. On the 19th, about 2 o'clock in the afternoon, Lieut. Grattan, with a command of twenty-seven soldiers, and August Luoben, interpreter, arrived here to arrest the Indian who had killed the cow. I accordingly sent for the chiefs to go with the Lieutenant and make the arrest. They accompanied him, but the Indian was not willing to give himself up, saying that he would die first. While the bear chief of the Wiazias was standing with three other chiefs, the Little Thunder, the big Pattison, and the Man who is afraid of his Horses, among the soldiers the Lieutenant ordered his men to fire. They did so, and wounded the Bear chief and his brother. But one round was fired, when the Indians in turn charged, and succeeded in routing the soldiers, and killing six of them with the exception of one private, who is not expected to recover. Lieutenant Grattan and two of his men were killed, while standing by their cannons, the Lieutenant receiving twenty-four arrows, one of which passed through his head. As soon as the soldiers saw their commander fall, they took to flight, but were all killed within half a mile of this place. The Ogallala was about one mile distant and a white man named Seyfried Jott, was staying there at the time. Being a Sioux interpreter, the chiefs requested him to stay with the camp to prevent the young men from starting on the soldiers, but he was not successful, and barely escaped with his life.

At my house we were placed in a bad situation. There were with me, Mr. Anton Reval and Mr. Samuel Smith, with five others, and all we could do was to stay in the house, and try to keep the Indians out. As Mr. R. was standing in the doorway of the house, an Indian rushed on him, and tried to kill him, when another Indian, the Quick Bear, tried to kill the first Indian for rushing on white man—but some one caught Quick Bear's gun and its contents went into the wall of the house.

By this time a party had collected out side the house, who tried to force their way in, but some of my friends, the Quick Bear and others stopped them. After the battle the chiefs came in my house, and said that as the young men had killed all the soldiers that had come to fight them, they would now go and slaughter all the soldiers at the fort, burn all the houses, and kill all the whites on the river. I told the chiefs to stop them from so doing, assuring them that since the soldiers had commenced the quarrel it would be overlooked by government. But they then rushed into the house, and demanded of me to give them everything that they wanted. To save our lives I gave them everything that I had in my store, to the amount of two thousand dollars.

The next day they went to the post of the American Fur Company, took all the goods that were sent to them by Government and rifled the store. The situation of the traders and of Fort Laramie is perilous in the extreme. I was requested by the commander of the Fort to bury the dead soldiers, since he had not men enough to detach a party for that service, and I succeed in doing so.

As far as I know anything about Indians, I think that our Government ought to send five hundred mounted men, veteran troops, to keep the Indians in subjection; and one company of infantry to guard the fort. The Indians, in the recent battle, after killing all the soldiers, broke their cannon to pieces, and carried off their muskets and ammuniton. As for planting the infantry on a prairie to fight with Indians, it is just the same as putting them up as targets to be shot at. There was about one thousand Indians in the battle.

Yours truly, JAMES BORDEAU. Per SAMUEL SMITH.

Witness that the above is correct, the undesignated being eye witnesses: (Signed.) ANTON REVAL, SAM'L SMITH, TORRE GRADY, PAUL VIAL, PETER PAW, ANTONIO LARSEN.

Copy of a letter from the commander of Fort Laramie to James Bordreau: Fort Laramie, Aug. 20, 1854.

Sir—Your letter of the 19th has been received by me, and in reply I say that I am unable to take further notice at present of this unfortunate transaction, and I wish you to speak to the Bear and other Chiefs with reference to the matter. Make the best terms with them you can for the present for your own safety, and the safety of others likewise apprehended in the country. I wish you to use all means in your power to procure the restoration of the bodies of those who have been killed.

Your obedient servant, H. B. FLEMING, Second Lieut. Sixth Infantry, Commanding. To JAMES BORDEAU, Sargey's Point Nebraska.

Cholera at Columbia, Pa. A telegraph dispatch to New York, dated Wednesday, Sept. 13th, says: "The total deaths to this time are eighty-four, and forty cases are still under treatment. Trains between Lancaster, Harrisburg and Columbia have ceased running. Not over 1,200 out of 6,000 inhabitants have left the town. The water in the river has risen about a foot. The panic in this whole section of the country is immense."

If the statement is true that the Railroad men threw the carcasses of sheep that died on the trains into the reservoir at Columbia, those who participated in the act should not be allowed to run anywhere, except to the gallows. They richly deserve hanging—after being compelled to eat the mutton.

The Ohio Small Note Law goes into effect the first of next month—therefore, all our subscribers who wish to pay off their subscription, had better do so soon, while the small notes now in circulation are current.—We can use any amount of them now, but shall refuse to receive anything but Ohio currency, after the first of October. Roll in with your Indiana currency while it is yet to-day.

The Government has ordered the United States Marshal at New York to take possession of the steamship Ben Franklin, she being engaged in taking aboard arms and ammunitions of war for some secret expedition. The Philadelphia Ledger pointedly remarks on this fact: "The filibusters are beginning to discover that the United States Government is in earnest in maintaining its own good faith and the obligation of treaties."

We are glad to hear that the Democrats of the Twenty-first Congressional District have re-nominated the Hon. Andrew Sewell for Congress. He will be elected by an overwhelming majority.