The Eaton Weekly Democrat

EDITED BY A COMMITTEE.

Eaton, Thursday, April 28, 1870

Away We Go!

A negro having been appointed a cadet to West Point, a delegate from Arizona has nominated an Indian, while the delegate from Wyoming declares he will appoint a woman. Why not? For our part we move that we adopt a new seal for this great Republic of ours, with a Tomahawk, Banjo and hoop skirt for our National emblems.

OLD NEWSPAPERS.—Many people take newspapers, but few preserve them; the most interesting reading imaginable is a file of old newspapers. It brings up the very age with all its genius, and its spirit, more than the most labored description of the historian. Who can take a paper dated half a century ago without the thought that almost every name ever printed is now cut upon a tombstone at the head of an epitaph? The doctor (quack or regular) that there advertised his medicines and their cures, has followed the sable train of his patients—the merchant his ships—and the actor, who could make others laugh or weep, can now furnish a skull for his successors in Hamlet. It is easy to preserve newspapers; and they will repay the trouble, for, like wine, their value increases with age.

The Eaton *DEMOCRAT* made its appearance in our sanctum last week, as neat and trim as a school marm with a new bonnet. But the new dress of the *DEMOCRAT*, was not the only feature that attracted our attention. It is an outspoken, bold and true Democratic paper that seems to comprehend the situation of devilism and despotism by which we are encompassed throtgh the infamous corrupt, niggermongering Constitution-destroying, liberty-hating villians and traitors, who have made their will the exponent of the Constitution and the law, and desecrated all the reserved rights of the States. The caricature of the *Democrat* upon the fraud and monstrocity, called an Amendment to the Constitution, was an excellent pictorial description of that infamy and its effects socially and politically. A nameless, deformed; repulsive, offensive, diabolicle nomdescript, is a true representation of the bastard and fraud of the Mongrel lunatics and idiots, who are its accursed father.—*Hamilton True Telegraph*

Some sacrilegious, thieving wretch; desecrated the tomb of George Peabody, Salem, Massachusetts, and stole the silver handles and brass plate plate from the coffin. It is needlesf to remind our readers that Spoony Butler hais from that delightfull locality, through it is stated he was in Washington at the time this characteristic the theft occured. The Mongrels are after the fellow to send him to Congress, as the best qualified man in the State, except Butler, to represent their interests.—*Hamilton True Telegraph.*

☞Senator Howard' of Michigan, let thecat out of the bag in the Georgia debate in the Senate on Monday. He said "he was satisfied on a majority of the voters of Georgia are opposed to the Republican party." And that is just the reason why all the other Suthern States were kept so long in the process of reconstruction. It was to maintain the ascendancy of Radicalism.

The papers say that Nellie Grant' scostumes are of the rarest and most costly kind, and yet her father is too poor to pay express charges on a dog sent him by a friend. "Vat a country."

John Covode, who has just been admitted into Congress, was on Saturbay recipient of a beautiful and appropriate present, from from his many friends. It was a Webster'spelling-book, bound in calf.

☞The New York Tribune thinks the beauty of Boston ladies is owing to the East wind.

☞The negro elected to the Supreme Bench of South Carolina holds his elevation until June.

☞The Princess Metternich wore a skirt that cost 1500 francs, at Eugenie's ball.

Our Washington Letter.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE DEMOCRAT.

WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., April 15, 1870.

The REPUBLICAN [a Radical paper] of this city says: "The soundest and most undoubted Republican papers are advocating universal amnesty for all past political offenses, and there does not now seem to be any reason why, by one act of grace, all late offenders should not be relieved of their disabilities," and also copy an article from the Philadelphia Inquirer, Radical, in which a strong appeal is made to obliterate all cause for discontent by universal amnesty. On the contrary the Chronicle, Forney's kitchen cabinet and court organ, advises a different treatment. He believes in the crushing system, and says "What General Grant declared in his inaural he meant, that the Union men of the South can take care of themselves, *if only Congress will sustain the President in taking care of their enemies.*" Of course the carpet baggers and scallywags of the South can maintain their power and political supremacy if Congress will assist the President in keeping in subjection the white men of the South. Grant had no tho't of issuing an amnesty proclamation at all. He has no desire to relieve the Southron from the contempticle penalty imposed upon him, and if he had he would not dare offend his masters, the House and Senate of the United States. The most he intended doing was to send a special message to Congress recommending the removal of all disabilities, knowing full well that a bitter, unrelenting spirit of low trickery, demagogueism mean partisanship pervades both Houses, and that his message would be thoroughly understood and not be acted on while he would get the credit of being chuck full of the tenderest feelings of humanity and running over with the milk of human kindness. Mr. John Caldwell, formerly United States Minister to Bolivia, has been sent here by the latter country as its envoy but Secretary Fish refuses to receive him because he is an American citizen. The House committee on Foreign Affairs have decided that they have no jurisdiction in the premises. The difference between this case is that Mr. Burlingame was a special commissioner and Mr. Caldwell came here as the regular minister resident of a foreign government.—So Mr. Caldwell will be forced to find another country in which to air his diplomatic honors.—Chief Justice Chase has written a letter in response to an invitation to attend the ratification celebration of the negroes of Cincinnati in which the following occurs: "Nor does the amendment *impair the real rights of any State.* It leaves the whole regulation of suffrage to the whole people of each State, subject only to the fundamental law that the right of no citizen to vote shall be denied on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude." The Radicals in Congress do not seem to be of the same opinion as the Chief Justice as the laws they propose to enact to carry out the 15th Amendment are arbitrary and oppressive to white voters and giving the negroes special privileges. Will our rulers pause in their tyrannical legislation with regard to the 15th Amendment on account of the opinion expressed by the head of the Judiciary? The committee on Education and Labor began their investigation of the charges against General O. O. Howard, Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau. Walter S. Cox testified that he received from General Ballock, Treasurer of the Freedmen's Bureau, one hundred and fourteen thousand dollars by a warrant drawn on the United States Treasury, as one of the payments made by General Howard for the land on which Howard University is built. The contractor and builder of the University also testity to receiving from General Ballock a warrant of the United States Treasury for over one hundred thousand dollars. This was done without authority of law in the Freedmen's Bureau act or the act incorperating the University. It was also testified that $18,000 were drawn out of the Bureau fund from the United States Treasury by Howard's direction and paid to the First Congregational Church of this city, for which bonds of the church were given as security.—This is charged as a violation of law. When there was such recklessness in the using of Uncle Sam's cash for church and school purposes how will it be when we get to the money expended for political uses, or as he will claim in saving and maintaining the life of the nation by feeding and voting a horde of lazy negroes. The trouble with General Howard was he saw things darkly thro' miscegenation spectacles, & thought, as do Senators Drake and Morton, that the war was still going on and these were necessary war measures and never thinking there might come a day of reckoning. The Ways and Means committee discussed the income tax and are determined that the tax must be assessed for the year 1870. They are opposed to receiving it in 1871. An effort will be made in the committee to fix the tax at 12½ per cent. There are remonstrances pouring in every day to the committee protesting against this most unfair, inquisitorial, onerous and oppressive tax being continued, but Boutwell, Delano and Grant care nothing for the burdens that the people labor under and in that respect Congress but adopts their heartlessness. Mr. Jenckes' bill establishing a Bureau of Justice will be reported to the House with a recommendation to pass. The bill makes the Attorney General the head of the Department, with an assistant to be called Solicitor General at a salary of $7,500; two assistant Attordey Generals at a salary of $5,000 each. The Solicitors of the Treasury, of Internal Revenue, of the Navy, Judge Advocate General and Examiner of Claims of the State Department and their assistants Attorneys General to be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Subordinate officers and clerks to be appointed by the Attorney General. The supervisory powers now exercised by the Secretary of the Interior over accounts of district attorneys, marshals, clerks and other officers of the courts of the United States shall be exercised by the Attorney General. The conduct of all judicial proceedings in every department of the Government and the attorneys of the United States to be under control of the Attorney General.—There may be a great deal of merit in this bill but I only see in it as in every bill brought in by the Radicals a centralizing of an immense power this time in the hands of the Attorney General which will not fail to be used in any case that the administration or General Grant, or Congress may deem it necessary. The army under the sole control of General Sherman, the judiciary under the sole control of Mr. Hoar, an ambitious, stupid demagogue for President and a tyrannical Congress with, I fear, a subservient majority on the Supreme Bench what may not be our fate?. Senator Morton spoke or rather howled fumed and fretted, yesterday on the Georgia bill. He misrepresented the people of the South, slandered and villified them to his heart's content. He seemed to be in a nightmare of blood. He was, in ferocity vindictiveness and hate, both Murat and Danton combined. He tired out the patience of the Senate and thinned the galleries, which at no time were full although his speeh was advertised beforehand. Mr. Edmunds got the floor after Morton had spent himself in his fury against the South and in a lawyerlike manner set Mr. Morton aright on questions of fact, law and common sense. *Mr.* Edmuds, although he said enough to shame Morton and his friends, had no effect on the callous-hearted malignants.

JAQUES.

Transfers of Real Estate.

The following are Transfers of Real Estate as recorded for the month of March, 1870:

John P. Bucher to Henry P. Bucher, 80 a n ½ n e qur sec 24, Jefferson tp. $625, (quit claim)

Wm R Davis to Lewis Webb, 3½ a pt s e qr sec 1, Jefferson tp, $500.

John Mugavin to Wm D Jones, n ½ lots 170, 171, Eaton, $300.

John B Clark to Robert C Shute, 134 a pt sec 16 Jackson tp, $7000.

Mary Lockwood to W H H Degroot, lot 133, Eaton, $600.

Shideler & Brothers to Wm Jackson, lot 17, College Corner, $105.

Wm Jackson to Morris Doty, same, $600.

Morris Doty to Jacob Ridenour, same, $600.

Morris Doty to Patrick Poge, 2 81 a pt s w qr sec 31, Israel tp. $309.10.

E W McGuire to Geo. Wilson s pt lots 67, 68, Eaton, $3,500.

Andrew Hildebolt to Wm Mills, 160 a s w qr sec 9, Monroe tp, $11,000.

N R Lockwood, to Arthur Riggs, 131 a n e qr sec 6 Washington tp, $7,000.

John Ockerman to Peter M Eikenberry; 60 a n e qr sec 24, Gasper tp, $4,000.

John Ockerman to David M Eikenberry, 100 a s pt n e qr sec 24, $8,000.

Adam Miller to Wilson Fudge and Thos J Swartzel, 80 a n ½ n e qr sec 21, Washington tp, $8,200.

Daniel Brubaker, by Executor, to Lewis Brubaker, 89½ a pt n w qr sec 4, Gratis tp, $5,786.

Eli Young to Wm T Beall, 127 a pt n w qr sec 35, Gasper tp, $5,720.

Samuel Skiles to Mary A Cail, lots 9, 10, New Westville, $375.

Whitfield Button to Conrod J White, pt n e qr sec 16, Gasper tp, $500.

Whitfield Button to Richard White, pt n e qr sec 16, $200.

Jacob Burtner to John Eby, 160 a n w qr sec 28 Lanier tp, $14,500.

Wm B Pryor to Sam'l Skiles, lot 422, McCabe's Addition to Eaton, also lot 1, Gilmore's addition, $625.

John Sutton to Sam'l B Duffield, 40 a pt n w qr sec 28, Gasper tp, $2,000

John L Surface and others to Eli Fisher and Jacob Kline, 76 a pt n w qr sec 14, Jackson tp, $4,000 (quit claim.)

Samuel A Stubbs to Joseph Maddock, 49¼ a pt s e qr sec 38, Gratis tp, $500 (quit claim.)

Robert L Shafer, Guardian of Judy heirs, to Wm C Mills 7 a 49 p pt s e qr sec 5, Jefferson tp, $1,400.

Hezekiah Gilbert to Jonas Schlosser, lot 14, West Sonora, $500 (quit claim)

Levi P Las to Jacob Bish, out lot 1, West Sonora, $250, quit claim.

Sarah Hart to John Fleagle 56 poles pt s e qr sec 4, Harrison tp, $170.

Charles Estabrook to John Werts, 5 a pt n w qr sec 10, Harrison tp, $1,550.

Thomas Wright to Christian Coover, lot 15, Camden, 1,400.

Reuben H Ivans to John M. Taylor, lot 6, Morning Sun, $1,200.

John M Taylor to Jas L Brown, same, $1,600.

Moses Marlethal to Christian Smith, lot 311, Eaton, $2,000.

Jacob Cooper to Daniel Cooper, 37½ a pt s w qr sec 23, Jackson tp, $1,692.

Jacob Cooper to Peter, 147½ a pt n w qr sec 23, Jackson tp, $36, 630.

Joseph Dillman to Wm Pollock. 8 a pt s w qr sec 7, Somers tp, $1,200.

Elijah Harp to Solomon Fetters, 57½ a pt s e qr sec 12, Harrison tp, $2,350.

George Nickal and others, to Lydia A Elder, 35 a pt s e qr sec 10, Somers tp, $4,000.

John H Elder to B C Beall, 6 a 19½ p pt s e qr sec 10, Somers tp, $400.

Simon Bartch to Elmira M Hendricks, lot 222½, Eaton, 1000.

Elizabeth Harp to Elijah Harp lots 1, 2 Vernon, 478.

Abraham Slife to Elijah Harp, pt s e qr sec 1, Harrison tp, 750.

Martin Coffman to John Fadler, 79¾ a w ½ s w qr sec 15, Lanier tp, 10,000.

Franklin Becker to J H Blackford, lot 3, Eldorado, 600.

John Warden to Isaac N Robinson, 10 a pt s w qr sec 10, Gratis tp, 800.

George Bachman to Lewis Limbert, lot 30, Verona, 700.

John Brannan to John Show, 1¼ a pt s e qr sec 27, Washington tp, 143 75.

Geo. W Wilson to Julia Minor, pt lots 67, 68, Eaton, 950.

Ann M Brown and others to John Marshall, 3 46 a pt n w qr sec 26, Israel tp, 26, Israel tp, Israel tp, 1,750, (quit claim.)

Ann M Brown to John Marshal, lot 2, Morning Sun, 1,000.

Arthur Riggs to James Shaver and Jacob Sherer, 100 a pt s e qr sec 21, Washington tp, 6,000.

John Buger to Ann D Johnson, pt lots 8, 9, Eaton, 1.00 (quit claim.)

Ann D Johnson to Anna Walker, same for same.

Emanuel Huffman to Daniel Fisher, lots 8, 9, Fairhaven, 100, (quit claim.)

M F Stephens to A Hildebolt, lots 446, 248, 249, Eaton, 4,000.

E F A Hume to John Rupple, 143 p pt sec 3, Lanier tp 225, [quit claim.]

Thomas Brown to A C Stouffer, 168 a n w qr sec 2, Somers tp 6,720.

Josiah West to Rachel Lawrence, pt lot 10, New Paris, 800.

Patrick Slammon to Abner Dunlap, s½ lots 170, 171, Eaton, 1000.

Michael McLaughlin to Harmon Bieman, lot 339, Eaton, 1,100.

Valentine Emerick to Robert Woody, 2 a pt n w qr sec 35, Washington tp, 160.

G B Davisson to Oliver B Morey, 68 73 a pt n e qr sec 18, Jefferson tp, 2,749.20.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

TOWN AND COUNTRY!

Encourage Enterprize!!

The new firm of DENZIGER & LAKE have just completed their large and commodious building erected expressly for the manufacture OF FINE SOAPS.—They have spared neither labor nor expense in fitting it up in first style. It will astonish you to walk in and see the immense "kettles" used in their business besides a variety of other curiosities.—We recommend them as thorough and experienced manufactures of the article above mentioned to the business men of our community who will certainly honor the business in this place. They declare by close attention to business to merit the confidence of their patrons, so that if they give them one call, they will be sure to call again. Persons who have on hand Tallow or Greese of any kind can find ready sale in cash or trade, by delivering at the Factory, east of the Depot. See Advertisement in another column.

FOR RENT.—In the business center of Eaton. A room, used for years as a Drug Store, with the usual shelving, counters and drawers, JESSE B. STEPHENS

Religious Notice.

Rev. T. S. Guthrie will preach in the Christian Chapel on the corner of Baron and Somers streets, on Sunday evening next at 7½ o'clock P. M. All are invited.

Van Amburgh & Co.'s Menagerie and Circus.

This most popular an extensive of all the traveling Exhibitions, will be in Eaton on Friday, and will remain, positively, for one day only. The amount of attraction which the management have succeeced in getting together, is extraordinary, and their entertainment long recognized as being the best in the country, will be better this year than ever. The concern comes to us this season, in an an entire new dress, and with everything as fresh as paint and decoration can make it. For a full description of the manifold attractions of this model entertainment, we refer our readers to the advertisements and descriptive lists.

FIRE.—About 10½ o'clock, on last Saturday night the frame stable belonging to BENJ. CLEVELAND, situated 1 mile north of Eaton, was discovered to be on fire. The alarm of fire was heard on all sides; many of our citizens hastened to the scene. The building being situated at the outskirts of town, before assistance could arrive the fire had made much headway, and the flames were already bursting from the roof. Seeing that nothing could be done to save the property, it was entirely consumed.

☞The leading editorial in last week's nose-rag, or Miss Nancy's "loil" sheet, was in reference to our notice illustrating the 15th Amendment, and that the *Democrat* never had anything in it. The only article we noticed of any consequence was the one alluding to us.

Enterprising publishers!
Happy gainable patrons!
"When igaorance is bliss
'Tis folly to be wise."

The New Council.

We are inclined to think that the new Town Council will fully understand their business, and that during their administration of affairs the town will present an improved appearance both in substantial, public and sanitary condition. We hope they will make it a point to see that every man complies with the ordinances relating to street and sidewalk improvements and inaugurate a thorough reform in this matter. Let there be no favoritism shown.

The work of cleaning the streets has already commenced on Main and Barons

MISS NANCY of the *Register* has found a "dog." No one seems to claim him. Oh! Kizer, don't you want to buy a "dorg?" Perhaps said dog has strayed from Grant's kennel.

☞The farmers are busily engaged in plowing in this section, and taking advantage of the fine weather, are putting their farms in order.

The latest style of spring hats for ladies is called the "Amendment." It is trimmed in black of course.

The trees and grass are beginning to show their green coat, and it appearances don't deceive us, there will be an abundant harvest of fruit this year.

OUR NEW DRESS.—This week we commence the Democrat with a new heading and otherwise improved. In a few weeks most, if not all the advertising will come out, when we will have more space for general reading matter.

Several communications have been received for publication, but we decline doing so without the name of the writer.

Laying of the Corner Stone.

Thursday the Corner Stone of the new Town Hall will be laid. All those who wish to witness this grand feat are invited.

☞We notice that our enterprising Dry Goods merchant, H. B. VANAUSDAL, has placed in front of his Store a 'Bran' new Gasoline Street Lamp. This is a more in the right direction.

☞We learn from one of our subscribers in Winchester, O., that one day last week two parties got into a quarrel about some trivial matter, when they commenced shooting and throwing stones at each other in a desperate manner. Fortunately no one was hurt. The only damage done was the breaking in of the windows of a dry goods store close to where the melee occurred.

Rev. JOS. MILLIKEN of Hamilton, O., will preach in the Presbyterian Church Eaton, on Sabbath next at 10½ A. M. and at 7½ P. M Also on the Sabbath following at same hours and place. The public are cordially invited.

MEMOIR OF JOSEPH DUNN.

JOSEPH DUNN was born in Bucks Co., Pa., Sept. 30, 1792, and died in Eaton, O., on Friday morning, the 15th inst, of paralysis, aged 77 years, 7 months and 16 days.

He was made a Mason at Doylestown, Pa., in 1815, passed and raised to the sublime degree of Master Mason. Afterward, having taken the necessary steps, he became a Royal Arch Mason, and for fifty-five years maintained the character of a good and true Mason.—The lessons he learned in the lodge room he endeavored to exemplify in daily life.

Partner DUNN came to Ohio in 1832, and settled on a farm in Dixon township, which was his home to the time of his death. He joined the M. E. Church at Sugar Valley in 1840, under the ministry of Revs. McDowell and Lowrey. By the power of Divine grace he became truly converted, and often testified of the excellence of the religion which he professed. He was present at a Quarterly meeting held at Sugar Valley last November and enjoyed the services in an unusual degree. In the love-feast he spoke with great power and deep feeling, telling his brethren that it would no doubt be the last time he would meet with them on earth, but he hoped to meet them in Heaven. He was a faithful Steward of the Church on Camden circuit for many years, and with his brethren labored for the salvation of his fellow men.

In May, 1869, he met with a deep bereavement in the death of his wife, with whom he had lived happily for more than half a century. From this time his health failed rapidly. In September last he suffered from slight paralysis, and during the winter was confined to his room. His friends predicted the near approach of death. On the 12th inst. he went to Eaton, where he was suddenly stricken down, and on Friday, the 15th inst., passed away from earth to the better land.

At his request his Masonic brethren of Eaton and Camden attended his funeral at the M. E. Church, in Eaton, the writer preaching from Job 19th chapter and 23d and 29th verses.

A large concourse of relatives and friends were in attendance to shed the sympathizing tear and pay the last tribute of respect to the departed. He was conveyed to the Eaton Cemetery, where, after the recital of the solemn and impressive Masonic ritual, he was consigned to the tomb in hope of a glorious resurrection. The will of God is accomplished, hence

Why lament our brother's dying—
Why indulge in tears and gloom?
Calmly on the Lord relying,
He can greet the opening tomb.

Scenes seraphic high and glorious,
Now forbid his longer stay;
See him die o'er earth victorious!
Angels beckon him away.

Hark! the golden harps are ringing,
Sounds angelic fill the ear,
Millions now in Heaven singing,
Greet his joyful entrance there.

F HYRES.

—On the 9th inst., near Eaton, of Consumption, Peter Casserly, aged about 40 years.

The deceased was born in Roscommon county, Ireland, but had been a citizen of this county about 20 years. He was esteemed by all who knew him as an upright man. He lived and died a faithful member of the Catholic Church.

—On Tuesday night, the 19th inst., at midnight, of Consumption, after a protracted illness, Mrs. Ann Ryan, sister of the above, and wife of Michael Ryan, Marshal of Eaton, aged about 37 years.

Mrs. Ryan was a devoted Catholic, a kind and estimable neighbor, and greatly esteemed by those who knew her best.—She leaves a large family of interesting children to mourn the sad loss of a loving and worthy mother.

Sale of Real Estate by Order of Court.

On Friday the 27th of May, 1870, at 3 o'clock, P. M., in the afternoon, on the premises, will be sold to the highest bidder, the following Real Estate, as the property of Henry Grottendeck, deceased to-wit.

Being a part of the east half, of section 29, in township 9, of range 1 east. Also, a part of the south west quarter of section 28 in Township and range aforesaid commencing at the north west corner of said south west quarter—thence north 86 degrees east, 4 chains and 43 links—thence south 6 degrees and 30 minutes west 14 chains and 91 links—thence north 62 degrees, and 45 minutes west 16 chains and 13 links—thence north 33 degrees, west 1 chain—thence north 75 degrees, west 7 chains and 82 links—thence north 77 degrees, and 30 minutes west 8 chains—thence south 85 degrees and 15 minutes, west 3 chains and 63 links—thence north 11 degrees, and 45 minutes, east 2 chains and 86 links—thence north 60 degrees and 45 minutes west 11 chains and 83 links—hence north 3 degrees and 30 minutes, west 25 chains and 70 links—thence north 86 degrees, east 9 chains and 46 links—thence north 88 degrees, east 5 chains and 70 links—thence south 71 degrees east 5 chains and 2 links—thence south 3 degrees and 30 minutes east 12 chains and 15 links—thence north 85 degrees and 30 minutes, east 20 chains and 38 links—thence south 3 degrees and 30 minutes, east 20 chains and 21 links to the place of beginning, 124 acres and 49-100 more or less.

Terms of Sale as follows, one-third cash in hand, one third in one year and one third in two years, the deferred payments to bear interest from date of sale and secured by mortgage on the premises WILLIAM H. DOWELL, Administrator of the Estate of Henry Grottendick, deceased.

H. B. PAYNE, Attorney.
April 28, 1870-w4prf $14,75.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office up to noon of Wednesday, June 8th next, for a Wrought Iron Bridge across White Water Creek, west of New Paris, Preble county, Ohio. One Span of 110 feet.

About 2026 Cubic Yards of Embankment.

About 158 Perch of Masonary and the Foundation for same.

About 104 Cubic Yards of Gravel.

By order of the Commissioners.

JARVIS N. LAKE, Auditor.
April 23, 1870-w6 prf $6,00

New Advertisements.

Doty's Washing Machine,
LATELY MUCH IMPROVED—AND THE
—NEW—
UNIVERSAL CLOTHES
WRINGER

Improved with Rowell's Patent Double Cog-Wheels, and the Patent Stop, are now unquestionably far superior to any apparatus for washing clothes ever invented, and will save their cost twice a year, by saving labor and clothes.

Those who have used them give testimony as follows:

"We like our machine much; could not be persuaded to do without it and with the aid of Doty, we feel that we are masters of the position."—Rev. L. Scott, Bishop M. E. Church.

"It is worth one dollar a week in any family."—N. Y. Tribune.

"In the laundry of my house their is a perpetual thanksgiving on Mondays for the invention.—Rev. Theodore L. Cuyler

"Every week has given it a stronger hold upon the affections of the inmates of the laundry."—N. Y. Observer.

"I heartily commend it to economists of time, money, and contentment."—Rev. Dr. Bellows.

"Friend Doty—Your last improvement of your Washing Machine is a complete success. I assure you our Machine, after a year's use, is thought more of to day than ever, and would not be parted with under any circumstances."—Solon Robinson.

"Your Washing Machine has been in daily use in our laudry, and the housekeeper expresses herself as highly pleased with it. It certainly accomplishes a greater amount of work, with less labor and does not wear the clothes near so much as the old fashioned wash-board.—By using it one hand dress is dispensed with."—Wm. M. F. Round, Superintendent of Infant Department of St. Catherine's Nursery, N. Y. City.

"I have had one of the Universal Wringers in my house, and it has been used every week for over five years, and is now as good as new. I have also had a Doty Washer for some three years, which we use every week, and could not easily get along without. It is as good as ever, and will last year's yet."—E. D. Van Slyck, Esq., Editor of Dem. Republican, Hamilton, N. Y.

The N. Y. *Weekly Tribune*, of Dec. 15 1869, in answer to a correspondent, says: "Of Washers, there is none to be compared with Doty's."

PRICES.—A fair Offer.

If the Merchants in your place will not furnish, or send for the Machines, and for Machines, send us the retail price, Washer $13, Extra Wringer $5 and we will forward either or both machines, free of freight, to places where no one is selling; and so sure are we they will be liked, that we agree to refund the money if any one wishes to return the machines free of freight, after a months a trial, according to directions.

No husband, father or brother should "permit" the drudgery of washing with the hands, fifty-two days in the year, when it can be done better, more expeditiously with less labor, and no injury to the garments, by a Doty Clothes Washer, and a Universal Wringer.

Sold by dealers generally, to whom liberal discounts are made.

R. C. Browning, Gen. Agent,
32 Cortlandt Street, New York.
April 21, 1870 mos 3.

☞Absolute Divorces legally obtained in New-York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause, no publicity, no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years.

Address, M. HOUSE, Attorney,
No 78 Fassau Street, New York City
April 21, 1870 mos. 3.

Administrator's Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned has this day been duly appointed as administrator of the Estate of ROBERT SCOTT, deceased.

CEPHAS J. BEAM, Adm'r.,
with the Will Annexed.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Exparte, A. P. J Johnson & other citizens of New Paris O., and vicinity. | Preble County Court of Com. Pleas.

CIVIL ACTION.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that Abram P. Johnson of New Paris Preble county Ohio, did on the 22d day of April, 1870, file his petition on behalf of himself and all others interested in the Court of Common Pleas within and for the county of Preble in said State of Ohio, stating forth that on the 4th day of January 1860 James Cochran and Eliza J. Cochran, his wife, conveyed by deed Lot number 41 in the town of New Paris, Preble county, Ohio, to certain Trustees therein named and their successors in office, and to the citizens of New Paris and vicinity thereof forever upon the condition that said Real Estate was to be expressly used for no other purpose whatever. That said Trustees to whom said Lot was thus conveyed, have long since ceased to perform said trust. That for the safety of said property so conveyed as aforesaid, and for the due execution of said trust, acting trustees are required. That the instrument creating said trust fails to make provision for the election of the successors of the Trustees named in said deed. And praying that the Court will appoint four suitable and proper persons resident of the town of New Paris and vicinity, trustees to act as successors of the original trustees named in said trust deed with the full power and authority to take charge of said trust property and fully discharge all the duties of said trust.

CAMPBELL & GILMORE & J. H. FOOS, Attorneys for Petitioner.
April 28, 1870. w6 prf $13,50