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aug5tf H. S. DOGGETT, Clerk.

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FURNITURE
IN HILLSBORO.
ALL THE LATEST STYLES
LOW for Cash.
jan29y1

Clothing! Clothing!

THIS WEEK, BEGINNING M[illegible] DAY, JAN. 19, 1880, I WILL C[illegible] MENCE REDUCING PRICES O[illegible] ALL GRADES OF CLOTHI[illegible] ESPECIALLY OVERCOATS, IN[illegible] DER TO REDUCE MY STOCK [illegible] FORE THE CLOSE OF THE WIN[illegible] SEASON, AND AS MY ASS[illegible] MENT IS STILL

The Most Complete in the City,

BUYERS WILL FIND IT GREATLY TO THEIR ADVANTAGE TO LOOK AT MY GOODS AND LEARN ASTONISHINGLY LOW PRICES BEFORE MAKING THEIR SELECTIONS.

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January 22, 1880. jan22tf

FOR STYLE
THE LADIES ARE REQUESTED TO CALL AT
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Ladies' Cloaks and Dolmans!
AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.
M. R. ORR.

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Marble & Granite Works!
PAUL HARSHA ESTABLISHED IN 1850. C. M. HARSHA.
HARSHA & SON.

Please give us a call. Satisfaction guaranteed. HARSHA & SON.
April 17, 1879. apl7tf

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FACTORY AND SALESROOM:
CORNER WALNUT AND WEST STREETS,
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Keep on hand, make to order, and repair all kinds of Furniture. Also,
Doors, Sash, Blinds
AND MOLDINGS
On hand and made to order. Call and see us, and buy at BOTTOM PRICES.
J. W. PENCE.
Hillsboro, Ohio, Nov. 6, 1879. nov6m6

1880. 1880.
GOOD BYE!

In bidding good-bye to the credit system of doing business, we do so with a consciousness that the principle underlying the system, could it be safely guarded, is a good one, as it is gratifying to a business man to reciprocate favors with his customers—to give favors from whence favors are received—but at this day, when financial honor is esteemed so lightly, the credit system has, in our opinion, from its abuse, become an unsafe and unjust one, forcing the merchant to add an extra profit to cover losses that are inevitable; losses, as everybody knows, are borne not by the merchant, but by those who pay their bills promptly, and the poor, who, from necessity, must pay cash as they go; hence we propose to give the CASH SYSTEM *a fair trial*, and to assure all that deal with us that they shall pay only for their *own goods*, and where no losses are to be sustained by reason of bad debts we can afford to and *will* work upon a very small margin.

About the 15th of February we shall open in our NEW ROOM, directly opposite the Court House door, an entirely new and fresh stock of medium and finest Family Groceries. We want to keep a First-Class Grocery in every sense of the word; one where families may depend upon getting everything they may need in the grocery line of the best quality and at lowest prices. Below we give a partial catalogue of our stock, many articles of our purchases not occurring to us at this time:

SUGARS—From Common Orleans to Finest Cut Loaf.
COFFEES—Old Government Java, Mocha, Laguyra, Posberry, Santos, Maracaibo, and Rio—from Common to Golden Fancy.
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LATE OF THE FIRM OF SPARGUR BROS.

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January 29, 1880. jan29tf

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Ell Bartley, Salesman.
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Nearly opposite the Wright House, where I am prepared to do all kinds of work in the Carriage line.
Painting, Trimming, Blacksmithing, Wood-Work, &c.,
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WEI DE MEYER'S CATARRH Cure, a Constitutional Antidote for this terrible malady, by Absorption. The most Important Discovery since Vaccination. Other remedies may relieve Catarrh, this cures at any stage before Consumption sets in.

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SPURTS OF DISGUSTING MUCOUS from the nostrils or upon the tonsils, Watery Eyes, Sniffles, Buzzing in the Ears, Deafness, Crackling Sensations in the Head, Intermittent Pains over the Eyes, Fetid Breath, Nasal Twang, Scabs in the Nostrils, and Tickling in the Throat, are

SIGNS OF CATARRH.

NO OTHER SUCH LOATHSOME, treacherous and undermining malady curses mankind. One-fifth of our children die of diseases generated by its infectious poison, and one-fourth of living men and women drag out miserable existences from the same cause. While allowing the impurities in the nostrils are necessarily swallowed into the stomach and inhaled into the lungs, to poison every part of the system.

DR. WEI DE MEYER'S CATARRH CURE absorbs the purulent virus and kills the seeds of poison in the farthest parts of the system. It will not only relieve, but certainly cure Catarrh at any stage. It is the only remedy which in our judgment has ever yet really cured a case of Chronic Catarrh.

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A. B. Thorn, 183 Montague St., Brooklyn, (self and son) cured of Catarrh.
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A. McKinney, R. R. Pres., 33 Broad St., N. Y. "My family experienced immediate relief." &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

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The Highland News.
HILLSBOROUGH, OHIO.
THURSDAY, - - MARCH 18, 1880

ADDRESS

OF JAS. H. THOMPSON, OF HILLSBORO, OHIO,

BEFORE THE JOINT JUDICIARY AND TEMPERANCE COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO, ON THE 19TH DAY OF MARCH, A. D. 1880,

ON THE CONSTITUTIONALITY OF THE LOCAL OPTION ANTI-LIQUOR BILLS, PRESENTED FOR ENACTMENT BY THE TEMPERANCE CONVENTION OF JANUARY 1ST, 1880.

A Convention, composed of male and female delegates from all parties, societies and orders of Temperance advocates and workers in our State, having assembled at Columbus on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1880, to consult, agree upon, and frame such a Local Option Anti-Liquor Law as might be thought best, to be presented to this General Assembly for enactment, concluded to present two Bills for the consideration of this body, differing somewhat in detail, but agreeing in the essential provisions for which the Convention was called.

As it has been argued and claimed by some very respectable authority, that such Bills are unconstitutional, and doubts have been suggested by some members of your Committees as to the constitutionality of the enactment of any Local Option Anti-Liquor Law by the General Assembly of the State, and particularly as to the constitutionality of the clause in both of the Convention Bills, allowing the voice of woman, by petition or ballot, to be equal to that of man on the enforcement of such law, I appear this evening by invitation, as one of the authors of these Bills, to claim and maintain, by plain argument, that in the light of reason and authority, the General Assembly of the State has the power, under the provisions of the present existing Constitution, to enact a Local Option Anti-Liquor Law, in either one of the forms as prayed for by the Temperance Convention.

I.

The Delegates of the Constitutional Convention of 1851, who presented the present Constitution of the State, for the adoption of the people, in its existing form, following the example and precedents of the Fathers, in the structure of all our American Constitutions, specifically, in the instrument, divided the grant of powers from the people to their Government, and the security of their rights under the same, into a Bill of Rights, Article XVI., and a Schedule; and then, for greater certainty, subdivided all the subject-matter of reciprocal powers and rights, between the people and their Government, which were contained in the above three general classifications, into independent sections, in each of which, as a general rule, the protection of some particular right of the citizen is independently guaranteed, or the grant of power by him or her is specially defined, limited or denied.

In accordance with such plan, in Article II. the powers, duties, rights, limitations and privileges, of the life-giving department of all Republican Governments, the Legislative, are enumerated, fully set forth and defined, in thirty-two Sections, each of which is couched in the most accurate words of the English language, and the Convention having thus, in like manner, defined and specified in the remaining Articles of the Constitution, by sections, all other reciprocal rights of the citizen and duties of the State, in other departments of the Government, over the various subject-matters of which the instrument assumes to take jurisdiction and cognizance, then adds to all the Articles of the Constitution "A Schedule," containing provisions for carrying into operation, effect and adoption, such previous Articles of the instrument; and also, among other things, the new, original and independent subject-matter of Section XVIII. of such Schedule, as follows:

"Section 18. At the time when the votes of the electors shall be taken, for the adoption or rejection of this Constitution, the additional section, in the following words, to-wit: 'No license to traffic in intoxicating liquors shall hereafter be granted in this State; but the General Assembly may, by law, provide against the evils resulting therefrom,' shall be separately submitted to the electors for adoption or rejection, in form following, to-wit: A separate ballot may be given by every elector, and deposited in a separate box. Upon the ballot given for said separate amendment, shall be written or printed, or partly written and partly printed, the words, 'License to sell intoxicating liquors, Yes,' and upon the ballot given against said amendment, in like manner, the words, 'License to sell intoxicating liquors, No.' If, at said election, a majority of all the votes given for and against said amendment, shall contain the words, 'License to sell intoxicating liquors, No,' then said amendment shall be a separate section of Article Fifteen of the Constitution.

This election resulted:

License to sell intoxicating liquors, No	113,237
License to sell intoxicating liquors, Yes	104,255
Majority against License	8,982

At the election held for the adoption of the Constitution, on the third Tuesday of June, 1851, the foregoing Section 18 of the Schedule was adopted by the above majority of electors. And, consequently, as provided by the terms of submission to the people for adoption or rejection, said additional Section 18 of the Schedule became an amendment, a separate section, of Article Fifteen of the Constitution, which, in its caption in the Constitution, reads:

"*Article XV.—Miscellaneous.*"

This exact analysis, consecutively, of the provisions of the Constitution, as to the powers of the General Assembly, brings the mind of a logical jurist to the inquiry, as to the extent of the special power of the General Assembly over the subject of the sale of intoxicating liquors.

1. The first part of the clause of the 18th Section of the Schedule positively forbids the granting of a license for the sale.

2. The second part provides that the General Assembly may, by law, provide against the evils resulting from the sale thereof.

Now, what is to be the kind, nature, extent or provisions of such a law, and who is to be the judge of the nature and qualities of such a law? I answer, the General Assembly, by the clause, is clothed with power, measured only by the boundaries of its wisdom, to enact any law, general or special, to take effect in any manner, at any time or place, and to be enforced by the infliction of any reasonable fines and penalties, as may seem most effective, in the opinion of the General Assembly, for the accomplishment of the object of the 18th Section, to wit: "the suppression of the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors."

This apparently novel and bold declaration, is not only founded upon the modern, liberal and true construction, that the Constitution is made for the citizen, and not the citizen for the Constitution, as another great institution was by Divine authority declared to be, but such claim of power for the General Assembly upon the subject-matter of the 18th Section of the Schedule, is also founded upon the clear and manifest intention of the framers of the Constitution.

In the collocation and adaptation of the various parts of the Constitution, each to the other, so as to form a perfect structure, according to taste, unity and design would have attached the 18th Section of the Schedule to the sections of Article II., the Legislative department, because the subject-matter of each referred to, and comprehend and define, the powers of the General Assembly. But the builders of the temple did not so design, plan, or do, and for a perfectly plain purpose, they ordained that all the other parts be adopted by the people, as a perfect instrument, without the 18th Section of the Schedule; but if such section were adopted, then the builders, in as apt language as could be used, declared that such 18th Section of the Schedule should be added to and make the 9th Section of "Article XV. Miscellaneous," and should be, by intendment, like all the other sections of said Article, wholly independent, each of the other, and all of which were constructed as pillars, around the main edifice, for its protection, and among such pillars the 18th Section of the Schedule, separately built and constructed by the separate voluntary voice and labor of a majority of the electors, should be placed apart to itself, independent, and outside of the apartment in which was placed the Legislative powers—a shining column—with words encircling the same, as plain as the "cloud by day and the pillar of fire by night," inscribed by the large majority voice of the electors, that "No License to traffic in intoxicating liquors shall hereafter be granted in this State, but the General Assembly, may, by law, provide against the evils resulting therefrom"—not by law subject to the supposed inhibition and limitation of Section 26 of Article II., Legislative Department, that "All laws of a general nature shall have a uniform operation, nor shall any act, except such as relates to public schools, be passed, to take effect upon the approval of any other authority than the General Assembly, except as otherwise provided in this Constitution." For, the framers of the Constitution, and the majority of the people, by their vote, have expressly decided and ordained, that such independent shining column should not be shaded or dimmed by any of the supposed limited powers of Article II., Legislative Department, but on the contrary, as otherwise provided in the Constitution, by the work of the delegates and the vote of the people, around that column was engraved the words, that the General Assembly, under the power granted in the clause, by law, any kind of law known to American jurisprudence, and consistent with the reserved rights and privileges of the citizens, a law limited alone by the wisdom of the Legislature, might "provide against the evils resulting from the sale of intoxicating liquors."

Such is modestly claimed with confidence, to be the true construction of these provisions of the Constitution, and if so, the General Assembly may enact a Local Option Law, or any other Anti-Liquor law, for the suppression of the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors, which it may think expedient, and wise, to accomplish that purpose. The power is boundless, the remedy should be commensurate.

II.

But if the foregoing construction, which excepts Sec. 18 of the Schedule from the express inhibition and limitation of legislative powers in Sec. 26 of Article II. Legislative Department, should be candidly disputed, then the question arises whether, in reason or law, there be any inhibition or limitation in Sec. 26, Article II. Legislative Department, which forbids the General Assembly to enact a Local Option Anti-

Continued on Fourth Page.

LOCAL OPTION.

PLAIN TALK TO THE LEGISLATURE.

The Sabina News Wilmington correspondent says:

Over 5,000 names on local option petitions have gone from this county to the Ohio Legislature, and still it seems as though our Legislators fear the liquor influence more than all the moral, religious and temperance combined, or in other words they only seem to hear and fear the threatenings of the rum power.

Judge King, our Representative in the Ohio Legislature, was in town on Monday. Those that talked with him in regard to the prospects of local option during the present term feel as the Judge does, that the Legislature is trying to shove it off until a more convenient season. This may satisfy that body, but it won't the temperance people of the State of Ohio. They have paid year after year the heavy taxes caused by this hellish traffic of intoxicating liquors. They have suffered in thousands of ways until, as our forefathers by British oppression, they have determined to bear it no longer.

The Piqua Helmet also talks plainly and to the point, in the following pungent paragraphs:

Do the people have to beg and implore forever? Don't the Legislature of Ohio know what is wanted? Of course they do. If 100,000 names should go in on a petition a mile long to-morrow, our law-givers would not know a thing more than they know now.

They know well enough, to-day, that the great mass of the people have been bound down and abused for years by this terrible traffic, and they want to be free to put it away when a majority so willes.

They want the right to protect their own homes and property.

They want to be able to keep temptation away from their sons.

They don't want to be dragged down and spit upon by a few liquor-sellers, who are not even good citizens. In a word, they don't want jug-rule any longer.

Now we don't know what our Legislature will do. But we do know that the credit and character of that body depends more upon their action in this one thing than upon any other. THEY WERE ELECTED TO DO THIS. The Republicans could not have elected Charles Foster Governor, nor could they have had a majority in the Legislature, but for the promise virtually made—actually made by a majority of the papers of the State—that if they elected their ticket, they could be trusted on this great subject. The Legislature is a pledged body. The Governor is a pledged man. Dare they violate these pledges that were solemnly made to the people?

Senator Entrekin got a bill through the Senate on March 4th, giving $100 bounty to all re-enlisted veteran Union soldiers in Ohio, who are entitled to it, but have never received it. After the bill passed, it was discovered that certain Indianapolis lawyers have by some means procured copies of the records of enlisted and re-enlisted soldiers in Ohio, and that they have for months past had their agents busy over the State, buying up their bounty claims at from 25 to 50 per cent. discount. The passage of this bill would be merely an appropriation for the benefit of these lawyers. The bill has since been reconsidered and laid on the table.

The local elections in Maine on Monday went Republican. Charge it to Garfield.

The New York Herald's Irish Relief Fund has reached nearly one-quarter of a million dollars.

The Vermont Republicans adopted resolutions in their State Convention in favor of Edmunds for the Presidency.

To regulate the liver, stomach, and bowels use only "Sellers' Liver Pills." Take no other. 25c. a box. All druggists sell them.

Young Folks' Corner.

No. 1—POETICAL ENIGMA.

I am composed of 27 letters.
My first is in brass, but not in gold,
My next is in young, but not in old,
My 3d is in boy, but not in man,
My 4th is in dish, but not in pan,
My 5th is in cat, but not in dog,
My 6th is in tree, but not in log,
My 7th is in pinion, also in wing,
My 8th is in thice, but not in string,
My 9th is in weasel, but not in fox,
My 10th is in coffin, but not in box,
My 11th is in old, but not in young,
My 12th is in scarce, but not in flow,
My 13th is in hat, but not in cap,
My 14th is in thumb, but not in rap,
My 15th is in rasp, but not in saw,
My 16th is in high, but not in low,
My 17th is in pipe, but not in stem,
My 18th is in photograph, also in gem,
My 19th is in chair, but not in rug,
My 20th is in beetle, but not in bug,
My 21st is in catnip, but not in sage,
My 22d is in rascal, but not in rage,
My 23d is in dry, but not in sear,
My 24th is in month, but not in year,
My 25th is in eye, but not in day,
My 26th is in work, but not in play,
My 27th is in spirit, but not in life,
My whole you should do, to please your wife,
(and also the children.) GUS.
Samantha, O.

No. 2—DIAMOND PUZZLE.

My 1st is a consonant.
My 2d is a boy's nickname.
My 3d is glossy silk.
My 4th a point.
My 5th a consonant. "STINGER."
Hillsboro, O.

No. 3—ENIGMA.

I am composed of 43 letters.
My 1, 2, 4, 10, is a verb.
My 21, 31, 30, 3, is a man's name.
My 5, 35, 8, is a number.
My 15, 7, 17, is a pronoun.
My 17, 25, 18, 31, is a heavenly body.
My 20, 16, 36, is a noun.
My 12, 13, 33, is a number.
My 22 is a consonant.
My 26, 19, 11, 37, 41, is a boy's name.
My 23, 24, 32, is a preposition.
My 27, 28, 29, 38, is the name of a river in North America.
My 42, 43, are consonants.
My 39, 40, is a preposition.
My 6, 14, are vowels.
If you get right you find,
My whole is a motto of an excellent kind.
Jacksonville, O. FIPSTEM.

NUMERICAL PUZZLE.

I am composed of 9 letters.
My 1, 2, 3, is an opening.
My 4, 5, 2, is a grain.
My 1, 5, 6, is dry grass.
My 7, 8, 2, is to please.
My whole is the name of a renowned statesman.
Hillsboro, O. "STINGER."

☞ Answers in two weeks.

CONUNDRUMS.

When may two people be said to be half witted? When they have an understanding between them.

Why do ducks enter the water? For three reasons; and why do they come out again? For seventy reasons.

If Julius saw his mother coming down the street, what great man would it remind you of? Julius Cæsar (sees her).

What is true *self-denial*? Looking out of the first floor window, and informing an importunate creditor that you are not at home.

Why is a cow's tail like the letter F? Because it's the end of beef. Why is an age like a colt? Because it is not at *for* who until it is broken.

Answers to "Young Folks' Corner" of March 4:
To No. 1—Soldier Legs.
To No. 2—Under the Gaslight.
To No. 3— J U N E
U S E S
N E S T
E S T A
To No. 4— M A N
A R E
N E T
To No. 5—
"Care to our coffin adds a nail, no doubt,
And every laugh so merry draws one out."