

# TRUE AMERICAN

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A Weekly Journal, Devoted to American Interests, Literature, Science, and General Intelligence.

Z. RAGAN, Editor and Proprietor.

STEUBENVILLE, OHIO, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1855.

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## True American.

**Z. RAGAN, Editor**  
**STEUBENVILLE**  
WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 20, 1855.  
**THE TRUE AMERICAN**  
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**REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.**  
For Governor, SALMON P. CHASE.  
Lieutenant Governor, THOMAS H. FORD.  
Judge of the Supreme Court, five years, JACOB BRINKERHOFF.  
Judge of the Supreme Court, one year, CHARLES C. CONVERS.  
Auditor of State, FRANCIS M. WRIGHT.  
Treasurer of State, WILLIAM H. GIBSON.  
Secretary of State, JAMES H. BAKER.  
Attorney General, FRANCIS D. KIMBALL.  
Member of the Board of Public Works, ALEX. G. CONOVER.

**AMERICAN COUNTY TICKET.**  
Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, SAMUEL W. BOSTWICK.  
State Senator, JONAS D. CATTELL.  
Representatives, CYRUS MENDENHALL, DANIEL McCURDY, Sheriff, JAMES H. BLINN, Coroner, ROBERT McINTYRE, County Treasurer, JOHN McADAMS, Commissioner, JOSEPH B. McGREW, Prosecuting Attorney, JAMES M. SHANE, County Recorder, GEORGE BEATTY, Director of County Infirmary, JOHN HARTFORD, County Surveyor, WILLIAM SIMERAL.

**THE AMERICAN PARTY OF OHIO.**  
At the Annual Session of the State Council held in Cleveland, June 5th, 1855, the following Platform of Principles as expressive of the sentiment of the Order in this State, was adopted and ordered to be published to the world over the signatures of its officers:

I. We proclaim to the world the following PRINCIPLES OF THE AMERICAN PARTY OF OHIO.  
I. The unlimited freedom of Religion disconnected with politics—hostility to ecclesiastical influences upon the affairs of government—equality of rights to all naturalized Emigrants who are thoroughly Americanized, and one no temporal allegiance, by reason of their religious higher than that to the Constitution.  
II. No interference with the rights of citizenship already acquired by Foreigners, and the protection of law to all who honestly migrate from love of liberty; but the exclusion of foreign paupers and felons, and a refusal to extend the right of suffrage to all who come hereafter until they shall have resided 21 years in the United States and complied with the naturalization laws.  
III. Opposition to all political organizations composed exclusively of Foreigners, and to Foreign Military Companies, and to all attempts to exclude the Bible from Schools supported by the government.  
IV. Slavery is local—not national—we oppose its extension in any of our territories, and the increase of its political power by the admission into the Union of any Slave State or otherwise; and we demand of the General Government an immediate redress of the great wrong which has been inflicted upon the cause of Freedom and the American character by the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, and the introduction of Slavery into Kansas in violation of law, by the force of arms, and the destruction of the elective franchise.  
V. In humble imitation of the wisdom of Washington, we oppose all intervention in the affairs of Foreign States; yet on all proper occasions, we will not withhold our sympathy from any people aspiring to be free.  
VI. We support American Industry and genius against the adverse policy of Foreign nations and facilities to internal and external commerce by the improvement of rivers and harbors and the construction of national roads uniting the various sections of the Union.  
VII. The Union of these States should be made perpetual by a faithful allegiance to the Constitution.  
VIII. In State policy we zealously advocate Retrenchment and Reform—a modification of the present oppressive system of Taxation and a liberal system of Public Schools.  
THESE SPONSER, President, JOHN E. RAGO, Secretary.

**TO OUR PATRONS.**  
Before we commenced the publication of the True American, we contracted with

Mr. P. B. Coles—a practical printer—to do the mechanical work on the paper for one year. Mr. Coles entered upon the work the first of January last, and published the paper for about four months. He then became dissatisfied and expressed a desire to be released from the contract, and in view of the accomplishment of his desire, proposed to us that we take charge of the press and type and use them for an indefinite time, for a moderate and reasonable rent, he being the owner of the property. We accepted his proposition and released him. Since then matters moved pleasantly and prosperously until Wednesday, the 26th inst. On that day Mr. Coles made a demand of five dollars per week for the time he had been using his press and type. Believing the demand to be unreasonable, we refused to pay it, and proposed a reference of the matter to three disinterested persons, but he refused. Subsequently, on the same day, in our absence and without our knowledge, he went into our office, took the lever from working off the issue of our paper, thus putting us to the inconvenience of having them worked off in the office of the Herald. The impression intended to be made by an article in the Daily Union of the 29th inst., viz: that we were in debt to Mr. Coles for his services as publisher of the paper is not true. He has acknowledged a full consideration for all his labor as the publisher of the paper, and has reduced his demand to two dollars and fifty cents per week for the use of his press and type, which demand we have paid, although it is double the amount to which he was fairly entitled. This we have submitted to do rather than to be annoyed by litigation. We are using all proper diligence to procure a press and type, and hope in a short time to be able to announce to our patrons—THROUGH THE TRUE AMERICAN—that we are established upon a footing which will not subject us to such caprices as that indicated in the conduct above described. Our expenses will be considerable in the purchase of press and type, and if some four or five hundred of our subscribers who have not paid us would have the kindness to send us, forthwith, their subscriptions, it would be most gratefully acknowledged.

**Who Wrote It?**  
Some people express doubts as to the authorship of the recent "address of the Democratic Central Committee of Jefferson county, suppressed by the abolition usurpation of A. Stuart & Co." The bombastic, nonsensical style of the address, which Stuart refused to publish, because he had sense enough left to see it would be a disgrace to even the hunker democratic party, may well leave doubt whether it was written by "Joseph M. Riskey, Chairman of the Democratic Central Committee of Jefferson county" and Democratic candidate for COUNTY SURVEYOR, or by J. H. S. Trainer, office holder and Democratic candidate for PROSECUTING ATTORNEY. The whole concern is so silly, ridiculous, senseless, foolish, that it were hard to tell whether RICKLEY, THE SURVEYOR, OR TRAINER, THE PROSECUTOR is best qualified to produce such a pointless pack of stuff. When it is decided which of the gentlemen has strongest claims to windy ignorance and bombastic foolishness, we may then be ready to bet on the sublime authorship. Meantime we say go it Riskey—go it Trainer!

**AN APOLOGY.**—In consequence of the unexpected treatment received from Mr. P. B. Coles, as stated in another article, our hands have been prevented from working for four days. It is therefore only in our power to issue a half sheet, the present week.  
Our subscribers will please bear with us. We hope to be fairly under way in a short time. We have not yet introduced the word "fail" into our vocabulary. The prospects for the triumphant success of our paper as well as the party, and principles it advocates, never were better than at the present time. Cash from those in our debt is all we need, in order to certain success. Send it on friends, it will add much to your comfort, and greatly to our interest.

**The Fusion of Hunkerism.**  
The scheme which we foresaw long ago, and announced in our paper last spring, is fast ripening to maturity. The old hunker silver-grey whigs, and old hunker proslavery democrats, are now formed over the whole Union, walking arm in arm; consulting together, and fighting the same battle. The game which has recently been played in different localities, by a fusion of the hunkers of the old parties, and forming a new party with the Romans and foreigners under the leadership of President Pierce & Co., and resulted in Maine, in the defeat of the American Republican, Morrill, is to be tried in Ohio to defeat Chase.

It is surely a strange meeting of extremes. But nevertheless, the fusion progresses. Gov. Medill, the ultra, proslavery, administration democrat, find; Ex-Governor Trimble, the old silver-grey whig, a most estimable friend, and brother politician. Mcary's Statesman, the Cincinnati Enquirer, &c., can scarce find laudations sufficient of the splendid oratory of the old whigs, "Booby" Johnson, &c. In growing terms do the democratic organs announce, and magnify Trimble whig meetings. And on every side, in the most endearing terms, do we find those extremes of old hunkerism, engaged in the tenderest love.

Thus consolidates proslavery hunkerism against true American Republicanism. In Ohio, the fog whigs are tapering off on Trimble, to find themselves soon under the leadership of Pierce, Medill, Medary, & Co. To be sure, such things look strange, but they are nevertheless true.  
In this country, we are pleased to note the number of whigs who thus put themselves under the control of heretofore hated democratic leaders, is VERY SMALL.—In Jefferson county, the Trimble scheme, which is intended to break down the American Republican party, and build up the proslavery administration party, finds but very little aid and comfort. The wolf cannot hide his deformity here. The fusion of hunkerism is too apparent.

**The Cooing Doves!**  
Week before last, when the State Fair had gathered a big crowd in Columbus, handbills were posted about the city, announcing that Col. McCook, democratic candidate for Attorney General would make a public speech in the evening.  
With the evening, and the crowd which had nothing else to do, came "Billy" Johnson of "Yaller Creek notoriety," and other old silver-grey whigs, who are stamping the State ostensibly for Trimble.  
Finding those old whigs on hand, McCook, the democratic CANDIDATE AND ORATOR, cheerfully surrendered, and gave place for Johnson & Co. Not that the respectable Col. felt an inward consciousness of the superiority of the oratorical abilities of Johnson, Anderson & Co.; but with the strong hope that if they could do anything, they might disaffect some Chase votes, and secure them for Trimble, thus adding to the chances of Medill.

Thus it is becoming daily more apparent, that this Trimble move is only a scheme to take votes off of Chase, and thus secure the election of Medill. True Americans and honest Whigs will give it no countenance.  
The Union admits that the hunker democratic meeting which was to have been held in Knox township, last Saturday week, was a failure. Scarce a corporal's guard came out to hear the champions of hunker democracy. Time was, when it was not so reliable Knox. But a change has come over the spirit of the democratic dreams. This failure to attend the summons of the leaders, is only indicative of the result at the approaching election.—Knox township is good for a decided majority for the American Republican ticket. When the strong holds of the hunker democracy fail to come up, what can they hope for in the weak!

Don't neglect to notice the card of Mr. Wm. Winn in this paper. It is confidently asserted by those who have tested the matter; that his Oysters, Pigs Feet, Tripe, Cakes, Candies, etc., are not excelled by any establishment in the city.  
Give him a call and satisfy yourselves, that in the future there may be no controversy upon the subject.

**Prospects of the Coming Election.**  
From every part of the State the news are of the most cheering character. The friends of Freedom and America are filled with confidence; and the rotten Democracy behold with staring eyes the dark cloud of oblivion that will soon envelope them in its dusky folds; leaving nought but the memory of their sins behind. The American Republican ticket is composed of men who can neither be bought by the smiles or awed by the frowns of a corrupt administration. At its head stands the name of a man; ever a fearless advocate in freedom's cause; who never bowed his neck to a Southern yoke, or failed to expose their nefarious schemes. Next comes the fearless Ford, an AMERICAN in heart and one of the noble band that refused to aid in binding his brethren to the car of Slavery, and taught the South to know that there was a party at the North that would not bend, like the plant Democracy, at their will. The balance of the State ticket are good men and true, and their election will do honor to the "Duckeye State." That they can be elected, does not admit of a doubt. The Democrats themselves know it, and hence the avidity with which they seize upon the forlorn hope of creating a division between the Americans and Republicans. Take notice, every one, of the sudden lode with which they are attacked for "OLD CLAY WHIGS." The dear old men; what a change has come over the spirit of democracy's dream, within the last two years. They (the Whigs) are no longer "Blue light Federalists," "Tories," &c. Oh, no! "We want your help this Fall, in order to enable us to live at the expense of the public a little longer, and if you will only vote for us, you will be a noble set of fellows, but if you don't—well, we'll keep quiet until after the election, and then stand under." What sympathetic beings democrats are, anyhow. In the plenitude of their generosity, they even embrace Father Trimble, and exhort the Americans to vote for him, and vindicate their honor by permitting Medill to occupy the Governor's Chair for another term. But it won't do. The attempt is a little too barefaced; the cloven foot sticks through the shallow covering, and shows the stratagem to which the inventors are reduced. The Whigs have fought too long, face to face with the self-styled Democracy; and know them too well to be caught in such a silly trap.  
As for Trimble, it is sheer folly to think of wheedling Americans into the support of a man nominated by a few proslavery citizens of Cincinnati, and then to cap the climax, they try to palm him upon a party for which he has no sympathy. We do not believe that Trimble will receive thirty votes in Jefferson County.

**The Election on Tuesday Next.**  
Never since the adoption of the first Constitution for the State of Ohio, has there been held an election so important in all its bearings as is the election on Tuesday next.  
The Slave Democracy has urged upon the voters of Ohio, the catholic question, and charged that this is the main issue.—Should they be successful in any locality, it will be claimed to be a proslavery and catholic victory over anti-slavery freedom and American Protestantism. In this view of the question, may we not confidently expect every friend of the true trade slave and every friend of American Protestantism to be up and at work in every city, village, and township in the State. Let the friends of freedom and our free institutions RALLY TO THE POLLS, and give a death blow to proslavery hunkerdom, by the triumphant election of the American Republican Ticket.

**FRESH ARRIVAL.**—Fisher & McTeely have just received, a splendid stock of new goods, of the best and most fashionable manufacture, style &c., consisting of Ladies Gaiters, French morocco, and Kid Boots, and shoes, of all description; gentlemen's, Boots & Shoes of the best material, Trunks & Carpet bags of all sizes, and a little the neatest shoes for children that the city affords. Call and examine for yourself. They are gentlemanly dealers and will give you a first rate article for cash. Store on market one door below Third Street.

**We must Rally our Forces.**  
The second Tuesday of October is near, and all who are desirous of freeing our State from the rule of the slave democracy of 1855, should be at work. If every man who is dissatisfied with the present administration, both State and National, will but put forth a slight effort, they will be driven like chaff before the wind.—What True American is willing to submit any longer to the political despots, who now hold the reins of government? We ask every thinking man in the state; are you prepared to support our State officers, men, who endorse the course of an administration that has become a reproach to our boasted free institutions? The organs of the "sham democracy" in Ohio, may exert all their ingenuity in covering up its multitude of sins, but they are grave on the hearts of a people that they will no longer be blinded by falsehood.—The day of reckoning is at hand, and they tremble at the thought of the overwhelming defeat, that surely awaits them.—RALLY EVERY MAN OF YOU, and march to the polls on the day of the election; and we must win the battle. The enemy is in the field, straining every muscle for the struggle. They are canvassing the county, endeavoring by every species of dishonesty and misrepresentation, to discourage the friends of the American Republican ticket. They are industriously engaged in trying to produce the impression in the country, that the Americans in this city, are fast deserting their standard. But we assure you that such is not the case. We are at least one HUNDRED stronger than we were one year ago, and still they come. The flames burn brighter than ever and will continue to increase until not a vestige of Medill & Pierce democracy remains. Up and at them, THE VICTORY IS OURS!

**Additional by the America.**  
NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—The city of Sebastopol was attacked in four different directions. The British attempted to storm the Redan.  
The French and Sardinians made a "nided attack on the Central Battery.—The attacks were all made simultaneously with great spirit and energy, and were most eminently successful.  
One was made by Gen. Bosquet and Macmahon on the Malakoff.  
Both the Redan and Central Batteries were at one time in the hands of the allies, but it was found impossible to hold them; under the accurate and murderous fire of the Russians.  
A dispatch from the Sea of Azoff, states that the Allies are doing immense damage to Russian vessels and merchandise along the coast. The fisheries are almost entirely destroyed.  
Two British steamers were about ascending the Gulf of Outlook to destroy the Government stores collected on the coast.  
FRANCE.—The would be assassin will not be tried, but will be sent to the lunatic hospital.  
The Emperor was to leave Paris on the 18th, for the Camp of St. Omar to review the troops destined for the Crimea.  
DENMARK.—It is reported that Austria has offered her mediation to Denmark, in the difficulties with the United States, concerning the Sound dues.  
VERY LATEST.—The Paris correspondence says, it is reported that 25,000 troops embarked at Balaklava for north of Sebastopol; also that the Russians are in full retreat towards Perkop.  
The Paris papers are discussing the question, whether Sebastopol is tenable by the allies, while the Russians are masters of the forts on the north side fronting the Sea.  
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**Telegraphic.**  
**Arrival of the Washington**  
FURTHER PARTICULARS OF THE BATTLE.  
NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—The steamship Washington, from Southampton arrived at 3 o'clock this P. M., bringing London and Liverpool dates to the 12 h, and 300 passengers.  
Gen. Simpson, in a dispatch dated, Sebastopol, Sept. 9th, says:—Sebastopol is in the hands of the allies.  
The enemy evacuated the south side after exploding the magazines, setting fire to the town, and burning all the ships of war, except three steamers.  
The bridge, communicating with the north side, was destroyed.  
A dispatch to the French Minister of war, says: Karahelina, and the south part of Sebastopol, no longer exist.  
The enemy perceiving our solid occupation, evacuated the place, after blowing up nearly all the defenses.  
The chief honors of the day are due to Generals Bosquet and Macmahon. A dispatch from Varna says:  
The alkoff and Redan batteries of Caroening bay were carried by storm.  
On seeing the French eagles, floating over the Malakoff, Gen. Dosales made two attacks upon the central bastion, but failed.  
Prince Gortschakoff telegraphs, on the 9th, that after sustaining a most infernal fire, and repulsing six successive assaults, we found we could not drive the enemy from Malakoff, of which they had possession. Our brave troops resisted to the last extremity. The enemy found nothing in the southern port of the town.  
When the intelligence of the fall of Sebastopol reached London and the provincial cities, the greatest demonstrations of joy were manifested.  
When the facts were announced, at each place, bands struck up the National anthems of England and France.  
FRANCE.—The life of the Emperor was attempted on the night of the 10th, when some person fired two pistols at the carriage, in which it was supposed he was.—The assassin named Bellouin was arrested, and is evidently a maniac.

**Additional by the America.**  
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One was made by Gen. Bosquet and Macmahon on the Malakoff.  
Both the Redan and Central Batteries were at one time in the hands of the allies, but it was found impossible to hold them; under the accurate and murderous fire of the Russians.  
A dispatch from the Sea of Azoff, states that the Allies are doing immense damage to Russian vessels and merchandise along the coast. The fisheries are almost entirely destroyed.  
Two British steamers were about ascending the Gulf of Outlook to destroy the Government stores collected on the coast.  
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The Emperor was to leave Paris on the 18th, for the Camp of St. Omar to review the troops destined for the Crimea.  
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VERY LATEST.—The Paris correspondence says, it is reported that 25,000 troops embarked at Balaklava for north of Sebastopol; also that the Russians are in full retreat towards Perkop.  
The Paris papers are discussing the question, whether Sebastopol is tenable by the allies, while the Russians are masters of the forts on the north side fronting the Sea.  
A dispatch from Danzig, dated the 14th, says the blockade ships are expected to be ordered home immediately.  
It is rumored to-day that the allies found 1200 guns in Sebastopol; also that the Russians were falling back on Rucksha Sera; but French rumors say the Russians still certainly hold the North side of Sebastopol, and will to the last extremity. It was also rumored, at Paris, that the allied Admirals, have decided, that it is not expedient to enter the harbor of Sebastopol, until Fort Constantine is silenced. It is probable that the allies will attack Fort Constantine, from Fort Alexander and Artillery Bay.

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