

For President.

The Nominee of the Charleston Convention.

Republican Platform.

We hope the Northern Republicans will remain firm, and if the Union must go, why, let her slide.—HOLMES COUNTY REPUBLICAN.

The White Black Bird.

A few weeks ago the Supreme Court of Ohio, Judge Gholson delivering the opinion, decided that the word white in the school law did not mean black; or, in other words that black or mulatto children could not be allowed in our common schools. This decision was very objectionable to many leading Republicans who were anxious to have their own children educated in the same room with colored children, so that the prejudice existing between the two races might be broken down. But, on the decision of the question by the Supreme Court, every Judge being a good Republican, the good hearted negro equally people were compelled to submit, and acknowledge that there might be a difference between white and black children.

In 1857 Chase was elected Governor by 1200 majority, and it was ascertained that he was voted for by about two thousand negroes. Now, the Democrats had had enough to be beaten by white men but when they were voted down by negroes they thought it rather much for human nature to bear, and accordingly the Democratic Legislature elected in 1857 passed a law to prevent mulattoes from voting. This the Republicans declared a great outrage upon the ballot box, for they had determined the word white in the Constitution, when applied to voters, did not mean white; and accordingly to test the matter before the Republican Supreme Court a saddle colored "ponson" from Butler county attempted to vote, was refused, and he took the question to the Supreme Court, where it was decided a few days ago that white in the Constitution was such a comprehensive term as to include gray, bay &c. This decision gives mulattoes the right to vote, but it was not enough for the Republican Legislature, for they spent several days in discussing and discussing the unconstitutional law and finally repealed it.

The Supreme Court of Ohio has, then, decided that it requires the pure white blood to constitute white children, and also that when a person arrives at voting age that the status of the colored youth is changed and he becomes white. This settles the long mooted question as to a leopard changing his spots and the Ethiopian his skin, at least so far as the Ethiopian is concerned. This change takes place the very hour he completes his 21st year, just in time to vote the Black Republican ticket.

A word of caution to Democrats: It will, under the decision, be slander to call a bay colored person a nigger after he has arrived at man's estate, for the Supreme Court decides that he is white; but the little darkeys you may call whatever you please for the same court has decided that they are black and so remain until they can vote.

Bring it Home.

Suppose the Commissioners of Holmes County would appropriate \$500 out of the county Treasury for a glorious, patriotic drunk with the Commissioners of Tuscarawas and Coshocton Counties, and so that the tax-payers would lose nothing by it they would cease building bridges and tell the old farmers to roll up their trousers and wade the creeks. If they did so would the people of this county back them up in it? Well, that is the very principle on which the Black Republican Legislature acts. They took \$5,000 and their time, some \$3,000 more, making in all \$8,000 for a drunk with the Legislatures of Kentucky and Tennessee, and in order to keep the tax-payers whole they refuse to let the people have the reading of the laws they expected them to be governed by.

State Conventions.

The Virginia State Convention was quite a stormy one. The contest was between the friends of HENRY and WISE. The Convention elected Delegates to the Charleston Convention, and passed a resolution that they would abide by the decision of that Convention. It is said the delegates elected are all for HENRY for President.

The Democracy of Connecticut nominated Thomas H. Seymour for Governor and elected twelve delegates to the National Convention. It is claimed that eleven of the twelve delegates are for Douglas. This however is disputed.

Rhode Island elected eight delegates to the National Convention. They are all claimed for Douglas.

Sentenced to be Hung.

Stevens and Hazlett, the last of the Harper's Ferry conspirators have been tried, found guilty and sentenced to be hung on Friday, the 16th day of March, at 2 o'clock P.M. This ends the last of that band of deluded victims to Abolition folly.

The Chicago Press and Tribune is out in a strong leader for the nomination of ABRAHAM LINCOLN, as the Republican candidate for the Presidency.

Come at Last.

After the Black Republican papers generally have got ashamed of their lying about Democrats voting for a Know Nothing for Speaker, and "leaved in" on that question, Caskey comes out in last week's paper for the first time, and makes the charge. It has been proven false so often that it is not worth our while to devote much space to it. We will therefore content ourselves with stating that the charge that Mr. Smith is now or ever was a member of the Know Nothing order, or endorsed their doctrine, is unqualifiedly false. During the contest for Speaker, W. E. Mann Esq., Sheriff of Pasquotank county, the residence of Mr. Smith, who was a member of the order, addressed the following card to the Richmond Whig: To the Editor of the Whig: Sir:—Seeing a notice this morning in one of your city papers, that the Black Republicans were seeking for, and making great exertions to find out whether the member from the first Congressional District of North Carolina, Hon. Wm. N. H. Smith, had ever been a "Know Nothing," so as to be able to withdraw the support of the Democratic party from him, allow me as a humble citizen of Mr. Smith's District, to say, that I am personally acquainted with him, have known him for the last fifteen years, was a delegate to the Congressional Convention and voted against the nomination of Mr. Smith on the ground (and the only one) that he was not a Know Nothing, I being then and now one of that stamp. There is not a more high minded man, purer christian, and talented gentleman living within the borders of North Carolina; and since his name has been spoken of for Speaker, not a Democrat in my county (and there are some very strong ones) has any objection to his filling that office; and in fact favor it. If they cannot get one of their own stamp. Being opposed to Mr. Smith's nomination, and seeing that the Black Republicans were trying to do him great injustice, is the cause of this communication. If Mr. Smith should be Speaker, the House of Representatives will never have had a more honest, upright and impartial man, and one that will reflect more honor on the body that elected him. Yours, respectfully, W. E. MANN, Pasquotank Co. N. C.

The Ajourment.

The Republican caucus has fixed upon the 12th of March as the day of adjournment: to meet again 1st Monday in February '61. We fear time has not been allowed to do up all the business of this session, for there should be no business left over for the adjourned session, save the districting of the State. In truth the only commanding necessity for a session next winter is for the purpose of districting the State for the next census. For such purpose the adjourned session is not only excusable but absolutely necessary, for we trust the Republican party of Ohio is too shrewd to take any chances upon that matter when it has the matter in its own hands.—Cleveland Herald.

The above is from one of the leading Republican papers of the State. We ask every man to look at it candidly. It is true, as the Herald says, that all the business should be done up at this session. The State cannot be districted this winter for want of the census, and there is no necessity whatever for districting it next winter. The Legislature elected in 1861 can do it just as well as the present Legislature. The only reason for doing it at that time, as the Herald plainly intimates, is to gain political advantage in forming the districts. The Republicans are afraid to go before the people with their Congressional and Legislative folly hanging over them—with their Brown raids and Helperism to answer for, and to secure power they think there is a "commanding necessity for a session next winter" for the exclusive purpose of dividing the State into Congressional districts, at a cost to the people of at least \$200,000.

Are the tax payers of Ohio, from whose pockets nearly ten thousand dollars have been siphoned for a drunken spree, ready and willing to contribute to the Black Republican wireworkers two hundred thousand dollars more for the purpose of "jerry-mandering" the State so that the people will be unfairly represented in Congress? Can any honest man or faithful representative approve of such conduct? Will the people back up the Republican party in such infamous doings?

The World Renowned.

Recently picked up a copy of a London paper which gave a full account of the interview between the Emperor Napoleon and Professor Gardner, the far famed New England soap man. The account was illustrated with a cut of the beautiful silver medal presented by his Majesty to Professor Gardner after testing the qualities of his incomparable soap. Here is the Emperor's speech on the occasion: "Professor Gardner, allow me to present you this silver medal as a token of my esteem for you as a gentleman, and also, to show the high estimate I place upon your unrivalled soap. I have, sir, thoroughly tested your soap, and I have, sir, fully convinced that the happy combinations you have contained in it will purify the system, promote health, happiness and long life; banish age in accumulating wrinkles and add beauty to the beautiful." The account also contained a cut of the gold medal presented to the Professor at the World's Fair in London. This medal cost nearly \$400.

Professor Gardner is now lecturing and selling soap in the principal towns of this State. We have not had the pleasure of hearing him but the papers are loud in his praise. His plan is to deliver a public lecture and at the close if any want to buy his soap they can do so. His impassioned eloquence will at once gain the attention of his audience, and then, his inimitable wit and side-splitting jokes is a feast of innocent fun that is to be imagined, but not described. We may add, too, that his lectures are listened to by ladies and gentlemen, old and young, grave and gay. His wit is not of the low or vulgar order, but so chaste and refined that the most fastidious can not take the least offense at it. We hope the Professor will visit our town.

Negroes Expelled from a Canadian Township.

All the negroes have been summarily expelled from the township of Anderson, Essex county, Canada, a few miles from Detroit. This township was as thickly populated with negroes as any in Canada, but they have lately become so bold in their depredations and crimes that their presence was no longer endurable. Accordingly the authorities of the township petitioned the grand jury last fall to take action relative to them, and the jury in consequence presented them as a nuisance. Their outrages culminated a few weeks since in an attack upon a number of peaceable and defenceless citizens, and now the day of retribution has overtaken them.—The whole lot have been summarily driven out of the township. They had been given homes, but they so abused the kindness extended to them that the authorities are obliged, in order to protect their lives and property, to drive them out as they would so many wild beasts.

Security of Public Moneys.

Mr. Stanly has introduced an important bill in the Senate, to provide for the better regulation and safe keeping of the public moneys.—Cleveland Leader.

United States Troops.

The main body of the troops in Utah will not be moved till about April. Gen. Johnson will command them until they reach their new destination in Texas and New Mexico. One object of this movement is to throw a large force on the Rio Grande, to check the collisions between our people and the Mexicans, which are growing more frequent and dangerous, and to repress Indian outbreaks. The force to remain in Utah will consist of one company of flying artillery, three of cavalry, and six of infantry, under command of Col. Charles P. Smith.

Stick it at Them.

Democrats, when you hear Black Republicans prate about the Democratic members of Congress voting for Smith of North Carolina, and asserting that he is a Know Nothing, (which is false,) stick it at them that **ASHLEY, BLAKE, BINGHAM, COREY, CURVIN, EDGEMONT, GURLEY, HELMICK, HUTCHIN, SHERMAN, STANTON, TRIMBLE, THEOKER, THOMPSON and WADE**, all Republican members of Congress from Ohio, together with the entire Republican force of the North, voted for Pennington, for Speaker, who is an avowed Know Nothing, and for Hoffman of Maryland, a slave holder and one of the leaders of the Baltimore Plug Uglies, for Sergeant-at-Arms. Keep these things prominent before the people.—Wayne Co. Democrat.

Our contemporary is in error so far as Helmick's vote for Hoffman is concerned. Mr. Helmick did not vote for Hoffman. He was troubled with a weakness in the back-bone when the vote was being taken, and went to a Missouri Democrat complaining of a terrible pain in the back, and stated to said Missouri Democrat, that he intended voting for Hoffman and asked him, the said Missouri Democrat, to pair off with him, the said weak-backed William Helmick; which was accordingly done. Fifteen minutes after the vote was taken Mr. Helmick came into the Hall of the House with a little the best backbone you ever saw.

News of the Week.

Money is said to be very scarce in England.

A man is on trial in Georgia for selling free negroes into slavery.

It is said that 1,068 shoemakers of Lynn, the great Massachusetts shoe town, have struck for higher wages.

Advices from Havana state that the introduction of Coolies is prohibited by Royal decree after the 31st of December next.

The new Usury law of Minnesota fixes the rate of interest at seven per cent., but permits special contracts to be made as high as twelve per cent.

The total emigration from all foreign countries into the United States, in 1859, was one hundred and sixty thousand, being about ten per cent gain on 1858.

Out of the German population of fifty thousand in the State of Wisconsin, there is not a single individual from the Federal land confined in the Penitentiary.

Two persons, husband and wife, died in Steubenville, on Saturday, from the effects of a quantity of whisky, supposed to have contained strychnine, which they drank.

The Republican press of the State is generally opposed to an adjourned session of the Legislature. They seem to think that one short session of a Black Republican law making power is enough.

Vera Cruz dates to the 19th says Miramon's force threatening Vera Cruz is 6,000 strong with 52 pieces of artillery. Juarez's force is 5,000 strong with 250 pieces of heavy artillery. Active preparations are making for defence.

The lower House of the New York Legislature has passed a bill authorizing negroes to vote in that State. So we go.—The "irrepressible conflict" party is going the whole figure. Oberlin is no doubt in extacies.

In the Senate, on the 17th, the bill to repeal the law passed by the Democratic Legislature, prohibiting negroes from voting, passed by a vote of 21 to 11. Mr. Harrison, was the only Republican who voted against the repeal.

Brownsville advices to the 9th inst. state that important unpublished disclosures have been made as to the complicity of the Mexican authorities with Cortinas, which, it is believed, will decide the question of war.

Mr. Cook, of the Ohio State Journal, has been awarded a portion of the binding for Congress at such prices as will make it net him some \$1,000. He has just concluded that official corruption is not a crying evil.

Mr. HENRY W. BEECHER is in the opinion of the N. Y. Tribune a man of "excellent intentions." As the dark regions below are paved with that sort of thing, we think the Tribune most uncharitable in thus, with cruel sarcasm, handling his personal friend.

Some papers are making great ado over the speech made by John Forney, the night after his election to the Clerkship of the House of Representatives. They ought to remember that John was a little "madlow" that night, and felt particularly glorious. He thought that he had come to fill a higher office than old Buck did.

Col. ROBT FLOYD, of Virginia, brother of the Secretary of War, died suddenly of disease of the heart, on Wednesday night of last week. He was on the point of starting to the Democratic State Convention, at Richmond, when he was attacked by a violent pain of the heart, of which he died in a few minutes.

CINCINNATIANS are moving everything movable to get the United States Agricultural Society to locate their next Fair at Cincinnati. Leading business men, horticulturalists, manufacturers and horse men are urging the matter. The Society seems undecided whether to hold the Fair there or in Washington City.

The excitement in Northwestern Pennsylvania, where valuable oil springs have been found within a few months, is constantly on the increase. New and apparently inexhaustible springs are being opened, and the greatest trouble seems to be to get barrels to hold the oil which so freely flows out.

Columbus Correspondence.

COLUMBUS, Friday, Jan. 17th, 1860. ED. FARMER.—I am desirous to give your readers some account of the Legislative spree which commenced here and ended in Cincinnati, a short time ago. I fear that I cannot describe it in so graphic a manner now as I might have done about the time it occurred.

The Legislatures of Kentucky and Tennessee decided that they would celebrate the completion and opening of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, by going to Louisville and partaking of the hospitalities of the city. As soon as this was known, Cincinnati invited them also, and made the necessary arrangements for entertaining them in magnificent style. The Republican Legislature of Ohio, not to be outdone by these Manicomialties, sent a Committee to meet them in Louisville, and invite them to this city to become the guests of the State, at the public expense. They accepted the invitation, and reached here on the 26th of last month, and were welcomed to Ohio by Governor DENISON, in the Hall of the House of Representatives, in a regular Union-saving speech, according to Republican parlance.

Governor MACCORMACK, of Kentucky, responded, on behalf of his State, thanking our Legislature and our people for the splendid and enthusiastic manner in which the Representatives of two great Southern States were received by the State of Ohio. He spoke of the Union and the Constitution, and of their value to all sections, deprecating all attempts to weaken or impair them.

Lieutenant Governor NEWMAN spoke for Tennessee in a strain of fervid and impassioned eloquence, which testified a true and noble devotion to the Union.

Hon. Mr. BROWN, of Kentucky, the young Congressman elect, made a splendid speech, in which he paid a glowing tribute to the Constitution and to its framers. He thanked the ladies who crowded the galleries for their presence, and paid them some very handsome and graceful compliments.

A number of others were called out, and made eloquent and patriotic speeches.

In the evening, there was a grand re-union at the State House, when speeches were again the order of the hour.

Then followed supper at several Hotels, after which the splendid Banquet was attended at Oulton Hall. Appropriate toasts were read, and patriotic and eloquent responses were made.

The Republicans were so liberal as to furnish all the Ohio speakers but one. They put up DENISON, CHAMBERLAIN and DELAND, to speak for the State. These gentlemen professed great attachment for the Kentuckians and Tennesseans, and for the Union, while the party they represented were maturing legislation, denying the South their rights under the Constitution.

Gov. MACCORMACK and Lieutenant Governor NEWMAN were the guests of Gov. DENISON, during their stay in this city. NEWMAN had a very like-ly negro servant with him whose name is JACK. He dresses fully as well as his master, and flourishes a fine gold watch with a heavy gold chain, and has plenty of money to spend. The morning after the Banquet here, Gov. NEWMAN asked JACK, whether the abolitionists hadn't got him yet? Jack replied, in a very knowing way, that they had not, but that he thought they were in a fair way to get "Miss NEWMAN," for he had seen two of them escorting him down street but a few minutes before! Gov. CHAMBERLAIN and Gov. DENISON had been walking arm in arm, with Gov. NEWMAN!

There were many incidents of this kind, that occurred during the stay of our Southern guests; but I will not write them down here, for you would not be able to find space to give them a place in your valuable paper.

On the 21st of January, the guests of the State, together with the Ohio Legislature, Governor of the State, and the newspaper correspondents and reporters, went to Cincinnati on a special train, and became the guests of that city, and enjoyed her splendid hospitalities. They were escorted from the Depot to the Opera House by the Military, thro' streets lined with thousands of people. At the Opera House the speeches of welcome, and the responses thereto, were made. In the evening, the grand Banquet came off at the BOWEN HOUSE, which was attended by a thousand guests. Appropriate toasts were read, and patriotic and eloquent speeches were delivered. The following morning, the guests witnessed an exhibition of the Fire Department of the Queen City, which was highly satisfactory. Then the Legislative spree closed with a splendid Reception and Banquet at NICHOLAS LONGWORTH'S.

The entire spree will cost the State nearly ten thousand dollars. The appropriation has not yet been made to pay the bills; and I have no doubt but that some of those who drank the most wine and were more drunk than the rest, will vote (for "Bimomble") against the appropriation.

The Legislature has done nothing, as yet, for the interests of the State. The Republican majority is responsible for the waste of time and money, and the delay in the business of Legislation. I heard a Republican say a few days ago, that the Legislature had done nothing but get on a "rag" of money, and chat United States Senators.

If the members of this Legislature were all, or even a majority of them, like your worthy and able Representative, Mr. TAYLOR, business would progress a-splendid, and the wants of the State would be met, and the General Assembly would adjourn and go home, without getting on no news, and spending the people's money needlessly and foolishly. Mr. TAYLOR stands very high here with the opposition, as well as with his own party; for he minds his own business, and attends to the wants, wishes, and interests of his constituents. He is an able, useful, and industrious Representative. Would that there were more just like him in the Legislature—then the interests of the State would be better regarded.

The Senate adopted a Resolution, some days ago, to adjourn sine die on the 1st Monday of March. The Republican members of both branches then held a Caucus, and decided to hold an adjourned session, beginning on the 1st Monday of next February, and to adjourn this session on the 2nd Monday of March. The Senate Resolution had been referred to a select Committee in the House, which Committee reported it back last Wednesday, amended so as to conform to the Caucus decision of the Republican members. A good portion of the day was occupied in discussing it. It was finally adopted, so amended, however, as to provide for a sine die adjournment on the 2nd Monday of March. But four Democrats voted against sine die adjournment—MCCORMACK, FLOYD, HOGAN, HARRISON, and STANLEY.

The Democrats took the ground that an adjourned session ought not to be held, and a number of the Republicans acted with them.

I shall have more to say in regard to this matter when I write again. X

A German in Cincinnati, while attempting to drive some cats out of his premises, got one into a corner and the cat flying into the German's face inflicted a number of severe wounds, of which the man died in a few hours.

The official report of the Committee on Elections of the Kansas Legislature on the census returns has been received at Washington City, and gives a population of only about 70,000. The Republicans increase this by estimates to 97,000, and will on these estimates try to force the admission of Kansas at the present term.

News from Abroad.

A writer in the Chillicothe Advertiser suggests Hon. Wm. S. Grovesbach, of Cincinnati as the man to receive the Charleston nomination. He is a good one.

An iron car has just been introduced on the New York Central Railroad. It was built in New Jersey and cost \$3,000, and is said to be lighter, stronger and firmer looking than those built of wood. In case of collision the danger to life would probably be much less in it than in wooden ones.

Gen. Robt. BUTLER, Assistant Adjutant General to Gen. Jackson, at the battle of New Orleans, died at his residence at Lake Jackson, near Tallahassee, Florida, on the afternoon of January 12. Only three of General Jackson's prominent officers at that late battle now survive, viz: Gen. Wm. O. Butler, of Kentucky, Maj. Shotard, of Miss., and Col. A. P. Hayne, of South Carolina.

An unfortunate man named John Sherman, of Ohio, recently endorsed largely for one Helper, an absconding debtor from North Carolina. Sherman has for the last eight weeks been pursued relentlessly by a Missourian, named Clark, on account of his endorsement for Helper, and on Monday, Jan. 30, poor Sherman, in a fit of despair, jumped overboard, and was lost.

Professor Lovring, in one of his late astronomical lectures before the Lowell Institute, said that the great Comet of 1656 which caused the abdication of Charles V of Spain, is confidently expected to reappear during the present year, and French astronomers are even now on the lookout for it. If no error has been made in the revised calculations it will probably be seen from this planet during the fall of 1860.

The Wetmka (Ala.) Enquirer says that on last week thirteen slaves belonging to Gov. Fitzpatrick, accompanied by Mr. Gunn, the overseer, brought their cotton to market, and sold it for a sum amounting to the aggregate to \$932 92. Ahab, another one of the Governor's negroes, with the others will soon bring theirs in. "This money is their own, not one dime of it going into their owner's pocket; and he feeds and clothes them besides, and provides for them in old age."

Benjamin M. Woolsey of Salem, Ala., writes to the Savannah Republican an account of his experience with the camel. He thinks that upon paved streets as in New York or New Orleans, they would last longer and do better than the mule, and would not be subject to broken knees and diseases of the foot, and that the curvature of the spine the superior weight and strength of the camel eminently fit him for the cart and dray. He can carry on his back as much as can be packed in a two horse wagon.

Dr. Cahill, in a letter to the Dublin Telegraph, speaks of the generosity of Irish servants of his here in sending money to their relatives in the old country. He has visited the different offices in this city for the transmission of money to Ireland, and from the statistics thus obtained estimates that during the year, 1859, the Irish servant made now working in New York and Brooklyn, have sent to their parents, brothers and sisters the enormous sum of one million three hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

A Sandwich Island boy recently deserted the whaler, Frankfort, thirty-two miles at sea, jumping overboard about eight o'clock at night, and swimming all night for the land. By daylight he was within half a mile of shore, but there encountered a strong opposing current, and after buffeting the waves in a vain effort to reach the beach, he saw a sail several miles to the leeward, changed his course for the vessel, striking out to sea again, and was on her deck by nine o'clock Friday morning, nothing harmed by his fourteen hour's swim.

Gov. Chase tells the story that when Lieut. Gov. Newman of Tennessee, was in Columbus with the Kentucky and Tennessee Legislatures, he was accompanied by his "body servant," a sprightly, saddle colored "boy," of about thirty, who was conscious of his dignity. His master, who was in the habit of jesting with him familiarly, accosted him in the hall of the Neil House, just before the departure of the guests, with a "Why, Jack, haven't any of the Abolitionists carried you off yet?" "Yah! yah! Massa Newman, (quoth Jack,) "when I see you gwine down de street, arm in arm, wid Gubner Dennison and Gubner Chase, I tot you were gone sure."

The Executive Council of Judges in Upper Canada have recently passed an act providing for the extradition of criminals who are fugitives from justice. Hitherto the list of crimes liable to the provisions of the extradition treaty were but five in number, viz: Murder, piracy, forgery, arson and robbery. All other offences, among which are the most heinous on the calendar, were exempt, and the criminal had but to cross the river to escape all punishment. Now it will be different, and all offences which are punishable in Upper Canada by death or imprisonment at hard labor, render the criminal liable to delivery to the foreign authorities on a Government requisition.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A man named John Lore, in Morgan township, one day last week lost his hat in his well, and having no means at hand to recover it, was lowered by one of his friends into the well; but when part of the way down he was stricken with the poisonous gases which are sometimes peculiar to old wells, and fell lifeless and senseless to the bottom, head first. It being impossible to extricate him by ordinary means, a neighbor volunteered to go down after him, but he also was overcome by the "damps," and was with difficulty drawn up and resuscitated. Mr. Lore, who went down after his hat, when drawn out, was found to be dead. He had been married but a short time, and entered the well against the earnest remonstrances of his wife.—Morgan Republican.

Important Decision.

The Supreme Court of Ohio, lately decided that a railroad company acting as a common carrier of live stock, cannot by special contract, procure exemption from responsibility for losses arising from its own neglect of the duties incident to such employment.

Such common carrier is liable for damage resulting from defective and unsafe cars, or vehicles of transportation, notwithstanding an express contract to the contrary.

Washington News.

Reports from Washington say it was determined in the Cabinet to order Col. Fensholt to march United States Troops into Chihuahua for the protection of American citizens against outlaws from Durango, but the order has not yet been issued. It may be in consequence of the absence of Secretary Floyd from the Department.

It is said that 3,000 Americans are before this time in Sonora in possession of the government of the State.

The Administration have not the slightest idea of issuing instructions for the landing of troops, &c., at Vera Cruz, or having anything to do with the Miramon Guarantees.

The Committee on Agriculture will report a Homestead bill. It will pass the House, but its success in the Senate is uncertain.

The friends of Protection are confident that the Committee of Ways and Means will soon report a bill authorizing specific instead of ad valorem duties, wherever the same is practicable.

Those who have closely scrutinized the subject, say the House is nearly equally divided on the question of the franking privilege, but that the preponderance of feeling is against its abolition.

The House Committee on Territories have under consideration the subject of territorial governments for Nevada, Utah, Peak and Dakota. Bills, it is said, will be reported in these cases presently in the last name.

The Effect of the Recent Decision of the Supreme Court.

The Republicans of the "irrepressible" school, and comprehends almost the whole of that party in the Legislature, are, it is said, delighted at the opinion rendered by the Supreme Court on Tuesday, to the effect that a person with less black than white blood in his veins, is white, and entitled to vote, and are already setting about to prepare legislation in harmony with the opinion. The law prohibiting mulattoes from voting will of course be repealed, and such legislative amendatory of the school law, as will permit mulatto children to enter our common schools will be enacted. The white people of Ohio will be set apart and assigned as the home and residences of all the pauper negroes of other States. The majority of the people of Ohio have been unfortunately led to confide in the Republican party, and have invested it with power and authority in this State, under the supposition that they were opposing "the extension of slavery into free Territory," now find that they have been instrumental in placing in the legislative, executive and judicial departments of the State Government, a body of men, who are bent on breaking down all the barriers that have existed between the white and black races in this State, and placing the latter on terms of social and political equality with the former. Had the Republicans gone before the electors of this State with a frank and honest confession that such was their purpose, and if entrusted with all the departments of the State Government, they would exercise all their official functions to produce this equality, the people of the State by a large majority would have rejected them. But the true objects and designs of the Republicans were concealed from the voters of the State, and when charged with the design of favoring "Negro Equality," they indignantly denied the charge. Now the fact is made apparent. It stands out in bold relief, and the white people of the State will be compelled to suffer and endure a state of things never contemplated by them, until in exercise of their constitutional rights they will be able to produce a reform and eject from official position, the whole horde of men who have so shamefully betrayed and deceived them. That they will correct the evil and restore the fraud and insult which they have received from the hands of their public servants, whenever they can do so at the hands of the ballot box, cannot be doubted for a moment. To suppose that they will tamely submit to the degradation which their public servants design, would be an insult to their intelligence and patriotism. These evils and the labor necessary to correct them could all have been avoided, if the warnings of Democratic statesmen had been heeded—for it has been repeated time without number that such was the design of the republican party of Ohio. It will become the people to correct that evil and they will do it.—Statesman.

A SILVER WEDDING.—Hon. G. W. Balden and Lady of this city, on Saturday last, celebrated the 25th anniversary of their wedding. There was some 50 persons present as guests. The Silver Pitcher, plates, &c., presented on the occasion by their children, were splendid—and the supper was of the first order. After spending a few hours very pleasantly in social converse and reminiscences of the past, all left, pleased with the occasion, and hoping they may enjoy health and happiness for 25 years more, and enjoy a golden wedding with their friends who may then be in the land of the living. We cannot hope to be among them.—Canton Repository.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BANKS.

We keep constantly on hand Justices' and Constables' Bonds, Warrants, Mortgages and Quit Claims Bonds, Summons, Returns, Returns, &c.

NOTICE.

A four note given by me, the undersigned, to Elizabeth Mitchell dated February 29th, A. D. 1860, and for the sum of one hundred dollars, as said note was obtained by misrepresentation and fraud and is hereby declared not to pay thereon, and is annulled by me. W. H. HARRIS.

TO TEACHERS.

THE BOARD OF SCHOOL EXAMINERS, within and for the County of Holmes, will hold a meeting in Millersburg on the 10th of March, 31st of March and the 10th of April 1860, for the examination of applicants for teachers of Common Schools. N. B. No applicant will be received after 1 o'clock A. M. ROBERT JUSTICE, Clerk. February 21st, 1860.—w2.

Sale of Real Estate by Order of Probate Court.

On Saturday March 24th, A. D. 1860, at 10 o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of the Court House in the town of Millersburg, Holmes County, Ohio, will be sold to the highest bidder, the following real estate as the property of John Melrose, deceased to-wit: The west part of the north-west corner of the Lot No. 7 in the 3rd quarter, Township No. 4, of range 7 of the Connecticut Western Reserve School Lands in Holmes County, Ohio, containing a part of the west side of said lot 46 poles and 20 links south of the north-west corner of said lot, thence south 1/2 degrees west 74 perches and 1 link to a stake, thence north 84 degrees east 106 perches to a post, thence north 1/2 degrees east 106 perches to a post, thence north 84 degrees east 106 perches to the place of beginning, containing 30 acres.

Said real estate is appraised at \$420.

Terms of sale: One third cash in hand, one-third in one year and the balance in two years, with interest from date of sale, the same to be secured by mortgage on the premises. J. M. McWILLIAMS, Administrator of John Melrose, deceased. Feb. 23, 1860.—w2w77438.