

Agricultural Co. Statistics

The following totals taken from the official abstract of agricultural statistics of the various townships of Medina county, from returns made by the several assessors in May, 1914, will doubtless be of interest to many of our readers. The information is of a kind not easily available to the average reader, and yet may be made the basis of some valuable calculation:

Acres of wheat sown for harvest, 1913, 21,262; bushels of wheat produced, 393,638; acres sown for harvest 1914, 23,454.
 Acres of rye sown for harvest 1913, 1329; bushels of rye produced, 21,120; acres sown for harvest 1914, 916.
 Acres of buckwheat sown for harvest 1913, 63; bushels of buckwheat produced, 702.
 Acres of oats sown for harvest 1913, 24,789; bushels of oats produced, 829,283; acres (estimated) sown for 1914, 23,775.
 Acres of spring barley sown 1913, 55; bushels spring barley produced, 1,291; acres of spring barley sown for 1914, 69.
 Acres of corn planted 1913, 23,038; bushels of corn (shelled) 1913, 760,602; acres planted (estimated) 1914, 22,305; acres unhusked corn in field Feb. 1, 1914, 145.
 Acres ensilage corn planted 1913, 2,055; acres planted (estimated) 1914, 1,846.
 Acres broom corn planted 1913, 7; pounds brown brush produced 1913, 6.
 Acres sugar corn planted 1913, 22; tons of sugar corn produced, 1913, 33.
 Acres tomatoes planted 1913, 1; bushels tomatoes produced, 1913 405.
 Acres Irish potatoes planted 1913, 3,364; bushels Irish potatoes produced 1913, 289,444; acres (estimated) for crop of 1914, 3,142.
 Acres of onions planted 1913, 412; bushels of onions produced, 1913, 49,240.
 Acres in grass (other than clover) 1913, 31,094; tons of hay produced 1913, 36,920.
 Acres clover grown 1913, 10,386; tons of hay produced 1913, 13,063; bushels of seed produced 1913, 2,868;

acres plowed under for manure, 107,064; estimated pounds used, 1914, 9,796,600.
 Acres of alfalfa grown in 1913, 83; tons of hay produced, 165.
 Tons of hay (all kinds) stacked in 1913, 708.
 Acres of tobacco planted in 1913, 65; pounds of tobacco produced, 85,670.
 Number of creameries 1913, 3.
 Number of cheese factories 1913, 3.
 Number of milk condenseries 1913, 2.
 Number of silos 1913, 228.
 Acres occupied by peach orchards 1913, 32; bushels produced by peach orchards, 340.
 Acres occupied by pear orchards 1913, 18; bushels produced by pear orchards 955.
 Acres occupied by cherries 1913, 16; bushels produced, 255;
 Acres occupied by plums 1913, 10; bushels produced, 450.
 Acres occupied by other fruits 1913, 39; bushels produced, 1,523.
 Number acres cultivated, 1913, 129,520; number of acres arable, 60,889 number acres in timber, 25,325; number of acres orchard, 3,207; number acres lying waste, 2,430; total number of acres owned, 221,389.
 Number horses owned in February 1914, 193; milch cows owned in February 1914, 10,483; all other cattle owned in February 1914, 4,944; total number cattle owned in February 1914, 15,620.
 Number sheep owned February 1914, 12,758; number killed by dogs 1913, 324; value 1913, 11,207; injured by dogs 1913, 111; estimated damage by injury 1913, 257.
 Number of cider mills 1913, 6.
 Number of dairies (4 or more cows) 1913, 1,289.
 Number of gallons milk sold 1913, 1,350,443.
 Pounds of butter made in home dairies 1913, 449,493.
 Pounds butter made in factories 1913, 566,165.
 Pounds cheese made in home dairies 1913, 1,320.
 Pounds cheese made in factories 1913, 352,744.
 Number of maple trees from which sugar or syrup was made 1914, 183,160; number of pounds of sugar, 10,120; number of gallons of syrup, 27,743.
 Number of bee hives 1913, 513; pounds of honey, 19,140.
 Pounds of fertilizer used 1913, 11,367,542; cost of fertilizer used, \$123,

tion is to make better citizenship, and even if the trained woman does get married or goes into other work, she is better fitted for managing her own household, or doing that which she is called. In other words she is a better citizen for her education."
 Ohio schools also benefit by her special training during the time the trained teacher is employed by them, he declares.

LITCHFIELD

Miss Helen and Hattie Smith visited over Sunday at the home of Miss Maud Lawrence at Mansfield.
 Rev. Williams of Texas will occupy the Congregational pulpit Sunday morning, Aug. 23. Mr. Williams is a son-in-law of Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Starr.

Several of the Litchfieldites are attending the fair at Wellington and North Randall this week.
 Esther and Ellsworth Swanker are spending some time visiting friends in Cleveland.

The second division of the Congregational Ladies' Aid society will give a "Jubilee" supper in the park on Saturday evening, August 22, if the weather is favorable, otherwise it will be held in the town hall. Supper 10 cents.

The new furniture store is being treated to a new coat of paint, which improves the looks of the town.
 Mrs. George Chapin is visiting in Lagrange.

E. B. Rice and family, A. B. Canfield and wife, spent the week-end in Akron.
 Dell Eaken and wife entertained company from Sharon Sunday.

FORTY PER CENT MARRY

The fact that 40 per cent. of the women teachers who drop out of the Ohio schools each year do so to marry is no argument against the special training of teachers by the state in the opinion of President H. B. Williams of the Bowling Green state normal school.

"Every five years the teaching force of the women in northwestern Ohio changes," he declares. "And 40 per cent of the dropping out of the teaching service is due to marriage. But admitting the teaching life of the woman is only five years, I contend that the state has not lost anything. The acknowledged aim of all educa-

CONVENTIONS TO BE HELD NEXT WEEK

The coming state conventions of the Democratic, Republican and Bull Moose parties next week hold the attention of state politicians. These conventions will adopt the platforms on which the state candidates will make their fights for office this fall.

There will be between 300 and 400 delegates to each convention as follows: All state candidates except judicial; candidates for the state legislature; members of state executive and central committees; and chairmen of central and executive committees.

Prolonged debates are eliminated by law. The statute says that platforms must be made public by Thursday night or two days after the convention convenes.

There is much speculation as to what stands the different parties will take on the state-wide prohibition and woman suffrage fights now on in the Ohio.

Democrats are expected to "stand on their record" and dare the opposition to take off any of the laws written on the statute books by the present administration.

—Mr. Lawrence W. Jeffrey of West Salem, who was married on the 15th to Miss Bernice E. Wiley, was recently elected first principal of the Homerville centralized schools for the coming year.

APPLICATION FOR PAROLE

NOTICE is hereby given that W. Schemp a prisoner now confined in the Ohio Penitentiary, has been recommended to the Ohio Board of Administration by the Warden and Chaplain as legally eligible to a hearing for parole. Said application will be set for hearing on and after October 6th, 1914.

H. A. WAITE

Funeral Director
and
Embalmer

North Side Public Square Office Phone 4080

THE

First Arrival of Ohio Coal

A car of Hocking Valley Nut.
The price will be the same as last year, \$4.10 per ton.

Medina Coal Co.

Phone 1171

SAMUEL ADAMS
Candidate for Sheriff on the Republican ticket.

was born in Medina and educated in the public schools. Has lived in Medina county all his life except about four years in Akron in the employ of the C. A. Collins Carriage Co., and the Whitman Barns Manufacturing Company.

A carriage blacksmith by trade. The schooling of practical things that MUST BE to live and keep straight

with the world together with a determination for success in life and be a man among men, to be respected and trusted in any way that business or duty might call, are the qualifications I offer as a subject for your consideration and ask for your support at the November election.
And should I be elected I will promise you the services of a man and officer to the best of my ability for the people.

Respectfully yours,
Samuel Adams.

Watch for The Sentinel Next Week

First Installment of the Thrilling Serial Story

"THE LAST SHOT"

A Remarkable Story of the Present European War, by the Noted War Correspondent Frederick Palmer.

From 1900 to 1905 Mr. Palmer saw service in the Central and South American and the Macedonian insurrections. With the breaking out of war between Japan and Russia he joined the first Japanese army in the field as the representative of the London Times and Collier's Weekly, and was almost the only correspondent who saw active service with the Japanese army. He was in Constantinople during the Turkish revolution of 1909, and was with the Bulgarian army throughout the Balkan war of 1912-13.

In addition to this active career as war correspondent Mr. Palmer has circled the globe with Admiral Dewey, and again with the American battleship fleet in 1907-8. He is familiar with every capital of Europe, and has a personal acquaintance with a very large number of prominent European government officials and military and naval commanders.

Mr. Palmer is now at the front reporting the present war for the papers he represents, and is witnessing the fulfillment of the prophecy contained in his notable story, "The Last Shot."

**BE SURE TO READ THE OPENING CHAPTERS
IN NEXT WEEK'S SENTINEL**