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Of every description, executed on Steam Presses, in the best style, and at reasonable prices.

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ELIHU THOMPSON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
AND
NOTARY PUBLIC,
WILL attend to business entrusted to him with diligence, promptness and care. Office in Gorman's Building, south of Odlin & Cahill's office, in the room occupied by T. O. Lowe. ma22(3mawly)

WILMER H. BELVILLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
DAYTON, OHIO.
OFFICE—No. 84 Main street, nearly opposite the Court House, over the Dry Goods store of John S. Rosecrary. fel7dawsm

ODLIN & CAHILL,
Attorneys & Counselors at Law
German's Building, Third street,
fel8dawtf DAYTON, OHIO.

THOMAS J. S. SMITH. F. P. CUPPY.
SMITH & CUPPY,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
DAYTON, OHIO.
OFFICE—Flesz's Building, Third st. ja8dawsm

JAMES H. BAGGOTT,
(Late Probate Judge,)
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
OFFICE—second story Phillips' Building, corner Second and Main streets, opposite the Franklin House, Dayton, Ohio. ja16dawlm

Dr. WILLIAM EGRY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
OFFICE—Third street, opposite the Public Square, Dayton, Ohio. fe26dtf

JAMES KEENAN,
Attorney and Counselor at Law
BELLEFONTAINE, OHIO,
WILL attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care. de28dly

GEO. W. HOUK. JOHN A. M'MAHON
HOUK & McMAHON,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
OFFICE—NO. 122, THIRD STREET, DAYTON,
Room heretofore occupied by J. A. McMahon, first door east of the M. E. Church near Mainst. au9dly

THOMAS O. LOWE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
DAYTON, OHIO.
WILL give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his care.
Office in German's Building, Third street. au19

DR. CHARLES S. H. ROEDER,
PROFESSOR of Ancient and Modern Languages, viz: Latin, Greek, French, Spanish, German, and English, continues teaching ladies and gentlemen at the residence of his respective scholars, and at his own office, Beckel's Building, No. 19. au19dem

A. C. SULLIVAN,
PAPER HANGER
ROOM IN POSTOFFICE BUILDING, NO. 15, SECOND FLOOR. au19dem

Hardware.

JAMES BRACELIN,
Dealer in
Coopers' Tools, Hardware, &c.
No 314 Third street.
BEING a practical mechanic, I know what kind of Tools mechanics need, and solicited a stock to suit their wants. Call and see me. au8dtf

HARDWARE.
BEST GOODS AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
The undersigned are daily receiving goods purchased at the lowest cash rates, viz:
Mechanic's Tools,
Builder's Hardware,
Cabinet Hardware,
Farming Tools,
TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,
Mill & Cut Circular Saws,
With all other Goods in the Hardware line, which we are prepared to sell as low as any house East or West—Call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
au5dawly ANDERSON & DOBBINS.

Co-partnership.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership under the name and firm of BREENE & NIXON, for the purpose of transacting a Wholesale and Retail Clothing and Merchant Tailoring Business, at the old stand of W. G. Breene, 94 Main street, opposite the Court House, where they would be pleased to see the old friends of the house, and as many new ones as may favor them with a call.
WILLIAM G. BREENE,
ANDREW C. NIXON.
Dayton, February 1, 1864-fe11d2aw1

Linimentum.

WORTHY of the NINETEENTH CENTURY.
DR. E. CONWAY'S
LINIMENTUM
For the speedy and effectual cure of
RHEUMATISM
IN presenting the "Linimentum" to the public as one of the best and most curative medicines of the day, I do not wish to be understood as claiming for it the power of performing unheard of cures, but I do claim that for all the purposes of a FAMILY LINIMENT, it has no equal. The "Linimentum" has
Never been Known to Fail.
In any case of Rheumatism, no matter of how long standing, where the directions were carefully followed, nor, indeed, in the case of any disease for which it is recommended.
In cases of neuralgia, pains in the back, side, and chest, cramps in the stomach, sprains, spinal irritation and weakness, chronic sores, burns, scalds, frosted feet and hands, toothache, headache, &c., it is a little a charm.
The "Linimentum" is the result of many years persevering experiment, and combines among its rare excellencies the paramount virtues of
AN EXTRAORDINARY PENETRATIVE POWER,
Which no other Liniment possesses, and which is the secret of the unparalleled success which meets the "Linimentum" wherever it is used.
TRY IT ONCE, AND YOU WILL NEVER BE WITHOUT IT.
It is put up in 25 cent, 50 cent, and $1 bottles, with full directions for use, and unsolicited only by
DR. E. CONWAY, Proprietor,
No. 329 Third St., Dayton, Ohio
☞For sale by merchants and druggists everywhere.
au14dawly

Medical.

DR. ROBACK'S
STOMACH
BITTERS
ARE NOT
TO BE EXCELLED
AS A
STOMACHIC
AND
Regulator
OF THE
DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

These Bitters are not offered to the public as a medicine which will cure all the "ills which flesh is heir to," but as a remedial agent—a great regulator of the system.

In the Bilious districts of the West and South there has, for a long time, been much needed an article of Stomach Bitters, which, if taken in proper quantities, and at the proper time, are a sure preventive of

Bilious Fever,
Fever and Ague,
Liver Complaint,
Dyspepsia,
Indigestion,
Jaundice,
Kidney Complaints,

and all diseases of a similar nature.

These Bitters are composed of rare and powerful roots and herbs, which make them Highly Tonic.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters are the poor man's friend.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters save the poor man many Doctor's Bills.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters are the rich man's Solace and Comfort.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters invigorate the weak and debilitated.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters drive away melancholy and make Life enjoyable.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters are the Soldier's Friend, by preventing Diarrhea, Dysentery, Rheumatism, etc.

These Bitters are put up in quart bottles, of which the above is a facsimile. The label is finely engraved, and is provided with a safe-guard from counterfeiters. Price $1 per bottle, or six for $5.

C. W. Roback, Proprietor, No. 6 East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, to whom all orders should be addressed.

FOR SALE BY

Wm Wenthaff and W W Stewart, Dayton; George L Beyer, Miamisburg; J Stoe slager, Union; J C Anderson, Centerville; E Myers, New Lebanon; H Jackson, Chambersburg; D E Ramer, Harrisburg; D B Overlase, Johnsville; Arnold & Limbert, South Arlington; Jacob Smyer, West Baltimore; J Rookie & Co, Germantown; J W Murphy, Vandalia; M Nickols, Liberty; D Rees, Farmersville; Hetering & Herr, Salem; J W Fyrmont, Williams & Swaner, West Baltimore; Parker, Bro & Co; Parkersburg; and by Druggists and Merchants generally throughout the United States and Canadas.
au21dly

Skirts.

LOOK OUT FOR THE GIANT SKELETON.

HOOP SKIRT FACTORY
AT 327, SECOND ST., BET. MAIN AND LUDLOW.
We pay particular attention to the quality of our material and use only the best English steel.
We repair all the skirts which we sell, without extra charge.
☞ Our retail department is in charge of competent ladies. Corsets and Special Bustles constantly on hand. A. WALDMAN.
Sold wholesale and retail at No. 327 Second street, Dayton. ja25ly

Insurance.

The Best is the Cheapest.
INSURE WITH THE
ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,
HARTFORD, CONN.
1. FIRE AND INLAND NAVIGATION RISKS accepted, now as heretofore, at fair rates and liberal conditions.
2. BUSINESS CONDUCTED with constant dispatch and security.
3. LOSSES ALWAYS MET with promptness and complete justice.
NET ASSETS JANUARY, 1864,
$3,002,556 89.
4. THE PLAN AND ORGANIZATION of the Ætna, after forty-five years severe trial, has realized the greatest public advantage and success of the various systems of Fire Insurance in the country. It is now better than ever prepared for duty.
5. SIXTEEN THOUSAND LOSS CLAIMS have been settled and paid. SIXTEEN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS!
6. THE CONSUMPTION OF PROPERTY BY FIRE, in the United States, averages over $100,000 daily. Is your property exposed and unprotected?
7. ARE YOU INSURED? If not, why not? The cost is trifling; the duty is manifest; the result may be your escape from ruin—while delay and neglect may involve you in bankruptcy, poverty or embarrassment.
8. PARTICULAR ATTENTION and regard is given to small risks as well as large ones. Able security and superior commercial advantages afforded.
Policies Issued without Delay.
fe26dly JOHN H. STOPPELMAN, Agent.

The FARMERS' & MERCHANTS'
INSURANCE COMPANY
OF
DAYTON, OHIO.
OFFICE—NO. 96 MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE.
CAPITAL STOCK $100,000
FIRE AND MARINE.
This Company offers superior inducements to all persons desiring property insured. Fire and Marine risks are taken on all insurable property upon the most favorable terms.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
Alfred Pruden, Emanuel Shultz, John H. Winters, Aug Kuhns, Jacob B. Olwin, R. D. Harshman, H. H. Weakley, N. B. Darst, Z in Crawford.
REUBEN D. HARSHMAN, President.
H. H. WEAKLEY, Secretary. fe4(3m)

Shirts.

DEMOCRATIC
SHIRT MANUFACTORY
RALPH C. McCRACKEN,
DEALER in fine Linens, both Irish and German, and gentlemen's Furnishing Goods; Hosiery of all kinds.
Fine Linen made to order, by measurement, and a neat fit warranted.
Paper Patterns cut.
NO. 9 WEST FOURTH STREET, OPPOSITE THE STEEPLE WITH GOLD HAND. ja18dm

Transportation.

Sandusky and Buffalo.
Erie Railway Steamboat Co.
WILL run regularly during the season of navigation between the above named ports, the following first-class screw steamers:
OWEGO ..... Captain H. Bryant,
PORTSMOUTH ..... Captain J. W. Travers,
CUSHMAN ..... Captain J. M. Lewis.
Connecting with the Erie Railway at Buffalo for all points in the East.
The attention of shippers is invited to the superior facilities offered by this line. For freight or passage apply to SETH CALDWELL, Agent at Buffalo.
L. W. OSBORN, Agent at Sandusky.
J. M. OSBORN,
☞ Gen'l Freight Ag't, S. D. & C. R. R. Dayton.

Trunks, &c.

NEW TRUNK MANUFACTORY.
G. H. LOWE, Agent.
NO. 273 THIRD STREET, DAYTON, OHIO, ONE DOOR WEST OF LADOW'S MARBLE YARD.
WE would most respectfully inform the citizens of Dayton and the public in general that we have opened a Trunk manufactory, where we will keep on hand all kinds of Trunks, Valises, Carpet and Traveling Bags, all of which we will sell at wholesale or retail as cheap as any house in the city.
Particular attention paid to repairing old Trunks. A share of patronage solicited. fe9tf

Upholstery.

CHARLES RAUCHKE,
GENERAL UPHOLSTERER,
OHIO BLOCK, THIRD STREET (MR. SITTELL'S OLD STAND) DAYTON, OHIO.
ALL kinds of Upholstering, such as Sofas, Chairs, Stools, Matrasses, &c., done to order. Carpets cut and fitted, window curtains hung and all kinds of repairing done at the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.
References—Mayor Gillespie and Barney, Parker & Co. au19

Groceries, &c.

E. O'BRIEN. M. O'BRIEN.
EDWARD O'BRIEN & BROTHER,
WHOLESALE GROCERS
AND IMPORTERS OF
Brandies, Wines, Gins, Cigars, and Irish and Scotch Whisky,
AND DEALERS IN
Domestic Wines and Liquors.
ALSO,
Agents for Sale of Pure Bourbon Whisky.
No. 301 Second street, Dayton, Ohio.
BEG leave most respectfully to acquaint their customers and the community generally, that they have entered into partnership, under the name and style of E. O'BRIEN & BROTHER, for the purpose of carrying on the wholesale grocery, liquor, cigar and tobacco business in Dayton, Ohio, at the late stand of E. O'Brien, No. 301 Second street.
Having ample means to enable us to purchase goods from the best houses in New York, Baltimore and Philadelphia, and having had fifteen years' experience in the trade, we hold out the best inducements to our old customers and all others who may be kind enough to purchase from us.
M. O'BRIEN, late of the firm of O'Brien & Poe, Toledo, Ohio, will devote his time and attention to please all those who may come to buy at this well-known House, and E. O'BRIEN, will treat the community better, if possible, than ever before. Both of us feel very grateful for past favors, and earnestly solicit a share of your future patronage. au18dw m

J. B. GILBERT & CO.,
Wholesale dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
GROCERIES & LIQUORS
NOS. 74 AND 76 SEPPERSON STREET, OPPOSITE MARKET HOUSE. au19dly

Grocery and Provision Store.
ANTHONY WOHL,
No. 15 MARKET STREET,
HAS a good supply of all kinds of the best Family Groceries and Provisions, such as flour; oat meal; corn meal; dried fruits; hams; dried beef; fish; Limburger cheese; Holland herring; tea; coffee; sugar; sleigh; stoves; tobacco; snuff, &c. Also, queensware; yellowware; willow baskets, and, in fact, every article needed by families. au19dlm

NEW GROCERY
AND
PROVISION STORE.
NO. 197 FIFTH STREET, DICKEY'S BLOCK.
STOCK NEW AND FRESH.
COUNTRY produce taken in exchange for Groceries or CASH.
oc31dmawtm* JOHN BIRKEL, Agent.

Millinery.

TO MILLINERS & MERCHANTS.

DEVOU & CO.,
83 & 85 PEARL ST.,
WHOLESALE
Millinery Goods
CLOAKS AND SHAWLS

CINCINNATI, FALL, 1863.
WE are now prepared to offer for your inspection, a large and elegant stock of ladies, misses, and children's straw, fur, plush and felt
HATS AND BONNETS,
RIBBONS, FLOWERS, FEATHERS,
Laces, Head Dresses Beltings &c
Including every description of
MILLINERY GOODS.
Our facilities for manufacturing
Cloaks, Sacques, Mantilas
From all the new fabrics, are such that we can supply them lower than you can get them elsewhere. Our stock of
FALL SHAWLS
Comprises all the novelties in both foreign and domestic.
Our buyer being constantly in New York, we will offer all Goods in our line at lowest market prices for Cash.
"A call, before purchasing elsewhere, will result to your advantage."
Respectfully,
DEVOU & CO.,
se17 83 and 85 Pearl street, Cincinnati.

Hotels.

UNITED STATES HOTEL
BEACH STREET, BOSTON.
(Directly opposite the Boston and Worcester Railroad Depot.)
THE undersigned, who has been connected with the American House, in this city, for over nine years, has leased this well-known and popular Hotel for a term of years, and pledges himself to his friends and the public to use his utmost efforts to sustain the reputation of the UNITED STATES HOTEL, as a first-class house. The public may rely upon finding, at this house, all the appliances and comforts of a first-class hotel.
Price, as heretofore, Two Dollars per day.
se28dlm FRANK M. PRATT.

Clothing.

NEW GOODS.
HENRY MILLER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
HUSTON BUILDING, COR THIRD & JEFFERSON,
HAS just received his stock of Spring and Summer Goods, comprising all the new styles of
Cloths, Cassimeres & Vestings,
Which he will make up to order in the best style. Call and give me a trial.
ma16dlm HENRY MILLER.

Lost.

LOST—All persons are hereby cautioned against negotiating for a note drawn by me, dated February 4, 1864, for four hundred and twenty-two dollars and ten cents ($422 10), thirty days, and payable at First National Bank, Cincinnati, to the order of C. W. Rowland. Said note has been lost, and all persons are cautioned not to purchase or receive the same.
JOHN A. MINICK.
Mr. JOHN A. MINICK: The note alluded to above never reached me by mail or otherwise, and is no longer valid as against you on my account.
C. W. ROWLAND.
Cincinnati, February 16, 1864-fe11dtf

Leather Store.

NEW LEATHER STORE.
ADAM WEINGARTNER,
216 Third street,
KEEPS constantly on hand all kinds of Leather, such as sole; upper; kip; calf-skin, and morocco. Also, harness and bridle leather; shoe skirting; shoe findings, &c.
☞ The highest price in cash paid for Hides and Leather in the rough. se19dlm

Daily Empire.

George Thompson.

Thirty years ago there came to the United States, from England, a man whose mission it was to consult with the Abolitionists of New England, then a petty handful of soured, discontented and fanatical men. His visit was a brief one. Everywhere that he disclosed the purposes and projects of his miserable faith, the people rose in indignation against him; mobs sprang up warningly in his path; the popular disapprobation manifested itself in towns and cities alike, and the emissary of trouble and hate, after sowing the seeds of sectionalism broadcast, destined to grow into a crop whose product was civil strife and national ruin, returned again to his own country. The character of the man and the wickedness of his social and political belief is well conveyed in a letter written by him in 1834, to a fanatic in Tennessee, John A. Murrill by name, and found among Murrill's papers. He was advising a general concert of action among the slaves, who were to rise at a given moment, and, to use his own words, "let loose the arm of destruction upon their masters, and their property, so that the judgment of God might be visibly seen and felt." He lays down another plan in this letter, coolly, calmly, deliberately, fiendishly, and we quote it for the purpose of showing our readers how completely the proposed work has been carried out. The letter bears date March 18th, 1834. He says:

"We must reach the tyrant in another way. We can prepare the feelings of most of the Northern and Eastern people by lecturing. The dissolution of the Union is the object to be kept steadily in view. War will result, and sacking, and pillage, and insurrection will follow. Their cities, with all the merchandise, may be destroyed, their banks plundered of specie, their paper discredited, so that thousands of Eastern capitalists would suffer great loss, and would henceforth consider a slave country an unsafe place to make investments. This state of affairs would naturally diminish the value of slave property, and disgust even the tyrant with the policy of slavery, while the whole country would be in a state of anarchy and poverty. Their banking institutions and credit sunk into disrepute, it would be an easy matter to effect the total abolition of slavery. Desperate diseases require desperate remedies."

This was the plan concocted, and most fully has it been carried out. Lecturing, agitation, undermining, persistently working in season and out of season, with one object in view, aided by British counsel and British gold have all been thoroughly tried, and we to-day look upon a divided country, a ruined people, and such scenes of horror and blood-shed as the world has never known. The little poison has infected the body politic, the weak band of zealots has grown to the ruling power of the land, administering the government, overbearing all opposition, imprisoning, punishing, robbing whoever presumes to doubt their right to beggar the country in the name of a false philanthropy.

At the end of thirty years, while is heard on a score of battle-fields the shock of contending armies of brethren, who but four years ago, from Maine to Florida, and from the Atlantic to the Pacific coasts, acknowledged the same flag, and "one Constitution and one destiny"—while the land is desolate, and the people mourn, George Thompson comes among us once more to feast his eyes on the accomplished work, the result of such teachings as his and those of his compeers. How is he received? As a murderer, with loathing and contempt? As a criminal, so vile that honest men avoid him? As a monster steeped in blood, crimsoned with the life-current of thousands of freemen? No—but with honors innumerable, with processions, with music, with speeches of welcome and addresses filled with adulation, with ovations in cities, and a succession of feastings and rejoicings. Boston is enthusiastic over him; New York extends a genial and hearty greeting, Congress votes the use of the Hall of the House of Representatives, at Washington, and President and Cabinet, Senators and Representatives, Generals and Judges, go to hear and applaud him. The Vice-President introduced him to the assemblage, and when Mr Thompson exclaimed—"Thank God, the hour for compromise is past," enthusiastic applause broke from President and people alike. The name of John Brown elicited outbursts of unqualified approbation. Here is a paragraph from his speech which every American should read with the blush of shame mantling his cheeks:

"George Washington, nearly eighty-three years since, gave the American nation the boon of independence. In one day Abraham Lincoln has conferred a more estimable blessing, by proclaiming the Federal nation the home of impartial and universal freedom."

George Washington, the founder of American liberty, must, according to this authority, take a lower place in the estimation of his countrymen, when the claims of Abraham Lincoln are considered. Washington, by sacrifices, hardships, self-denial, years of patient endurance, was the chief instrument in the hands of an overruling Providence for the establishment of a free government for white men. It seems almost blasphemous to mention the name of Abraham Lincoln in the same paragraph with that of Washington. The one the "Father of his country"—the other the destroyer of a great people's liberties, the foe of constitutional government, and the enemy of civil liberty. Yet this English fanatic says that he (Lincoln) "has conferred a more estimable blessing" on us.

The times have indeed sadly changed when such a man as George Thompson is welcomed with hosannahs; coming among us, too, as he does, to glory over the desolate and devastated condition of our country; havoc spreading over the whole land; war substituted for the hum of industry, and the arts of peace; brother meeting brother with arms in his hands and murder in his soul; the foundations of government rooted up, and a new order of things springing from the ruins of the best government ever established for civilized man—an administration ignoring twenty millions of white men, and lending its powers and energies to build up a miscegenetic nation of "mixed bloods." Yet these fanatics would have us believe that we have improved on the work of our fathers, and that a greater than Washington fills the executive chair, in the person of the "smutty joker" from Illinois.—*Bridgeport (Con) Farmer.*

The Red River Expedition.

The Battles in Western Louisiana—A Complete Federal Defeat—Smith Succeeded Only in Saving Banks' Army from Annihilation—Indignation Against General Banks—List of Wounded and Missing Officers.

CAIRO, April 22.—A special dispatch to the Chicago *Times* says the Gladiator, Henry Ames, Albert Pearce, and Sultana have arrived from New Orleans, with dates of the 13th, 14th, 15th, and 16th.

Several correspondents of New York papers, who were on the battle-field at Pleasant Hill, report the whole affair a complete defeat, and that Gen. Smith only succeeded in saving Banks' army from total destruction. Wounded officers and men arrived in New Orleans, and brought up on these boats to Vicksburg, report the same thing. Gen. Ransom was in New Orleans on the 16th. Great indignation was manifested by general officers against Banks.

Among the wounded and missing are Col. Vance, 96th Ohio; Lieut. Miller, 6th Missouri Cavalry; Lieuts Graham and Mender, 87th Illinois; Capt. McCullough, 11th Illinois,—Lieuts. McCullough and Wyman, 11th Illinois; Capt. Morse, 16th Indiana; Lieut. Jones, 16th Illinois; Major Reed, 113th Illinois; Lieut. Col. Lindsay, 48th Ohio; Sergts. Simpson and Bridwell, and privates Cramer, Smith, Burnhard, Collins, Carey, Francis, Eaton, and Chambers, of the 87th Illinois; Lieut. Col. Webb, 77th Illinois, was killed; Capt. Breese, 6th Missouri cavalry, was wounded; Captain Chapman, of Gen. Franklin's staff, had both legs shot off.

The Ohio Belle arrived at New Orleans on the 16th with 300 wounded and 57 prisoners of war.

Ohio State Asylum for Idiots.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, April 16, 1864.

By act of the General Assembly of Ohio, passed March—, 1864, the sum of twenty five thousand dollars was appropriated for the purpose of purchasing a site and erecting buildings for the use of this Institution; and by the same act the Trustees were authorized to "receive by gift a tract of land suitable for a site for said Asylum, and in such locality in the State, considering healthfulness of situation, facility of access, prices of living, and cost of land and building materials, as such Trustees shall find most desirable and best suited for the purposes of said Institution."

Said Trustees are, also, by the act organizing the Institution, passed April 17, 1857, and by joint resolution agreed to on the 11th day of May, 1861, authorized to receive and hold land, money, or building materials for the benefit of said Institution.

The Trustees invite attention to the foregoing action of the General Assembly, and would be happy to receive any propositions which benevolent individuals or corporate authorities may feel disposed to make for donations therein specified, or for sale of land for a site suitable for said Institution.

Propositions for donations or sale of land for a site to be directed to the Trustees, care of G. A. Doren, M. D., Sup't. of the Ohio Asylum for Idiots, Columbus, Ohio, and made previous to the 20th day of May next.

N. S. TOWNSHEND,
P. HITCHCOCK,
J. A. LUTZ,
Trustees Ohio Asylum for Idiots.

Paying Dear for the Whistle.

The war between the North and the South has now been waged for three years. We have called into the service 1,775,000 soldiers. We have now in the field say 500,000 men. There have been discharged on account of wounds, disability and sickness, together with the desertions, say 375,000. This leaves 900,000 men now dead and buried. This is a liberal calculation in our favor, for if we could reach the exact loss in our army the totality of deaths would not fall short of a million of lives. We have stolen and freed, from the rebels, from 75,000 to 100,000 negroes, admit it to be 100,000. This war from the beginning, has been a war for the liberation of Southern slaves from their owners, in the intent of the instigators, though it has only been publicly avowed for the last two years. To say nothing of the injury, loss, and cruelty to nineteen-twentieths of the poor slaves, to say nothing of the destruction, loss of property, demorilization of our population, the untold miseries of the wounded and broken down constitutions of the discharged soldiers, to say nothing of all this loss to the body politic, it has caused the United States in debt, entailed upon future generations, already $3,000,000,000. To sum up the gross amount, we have, in order to liberate 100,000 slaves, and make them worse off than they were when with their masters, created a debt of $3,000,000,000 and sacrificed the lives of 900,000 of our fellow citizens! Is not this, in the language of the immortal Ben. Franklin, "Paying Dear for the Whistle?"—*N. Y. News.*

The New York *Times*, speaking of the case of Mr Long, says:

"The resolution of censure, as passed by a scant majority, was but a mere expedient to save appearances, while backing out of a disgraceful position."

What a pity that the republican party cannot elect any body to any position, without his getting the country or the party into a "disgraceful position" from which there is no exit, save by an equally disgraceful "backing out." Will it make its climax by a similar method of closing the war? We shall see.

☞ As Conway, of Kansas, a radical, made a speech a year ago in favor of recognizing the independence of the Southern Confederacy, he should have been turned out of Congress "before Long."