

Republican Housecleaning.

The republican ticket has met a crushing defeat in this district, but the Grand Old Party still retains its principals untarnished. It has simply purged itself of the men who for the past several months have been using the name of the party to protect their own personal interests.

Bird S. McGuire carried this district two years ago, by 182 majority, yet the democratic nominee has carried it by 241 majority, a change of over 500 votes.

The district contained over 200 republican majority and under proper management a republican should have been elected without trouble. That the republican nominee has met such a crushing defeat can be attributed entirely to the fact that hundreds of republican voters have refused to stand for the methods employed in the campaign and have repudiated the men who were responsible for them.

Hundreds of republicans refused to go to the polls. Many others went to the polls and openly declared that they were going to vote for the democratic nominee. McGuire carried twelve of the fifteen precincts two years ago, yet the republican nominee carried but three this year. Precincts containing heavy republican majorities were carried by the democratic nominee by majorities as high as three to one. McGuire carried Esther precinct 17 to 5. This year Tracy carried it 29 to 9. McGuire carried Logan precinct 71 to 41, this year Tracy carried it 62 to 22, a demonstration that republicans refused to go to the polls; and so it was in every precinct.

That the nominee has received such a crushing defeat can be attributed entirely to the fact that hundreds of republicans refused to stand for the methods employed in the campaign. Republicans who had fought the battles of the party for years were ruthlessly set aside and told they were back numbers. John S. Fischer assumed control of the party. Deceit was set aside; the banner of republicanism was dragged down and the black flag of mud slinging, lies and scandal hoisted as the party banner.

It is true that both parties engaged in mud slinging. Charges and countercharges were made indiscriminately. Honest voters of both parties were disgusted with the slush appearing in the Beaver Journal and Beaver Democrat, but the decision of the voters by a majority so overwhelming as to leave no doubt of the decision, have placed the responsibility for this disgraceful campaign, at the feet of J. S. Fischer and F. S. Macy. They have repudiated them, and in doing so have repudiated J. W. Savage because he could have called off these men if he did not approve their methods.

The republican party has not gone down to defeat in this campaign. It has engaged in housecleaning, and declared for party principal instead of Fischerism. Prominent republicans have declared since the election, that they will never vote another republican ticket as long as Fischer stands as the representative of republicanism in this county.

J. S. Fischer has been a party wrecker instead of a party builder, from the first day he landed in the county. Political trickery and treachery to his party workers has been his slogan from the beginning, and this election has been the first opportunity the masses of the party have had to repudiate him. The central committee should heed the handwriting on the wall. They should request Mr. Fischer to step down and out, then select a successor who stands for republicanism in all its purity, and when the spring elections roll around, the party will stand stronger and purer for the purging which has been administered in this election.

The New Cabinet Chosen.

The following statement regarding prospective changes in President Roosevelt's cabinet was made public at the White house. On the retirement of Secretary Shaw and Attorney General Moody from the cabinet, the following arrangement will be made:

- Secretary of the Territory—George von L. Cortelyou.
- Postmaster General—George L. Meyer.
- Attorney General—Charles J. Bonaparte.
- Secretary of the Navy—Victor Metcalf.
- Secretary of Commerce and Labor—Oscar S. Straus.
- The present cabinet is as follows:
- Secretary of State—Elihu Root of New York.
- Secretary of the Treasury—Leslie M. Shaw of Iowa.
- Secretary of War—William H. Taft of Ohio.
- Secretary of the Navy—Charles S. Bonaparte of Maryland.
- Secretary of the Interior—Ethan A. Hitchcock of Missouri.
- Secretary of Agriculture—James Wilson of Iowa.
- Secretary of Commerce and Labor—Victor H. Metcalf of Illinois.
- Attorney General—William B. Moody of Massachusetts.
- Postmaster General—George B. Cortelyou of New York.

A well known Beaver woman appeared at church in a new hat Sunday. One of the men who was there went home and told his wife about the new hat. "How was it made?" asked the woman. "Well, I'll tell you," said the man. "It had some gossaws on this side, and some wheelbacks on that side, a whirrigig in the back and a scoop shovel in front."

There is a good deal of speculation in Washington as to Secretary Taft's real reason for refusing a place on the Supreme Bench. He could hardly be a consistent candidate for the presidential nomination against Mr. Roosevelt, yet that he has some definite purpose in mind by the refusal of said place is well known.

Now come the users of denatured alcohol and say that after having fought hard and long to have the tax on alcohol removed to make it available as a substitute for the products of the Standard Oil Co., they find that a trust has purchased all the alcohol interests in the country. It looks like leap from the frying pan into the fire.

Mr. Roosevelt made a record for breaking and making precedents when he goes out of the Canal Zone a mile and a half to attend the reception planned for him by President Amador of Panama, he will be the first president of the United States to set foot on foreign soil during his term of office.

The formation of the "People's Lobby" recently at Washington by a number of political reformers of the various parties, with the avowed purpose of keeping tab on the stand taken by congressmen on various issues, and making public the same, has caused some particular congressman to sit up and take notice.

The reports that a German firm sent a pair of storks to President Roosevelt as a token of its endorsement of his well-known views on the subject of race suicide, has been taken seriously by many, and a number of visitors who have called at the White House to see the birds have been disappointed.

Secretary Metcalf of the Department of Commerce and Labor predicts that the total immigration to the United States this year will be 1,400,000 people 77 per cent, of whom will enter the country by way of New York.

Edward Everett Hale, the chaplain of the Senate, evidently doesn't take much stock in Dr. Osler's theories on the dire effects of old age. Although in his eighty-fifth year, he finds time to conduct a department in a magazine, write a book occasionally, lecture now and then, attend the meetings of the various societies of which he is an active officer, and preaches on Sunday between times.

The administration should be deeply concerned at the Anti-American feeling prevalent in Japan at the present time. If this feeling should grow to any extent it would work untold harm to commercial power and prestige that the United States has built up in Japan.

Speaker Cannon was reported recently to have been threatened with arrest for searching in an automobile; Secretary Bonaparte was party to a suit involving something like \$19 at Baltimore last week and Mr. Leob still has that damage suit hanging over his head. All of which shows that even prominent men are subject to their own small troubles.

Property owning women have become such an important constituency in New York that the Night and Day Bank of Fifth avenue is to add to its business a distinctly woman's bank separate in every detail, other than it will be under the present management and directorship. The directors decided on such an annex recently in view of experiences with feminine financiers. And yet these business women of New York, who represent a large tax paying element, and who are interested in the administration of government, both financially and personally, are denied the right of suffrage, which is essential to the protection of their rights as citizens.—Oakland, (California) Enquirer.

"Yes, the Hooker fair was a success," was the answer given to a question regarding the Beaver county fair held at Hooker, Oklahoma, a few days last week. Continuing, our informant related: "You would be surprised at the display of farm products, and the finest lot of fruit ever grown in the west was there. And spuds! heavens to Betsy, they were simply top-notchers. The famous Colorado spud would show up as a pease to a pumpkin in comparison as to size. Had fine stock too. And high grade poultry. Saturday was perhaps the big day. The bad weather the first two days delayed the arrival of the people, but on Saturday there were at least 1500 people on the grounds. The races were interesting and created quite an active interest among the fellows who wanted to bet a little on the side. The show advertised did not appear owing to the disagreeable weather, but all the other attractions were there and it's the general impression the fair management delivered the goods."—Liberal News.

Got a Kick Coming.

The campaign just closed with the election last Tuesday has been one of the dirtiest affairs ever conducted in Beaver county and there was no good reason why it should have been so. There were issues and vital ones that should have dominated the campaign but instead of that it seemed to be the desire of the leaders to indulge in a lot of rotten campaign thunder which did no one no good and only cast reflection upon and greedy everlasting indignation against the propagators, by the fair-minded voters, both republican and democrats.

For no other reason than to vent his personal spleen against the editor of the HERALD because we happened to be securing a little of the republican patronage to which J. S. Fischer, editor of the Journal, in accordance to his usual greedy appetite for everything in sight, thought we were not entitled, this mud-slinging fight was opened up in the hope that he, Fischer, might bespatter the editor of the HERALD over the shoulder of the democratic nominee. From a perusal of his paper during the campaign it was hard to tell which Fischer was fighting the harder—the democratic nominee or the HERALD—a republican newspaper and one which was supporting the republican nominee, not by slinging mud and telling deliberate falsehoods but by defining the issues of the republican party and asking the voters to elect the republican nominee because he was nominated on a platform that meant something to Oklahoma. What was Fischer's purpose? Is it not easy enough for anyone to see that he was not so much interested in defeating the democratic nominee as he was in defeating the BEAVER HERALD?

But Fischer was not alone in his dirty work. Others deserve just as much condemnation as he and one of those is no more or less than F. S. Macy. To say nothing of many more that we might mention and who should be ignored by the republican party in the future. Who put Fischer and Macy where they are? Will some one please tell us? They pushed themselves in and posed as the leaders of the party and although they were called to time times without number yet they would not desist and insisted upon running matters according to their own idea. As a result we have defeat where we might have had victory.

This election is passed but it is not too late to correct the mistakes that have been made. The republican party went down to defeat in this district because those men just mentioned were not forced to step down and out. Will the party go on and tolerate such traitors or will they be forever denounced? The rank and file of the party are tired of such business and they are not timid about saying as much.

The completion of the English battleship "Dreadnaught" has stirred up the advocates of a large navy for the United States to the highest pitch. A concentrated effort is to be made at the next Congress to have a bill passed providing for one or more battleships even more formidable than the "Dreadnaught."

Are You Genuine?

Do you live a pasteboard life? asks Bent Murdock. Are you inebriated in an outer covering of sham, or shoddy, so that when the hose is turned upon you, a character entirely different from what you appear to be, is exposed? Do you go through the world in a veneer of papier mache, trying to deceive people in the belief that you are the real thing? If you will recall that you can't live a make-believe life and be happy, you will turn to the safe and sane life. Don't attempt the pasteboard life. There is nothing in it, for the world will at most inopportune times turn the hose on you and expose it all.—K. C. Journal.

We Can Help.

The government wants every letter writer to put his or her name, as the case may be, in the upper left hand corner of every letter mailed. This will insure the epistle being returned without going to the dead letter office. It takes very little time and often saves considerable trouble and uneasiness.—Banner Stockman.

And if the careless letter writer had to "sub" in a post office for several months they would find that stamps are often omitted and some times even the city and state are no where to be found on the envelope. The postmaster gets many a jacking up because of people's mistakes in addressing letters, packages, registers and money orders. Be careful to have your communication correctly addressed, with your name and address on the corner of the envelopes and let Uncle Sam do the rest. And for the love of Moses do not refuse to take your papers out of the office when you are owing the editor for back subscriptions.—Higgins News.

And let us add, if you cannot spare the time to write your name and address in the upper left hand corner of your envelope, to insure its safe return just leave your order with the HERALD and we'll get out a job for you that you will be proud of. We are prepared to do any kind of printing. No job too small or large for our careful attention.

Thanksgiving Day Proclamation.

"The time of the year has come when, in accordance with the wise custom of our forefathers, it becomes my duty to set aside a special day for thanksgiving and praise to the Almighty because of the blessings we have received, and of prayer that these blessings may be continued. Yet another year of widespread well-being has passed. Never before in our history of any other nation has a people enjoyed more abounding material prosperity than is ours; a prosperity so great that it should arouse in us no spirit of reckless pride, and least of all a spirit of heedless disregard of our responsibilities; but rather a sober sense of our blessings, and a resolute feature under providence, not to forfeit them by any action of our own.

Material well being, indispensable though it is, can never be anything but the foundation of the national greatness and happiness. If we build nothing upon this foundation, then our national life will be as meaningless and empty as a house where only the material well being must be built a superstructure of individual and national life lived in accordance with the laws of the highest morality, or else our prosperity itself will in the long run turn out a curse instead of a blessing. We should be both reverently thankful for what we have received, and earnestly bent upon turning it into a means of grace and not of destruction.

Accordingly, I hereby set apart Thursday, the Twentieth day of November next, as the day of Thanksgiving and supplication, on which the people shall meet in their homes or their churches, and devoutly acknowledge all that has been given and to pray that they may in addition receive the power of their gifts aright.

In witness thereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this Twenty-second day of October, in the year of our Lord, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Six, and of the Independence of the United States, the One Hundred and Thirty-first.

(Signed) THEODORE ROOSEVELT, ELIHU ROOT, By the President, Secretary of State.

The statement that there is political apathy up in New York State may be true as regards the voters, but with the candidates calling each other all kinds of names we conclude that the apathy doesn't extend to them.

FLORIS.

Well here we are, after so long a time. Quite cool and some windy these days.

Everybody is busy gathering corn and maize, sowing wheat, threshing grain and broom corn.

Hurray for Beaver county! She is coming along.

Miss Jennie McGowan has a new house built on her claim north of Floris and is living in same.

W. O. Still and family arrived at Floris last week and will take possession of his claim in Seward county, Kansas, soon. W. O. is assisting his brother, J. L. to gather corn and maize.

John Woodey and family moved on Geo. Woodey's claim while George is gone.

The Democrat meeting at Floris was well attended. The Hall was full and good speaking and a fine time was reported.

Floris school commenced Monday with Mrs. Lulu Johnson as teacher.

George Woodey and wife left a few days ago for Washita county to take care of their cotton crop near Weatherford.

Mrs. Amey Price called on Mrs. Mary Still last Wednesday.

S. Calhoun has his new house completed and the neighbors are all wondering when the house keeper will arrive.

Mrs. John Woodey visited with Mrs. Alice Gadberrie Saturday.

W. Still went to Liberal Monday after his household goods.

CONTEST NOTICE.
Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Woodward, Okla., October 31, 1906.
A sufficient contest affidavit, having been filed in this office by Neill G. Swallow of Madison, Okla., against H. E. No. 5482, and N. F. No. 12, 1906, for SW 1/4, NW 1/4, and W 1/2, SW 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 24, T. 3 N. R. 27, E. by Moses Lederman of Custer, Okla., contest, in which it is alleged that said Moses Lederman has wholly abandoned said tract for a period of more than six months since making said entry and next prior to November 12, 1906, in having failed to establish residence upon tract or in any manner improve same within the statutory period of six months, as required by law; that he never did at any time establish residence upon or improve said tract either since or before November 12, 1906, the date of the expiration of five years life time of said entry; that said tract is not settled upon and cultivated by said party as required by law, said defaults having not been cured.
That said alleged absence from said land was not due to his employment in the Army, Navy or Marine corps of the United States in any capacity in time of war, and this said contestant is ready to prove at such time and place as may be named by the Register and Receiver for a hearing in said case. Said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations at 10 o'clock a. m. on Dec. 12, 1906, before the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Woodward, Okla.
The said contestant, having in a proper affidavit filed Oct. 31, 1906, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice cannot be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.
E. S. WOODRICK, Receiver.

Land Office to be Moved.

The proposition to remove the United States Land Office from its present quarters to a new building, which is to be erected as an addition to the First National Bank building is coming to a head. The bank is now advertising for bids in Guthrie, Wichita and Oklahoma City, and is ready to receive propositions from local builders also. L.

L. Stine who made the government a proposition for the removal of the office to the future location when in Washington some time ago has been advised through the local land office officials that his proposition has been accepted by the government, and upon the completion of the building a formal lease will be entered into to put the agreement into effect.

Mr. Stine learned, while in the east, that a movement at Alva which had for its object the removal of the local land office to that place had been instituted and had gained considerable headway. He also learned that the government was contemplating the removal of the Woodward land office to Beaver county, should the Alva proposition be rejected and should Beaver county offer better quarters than those now occupied by the office. His offer to the government, which provides for a merely nominal rental for the new building, was made for the purpose of keeping the office in Woodward and its acceptance means that the office will remain here for a considerable period of years and probably permanently.

It is expected that the erection of the building will require from sixty to ninety days after the contract is awarded. The addition will give the land office a room on the ground floor, 72x22 1/2 feet in the clear with good vault. Offices on the second floor will be rented.—Woodward Dispatch.

The bulk of the land office work for this district comes from Beaver county and it would only be just to our thousands of people, who will have business before the land office that it be located a little nearer them. There is no doubt but that if the proper showing were made the land office could be secured. It is up to the people to demand it. For the interest of our farmer friends who will want to make final proof on their land within the next three or four years, we would like to see this matter pushed.

MUNSELL & LUNG,
Physicians and Surgeons.
Piles cured. Glasses fitted with accuracy.
Beaver, Okla.

BEAVER CITY HOTEL.

J. W. Thompson, Prop.

Our house is one of the best in town and first class in every respect. The best supplied with the BEST and rates reasonable. Roomy, courteous, extended.

BLACKSMITHING AND WOODWORK.

Best Workmanship.

Wagons and Carriages Built to Order.

We Guarantee all work to be first-class and to give satisfaction.

WHITE & ENGLISH.

C. W. HOSKINS

Watch-maker and Jeweler

I have a fine line of watches, clocks and jewelry. All kinds and sizes of ladies and gents watches.

Elgin, Waltham or Hampden 18 size 17 jewel silverine case \$14.50

18 size 7 jewel silverine case \$7.00

18 size 7 jewel 20 year filled case \$13.50

Ladies Watches \$13.50 to \$45.00

The Parker Clock, the best \$1.50

Fine and complicated watch work a specialty. At Gem Pharmacy.

Beaver Oklahoma

First Door North

First National Bank

of Liberal, Kansas, J. E. George will pay

highest market price for YOUR WHEAT.

DON'T FORGET

I will sell you groceries at a price that is right, and goods that

are good. A fine line of everything good to eat, a

large consignment of fruits and vegetables

each day.

Sole distributor of that famous brand of

flour, ENN'S BEST

The Good Old Farm.

If you own a farm hold it in your possession as long as you live.

If you have a mortgage on it do not yield to temporary discouragements and sell out; pay off the mortgage and be free. This you can do; any tract of productive agricultural land will pay for itself more than once in a decade of good times.

A farm that has grown old in one family becomes a realm of sacred, happy memories; it nourishes the spirit of the past, inspires with wholesome purpose and makes a subtle plea for kindly, loving care.

Think of the farm as a living thing as sensitive to abuse, as appreciative of zealous management, as the benefactors of your ancestors, yourself and your posterity.

There is good in everything, but the farm is the habitat of earth's most coveted bounties, for from it comes all that is essential to mankind.

Sentimental love for the old farm, whereon your boyhood days were spent, is praiseworthy; cherish it, keep it ever alive. That which we love is capable of giving us the greatest pleasure and satisfaction.

Blessed is that man who at the end of his earthly journey in calm, happy resignation can say, "On this old farm I was born; on this kind, generous old homestead I shall close my eyes in eternal sleep."

Although this is the greedy age of cold commerce, there lurks within every healthy man a leavening force which for want of a better name we call sentiment. He who is without sentiment is deficient in all other noble attributes. Life is empty, devoid of a world-power, if it be without sentiment. A man with sentiment will love the old farm and hold fast to it, for it is good.—"Farm and Stock," St. Joseph, Mo.

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