Daily Capital Journal.

BY HOFER BROTHERS.

SATURDAY, OCT. 24, 1896.

PRESIDENTIAL TICKET.

For Independent American Bimetallism and People's Government.

For President,
WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN,
of Nebraska.
For Vice-President,
THOMAS WATSON,
of Georgia.

OREGON UNION PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS,
N. L. BUTLER, Polk County, Democratic.
W. H. SPAUGH, Lane County, Peoples.
HARRY WATKINS, Yamhill Co., Peoples.
E. HOFER, Marion Co., Silver Republican.

OUT IN THE CAMPAIGN.

Observations of a "Journal" Writer Who is On the Field of Battle.

CLACKAMAS COUNTY, Oct. 22.—Multnomah, Marion and Clackamas are the battlefield where Republicans have won their victories in the past, and as they still claim the vote of every intelligent man and good citizen for McKinley they still claim Oregon and these counties as they are full of intelligent citizens who are good people

But there are three facts that convince me McKinley will not carry Oregon or any of the three counties mentioned.

1. Wherever you find a group of five or ten or fifteen men assembled in a country store or on a street corner there will not be over one or two McKinley gold standard men among them.

2. Nearly every stranger you hail in traveling through the country is a Bryan man. The opposite used to be true in presidential campaigns in the past.

3. The people are talking politics as never before. Nowhere do two or three gather together but the money question is up for discussion. Men who ten years ago would have stared at you, if you had asked them what coinage ratios, gold appreciation, purchasing power of products, etc., are now discussing these matters freely. Whenever the masses of the people begin to call a government policy in question they will not stop until they have changed it.

AT MACKSBURG

are a store and a postoffice and German Evangelical church. Mrs. Riggs is the postmistress. The meeting was in the hall over Geo. Scramlin's store, where we were greeted by a fair audience of fifty or sixty from 2 to 4 p. m. It is a busy time. Farmers are plowing and seeding, digging potatoes and getting ready for winter. This precinct will go three to one for Bryan.

We had a Bryan campaign dinner at the home of Adam Lamons. He is well posted on politics, cultivates a great deal of clover, cuts it twice a year one year, once next year, pastures it and then plows it under for wheat. There is no finer land in Oregon than these level timber lands once cleared—they seem inexhaustible.

A horseback ride to the home of A. Gribble, (Needy), and Lane Gribble, son of Folk Gribble, brought us to a hospitable supper table with a good appetite. Mr. Gribble is a Democrat, who if his party had put up a gold standard candidate, would have voted some other party and there are millions of Democrats in the same fix.

Mr. Potter and family, of near Zena, Polk county, were on their way home from the Sandy, and asked to stop over night with their three little ones and were accommodated by Mrs. Gribble in a very generous manner.

AT NEEDY.

A horseback ride of an hour in the clear moonlight brought us to Needy, on the line of Marion county. The father of Judge J. C. Moreland, an old Methodist preacher, named the place, and as its name then expressed its condition so far as mail facilities were concerned, its name is Needy now so far as the truth about money matters is concerned. T. T. Geer had been there and told all the complimentary things he could remember about his Populist neighbors. His main philosophy continues to be abuse and ridicule of the Populists, Democrats and silver Republicans, and he will never be happy in this world, so long as one of those is alive and at large. One of his adherents proposed as a remedy that voters be required to take out a license with the condition that it be revoked if they don't vote for a high tariff.

SOME QUESTIONS.

John Wanfman, a young German farmer, from near Hubbard, asked how we could keep gold in circulation, if it went to a premium, when prior to 1873, the silver dollar had gone out of circulation when it had been at a slight premium of 2 or 3 cents?

The answer was that under free coinage and full monetary privileges for both metals gold and silver bullion in the London market from 1800 to 1873, had not varied in value more than one or two per cent at the ratio of 15½ to 1, but after demonetization in 1873, the two metals parted company and up to 1895, gold had appreciated in purchasing power 110 per cent in the London market. A restoration of the law and monetary conditions of 1873, would restore the values that prevailed then. While free coinage might not keep both bullion metals exactly at a parity, free coinage would prevent dumping our demonetized silver bullion on the markets of the world to buy cheap farm products with to keep down our prices.

Geo. Atkins, of Needy, asked how the ratio of silver could be maintained by law, when the ratio of production had varied so greatly. It was shown that the ratio of production had borne no relation to the ratio of coinage, or ratio of value. It was shown that the ratio of silver production to gold had varied from 50 to 1 down to 46 to 1 in the years 1850 to 1855, and for 250 years, the coinage ratio had been 14 to 1, 15 to 1, and 16 to 1. The monetary value bore no relation to the supply and demand. It was fixed by law in the past and would be in the future.

Wm Thompson, of Needy, asked the speaker to state how much coined silver we had prior to 1873 and how much since. It was shown that before 1873 $8,000,000 silver dollars were coined, $135,000,000 fractional silver, and besides the law and custom-made Spanish, Mexican, French and Portugese coins legal tender, and that in all we had between two or three hundred millions of silver full legal tender primary money. The amount of silver coined or issued since then is three or four hundred million, but under the gold standard it is not primary money.

SOMETHING ABOUT NEEDYITES.

Needy will soon have a new town hall, built by Mr. Haufman, the blacksmith, that will hold 400 to 500 people. This precinct has a large bee keeper in the person of Dan Kaufman, who has 150 stands of bees in the Cascade mountains, and seventy stands here at home. This precinct has been the Republican stronghold of this county, but the silver men here are hard workers and have strong accessions from the Republican ranks and will hold the goldbugs down nearly level. Fair weather or foul on election day, the vote will be out.

Walter Noblet, Needy, Ed. Kinney, and F. M. Matthews, of Macksburg; Geo. Oglesby, Needy; John Sparr, Jr., Needy; Ed. Miller, Needy; are some of the best workers for Bryan and free coinage here, A. Moutan, Jacob Miller and Isaac Miller, of Needy, are also enthusiastic Bryan men. Mrs. Walter Noblet extended hospitalities to the traveler and a China pheasant was sacrificed for breakfast and served up with hot biscuit and delicious coffee, good enough to delight the heart of the most fastidious goldbug.

SHOWED HIS BRISTLES.

At the close of the Needy meeting a young goldbug showed the bristles on his back by arising and demanding in peremptory tones that the oil that had been burned in the one lamp illuminating the schoolhouse be paid for. As it amounted to the enormous sum of ten cents, it was expected to create a monetary corn promise in the silver crowd. But a man who had occupied a front seat jumped up and said: "I will pay for that oil or for oil for five or ten meetings. I have been a Republican all my life, but I am a Bryan man from this hour." The young man with bristles got more than he asked for. Clackamas county was swept clean by the Populists last June, and they have every county office. They have cut down all expenses and the set of men in each precinct who have always been chosen as jurors, grand jurors, road viewers, election judges and road supervisors for twenty years will not all be kept employed by the taxpayer as heretofore. That will be revoluntionary and anarchistics, I know, to ever put in new men but it is liable to be done in Clackamas county, and it may cause a financial collapse of some fellow's beer money.

PRICES AND COMMODITIES.

Absurd Contention That Over-Production has Caused the Fall in Prices.

I wish to call public attention in the columns of the JOURNAL to the false pretention of gold standard newspapers and speakers,—Thos. B. Reed, John Sherman, Thurston of Nebraska, and McCleary of Minnesota,—that there has been no rise in the purchasing price of gold, and that the cause of the fall of commodity values of the world is "over-production." I have frequently declared that this statement is untrue, and that I could prove its untruthfulness by facts and figures. I propose to do it now. The facts and figures are taken mostly from an article printed in the "London Bimetallist," by Sir Guilford Molesworth, who was a British delegate from India to the Brussels Monetary Conference in December, 1892. That gentleman said: "It will scarcely be denied, except by superficial thinkers, that the heavy fall in prices which has paralyzed the trade industry of European countries as well as the United States,—all gold standard countries,—and constitutes a very serious evil amounting to a national disaster." "What is the cause of this fall?"

Gold monometallists say: "Increased production."

Bimetallists say: "Contraction of the basis of international and standard money."

Let us see which theory agrees more nearly with the facts.

Sir William Houldsworth, in exposing the fallacy of the 'overproduction' theory, has taken periods of nearly equal length—1849-1872 and 1872-1894. In both of these periods there has been a large increase in production. In the former period (when bimetallism existed) prices rose largely, and in the latter period (gold monometallic) they fell heavily. Assuming increased production to have been the cause of the fall, Sir William Houldsworthr petinently asks, 'HOW THE SAME CAUSE COULD OPERATE IN ONE DIRECTION AT ONE TIME AND ENTIRELY IN THE OTHER DIRECTION AT ANOTHER TIME?'

The bimetallist's theory entirely accounts for the phenomenon. During the former periods there was a large expansion in the volumn of the metallic basis of international money, tending to raise prices, whilst during the latter period there was a great contraction of it, consequently on the closing of the mints in Europe and the United States to the free coinage of silver in 1873. Prices which before that time were rising suddenly commenced their downward course, in coincidence with the date of the restriction of the mintage of silver.

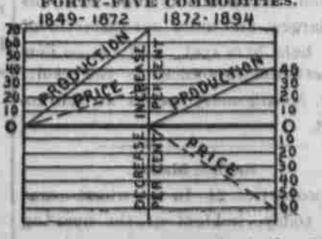
There is no doubt that increased production of any commodity has a tendency to produce a fall in prices, but monometallists lose sight of another side of the question. In times of prosperity the demand for such productions, whether arising from increase in population, increase in luxuries, fresh undertakings, or development of new countries, may, to a great extent, counteract, or even altogether outweigh the lowering tendency of increased production.

In these busy days few people will take the trouble to study figures. I have, therefore, endeavored to exhibit, in the accompanying graphic diagrams, the increase or decrease per cent in productions and price during the two periods above mentioned. Cotton and wheat are constantly brought forward by monometallists as the most prominent instances of increase in production. I have, therefore, devoted a separate diagram to each of these commodities.

COTTON.

WHEAT.

FORTY-FIVE COMMODITIES.



[Augustus Saurbeck, who is the statistican of the Royal Statistical Society of London, and whose figures no one disputes, takes forty-five commodities for his index numbers. The commodities comprise the following: some of the more important articles represented by the descriptions: Wheat, flour, barley, oats, corn, potatoes, rice, beer, mutton, pork, bacon, butter; sugar, coffee, tea, iron, copper, tin, lead, coals; cotton, flax, hemp, jute, wool, silk; hides, leather, tallow; palm oil, olive oil, linseed oil, petroleum, soda, nitrate, indigo and timber.]

It will be seen by the diagram for cotton that the increase in production in the period prior to demonetization of silver is 133 per cent as against only 43 per cent in the period; since there yet the price of cotton actually rose 50 per cent in the former and fell 66 per cent in the latter period.

Similar results, though less accentuated, are exhibited in the diagram; for Wheat and the average of the General Commodities. Nevertheless, wheat shows an increased production between 1849 and 1873,—when we had gold and silver standard money,—of 70 per cent, and yet the price went up 28 per cent.

What occurred when silver was demonetized in 1873? The increased production of the world between 1873 and 1894 amounted to 35 per cent. Nevertheless, the price went down 60 per cent. In both cases the increased per cent. of production had been greater in the former period, yet prices rose in the former and fell in the latter period.

The prices for cotton and wheat as I have said have been caculated by the figures given by Sir Wm. H. Houldsworth in his address at Preston, England; and the diagram of general commodities has been calculated from Mr. Augustus Sauerbeck's "Index Numbers" for prices, and from his "Movements of Quantities" (contained in the paper on "Prices of Commodities," read before the Royal Statistical Society of London in 1893.) Sir Wm. H. Houlsworth is a baronet and member of parliament, and was a delegate to the Monetary conference at Brussels, where he made an able speech in favor of restoring silver as standard money.

I commend these diagrams to every farmer and producer in the Willamette valley They give unqualified contradiction to the statements of McCleary, Reed and Sherman.

I am a Republican and have been since I cast my first vote, more than thirty years ago.

I am satisfied with the financial plank in the St. Louis platform. I have no doubt that Europe (excepting England and Mr. Balfour, of the British cabinet, has said that they will at least re-open the lucid mints) is ready now for an international bimetallic agreement, and that an administration here that is generously favorable to international bimetallism can easily obtain such an agreement.

But the Republican press and the Republican orators all over the land have repudiated that plank in their own platforms. They unanimously throw mud at bimetallism in any form.

On the 12th of last month, speaking to the campaign workers, Mr. McKinley said: "This country has prospered under the gold standard and I am in favor of maintaining it."

No man who is in favor of bimetallism either internationally or otherwise, can vote for McKinley, after that declaration, without stultifying himself, and I shall not do it: but I will cast my vote for Wm. J. Bryan.

Very Respectfully,

SENECA SMITH.

You Can Be Well

When your blood is pure, rich and nourishing for nerves and muscle. The blood is the vital fluid, and when it is poor, thin and impure you must either suffer or you will fall a victim to sudden changes exposure, or overwork. Keep your blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla and be well.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pill; assist digestion, cure headache. 25 cents.

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"Cures talk" in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla, as for no other medicine. Its great cures recorded in truthful, convincing language of grateful men and women, constitute its most effective advertising. Many of these cures are marvelous. They have won the confidence of the people; have given Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world, and have made necessary for its manufacture the greatest laboratory on earth. Hood's Sarsaparilla is known by the cures it has made—cures of scrofula, salt rheum and eczema, cures of rheumatism, neuralgia and weak nerves, cures of dyspepsia, liver troubles, catarrh—cures which prove

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Bryan and Free Silver Ralley.

Will be held at Silverton, Or., October 31, 1896. Grand torch lights procession. Two bands. Four noted speakers. The Mott boys The Bradley sisters. Speaking. Campaign songs. Recitations. Good music.

Come every body and attend the last and greatest rally of the campaign. td

The goldbug organ is again printing that platform for the Democratic platform which they know is not the true Democratic platform.

Your Boy Wont Live a Month,

So Mr. Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill St., South Gardner, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son had Lung trouble, followieg Typhoid Malaria, and he spent three hundred and seventy-five dollors with doctors, who finally gave him up, saying: "Your boy wont live a month." He tried Dr. King's New Discovery and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to use of Dr King's New Discovery and knows it to be the best in the world for Lung trouble. Trial Bottles Free at Fred A. Legg's Drug Store.

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Dealer in groceries, paints, oils, window glass, varnishes, and the most complete stock of brushes of all kinds in the state. Artists' materials, lime, hair, cement and shingles, and finest quality of grass seeds.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.—My memorandum book was lost or stolen about October 12. It contained among other papers a wheat receipt by L. Helmick; note by W. T. Houser; note by Geo. Scott; note by John Hostetler. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to me.
10-23 diw1* J. B. STUMP,

WANTED.—Girl to do general house work. Apply at corner Fourteenth and Ferry.
11-22-3t

TO RENT.—A large, roomy barn. Enquire at this office. tf

GET YOUR FEATHERS CLEANED.—We the undersigned are now renovating feathers at 186 Ferry street, for the next 30 days. All ladies that consider cleanliness next to Godliness should have their feather beds throughly renovated at once. Bedrock prices. Respectfully yours, Franklin & Glaze. 10 12 1m

WANTED.—Two snare and one bass drummers. Apply at Bryan headquarters. 11 8 tf

FOR RENT—A 11 room house, in good repair with barn and good well water. With one and a half lots. Enquire at premises on 19th and Chemeketa. 10 6 1m

CARPET PAPER—Large lot of heavy brown wrapping paper for sale cheap. Just the thing for putting under carpets. Call a Journal office.

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Please notice the cut in prices on the following:

Shirts, plain	10 cents
Under drawers	5 to 10 cents
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Socks, per pair	3 cents
Handkerchiefs	1 cent
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Sheets and pillow slips 24 cents per dozen, and other work in proportion,

Flannels and other work intelligently washed by hand.

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Send 10 cents for illustrated book telling how to start a FREE LIBRARY in your locality without cost to the promoter. Get it quick!

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"KINDERGARTEN."

Mrs. C. M. Ogle will re-open her kindergarten in the Congregational church parlors on September 21. 8 29 1m

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W. A. HAMILTON.
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On city or farm property.
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Makes a specialty of fine repair work, Seth Thomas clocks, etc., 215 Commercial Street

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G. A. Back, proprietor, 327 Commercial street. Fresh pies, cakes and bread always on hand, "just like your mother used to make."

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For water service apply at office. Bill payable monthly in advance. Make complaints at the office.
There will be no deduction in water rate on account of temporary absence from the city unless notice is left at the office. Hereafter water for irrigation will only be furnished to regular consumers using water for domestic purpose. Contractors for sidewalks, brick work and plastering will please read "under building purposes" page 17 of schedule of rates for 1893. Apply at for copy.

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11:00 p. m.	Lv.— Salem.— Ar.	8:00 a. m
10:45 a. m	Ar.— S. Frisco—Lv.	7:00 p. m.

Above trains stop at East Portland, Oregon City, Woodburn, Salem, Turner, Marion, Jefferson, Albany, Albany Junction, Tangent Shedds, Halsey, Harrisburg, Junction City Eugene, Creswell, Drain, and all stations from Roseburg to Ashland, inclusive.
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South		North
8:30 a.m.	lv. Portland ar.	4:40 p.m.
11:00 a.m.	lv. Salem lv.	2:20 p.m.
5:20 p.m.	ar. Roseb'g lv.	8:00 a.m.

SALEM PASSENGER.

South		North
4:00 p.m.	lv. Portland ar.	10:15 a.m.
6:15 p.m.	ar. Salem lv.	8:00 a.m.

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Steamer Gypsy for Portland daily, except Sunday at 6 a. m.
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Lowest freight and passenger rates. Round trip tickets very cheap. Tickets sold and baggage checked through to all points in Oregon, Washington and the East. No extra charge for baggage transfers. Choice of railroad or river route to Portland.
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Time to Chicago, 3 1-2 days
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Sails from Yaquina every 8 days for San Francisco, Coos Bay, Port Orford, Trinidad and Humbolt Bay.

Passenger accommodations unsurpassed. Shortest route between the Willamette valley and California.

Fare from Albany or points west to San Francisco: Cabin, $9; steerage, $5; to Coos Bay and Port Orford, cabin $6; to Humbolt Bay, cabin $8; round trip, good 60 days, $10

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For those wishing to combine hunting and fishing with aquatic sports, this resort has no equal. Deer, bear, elk, cougar, brook trout and salmon trout can be found in abundance within a few hours' drive of the bay.

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