CITY INTELLIGENCE.

[FOR ADDITIONAL LOCAL ITEMS SEE INSIDE PAGES.]

CITY CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

Petty Larcenies—A Potato Thief—Till Tappers—Robbing a Relative.

—Day Sergeant Woodhouse yesterday arrested one John Connor for stealing two bags of beans valued at $16, the property of a resident of Jersey City, named Speiman. The articles were taken from Thirteenth and Market streets. Alderman Godbou sent the accused below for trial.

—Charles Huntley yesterday had three locks in his possession at Seventh and Race streets. The attention of Day Sergeant Smith was called to the fact, and took him into custody. Subsequently it was discovered that they had been stolen from a Mr. Erwin, at Eighth and Spruce streets. The accused was taken before Alderman Beitler, who held him in $700 to answer.

—Yesterday a Jerseyman in the Dock street market missed sixteen baskets of potatoes. Suspicion of having stolen them rested on one William Flowers, who was arrested. It was ascertained that he had sold the whole lot. A portion were recovered, and Flowers was committed by Alderman Carpenter.

—Between 12 and 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon a man and boy, genteelly dressed, entered the store of Mrs. Hamilton, No. 1344 Chesnut street, and desired to make some purchases. While the man engaged the attention of the only attendant in the rear of the store, the lad managed to slip behind the counter and extracted twenty-six dollars from the money-drawer. The parties are suspected of having committed various thefts in a similar manner.

—Alderman Bonsall yesterday held Benjamin Redfurn for a further hearing on the charge of stealing a watch from a mother in-law, residing at No. 1124 Milton street.

TITBITS OF THOUGHT.—Our unbleached rustic brethren over the river—the colored farmers of Jersey—are to feast themselves at a grand dinner, at Snow Hill, on the 1st of October. The atmosphere of the entire place will be savory, for the reason that an ox is to be roasted whole in the woods. Music, too, will set their feelings all in unison, and speeches will delight and satisfy their minds. A procession of hundreds of the dark agriculturists, all in full regalia, will pass through Haddonfield. A concert and a festival will also be features of the entertainment. Scores of the colored residents of this city are expected to take part in the affair.

—The language of a kiss—smack. What is the purpose of a smack? To get fish. What is the difference between a kiss and a fish? One stops on the other goes over, the lips. We prefer the former.

—Our citizens are invited to assemble in the parlor of the National Union Club, No. 1105 Chesnut street, to-morrow afternoon, to adopt measures for providing refreshment and entertainment for the war veterans who are to visit this city on the 1st and 2d of October. Let the brave "Boys in Blue" have a mighty welcome.

—A call has been issued by the Soldiers' and Sailors' State Central Committee to all the Republican campaign clubs of the city of Philadelphia, and adjoining counties, to take part in the great torch-light procession of the "Boys in Blue," on the 2d of October next.

—A question: Did Adam have his "fall" just at the close of summer, the same as his degenerate sons and daughters do?

—The clouds are again sprinkling us to-day. The air is chilly. Everybody is uncomfortable, and the ague-stricken are already beginning to shake. Judging by the smoke lazily clinging about the damp tops of chimneys, the people are beginning to light their fires.

—When Mother Goose wrote that the cat was in the fiddle—she doubtless meant in the fiddle-strings. It isn't expected that poetry will be mathematically correct.

—When a man complains that the sidewalks are unsteady, he should put his foot down and keep them straight.

—The celebrated war Governor of Indiana, the Hon. O. P. Morton, speaks under the auspices of the Union League at Concert Hall this evening.

—Was Homer really a lazy fellow because he got up an Idyl tale?

—The Campaign Club of '60-'68 and the Republican Invincibles parade this evening. Our club men do a heap of walking, but as they walk into the Democracy it is all right.

—Brown says that at least one advantage pertains to open air meetings—they are well ventilated. So are the opinions of those who generally speak at them.

—The Republicans hold mass meetings to-night in the Twentieth ward, at Twelfth and Jefferson streets, and in the Eighteenth ward, at Girard avenue and Hanover street.

—The planet Venus is to be visible hereafter in the east before sunrise. We hope those who wish to see the lovely spectacle—and we can assure them that it is lovely—will get up betimes; or, better yet, sit up. Get a Venus at your side, and then see the other in the sky. It is a healthy as well as an exhilarating sort of astronomy to study.

—A boy stands at the Custom House steps vending the "Grecian bend" for the small sum of five cents.

—The individual who gave the cream of the thing was not a dealer in milk.

AN APPEAL.—The Rev. J. M. Mitchell, who was appointed the City Missionary of the African M. E. Church, by the Conference, in June last, has lately succeeded in procuring a place, No. 505 S. Broad street, which he designs fitting up as a Sunday school and church. Mr. Mitchell makes a most urgent appeal to our Christian citizens for aid. He has expended his last dollar in the purchase of books for the school, and now finds himself totally unable, without some assistance, to carry out his laudable enterprise. Anything which the kind hearted or philanthropic may be pleased to give will be received at his residence, No. 513 Lombard street. It needs no argument to convince the Christian people of the city of the good which may be accomplished by a mission like this, and charitable assistance is at once secured by the simple mention of the fact that it is needed.

DISCHARGED.—At noon to-day United States Commissioners Hibler and Phillips, who sat together yesterday to hear the cross-charge between Joseph R. Ferry, the Captain of the brig Waverly, and Henry Arthur, the second mate of the same vessel, in which the Captain preferred a charge of mutiny against the mate, and the mate one of cruel and unusual treatment against the Captain, announced their decision, which was held under advisement until to-day, and discharged both parties.

THE GERMANIA OFFICERS.—At the annual election of the Germania Orchestra, held September 22, 1868, the following gentlemen have been elected as officers for the ensuing year:—Leader, C. M. Schmitz; President, G. Mueller; Treasurer, C. M. Boettger; Secretary, C. Stolte; Councillor, R. D. Coxe; Business Manager, J. Bastert. The Germania will give their Public Rehearsals every Wednesday, at 3½ P. M., at the Horticultural Hall, commencing October 21.

MEETING TO-NIGHT AT GERMANTOWN.—To-night General A. F. Stevens, member of Congress from New Hampshire, will deliver an address to the citizens of Germantown, at the corner of Main street and Washington lane. The General is an eloquent and fluent speaker, and will say many things that will interest the inhabitants of that portion of the city. He will commence at half-past 7 o'clock.

FLAG RAISING.—This morning the police of the Seventh District hoisted a Tyndale flag on the Station House, on Brooks street, above Buttonwood. Speeches were made by Lieutenant Franks and Sergeants Murray and Deitz.

FIRE.—The alarm of fire yesterday afternoon was caused by the partial destruction of a stable on Marshall street, near Susquehanna avenue. It was owned by John Lismore, and occupied by John Evans and others. Loss, $150.

NOT IN COURT.—John K. Valentine, Esq., the efficient and gentlemanly Assistant United States District Attorney in this city, will probably be absent from the Court until Monday next. The happy man is to be married this afternoon.

FINANCIAL ITEMS.

—The N. Y. *Herald* of this morning says:—

"The Stock market was unsettled nearly all day, but late in the afternoon there was a spasmodic rise in Erie to 80, prompted apparently by parties whose object is to get the street 'long' of the stock preparatory to returning a large amount of borrowed stock and selling a still larger amount, at present held off the market, the object of this movement being, it is believed, to break the price to a much lower range than it has yet reached. The 'point' to buy Erie was given out very freely this morning—a circumstance in itself suspicious, and the street and the outside public will do well to guard against falling into the trap set for them. With respect to other stocks there is no inducement for those who have any regard for real values to buy them at their present dangerously inflated prices; but the whole market is so highly cliqued that it is not impossible they may be carried still higher before the inevitable reaction comes. Money continues in abundant supply, but there was an increased demand for it noticeable for it to-day, and some of the banks advanced their rate for call loans to 5 per cent. The general rate on good mixed collaterals is, however, 4 per cent., and the principal dealers in Government securities are still supplied at 3 per cent. The banks are not sending much currency westward, but money in the Western cities is working close, and increased difficulty is experienced in obtaining accommodations, while the Chicago journals speak of the banks there sending currency to the country, several of which are still ordering it from this centre. Commercial paper continues in moderate supply, and the best grade passes at 8@7 per cent. per annum discount. In the dry goods trade to-day there was not much activity, the rather wide differences between the views of buyers and sellers tending to restrict business. There is a better demand at steady prices for silk and woollen goods than any other kinds, and at the auction sales the bidding for these was spirited, while domestic cotton fabrics were neglected and rather heavy."

—The N. Y. *Times* of this morning says:—

"The market for money shows no present shadow of turning, one way or the other, and the ease of supply to the brokers, on call, at cheaper rates, is wholly undisturbed. But the 'bearish' interest on the Stock Exchange renewed their intimations to-day that a squeeze would be attempted on the eve of the forthcoming quarterly bank statement next week. To give plausibility to this rumor a number of influential money lenders including one or two of the Trust Company, are suggested as likely to be in the combination. As we remarked ten days ago on the circulation of the first rumor about 'locking up greenbacks,' we believe there is no substantial authority for the use of these names in this connection; at the same time not doubting that attempts may have been essayed to consummate such a ring."

—Messrs. C. Wright & Co.'s Cotton Circular, per Russia, says:—

'In our last circular we quoted middling upland at 22c. A reaction in Liverpool, with less favorable accounts from the south as to the growing crop, caused a recovery here. The market advanced 1½c. per pound, holders became stronger in their views and buyers more confident. The sales for the week have been 11 600 bales, taken chiefly for home consumption, with some little for export. To-day there has been a quiet feeling and more desire to sell. We close at the annexed quotations barely maintained. The clearances have been, for Liverpool, per steamers Scotia, 104; Tarifa, 718; City of Baltimore, 563; Pennsylvania, 561; Total to Great Britain, 2012. Havre, steamer Napoleon III, 400. Total for the week, 2412. The uncleared engagements to Liverpool, 1300. Freight, steam, ⅜ 16d. Havre, 1200. Steam, 1c. Sail, ⅝c. Since our last an advance of about 2c. per pound has taken place at all the markets in the South. A fair business has been done at the enhanced rates, chiefly for domestic consumption, with some little for export. To-day there has been a quiet tone at the South with some yielding in price. We refer to reports by telegraph. Receipts at the ports are increasing, and promise soon to be large. For the past week they amount to 20,000 bales, against 8 00 last year, and 8,00 the year before. The total since 1st September already amounts to 35,000. Since Friday the receipts are large in New Orleans, Mobile, and Savannah. So far at Charleston they are quite light. At Memphis, until yesterday, but little cotton has been received; we now look for free receipts at that point. For our export tables we give 2000 bales, all for Liverpool, and all from New York; 400 went to Havre from this port. We have not enough to make a point in our tables for France; 1000 cleared at New Orleans on the 19th instant for Liverpool, the first of the season. The following is a statement of the movement in cotton since the 1st to the 19th September:—

	1868.	1867.	1866
Receipts at the ports	35,000	18 000	20 000
Export to Great Britain	6 0.0	7 000	17 000
Export to France	.....	.....	5,000
Export to other foreign ports	.....	8 000	1 000
Total Exports	6,000	8 000	24 000
Stock on hand	50,000	65 000	355,000
Of which during the past week included in the above:—	1868.	1867.	1866
Receipts for the week	20,000	8 000	8 000
Exports to Great Britain	2,000	2 000	3 000
Exports to France	.....	.....	1,000
Exports for other ports	.....	1 000	.....
Total Exports for the week	2,000	3,000	4 000

"The complaints continue from Georgia, Alabama and Florida. From Texas we have rather better accounts this week. At New Orleans the reports from the country are unsatisfactory, and less sanguine hopes are indulged in. By telegraph we learn that the weather had become fine again, and hopes are entertained that the injury will not be as great as was feared."

TRAIN.

George Francis Appeals to the American Minister—Spicy Correspondence with Reverdy Johnson.

The following correspondence between George Francis Train and Minister Johnson have reference to the international questions involved in Mr. Train's detention in the Marshalsea:—

DUBLIN, FOUR COURTS, MARSHALSEA, August 17, 1868.—Hon. Reverdy Johnson, American Minister, London.—Dear Sir:—Seven months' absence from my family at Newport, five of which I have been illegally incarcerated in a British jail, for a debt sworn affidavits from George T. M. Davis, Thomas C. Durant, and Clarke Bell, all known to you, prove I paid many years ago, is my apology for troubling you with my affairs (in the same letter in which I congratulate you upon your appointment, confirmation, and safe arrival) before you are fairly domiciled in your official quarters. Believing that Costello and Warren will be liberated before you have been many weeks in London, and that Roantree, Burke, Mackey, O'Donovan Rossa, Halpin, and McAfferty, who were refused a jury de meditate lingua, will also soon be free under your prompt and courteous diplomacy, I feel no hesitation in speaking of my own case; but did I suppose that Earl and would much longer ignore the demand of the President and Congress, I should prefer to wait coming events. My present imprisonment is only a second edition of the Cork arrest in a binding workmanship—an action of private merchants, where the Government remains, as Lord Mayo stated to Mr. Reardon the last day of the session, strictly neutral. "The Government would not interfere with the judicial branch." As one of the foremost of American lawyers, I place those documents in your hands, showing on their face the outrage upon my person and business:—

1. The protest of the Cork arrest.
2. Mr. Reardon's speech in Parliament, and the sworn affidavits that the debt for which I am now in prison was paid.
3. Notice of motion, briefly stating the illegalities of my arrest and detention.

In writing to you I do not presume upon an introductory acquaintance in New York, or meeting you subsequently in Washington, but address you as an American citizen in a foreign land has a right to address the Ambassador of his country. Will you be so kind as to bring my case before Lord Stanley at as early a day as possible? and, in the absence of prompt action before the authorities at Washington, an early answer will oblige. Sincerely,

GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN.

Having received no reply to that letter, Mr. Train again wrote to him as follows:—

DUBLIN, FOUR COURTS, MARSHALSEA, Sept. 3, 1868.—To the Honorable Reverdy Johnson, American Minister, London.—Dear Sir: Permit me to suppose the case of a change of places. You an American citizen, five months incarcerated as a political prisoner in a debtor's goal, and I the American Minister in London. You write me a courteous letter, expecting at least an acknowledgment of its receipt. I do not consider the illegal imprisonment of an American citizen of sufficient importance to reply to the letter. Under these circumstances, perhaps, you might feel neglected but I have become so accustomed to the neglect of our adopted citizens I look for little assistance from my Government, because I happen to be native-born (my grandfather, the Rev. George Pickering, hailing from your own State and city). I am not surprised that an American passport has become the by-word of nations, that you pay no attention to the important documents sent you two weeks ago. Many of my letters to and from are Sir James Grahamized in the post office, but I cannot think the British Government would stop a letter from an American citizen to his Ambassador. I should, however, be gratified to hear that it reached you safely. Sincerely,

GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN.

Since the above was written, Mr. Train has received the following letter from Mr. Johnson:—

UNITED STATES LEGATION, LONDON, Sept. 7, 1868.—Dear Sir:—Your two notes of the 17 h of August and 2d of this month were duly received. You do me injustice in supposing as your second note intimates, that I have been wanting in courtesy or kindness in failing to reply to the first. What you desired me to do in that was to call your case to the attention of Lord Stanley. He was then on the Continent, and did not return until last evening. As soon as I can obtain an interview with him I will bring your matter to his attention, and lose no time in advising you of the result. I had supposed that you knew me too well to think for a moment that I could be indifferent to the rights or interests of any American citizen. And hoping that I may prove useful in your instance, I remain, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

REVERDY JOHNSON.

George Francis Train, Esq., Four Courts, Marshalsea, Dublin.

The *Extra* ends characteristically as follows:—

ANOTHER JUDGE SENDS ME BACK TO JAIL FOR LIFE.

No appeal—no redress. Discharge again, refused with costs, my motions are always wrong the plaintiffs' always right. They can omit facts, suppress garnishees, swear false oaths, overmark judgments; bring each case in the name of a different Robert Vate Co., and then, as in the motion of yesterday, ignore all three of them, and change it to Robinson & Co., individually, and each new judge decides in their favor, with costs. Isaac Butt has more brains than any judge on the Irish bench, and he proved yesterday my arrest illegal and my incarceration an outrage against all law and fair dealing. Never mind; my time will come. Costello and Warren are still in the bastile. For shame Americans! "On to Canada!"

GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN.

POLITICAL.

1860. 1868.

THE

CAMPAIGN CLUB

OF

PHILADELPHIA

WILL MEET

FOR PARADE

ON

THURSDAY EVENING,

[September 24, at 7 o'clock,

AT THE

CITY ARSENAL,

RACE STREET, BELOW BROAD.

The Route will not under any circumstances be varied from.

Down Race to Twelfth, up Twelfth to Spring Garden, down to Sixth, up to Green, down to Third, up to Girard avenue, down to Hanover, to the meeting of the Eighteenth Ward; from thence up Girard avenue to Broad, down Broad to Race, and disperse.

All Republicans who desire to join in the Parade are invited to meet and participate with us.

Co. A will assemble at Market and Merrick streets.

WM. B. MANN,

9 23 2t CHIEF MARSHAL.

UNION LEAGUE MEETING

AT

CONCERT HALL.

GOVERNOR O. P. MORTON, of Indiana,

WILL ADDRESS OUR FELLOW-CITIZENS

THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING, 24th inst.,

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

LADIES ARE ESPECIALLY INVITED. It

GRANT, COLFAX, KELLEY & TYNDALE.

FIFTEENTH WARD MASS MEETING

PROTECTION TO AMERICAN INDUSTRY.

No North—No South—No East—No West.

The friends of GRANT and COLFAX, the Champions of a Free Government and Free Labor, will assemble

On Thursday Evening, September 24,

AT SIXTEENTH AND PARRISH STS.

The following eminent Speakers will address the meeting:—

SAMUEL H. ORWIG Esq.
JAMES S. RONEY, Esq.
C. KNEASS, Esq.
HENRY HAHN, Esq.

By order of Executive Committee.

R. M EVANS,
Chairman of Committee on Meetings.

It

MEETING AT GERMANTOWN.

GENERAL A. F. STEVENS,

OF NEW HAMPSHIRE,

Will address the People of Germantown

AT THE

CORNER OF MAIN STREET AND WASHINGTON LANE,

This (Thursday) Evening, September 24,

AT 7½ O'CLOCK. It

HEADQUARTERS FIFTEENTH WARD GRANT AND COLFAX CLUB,

September 25, 1868.

Regimental Order, No. 4.

The Regiment will assemble for PARADE on FRIDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, September 25 (sharp time), on Coates street, right resting on Ridge avenue, facing north, to proceed to Tenth Ward Mass Meeting. By order of

T. B. F. TAPPER,
Colonel Commanding.

R. M. EVANS, Adjutant. 9 24 2t

THIRD EDITION

WASHINGTON

The Trial of Surratt—He is Discharged from Custody under the Statute of Limitation.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

The Surratt Trial.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—The Criminal Court having yesterday sustained the demurrer of the prosecution to the special plea of the defense, Mr. Merrick to-day set up in the bar of judgment the act of 1799, the statute of limitations, claiming that the indictment against Surratt was not found within two years from the trial of the commission of the alleged offense, and hence the prisoner was entitled to a final discharge.

After argument on both sides, Judge Wylie said the indictment contained five several counts, charging that the offense was committed on the 6th of March, 1865, and on other days intervening between that time and the 15th of April of the same year. The defendant entered a plea of not guilty generally, some day in June last, and that plea remained on record until the meeting of this Court at its adjourned term several days ago, when he asked and obtained permission to withdraw the plea of not guilty, and filed a special plea to enable him to plead the benefit of the proclamation of pardon and amnesty. The Court considering that he never before had an opportunity to plead pardon under that proclamation, gave him permission to withdraw the plea of not guilty, and the next day to plead a special plea that the Amnesty Proclamation was applicable to his case. The Government, through its representative, demurred to this plea.

The demurrer is a general demurrer for substantial defects in the plea, and not for informality. For two days there was an argument on the issue, and yesterday the Court intimated its opinion on the question. That intimation was that the Court would sustain the demurrer, the plea being bad, and the proclamation not applicable to the offense charged.

This morning the counsel for the defense intimated that there was still another ground which the Court should take into consideration in support of the plea. That was that the offense charged in the indictment was committed more than two years before the indictment was found. The act of Congress approved April 30, 1799, provides as follows:—

"No person or persons shall be prosecuted, tried, or punished for treason or other capital offense, wilful murder or forgery excepted, unless the indictment for the same shall be found by a Grand Jury within three years next after the treason or capital offense aforesaid shall be done or committed, nor shall any person be prosecuted, held, or punished for any offense not capital, nor for any fine or forfeiture under any penal statute, unless the indictment or information for the same shall be found or instituted within two years from the time of committing the offense or incurring the fine or forfeiture aforesaid: provided, that nothing therein contained shall extend to any person or persons fleeing from justice."

Discharge of Surratt.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—Judge Wylie discharged John H. Surratt to-day under the statute of limitation, the indictment not having been found within two years after the offense was alleged to have been committed.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

This Morning's Quotations.

By Atlantic Cable.

LONDON, Sept. 24—A. M.—Consols for money 94¼; for account, 94⅛@94¼. American securities quiet and steady; United States Five-twenties, 73; Erie Railroad, 32⅞; Illinois Central, 92¼.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 24—A. M.—Cotton flat; sales for to-day are estimated at 8000 bales.

Spirits of Petroleum firm at 1s. 6d.@1s. 8d.

This Afternoon's Quotations.

LONDON, Sept. 24—P. M.—Consols for money, 94¼; for account, 94⅛@94⅜; United States Five-twenties, 73. American securities firm; Erie Railroad, 32⅞; Illinois Central, 92⅜.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 24—P. M.—Cotton easier. Lard, 72s 3d. Pork buoyant at 90s. Tallow, 46s. 3d. Turpentine, 26s. 6d. Spirits of Petroleum, 1s. 3d.@1s. 6d.

LONDON, Sept. 24—P. M.—Sugar easier.

ANTWERP, Sept. 24—P. M.—Petroleum firm at 51f.

From New York.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—An unknown man threw himself under the wheels of a passing train on the New Jersey Railroad, near Newark, and was instantly killed.

The steamship Weser to-day takes out $11,500 in specie.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 23.—Cleared, ship Cairnemore, for Liverpool, taking out 50,000 sacks of Wheat. Sailed, ship Favorita, for New York.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 23.—Flour unchanged. Wheat dull at $1·60@1·90. Legal tenders, 70¾.

Ship News.

FORTRESS MONROE, Sept. 24.—Sailed, steamer Charleston, for Charleston; barque Fareira, for Calais; brigs Rosario, for New York; Tarragona, for St. John's; Sea Breeze, for Liverpool; and a large fleet of coasters.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—Arrived, steamship City of New York, from Liverpool.

Arrived Out.

QUEENSTOWN, Sept. 24.—Steamer City of London, from New York, on the 12th instant, arrived here this morning.

Latest Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—Cotton dull at 25c¾. Flour dull and declined 10c.; State, $6 70@9 10; Ohio, $8 10@10 50; Western, $6 10@9 15; Southern, $8 70@14; California, $9@12 50. Wheat easier; spring at $1 75; white Michigan $2 45. Corn dull at $1 18@1 20. Oats dull at 75@76c. Beef dull. Pork dull at $28 12½@28 20. Lard quiet at 19¾@20c. Whisky quiet.

New York Stock Quotations—4 P. M.

Received by telegraph from Glendinning & Davis, Stock Brokers, No. 48 S. Third street.

N. Y. Cent. R.	127½	Toledo & Wabash	58⅛
N. Y. and E. R.	49¾	Mil. & St. Paul com.	94¼
Phil. and Read. R.	93⅝	Adams Express	51⅝
Mich. S. and N. I. R.	83⅝	Wells, Fargo & Co.	30¾
Cleve. & Pittsb'g R.	87⅝	U. S. Express	51
Chi. and N. W. com	86¾	Tennessee 6s, new	68⅝
Chi. and N. W. pref.	87¼	Gold	141⅜
Chi. and R. I. R.	102¼	Market steady.	
Pitts. F. W. & Chi.	109		

Americans in Paris.

List of Americans registered at J. W. Tucker & Co's., Nos. 3 and 5 Rue Scribe, Paris, for week ending Sept. 10, 1868. Furnished by Smith, Randolph & Co.:—

New York—Mr. J. W. Wheeler and family, Mr. N. Niles, Dr. W. Y. Provost, Mrs. W. Y. Provost, Mr. F. T. Talmadge, Mr. W. S. Packer, Mrs. W. S. Packer, Mrs. A. G. Zabriskie, M. S. M. Zabriskie, Mr. Henry Tileston, Mr. Z. Davis Tileston, Mr. Briner Fellows, Mr. H. W. Hicks, Mrs. W. L. Pickering, Mr. Theodore Hinsdal. Mr. Cyrus W. Field, Mr. J. M. Catlin, Mr. T. S. Demarcus, Mr. and Mrs. Baldwin and family.

Brooklyn—Mr. F. H. Hedge, Mrs. F. H. Hedge, Mrs. W. T. Hatch, Mr. E. S. Sandford, Miss Amd. Howe, Mr. W. Cori, Mrs. E. A. Edwards, Miss Carrie Edwards.

Boston—Mr. George O. Shattuck and family, Rev. C. S. Robinson, Mr. Thomas B. Wales, Mr. T. B. Taylor, Mr. B. C. Blodgett, Mr. S. H. Dyer, Mr. E. B. Story, Mr. F. Edwards, Mr. F. Russell, Mrs. E. Russell, Miss Russell, Dr. and Mrs. A. M. Sumner, Dr. H. P. Bowditch.

Baltimore—Mr. A. Turnbull and family.

Philadelphia—Mrs. Mary R. Johnson, Mr. Y. T. Johnson.

New Haven—Miss E. W. Davenport.

Norwich—Mr. A. W. Emmons.

Chicago—Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Mayre and Mr and Mrs Lambert Free, Mr. Thomas Couter.

Ohio—Mr. C. Bate.

New Jersey—Rev. Garwin Lansmier.

Massachusetts—Rev. M. and Mrs. Bellamy.

San Francisco—Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Dewey.

WEDDING INVITATIONS, ENGRAVED IN the newest and best manner.
LOUIS DREKA, Stationer and Engraver.
9 15 No. 1033 CHESNUT Street.

FOURTH EDITION

THE CAPITAL.

The Concluding Scenes in the Trial of Surratt.

Olmstead, the Defaulter, in a Fair Way for Capture.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

Olmstead the Defaulter.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—It is said that the Postmaster-General is now fully informed of the whereabouts of Olmstead, the defaulter, and that he will soon be arrested and brought to this city. Olmstead's friends propose to fix the matter up, providing the Government will go no further in prosecuting him than to discharge him from office.

Drawbacks on Imports.

Secretary McCulloch has revoked the order issued some time ago abolishing the office of Superintendent of drawbacks on imports. The order was to take effect on the first of October, but the Secretary has extended the time until the first of January.

The Trial of Surratt.

Continued from our Third Edition.

Judge Wylie said the language of this statute is clear and strong. It was not possible to misunderstand it. The indictment was not found until more than two years after the alleged offense was committed. It contained no affirmation that during the intervening period the defendant had fled from justice. This is a fatal objection to the prosecution, unless we find it was necessary by the rules of law for defendant to plead the benefit of the statute by special plea. After quoting legal authorities, he said he felt constrained in this case, with the whole record before him, to say that judgment must be given for the defendant.

Mr. Merrick asked that judgment be entered and the prisoner discharged. District Attorney Carrington asked, as this was a very important question of law, that it be certified to the court "in banc." He supposed a new indictment could be found at the next term of the court.

Judge Wylie replied that he was not in the habit of certifying to another court. He decided for himself with the questions before him. If the gentleman wanted to go there he could do so on appeal.

The District Attorney asked whether on a question of law in criminal prosecutions he had not the right of appeal.

Judge Wylie replied that that was for the gentleman to determine.

Mr. Merrick, in reply to a question, was informed by the Court that the prisoner was discharged. Surratt, who was in the court-room, was then congratulated by his friends, and afterwards retired.

District Attorney Carrington said he proposed, if necesary, to prepare another indictment to meet the views of the court.

Judge Wylie said the District Attorney could have Surratt rearrested on a charge when the grand jury shall again sit. On the face of the record it appeared that the alleged crime was committed more than two years ago. If so, he could not be prosecuted. No man could be deprived of life or liberty under a statute like that, and the court had no right to hold Surratt to bail.

District Attorney Carrington said he did not wish to argue against the decision, but as the subject was of great practical importance, he wanted to say—

Judge Wylie here interrupted the gentleman by remarking that he had announced his opinion, and therefore it was not necessary for the gentleman to say anything more.

The District Attorney then entered an appeal from the decision of the Court.

An adjournment then took place.

New York Stock Quotations, 3 P. M.

Received by telegraph from Glendinning & Davis, Stock Brokers, No. 48 S. Third street:—

N. Y. Cent. R.	127½	Toledo & Wab.	58¼
N. Y. and E. R.	49⅝	Mil. & St. P. com.	94¼
Phil. and Rea. R.	93⅜	Adams Express Co	51¼
Mich. S. and N. I. R.	83⅝	Wells, Fargo & Co.	30¾
Cle. and Pitt. R.	87⅝	U. S. Express	51
Chi. and N. W. com.	87	Tennessee 6s, new	68⅜
Chic and N. W. prf.	87¼	Gold	141⅜
Chi. and R. I. R.	102¼	Market steady.	
Pitts. F. W. and Chi.	109		

HEARINGS AT THE CENTRAL STATION.—This afternoon, before Alderman Beitler at the Central Station, Sarah Smith had a hearing upon the charge of the larceny of two pairs of pants from the store of Messrs. Rockhill & Wilson. Her mode of operation was by going into stores, and ordering large bills of goods to be sent to Blakely & Smith, Parkersburg, Va., while in the places purloining various articles of clothing. She in this way ordered a bill of between three and four thousand dollars at J. Bunting & Brother's dry goods store, No. 5 7 Market street; a bill of the same amount at Rockhill & Wilson's store, and also bills at Henry A. Duhring & Co.'s; and Wood, Marsh, Haywood & Co.'s.

Detective Brown arrested her at Second and Walnut streets, and as he was conducting her into the Central Station she dropped two pairs of pants from under her shawl. Held in $2500 bail for a further hearing.

POLITICAL.

☞ THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY invite their fellow-citizens to meet them at the parlor of the NATIONAL UNION CLUB, No. 1105 CHESNUT Street, on FRIDAY, the 25th instant, at 4 P. M., to adopt measures for providing refreshment and entertainment for the war veterans who are to visit this city on the 1st and 2d of October next. All persons identified with the Union and Cooper Shop Refreshment Saloons are particularly invited.

WILLIAM B. KELLEY,
SAMUEL C. PERKINS,
WILLIAM W. HARDING,
ROBERT R CORSON,
HENRY D. MOORE,
JOSEPH T. THOMAS,
SAMUEL B. FALES,
J. T. PRATT,
LOUIS WAGNER.

9 23 2t

☞ HEADQUARTERS

REPUBLICAN INVINCIBLES,

ORDER NO. 9.

The Club will assemble

THURSDAY, September 24, 1868,

At 7 o'clock, P. M., *sharp*, for parade and to attend the mass meeting in the Twentieth ward, at Twelfth and Jefferson streets.

By order of

BENJAMIN L. TAYLOR,
Chief Marshal.

EZRA LUKENS, } Assistant Marshals.
HENRY ODD, }

9 23 2t

☞ SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE ROOMS, No. 208 S. SEVENTH Street.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 23, 1868.

TO ALL REPUBLICAN CAMPAIGN CLUBS in the City of Philadelphia and adjoining counties:—You are respectfully invited to participate in the Torch-light procession of October 2 next.

By order of the Committee.

CHARLES H. T. COLLIS, Chairman.
A. L. RUSSELL, Secretary. 9 24 2t

☞ GRANT AND COLFAX.

FOURTEENTH WARD, SPRING GARDEN HALL.

The members will assemble at 6½ o'clock sharp THIS (Thursday) EVENING, for parade.

By order of the Club.

JOHN HANNA, President.

GEORGE G. LOUDEN, } Secretaries.
THOMAS R. BIGALOW. }

It

☞ UNION REPUBLICAN NATURALIZATION COMMITTEE will meet daily at Hopkins', No. 419 LIBRARY Street.

9 8 tf M. C. HONG, Chairman.

FIFTH EDITION

EUROPE.

The Spanish Revolution—Unfavorable Reports from Royalist Sources.

The Italian Insurrection a Canard.

Sarmiento Installed as President of the Argentine Confederation.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

By Atlantic Cable.

PARIS, Sept. 24.—The French Government will immediately strengthen the posts on the Spanish frontier. It is reported that Queen Isabella has entered France. There is an unauthenticated rumor that Prim has been arrested.

The *Pays* says the Spanish army is loyal, and that the insurrection is confined to the province of Andalusia and a few seaports.

The following is an official announcement from Madrid:—

"Catalonia, Aragon, and Valencia are quiet."

The *Moniteur* has the following:—

The revolution in Spain makes no headway, and the people are indifferent or repulsive to the project. Active measures are being taken by the Government for the suppression of the rebellion. The insurgents in Andalusia are retiring before the advance of the royal troops.

PARIS, Sept. 24.—The reported rising in Calabria and Sicily is denied.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—Advices from Buenos Ayres announce that Sarmiento, the newly-elected President, has been duly installed.

Financial and Commercial.

LONDON, Sept. 24—Evening.—The specie in the Bank of England has increased £189,000 since the last report. Consols for money 94⅛ a 94¼, and for account, 94¼. Illinois Central, 93; Atlantic and Great Western, 39; Erie, 33¾.

FRANKFORT, Sept. 24.—5-20s, 75½.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 24—Evening.—Cotton dull; the sales to-day were 10,000 bales. Breadstuffs dull. Spirits of Petroleum irregular.

LONDON, Sept. 24—Evening.—Sugar quiet. Whale Oil, £37 10s.

ANTWERP, Sept. 24—Evening.—Petroleum closed at 50f.

The Ritualistic Persecution.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

PROVIDENCE, Sept. 24.—In the trial of Rev. Mr. Hubbard to-day, Mr. Thurston, the counsel for the defendant, closed a very lengthy and able argument. Rev. John Cotton Smith, for the same side, commenced his argument, which was not closed at the time of adjournment.

Judge Bradley closes the case probably to-morrow, when the verdict will be rendered. There is no excitement, and but few persons are present.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES, SEPT. 24

Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street.

BETWEEN BOARDS.

$2000 Pa 6s, 3 series	106	200 sh Phil & E	b5. 26
$100 do. New	103¼	100 do.	b5&in. 26
$2000 City 6s, New	103¼	200 do.	b5&in. 26
$1000 N Pa 6s	90	100 sh Read R	b10. 47
$1000 W Jer R 6s	93	500 do.	b30. 46 94
$500 Leh 6s gold	90½	100 do.	2d. 46⅞
$.000 do.	90½	100 do.	b30. 46 94
$2000 Pa R 2 m 6s	88¾	100 do.	b10. 47
$14000 Vt Cent 2 m.	b60. 40	100 do.	la. 47
18 sh Penna R.	56½	100 sh Leh Nav	860. 22½
100 do.	56¾	50 sh Lit Sch R.	44⅝
50 do.	55⅝	30 do.	44⅝
50 do.	55⅝ b.	20 do.	44⅝
7 sh Sp & Pine	23		

SECOND BOARD.

$1000 City 6s, New	103¼	100 sh Cata Pf	b60. 33⅞
$1000 do. New	85. 103¼	50 sh Penna R	56⅝
$300 do. New	1s. 103¼	3 do.	56⅝
$700 do. New	103¼	100 do.	r. 85 wn. 56⅜
$500 Leh 6s gold	90⅜	100 do.	860. 56⅜
$2000 Leh 6s. RR	85	67 do.	860. 56⅜
10 sh C & Am	129	55 do.	2d.