Lewisburg Chronicle.

O. H. WORDEN & J. R. CORNELIUS.

To Business Men.—The LEWISBURG CHRONICLE, published on the Cash System, has the largest and best circulation of any Newspaper in Union County.

Freedom, national! Slavery, sectional!

We appeal from the free Slave-holding Supreme Court Judgeats to the PEOPLE OF PENNSYLVANIA!

For Governor,

DAVID WILMOT,

OF BRADFORD COUNTY.

Canal Commissioner,

WILLIAM MILLWARD,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

For Judges of the Supreme Court,

JAMES VEECH, of Fayette Co.
JOSEPH J. LEWIS, of Chester Co.

RATIFY!—Those in favor of the election of *WILMOT, MILLWARD, J. J. LEWIS,* and *VEECH,* are invited to meet at Ammons' Hall, Lewisburg, SATURDAY EVENING, April 4, to organize for the next campaign.

☞ A large number of persons met at the above place last Saturday evening, but the Platform of Principles adopted by the State Convention not having arrived, the meeting was informally POSTPONED for one week. The Platform may be found on the outside of to-day's paper. Let all in this vicinity—of Town or Country—who approve the principles therein put forth, TURN OUT to the above meeting, To-MORROW EVENING!

A new Step in enslaving Kansas!

Mr. Buchanan has yielded to the demand of his Southern Cabinet, and appointed *Robert J. Walker,* Governor of Kansas, and *Frederick P. Stanton,* Secretary.....both slave-holders, and keen, shrewd politicians, who will do all that Satanic ingenuity can enable men to do in putting the freedom party in Kansas in the wrong, and in completing their subjugation. Walker does not enter upon his office until May—in the mean time, the pro-Slavery party will have satisfactorily completed all their schemes.

Instructions of Gov. Walker.

The "unconstitutional" and "barbarous" Missouri Border Ruffian Laws endorsed by President Buchanan, and to be enforced upon the People of Kansas!

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The outlines of the instructions of ROBERT J. WALKER, new Governor of Kansas, have been agreed upon by the Cabinet. They proceed on the principle of recognizing the statutes of Kansas as *valid.* The principal business with which he is charged, as is heretofore surmised, to see that the people have a free, independent and uninterrupted expression of opinion, and the exercise of suffrage concerning the affairs of the Territory, in carrying out the provisions of the census and registry law, and that for the election of Delegates to the Constitutional Convention. The troops heretofore employed in the Territory are to be reserved, and others not engaged in the former difficulties are ordered thither, but it is not apprehended that there will be any use for them or the militia. The administration have resolved that the laws shall be maintained, and have full confidence in Mr. WALKER to carry out their instructions.

Hear the People of Kansas!

Free State Convention.

[The Kansas correspondent of the St. Louis *Democrat* says that the free State Convention held at Topeka on the 10th and 11th of March was the largest deliberative body ever assembled in Kansas. After the meeting was organized, the Committee on Platform reported the following resolutions, which were adopted.]

We, citizens of Kansas, in delegate convention assembled, at Topeka, March 10, A. D. 1857, resolve and declare—

WHEREAS, A body of men recently assembled at Lecompton, and claiming to be the legislative assembly of Kansas Territory, have adopted a regulation purporting to be a law, for taking the census and electing delegates to a constitutional convention, proposed to be held in that place in September next; and, whereas, the said assembly was the creature of fraud, and its members the representatives of people foreign to this Territory; and, whereas the organic act does not authorize the territorial legislative powers, even when legislatively convened, to pass any enabling act to change the government of the same; and, whereas, the act of this assembly is partisan in its character, clearly contemplates fraud, from the recurrence of which it offers inadequate security, while it deprives the executive of the Territory of the power to prevent or remedy such frauds, leaves the control of the census and election in the hands of pretended officers, not chosen by the people of Kansas, who are of violent character, and hostile to the best interests of the Territory; and, whereas, said act proposes to disfranchise certain *bona fide* settlers of Kansas who have filed their declaration of intention to become citizens of the United States, recognized as voters by the organic act; and, whereas, there is no provision in the said regulation for submitting the constitution so framed to the vote of the people of the territory; therefore,

Resolved, That the people of Kansas Territory cannot participate in any election under such regulation without compromising their rights as American citizens, sacrificing the best interests of Kansas, and jeopardizing the public peace.

Resolved, That having suffered under the misrule of persons pretending to be local officials of this Territory, we have lost all confidence in their integrity in the administration of the laws, however just these laws may appear to some on their face.

Resolved, That the constitution framed at Topeka by the representatives of the people of Kansas, and ratified by popular vote, is still the choice of a majority of our citizens, as the form of our State government, and that we maintain it, and urge on congress our immediate admission as a state under it.

Resolved, That the policy of the free State party has always been adverse to any movement of an aggressive character, and that violence has never been resorted to save in self-defense.

Resolved, That, as good citizens, we are willing to contribute to the support of a legislative government, but we have no tribute to offer to the tyranny that robs us of our constitutional and inalienable rights.

Resolved, That the rebellion act is a relic of barbarism, and more worthy to be approved and enforced by a Nero than a Geary.

Resolved, That Dr Charles Robinson be requested to withdraw his letter of resignation as Governor of the State of Kansas.

[Gov. Robinson explained his position, and declared his desire to adhere to the Topeka Constitution, and that he would withdraw his letter, which had not yet taken effect. He was received with great applause.]

Resolved, That we recommend the propriety of the settlers of Kansas petitioning the national executive not to offer the lands of this Territory at public sale, but to hold them subject to pre-emption for at least two years from this time.

[The Chair appointed Messrs. Lyman Allen, Wm. Phillips, and P. Townsend, to frame such address and send it to the President. The Convention was closed by prayer. It is considered the largest ever held in Kansas, and was very enthusiastic.]

A DEMOCRATIC PREACHER OF THE GOSPEL.—In a discussion in the Bogus Kansas Legislature, four weeks ago, the Rev. Martin White, a member, made a ferocious speech, in which he *admitted that he killed Frederick Brown,* who, our readers will remember was slaughtered last summer on the highway while traveling.

Snyder County.

Weekly Tribune is a new Republican paper just started at Middleburg by M. T. Heintzelman; J. A. Ettinger, Editor. It is a very neat, well conducted sheet, such as the people of that county need, and should well sustain.....The Printers seem to fare very well over at the new county seat. J. A. Ettinger is elected Judge of Elections; A. J. Peters, Auditor; C. L. Smith, Clerk.....On Friday night, 20th ult, the Storehouse of M. Kleckner & Co was discovered to be on fire, and was but partially saved from entire destruction. Loss estimated at from $2 to 3000, and is covered by insurance in the Lycoming and Harrisburg companies.....Wm. F. Eckbert is elected Burgess of Selinsgrove.....The *Democrat* states that garroting has been introduced into Selinsgrove: a young man keeping company with a young lady, of a sudden found her arm around his neck, of which he could not be relieved until he was forced to part with—a kiss. It is not thought he received any serious injury.....A correspondent of the Snyder County Journal urges the claims of Col. H. W. Crotzer of Lewisburg, as an Assistant Appraiser at the Port of Philadelphia.....At the Spring Election, the following Justices and Constables were chosen:

JUSTICES—Jacob Aurand Franklin tp. (Middleburg;) George Swartz, Beaver; Levi S. Herrold, Chapman; David Weirick, Centre; Abraham Eyer, Jackson; Henry D. Fisher, Monroe; Jacob Martin, Perry; Henry K. Ritter, Penns.

CONSTABLES—Joseph Bolender—Franklin tp. (Middleburg;) J. P. Romig, Beaver; Simon K. Herrold, Chapman; Isaac Knapp, Centre; Henry A. Bolig, Jackson; Henry Hummel, Middlecreek; Samuel Hehn, Monroe; Geo. W. Rathfong, Perry; Caspar Hain, Penns; Joseph Albert, Selinsgrove; John F. Schnee, Washington; J. J. Mattern, West Beaver.

More Fillibustering.

NEW ORLEANS, March 30.—It is rumored that an expidition is about being fitted out here for some point in Central America. It is said to be the intention to make the first demonstration against Veragua, a province of New Grenada, between Costa Rica and Panama. The expidition is said to be friendly to WALKER, and will act in concert with him. It is reported that a Provisional Government has been formed and considerable funds raised.

NEW ORLEANS, March 31.—It is reported here on good authority, that instead of purchasing Lower California and Sonora, our government will conciliate the South by paying a designated sum, say $15,000,000, for the Isthmus of Tehuantepec. It is also rumored that Senator BENJAMIN has been offered the appointment for the purpose of effecting the accomplishment of this purchase.

BANK SUSPENSION.—The Bank of New Castle, the credit of which has for some weeks been impaired, has finally stopped payment. The amount of coin in the bank, to redeem notes amounting to over $100,000, being just *four dollars.* The cashier, Mr. Wagonseller, absconded with fifty thousand dollars, but was arrested in Philadelphia on Wednesday of last week. The Directors, who are all men of respectability, have been sadly duped by the Cashier, who was a fast liver, and deeply involved in speculations.

"Mifflinburg's" shot missed the mark.

☞ Last Tuesday evening, the spacious basement room of the Presbyterian church was crowded to excess, and the audience detained until after ten o'clock, by the literary entertainment prepared by pupils of the Lewisburg Academy under the care of Mr. Randolph. We copy the titles of the various Essays, &c., presented:

Salutatory—WM C GREEN.
Colloquy—Laughter: MISSES A. TAYLOR, M. RUSSELL, A. KRICH, and I. BUCK.
Essay—A Walk to the Grove: ALICE THORNTON.
Essay—Fashionable Calls: MARY L. SEARCH.
Essay—"They Say:" JANE E. BAKER.
Essay—The Perils of the Sea: JOHN I. DASHIELL.
Colloquy—Church Critics: MESSRS. S. H. SLIFER, J. INGLAND, W. SCHAFFER, C. DERR, WM. C. GREEN, WM. KENNEDY.
Essay—Imitation: GEO. C. KELLY.
Essay—God Seeth Thee: MISSES. JAROMERA STERNER, ELIZABETH DERR.
Essay—The Scolding Wife: JARED I. JONES.
Colloquy—JOHN H. MILLER, American Boy; WM. HAYES, English Boy.
Recitation in Poetry—Courtship vs. Whiskers: GEO. B. MILLER.
Correspondence—AMANDA PALMER, The Address; MARY C HARRIS, The Reply.
Colloquy—What is Heaven? Miss M. E. Pardoe, Master H PENNINGTON.
Oration—Orators: JAMES F. CLARK.
Oration—"Murder will out:" JOSEPH POTTER.
Essay—Respect do to all men: JOHN DERR.
Essay—A Fashionable Party: JAMES M'LAUGHLIN.
Essay—Early Attachments: SARAH B. SPENCER.
Essay—The Spinning Wheel vs the Piano: MARTE PARDOE.
Oration—Tribute to the memory of Dr. Kane: CHARLES SCHAFFER.
Recitation in Poetry—Singing for the Million: HENRY WOLFE.
Essay—Moral Courage: FANNIE DERR.
Essay—Digging for Ideas: SARAH J. DUGDALE.
Colloquy—Gentleman and Irish Servant: JOHN I. DASHIELL, OLIVER ACHENBACH.
Essay—"I'll wait till it runs by:" THOS. C. TAYLOR.
Colloquy—The Tippler's Vocabulary: S. H. SLIFER, CHAS. GROSS.
Essay—The Journey of Life: ADA FRICK.
Essay—The death of my Mother: MARY A. JONES.
Colloquy—Mr and Mrs. Smith: ANNE GEISINER, MASON A. RUSSELL, Mr. O. ARMENTROUT.
Essay—Lewisburg Ahead: THOMAS C. THORNTON.
Speech—L. P. Ross—In the character of a California Auctioneer.
Essay—Tommy, former Classmates: MARIAN M'CLEN, Guest.
Speech—Matters and Things: JASPER FOGLE.
Valedictory—CLARENCE GEORGE.

The Ticket, at Harrisburg.

A ratification meeting was held at the Court House on Saturday evening, which was well attended. J. J. Clyde, Esq., of the *Herald,* President of the American State Council, presided. W. A. Lawrence Esq. was chairman of the committee on Resolutions, and the meeting was addressed by Joseph Casey, Esq., Hon. John C. Kunkel, and Mr. Moorhead of the House of Reps. The leading Americans of the place took part in the proceedings. Mr. Kunkel commenced by stating that he had not come to endorse, but to *approve* the nomination of Mr. Wilmot. He continued for near an hour in one of the best and most eloquent speeches I ever heard, and his friends here say that it was one of his most happy efforts. I will not attempt to give a sketch of his remarks, but only say that the American and Republican parties of this place are a unit.—*Cor. of Bellefonte Whig.*

Alarming Indications.

We do not know as Mr. Buchanan's warmest opponent ever charged him with a lack of ordinary morality, or of personal disregard of public decency. But there are some indications of a lamentable lack of firmness on his part, by which most [illegible] are elevated to posts of honor and influence.

Conspicuous among the Marshals at the recent Presidential Inauguration, was Mr. *Bernheisel* of Utah—the open, shameless advocate and practicer of those beastialities which make the plains of Utah worthy to rank with Sodom and Gomorrah. In a civilized, Christian country, he would be hissed out of society, and incarceratek in a prison for bigamy. In the latter-day Democratic party (in consideration of the unanimous Mormon vote for Buchanan) he is paraded as a grand Marshal, for virtuous wives and daughters to gaze upon—to reconcile and familiarize the people to this most degrading vice—and to warn preachers of the pure Gospel of Christ that by the time of another Presidential campaign Polygamy will be "political," and must (like Slavery or Border Ruffianism) never be preached against in the pulpit!

It may be objected that this was not Mr. Buchanan's, but his party's work. But they surely would do nothing risking an offence to the dispenser of patronage, and they found they could safely conciliate Mormonism without offending him.

But Mr. Buchanan can not shirk upon his friends the responsibility of HIS OWN appointment of *Isaiah Rynders* as Marshal of New York. This man is the notorious Captain of the infamous "Empire Club" of New York city—a gang of political desperadoes who would confer no honor upon the inside of prison walls. Rynders openly advocates Fillibustering, and presides at the meetings of friends of piracy. From New York, most of the slave ships and modern bucchaneer expeditions are secretly fitted out. The Marshal selects the Jurors for the trial of those offences. Now imagine such a man invested with so great power in that particular place in these peculiar times...and it looks much like a deliberate attempt to give a practical toleration to all those crimes. Buchanan knows this man well, and his selection of him for that most important post is a very glaring exhibition of his utter want of the firmness requisite to the station, or of even ordinary political honesty.

Geo. N. Sanders, the new Navy Agent at New York, is also a noted Fillibuster.

ANOTHER "UNION SAVER."—It was hoped that last election finished the disgusting cant about "saving the Union"—but no, Windy Packer must 'save' it next fall, and that notorious office hunter, Bob Walker, only condescends to be Governor of Kansas for the "safety of the Union"—so Buchanan says, and he coincides—and therefore the "Union is to be saved" this summer by delivering Kansas legally up to Slavery.

John Menges, of Lycoming county, and Elijah Gemberling, of Snyder county, arrested some time since, at Camden, N. J., on the charge of counterfeiting, were tried at Trenton on the 24th ult., on a writ of *habeas corpus* and discharged; the Judge deciding that they had been committed illegally; that there was no evidence to hold the prisoners.

Racine & Mississippi R. R. Company

TEN per Cent. Farm Mortgage Bonds.

We invite the attention of all who desire a perfectly safe and certain TEN PER CENT investment, to the Farm Mortgage Bonds of this Road, which we offer for sale. These Bonds are secured by mortgage on farms in the immediate vicinity of the road, as well as by the Bond of the Railroad Company. They are redeemable, and will be paid, in May '61. The Interest Coupons will be paid in May and Nov. of each year, at our office.

The road is 135 miles long, and 86 miles are now finished and in operation. The remaining 50 miles are progressing rapidly to completion and it is confidently expected that the whole of the road will be opened in the course of the present year. The business on that part which is now completed has proved much greater than was anticipated, and there can be no doubt the whole road when open will be a handsomely remunerative enterprise.

The road is advantageously situated as will be seen by the Map, and its connections are such as to insure it an immense amount of both freight and passenger business. The financial condition of the road is as follows:

STOCK—Cash Subscription	$1,000,000
Town and County Subscription	540,000
Farm Mortgage	1,000,000
	2,540,000
Bonded Indebtedness—$10,000 per mile	1,500,000
	$4,040,000

The nett earnings for the year 1856 were in round numbers $119,000. The cost of that part of the road that is in use was $1,300,000. It therefore earned over 9 per cent, and that on an unfinished road. As soon as it is completed to Freeport, 101 miles, the business will be vastly increased by the connection which it there makes with the Illinois Central and Galena & Chicago Railroads.

We have personally examined this road and the properties which are mortgaged, and we offer the Bonds in the full confidence that they are perfectly secure and reliable investments.

The Bonds are in amounts of from $100 to $15,000. We will be happy to furnish any desired information about the affairs of the road to those who may apply at our office, by letter or otherwise. **Keen & Taylor.**

No. 101 Walnut st., below Fourth, *PHILADA.*

A number of the above bonds are in the hands of the undersigned, for sale, in Lewisburg. [mh 27,'57] A. K. BELL.

Traverse Jurors, Adjourned Court, May '57.

From West Buffaloe—Geo E Sheary, Wm Beichler, Thos Taylor. *Buffaloe*—Daniel M Renner, Ephraim Campbell, Robt Strayhorn, And'w Hauck, Gersham Boldle. *Kelly*—Adam Hazlet, Geo Meixel, Jacob Meyer. *E st Buf.*—Jno Schrack, Jno Strohecker, Peter Wolfe, Jos H Walker, Abram Wolfe, Wm L Harris. *New Berlin*—Jos Kleckner. *Hartley and Lewis*—Jacob Fees, Alva Marsdon, Edw Benner, Israel Beaver, John Frederick, Elias Katherman. *Lewisburg*—Robt M Musser, Eli Slifer, Josiah Baker. *Limestone*—Robert Chambers, Simon Berry, Reuben Royer. *White Deer*—Jos R Ketler, Wm Sadden, Jacob Meckley. *Mifflinburg*—John Young, Tho's Gutelius, Cha's H Hassenplug.

Grand Jurors, May Term, 1857.

Buffaloe—And'w Ruhle, Themp. Strawhorn. *Mifflinburg*—Jos Roop, John Bilger. *Union*—Jacob Barnhart, Arch Thomas. *West Buf.*—Benev. M Reish. *East Buf.*—Leonard Wolfe. *Limestone*—Jno Crosgrove. *New Berlin*—Hy D Maize, Chas Cawley, Jas Neiman. *Lewisburg*—Wm Vanvalzah, Geo Holstein, Joseph Green, Chas C Shorkley, Johnson Walls, James Kelly. *Limestone*—John Leiby. *Hartley and Lewis*—A B Cummings, Orlando Bingaman, Jacob Hilbish. *Kelly*—Jacob Hafer sr, Dan'l Stahl 2d.

Traverse Jurors, May Term.

White Deer—Jon H Robenold, E H Weikle, Joel Ranck, sr., D B Kaufman, John St Clair, Saml Goodlander. *East Buf.*—Cyrus Brown, Wm Lindenmuth, John Gundy, Peter Getz. *Buffaloe*—James Hinmelright, Adam Young, Francis Wilson, John Biddle. *New Berlin*—Jas Harrison, Saml Boop. *Kelly*—John Noll, Tho's Howard, James Shields, James Moore. *Lewisburg*—Thos Nesbit, Geo Schoch, Wm Frick, Franklin Caldwell, Jos Meixel, Saml L Beck, Solo Ritter. *Mifflinburg*—Saml Sitzer, James Chambers, Berryhill Bell. *Limestone*—Chris Dauberman, Geo Chambers. *Jackson*—Philip Gross. *Hartley and Lewis*—John Deal, Chas Ruhle, David Fillman, Ja's Reed, David Eayes, Dan'l Hunsicker, Chr'n Gann, Chr'n Reif, Wm Cook, Jno F Wilson. *Union*—Jona Hummel. *West Buffaloe*—Saml Kaufman, Geo Hauck, Wm Taylor, Geo Kleckner.

Cure for Mad Dog Bites.

DR. G FAHNESTOCK'S (of Millerstown, Lebanon Co.) speedy and infallible cure for Hydrophobia or bite of mad dogs—on sale at $1 per dose by DAVID SCHRACK.
4w673 East Buffaloe, near Biehl's hotel

BOOKS! BOOKS!!

Great Bargains at the

People's New and Cheap Book Store

of P. NEVIUS & Co., Lewisburg, Pa.

H. YOUNG, one of the firm, has just arrived (to attend to the business for the present,) with a large and select stock of BOOKS of the most varied character, bought at the Trade Sales at the lowest rates, which have been added to the already fine stock on hand, all of which will be sold at corresponding low rates. We go upon the principle of quick sales and small profits. Citizens of Lewisburg, look to your interest, encourage this new enterprise. You will find eventually that you will be the gainers by it. Your town wants a good Book Store, conducted on the most modern and approved style. Such we promise you, if you will but give us your influence and patronage as long as we sell you as cheap and perhaps cheaper than others, which we feel confident in saying we can do. The enterprise is new, and not yet properly organized. We would but ask your kind indulgence and patronage for a short time, and we guarantee all we promise in the way of improving. On our shelves you will find a large collection of Standard and Miscellaneous Books to meet the wants and tastes of all; also STATIONERY of every variety. We hope to supply you soon with all the Leading Newspapers and Magazines at the earliest possible period, from their counter. We solicit subscriptions for any of the Leading Weekly papers or Monthly Magazines; all will be furnished at the Publishers' advertised rates, in clubs or single numbers. Our connexion with the School Book Business, enables us to sell everything low at either wholesale or retail. We call special attention to the Public School Register. The Globes, Pelton's Outline Maps, Sanders' and Merril's Elecutionary Chart, &c.

One and all, give us a call, examine our stock, and judge for yourselves.

Feb. 20, '57. P. NEVIUS & CO.

Executrix' Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters Testamentary on the last will and testament of ABNER ROBBINS, late of White Deer township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Union county, in due form of law; therefore, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having just claims against the same are also requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JEMIMA ROBBINS, Executrix.
White Deer, Feb. 7, 1857 pd

NNOOTTIICCEE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to J. Schreyer, either by Note or Book Account, will confer a particular favor by paying the same on or before the 1st day of April next. ☞ J. SCHREYER.
Lewisburg, Feb. 20 1857

CLOCKS—all kinds of 8-day and 30-hour Brass Clocks and patent lever time-pieces, Brass 8-day clocks at $4, brass 30-hour clocks as low as $1. All clocks warranted for one year at J. L. YODER'S

UNION county, ss.

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, To Samuel Baker, Greeting:

Whereas, Catharine Baker by her next friend Geo. Dreisbach Esq. did on the 17th day of September last past prefer her petition to our Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Union, at a court held at Lewisburg in and for said county praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bands of Matrimony entered into with you the said Samuel Baker,

WE therefore command you (as before we did) the said Samuel Baker, that setting aside all other business and excuses you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Lewisburg at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the said county on Monday the 18th day of May next, to answer the petition or libel of the said Catharine Baker by her next friend George Dreisbach Esq. and to show cause if any you have why the said Catharine Baker your wife should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony agreeably to the act of General Assembly in such case made and provided. And hereof you are not to fail.

Witness the Hon. A. S. Wilson, President of our said court at Lewisburg the 5th day of March, A. D. 1857.

SAMUEL ROUSH, Proth'y.

UNION COUNTY, SS.

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to Mary Yearick, widow, Henry Yearick, Thomas Yearick, Samuel Yearick, Emanuel Yearick, Mary Yearick, Susannah Yearick of Ohio, Rebecca Yearick, Rachel Yearick, Sarah intermarried with David Hoy of Iowa, Judith intermarried with William Sulzer, Lydia intermarried with Peter Hoy of Ohio now deceased leaving issue two children named John and Mary Hoy of Ohio, Catharine intermarried with Peter Hoy of Ohio, and Elizabeth intermarried with Geo. W. Swinerford now dead leaving issue one child named Theophilus who is a minor and has George N. Youngman guardian, ad litem, heirs and legal representatives of HENRY YEARICK, late of the borough of Mifflinburg, Union county, deceased—Greeting:

Whereas, by an Inquest for that purpose duly awarded by the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid, the real estate of the said Henry Yearick was valued and appraised as follows, to wit:

No. 1. A Lot on Front street, adjoining lands of George Royer, Thomas Yearick and others, containing thirty feet in front and one hundred and twenty-six feet in depth, whereupon is erected a two storey frame Dwelling House, with the appurtenances, we have valued and appraised at the sum of $553.33.

No. 2. A certain tract or piece of Land adjoining lands of Berryhill Bell, Nicholas Mellhouse and others, containing four acres or thereabouts, we have valued and appraised at the sum of one hundred and nineteen dollars and seventy-five cents per acre—$479.00.

No. 3. Also a tract or piece of Land adjoining lands of John Gotshall, Benjamin W. Thompson and others, containing two acres more or less, we valued and appraised at the sum of one hundred and eighty dollars and thirty-three cents per acre—$216.66.

No. 4. Also a Lot south of the Borough of Mifflinburg, adjoining lands of Thomas Grenemiller and others, containing three acres or thereabouts, we valued and appraised at the sum of one hundred and forty-six dollars and twenty-five cents per acre—$438.75.

No. 5. Also a lot of Woodland adjoining lands of Thomas Gutelius, Edward Smith and others, containing two acres more or less, we valued and appraised at the sum of thirty-eight dollars and sixteen cents per acre, amounting to $76.33.

And whereas, none of the heirs of the said deceased appeared in Court on the return of the said Inquisition to take the premises therein mentioned at the appraisement, YOU and every of you are therefore hereby cited to be and appear at the next general Orphans' Court to be held at Lewisburg for the said county of Union, on the 18th day of May next, to accept or refuse to take the said premises at the valuation thereof, and case of refusal to take as aforesaid to show cause why the same should not be sold.

Witness the Hon. A. S. Wilson, President of our said Court, at Lewisburg, the 5th day of March, A.D. 1857.

6w671 SAMUEL ROUSH, Clerk

WHO WANTS CLOTHING,

FOR

LITTLE OR NOTHING?

THE undersigned being determined to close business in this town, will dispose of their present extensive stock of First Rate Clothing at positively **25 per cent. less** than it has ever before been offered in this town or neighborhood! Come hither, all ye seedy, shivering bodies, and be ye nicely, warmly clothed! If you can't be satisfied with our prices and goods, you never can be. Here you can get

Coats, Pants, Vests, Shirts, Drawers—

well, anything that a gentleman ought to be possessed of (except perhaps a wife)—for your money, no matter how small your pile may be. Don't think we are joking when we say that we offer them so low, but just come and see for yourselves.

J. GOLDSMITH & BRO.

NOTICE!—All persons indebted to the Firm of J. Goldsmith & Bro. are earnestly requested to call soon and square up; and those having claims, will please present their bills. J. GOLDSMITH & BRO.
Lewisburg, Pa. Feb. 6, 1857

COAL! COAL!

COAL!---The undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Lewisburg and vicinity, as well as persons in adjoining towns, that he keeps constantly on hand a supply of *SHAMOKIN and WILKS-BARRE COAL,* for Stove and other purposes, of every variety and size, and will deliver Coal to persons desiring it, as he has a team for that purpose. Having erected a pair of good WEIGHT SCALES, he can assure persons purchasing Coal that they will get full weight, and thus pay only for what they receive.

Coal can be had at the lowest Cash prices at his Coal Yard, a few yards from Mr. Weidensaul's Hotel.

WEIGHING—all kinds will be attended to at his Coal Yard. GEORGE HOLSTEIN.
Lewisburg, May 17, 1856
☞ Also Blacksmith's Coal.

DR. KELLING'S

Cancer Institute, for the Treatment of Cancers, Tumors, Wens, Ulcers, Scrofula, or any Growth or Sore. Chronic Diseases generally can be cured (if curable) without surgical operation or poison. For all particulars write, state diseases plainly, and enclose 25 cts for advice; Letters must have a postage stamp enclosed to pay answer. Medicine sent any distance. Address C L KELLING, M D, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland Co, Pa.

Mechanicsburg is 8 miles from Harrisburg, on the C V. Railroad, and accessible from all parts of the Union.

Old and young, poor and rich, come all—we will do you good. ☞ To those afflicted who can not visit me personally, I will send, per mail, on receipt of $5 only, a Receipt to prepare Medicine with full Directions for use, &c. State all particulars. Address as above 6m670

ISAAC SMITH,

BARBER and Hair Dresser, LEWISBURG, Pa.

Office in Ammons' block, Market street, 3d door above the Store Oct. 22, 1856

LADIES' DRESS GOODS—new and handsome—just rec'd by
Dec. 25. BEAVER & KREMLER.

M. H. Dersham, M. D.,

HAVING permanently located in Lewisburg, Pa., respectfully tenders his Professional Services to the citizens of this town and vicinity, hoping by prompt attention to the duties of his profession to merit a share of their patronage. Attention will also be paid to Chronic Diseases of every name, and treated with unparalleled success.

DR. DERSHAM graduated at the renowned American Electic Medical College, Cincinnati, having first studied the Old or Allopathic system of medicine, and attended Lectures in one of the Old School Medical Colleges of Philadelphia; but becoming convinced of the superiority of the New or American Eclectic system, he commenced its study, and attended two courses of Lectures in the Reformed or American Eclectic Medical College of the Queen City of the West. This Institution, although yet in its infancy, has no superior in the Great West, and has already annually more Students than the four other Medical Colleges of Cincinnati combined. It is sending physicians to all parts of our Union and in Ohio, Indiana, &c., they will soon be more numerous than any other class of physicians.

The principal difference between the Reformed new or Eclectic, and the old Allopathic system of medicine, is this: the New School uses no mineral medicines that in any way injurious to the human system, such as Calomel, Arsenic, Antimony, &c., for calomel and harmless agents have of late years been discovered, (by the ever liberal and progressive physicians of the New School,) that are complete substitutes for those deleterious medicines. Calomel, As, &c., therefore we have no need for them. With these valuable new agents, and all those of the old or Allopathic school kept up to the points mentioned above, and all the improvements of every other system of medicine, (as the Homopathic, Hydropathic, Thomsonian, &c.) many diseases are now curable that were more or less impossible, and that too without breaking down the constitution, and creating other diseases, as Debility, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Liver Disease, Ulcerated sore Throat, Diseased Bones, premature Loss of Teeth, &c.

The New School certainly claims a great superiority in the treatment of all diseases. It has been proved by Clinical reports that the mortality—taking all diseases together—is less than 2 per cent, that of Allopathic claims is only a fair rate.

This is an age of progress and improvements, and the New School is always progressing, not being bound down by despotic creeds and antiquated theories.

N.B. OFFICE at the lower end of Market st. [3:6

Hickok's Patent Portable KEYSTONE CIDER & WINE MILL,

patented Nov. 20, 1856.

☞ This is not the Mill not in use. It needs all mills in the market, in the ease and speed with which it grinds, and in the great power of the press.

Manufactured at the Eagle Works, Harrisburg.

PLEASE TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE!

THAT this is entirely new mill—no expense has been spared in its manufacture—all the materials are the very best, and are used unsparingly. The Cylinders are almost twice the length of the former ones, and all including the top Cylinder, made of iron. The screw is two inches in diameter, with a heavy 3/4 V thread cut on it. The boxes of the Press in which this screw is made take heavy, and the thread of the nut cut full seven inches through it. The power of the Press is very much increased and cannot be broken by any full measure. The arrangement of the Trough and other parts of the Press is very perfect. The Hopper is large and well shaped, as is the Shaker; the Journals run in long bearings, and are fitted by the workmen so that they can be turned by any machine of the kind whatever. Perfection being the aim both in the arrangement and the mechanical department.

All persons who have seen or heard of the old fashioned mill, are aware how inconvenient it is, and especially those who have not large quantities of apples. By hauling the Mill to your plantation or farm you can, at any time in a few minutes notice, run off a dozen barrels of cider for a neighbor, while the Cylinder will enable it to make 10 to 12 barrels of cider a day, with ease.

The machine is made to easily be moved from land to land, and when the apples are gleaned, a small lot of four teen bushel of apples will press the pomace with all ease. The following may be adduced as the decided advantages of this mill.

First—It will make more Cider than any other Press, with a given quantity of apples in a given time, and with much less labor and expense.

Second—It will make clearer and sweeter cider than any other Mill.

Third—You can make the cider as you want it, and when you want it, and in quantities from one gallon to barrels.

Fourth—With it you can press your Currants, Cherries, Berries, Cheese, Butter, Lard, and Tallow.

Fifth—With it no one can at all times have fresh and sweet cider.

With all the advantages resulting from the possession and use of such a Machine—at a price so low that it is within the reach of all—as it is that any intelligent Farmer would do without it?

RECOMMENDATIONS.

W. O. HICKOK:—I have used your Cider Mill, and find the Mill last October, and from that I ground fifty bushels of apples per hour. I keep the ground apples twelve hours, and I can press out two hogsheads of cider per hour with two men. I can recommend your improved Cider Mill to all fruit growers, for speed and a saving of labor. I can make thirty-five gallons of cider from a bushel and one half bushels of apples. The cider can be pressed from the pomace without using water now. Cider will keep one year when sealed or bottled at the press.

JOHN MOORE.

ST. LOUIS, July 28, 1856.

MR. W. O. HICKOK:—Your Mills get here, and we have sold them and telegraphed for twelve more. As they are a much better made and better looking Mill than the other kind, we know they will sell quickly alongside of them at $25—price of the other $20.

We have six of the other kind, but, as we said before, people won't look at them alongside of yours.

Yours, Very Respectfully, WM. M. PLANT & CO.

YORKTOWN, INDIANA, June 16, 1856.

MR. W. O. HICKOK: DEAR SIR—It gives me great pleasure to bear my testimony to the superiority of your invaluable Patent Cider Mill. Any person who has made cider by the old press or mill quickly perceives, should they procure one of your new Mills, the utility and economy of your invention. I regard it as one of the best inventions now in use. Although I have had it but one year, it has amply repaid me for what it cost. I have expressed through one of your machines a wee bushel of apples, and can be preserved sweet longer than that pressed through the old fashioned Mill, from the very fact that it is more free from pomace, which always has a tendency to acidity, and unfits it in many instances for domestic use. Yours, respectfully, W. QUINLEY.

This is to certify, that I purchased of D. Lansdale, in October, 1852, one of Hickok's Patent Cider Mills, and have had it in use ever since. Decidedly say it is what it says. I have no hesitation in pronouncing it a very useful and indispensable Machine to the farmer. With it, one man and two boys can make from five to six barrels of good cider per day, easy. Many of my neighbors have purchased similar Machines. The Mill has been greatly improved since I bought mine. W. G. WARD.

May 11, 1854. Ridley, Delaware County, Pa.

I hereby certify that I have used W. O. Hickok's Improved Portable Cider Mill, and consider it a valuable invention in the economy of time. The cider is clearer and better than that made in the usual way. I am well pleased with it, and should be unwilling to part with it for quite a premium on the advanced cost. JOHN S. HALL.

July 1, 1854. Portland, Ct.

☞ More than one hundred Silver Medals and Diplomas have been given to my Mill within the last two years.

☞ This Mill occupies about 2½ feet by 3 feet, and is 4 feet high, weighing 300 lbs, in every way portable and convenient. ☞ PRICE $20.

Address, W. O. HICKOK, Agent Eagle Works, Harrisburg, Pa.

For sale by JOSEPH M'FADDEN, Lewisburg.

This Way, Ladies and Gentlemen!

For good, durable, cheap and beautiful Pictures.

Ambrotype Likenesses of a very superior quality on a new and improved plan, far surpassing the Daguerreotype. They are not reversed, but show everything in its true position—are without the glare of the Daguerreotype, and hence may be seen in any view; they are taken in one fifth of the time of a Daguerreotype, and therefore better for taking small Children, which require but a second in a bright light, and on dark or rainy days are taken as quick as Daguerreotypes in the clearest days; they are far more durable than any picture ever made by light, being taken on plate glass to which another plate of the same is hermetically sealed with an indestructible cement, by which the picture retains its brilliancy for ages; and it will not corrode by acids, nor be injured by weather or climate.

Copies of Daguerreotypes, Oil Paintings, Engravings, or any other object whatever, are made by this process finer than by any other known. ☞ Portraits set in elegant frames of morocco, or fancy cases, gold lockets, breast pins, finger rings, &c. &c. at short notice.

Also, **Daguerreotypes** which for true and faithful life likenesses are not surpassed. ☞ Of either of the above mentioned species of Portraits, the value is undeniable. They lighten the sorrows of absence or death, by granting us to behold a beloved relative or prized friend almost as distinctly as if present. Mother! father! sisters! brothers! friends! what would you not give if the faces of the lost might still and ever smile upon you as in life! Then procure Portraits ere too late!

Charges moderate, and Likenesses warranted to please. Daguerreotypes, Paintings, Drawings &c. copied. Out-door Views and Miniatures of Deceased Persons ta