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By P. D. HOCOTT.

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HOW THE YANKEE ARMY IS TO BE KEPT UP.—The New York Herald denies the truth of the widely circulated report that there is to be another draft immediately after the election, and adds:

There is not to be another draft, either before the election or after it; but of course the government will soon want more men, and we are glad to learn that measures are finally to be taken to establish a sensible, permanent recruiting system. Men are not scarce in this country, and the last call has demonstrated that by proper measures and a liberal bounty any number can be had. Men can be had in the Western States for three hundred dollars. It is proposed to offer five hundred dollars as a permanent bounty. This sum makes an allowance for the various expenses of the recruit, or even those who find him and bring him forward, and still leaves a good margin for the benefit of the recruit or his family. It gives a good sum, also as a basis for the operations and activity of that large number of persons who will thus be induced to lend their energies to the good cause of filling our armies. Recruiting will thus become a permanent business in the country, with ramifications in every city and village, and will, for the first time in the history of our war, be effective and productive of great results.

Not only will this system enable the army to draw regularly and properly upon our own population, but it will also tap for our benefit the immense and discontented population of Europe.

MR. BOYCE'S LETTER AT THE NORTH.—"RE-MORSELESS AND FRIGHTFUL DESPOTISM OF JEFF. DAVIS."—Discussing on the tendencies to despotism of the two Governments, the New York Herald says:

That great bag of wind, Vallandigham, the Hon. Ben. Wood, and all the noisy copperheads of the North, have much to say of this Lincoln despotism; but it is a despotism overflowing with milk and honey—it is a Paradise Lost to the Southern people, compared with the savage, remorseless and frightful despotism of Jeff. Davis. A prominent South Carolinian, the Hon. Mr. Boyce, before his own people, has recently sketched it, and a more revolting picture of a military reign of terror and absolute despotism has not been exhibited since the days of Draco among any intelligent people under the sun. The legitimate and absolute autocrat of all the Russians, in attempting such despotic powers as those exercised by Jeff. Davis, would be speedily hurled from his throne. Nor can Mr. Boyce promise anything better than an absolute monarchy or a military despotism with the success of Davis. The necessities of his position, if successful in this war, will make him just such another dispenser of Southern rights as the late Dr. Francis, that terrible tyrant of Paraguay.

JOHNSONVILLE, TENN.—The place where Forrest has lately achieved a great victory is situated on the east bank of the Tennessee river, four miles above Reynoldsburg, and is the terminus of the Northwestern railroad, connecting Nashville with the river. The town was named after Andy Johnson, who caused the railroad to be completed to enable the Federal authorities to transport stores to Nashville in low stages of water in the Cumberland. Since the completion of the road, Johnsonville has grown to be an important point, and has been for some time a great depot for Federal supplies, which were shipped direct to Nashville, Knoxville, Chattanooga or Atlanta, as desired. This explanation will enable the reader to fully appreciate the probable extent of the destruction of property that took place.

What is the Hardest Mode of Dying.

To be shot dead is one of the easiest modes of terminating life; yet, rapid as it is, the body has leisure to feel and reflect. On the first attempt by one of the frantic adherents of Spain to assassinate William, Prince of Orange, who took the lead in the revolt of the Netherlands, the ball passed through the bones of the face and brought him to the ground. In the instant preceding stupefaction, he was able to frame the notion that the ceiling of the room had fallen and crushed him.

Theannon shot which plunged into the brain of Charles XII, did not prevent him from seizing his sword by the hilt. The idea of an attack, and the necessity for defence was pressed on him by a blow which we should have supposed too tremendous to have an interval thought. But it by no means follows that the inflicting of fatal violence is accompanied by a pang. From what is known of the first effect of gun shot wounds, it is probable that the impression is rather stunning than acute. Unless death be immediate, the pain is as varied as the nature of the injuries, and these are past counting up.

But there is nothing singular in the dying sensation, though Lord Byron remarked the physiological peculiarity that the expression is invariably that of languor, while in death from a stab, the countenance reflects the traits of natural character, of gentleness or ferocity, to the last breath.

Some of these cases are of interest to show with what slight disturbance, life may go under a mortal wound, till it finally comes to a sudden stop. A foot soldier at Waterloo, pierced by a musket ball in the hip, begged water of a trooper who chanced to possess a canteen of beer. The wounded man drank, returned his heartiest thanks, mentioned that his regiment was nearly exterminated, and having proceeded a dozen yards on his way to the rear, fell to the earth, and with one convulsive movement of his limbs, concluded his career. 'Yet his voice,' says the trooper, who himself tells the story, 'gave scarcely the smallest sign of weakness.'

Captain Basil Hall, who, in early youth, was present at the battle of Cornuba, has singled out from the confusion which consigns to oblivion the woes and gallantry of war, another instance, extremely similar, which occurred on that occasion. An old officer, who was shot in the head, arrived pale and faint at the temporary hospital, and begged the surgeon to look at his wound, which was pronounced mortal. 'Indeed, I fear so,' he responded, with impeded utterance, 'and yet I should like to live a little longer, if it were possible.' He laid his sword upon a stone at his side, 'as gently,' says Hall, 'as if its steel had been turned to glass,' and almost immediately sank dead upon the turf.

LARGE YANKEE FLEET IN HAMPTON ROADS.—RAID UP NANSEMOND RIVER.—PETERSBURG, November 6.—The enemy have an unusually large fleet in Hampton Roads, among it several Monitors and other peculiar looking specimens of naval architecture. Lardner is in command in James River, and D. D. Porter has been selected for an attack on Wilmington, whether part of the fleet has sailed.

Two gunboats ascended the Nausemond River on Tuesday last, and landed a party of about sixty men, who made a dash in Chuckatuck, and arrested all the male citizens but three. Learning, however, that Nausemond county is free from conscription they released their prisoners, with an admonition to keep out of the rebel service. They made severe threats against Smithfield, and it will not be matter of surprise if they burn it at any time.

FROM THE FRONT.—At last account—up to the 4th—the main body of the army was in the vicinity of Tusculumbia, where headquarters were established. Two divisions had crossed the Tennessee, to protect the laying down of pontoons. Cheatham's old division had been ordered to prepare extra rations, but for what purpose was not even surmised when our informant left.

The depot for the relief of the destitute South Carolina soldiers, will be opened soon at Selma. A correspondent from the army of Tennessee reports that during the first fourteen days of the campaign, commencing at the Chattanooga, an average march of a neten miles per day was performed, about thirty miles of railroad track torn up, and over one thousand prisoners captured. The march, under the circumstances, was an extraordinary one.

CAMDEN JOURNAL.

FRIDAY MORNING NOV. 18.

At the meeting of the Examining Board, on yesterday, all applicants for exemption, with one exception, were assigned to active or light duty.

THE "TALLAHASSEE."—This steamer has had no fight with the enemy's ships, and is now perfectly sound in every part. If the fight reported to the New York papers by the Arago's Captain, took place at all, it was probably with a blockade runner.

A special message from Governor BROWS, of Georgia, states that there were a number of men of military age in the State under bond to appear at courts to answer criminal prosecutions, and by that means are kept out of the army. He recommends legislation on the subject. The message was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

We are indebted to Mrs. GEORGE BARNES, of Kershaw District, for an extra fine article of turnips. The specimen presented are rare, as to size, and are all that the most delicate palate might suggest in way of turnips. The lady will please accept our thanks. We take it, always, to be the best evidence of the successful culture of the products of our section when the producer presents the editor or printer with an average sample.

We have no news by telegraph or otherwise this morning. We are unable to account for the absence of our regular press despatches, and can only say that they have not been transmitted over our lines or they would have appeared in our columns of this morning; and the absence of an exchange mail—owing to there being no publication of newspapers on Thanksgiving day—leaves us without anything with which to satiate the longing of our readers for the latest items of news from the seats of war.

SEMMES AFLOAT IN THE STEAMER SEA KING.—The following has been received by the Yankee Government in reference to the new steamer to be commanded by Captain Semmes: UNITED STATES CONSULATE, Liverpool, October 13, 1864.

Sir: The English screw steamer Sea King, built at Glasgow in 1863, cleared for Bombay, and sailed from London on the 8th instant with a large quantity of coal, fifty tons of metal, and a crew of forty-seven men, in command of Captain Cobbett. Mr. Sisco, United States consular agent at Dover, says he has reliable information that Captain Semmes is to have this vessel. From what is known at this office about the Sea King, independent of the information of Mr. Sisco, I have not the least doubt she is the vessel the steamer Laurel is to meet, and that Captain Semmes, with the officers, men and guns, taken out in the Laurel, will be transferred to her. Their place of meeting is not known to me.

The Sea King is a very fast, strongly built and fine-looking screw steamer, built of wood, with iron frame; and coppered, about one thousand tons burthen and two hundred and twenty-two feet long, one funnel, three bright masts, ship-rigged with wire rigging, heavily sparred, machinery abaft the mainmast. No doubt but her name will be changed.

I am, sir, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS H. DUDLEY, Consul.

Notwithstanding the enemy have overrun and plundered a good portion of Mississippi; that State has sent large quantities of provisions to the army. During the year ending September 1st, 1864, Major Damerson and his agents collected and impressed in that State and sent to the army, 39,000 head of hogs; 19,000 head of hogs, 1,649,838 pounds of bacon exclusive of the hogs, 3,000,000 pounds of flour by manufacture, 6,000,000 pounds of peas and beans, 42,000 pounds of rice in seed, besides a large quantity of sweet potatoes, &c.—This is independent of grain and other supplies which were forwarded by the Quartermaster's Department, whose consumption of corn is greater than the Commissary Department.

GAVETY IN ATLANTA.—Some two weeks ago a grand "n-gro ball" was given at the theatre in Atlanta, and attended by all the elite of "African descent," and those white "pansons" who felt themselves as good as the negro. General Sherman the same night has a soiree at his headquarters, but it was not so well attended. Only some twenty white women were present.

DEATH OF EX GOV. HAMMOND.—The Hon. James H. Hammond, ex Governor of South Carolina and more recently a Senator from that State, when the Union survived, died yesterday morning at his residence on Beach Island. The deceased was well known over all this country as a man of eminent genius and rare acquirements. His intellect was essentially classic—large, catholic and masculine. When quite a young man he was elected from his native State to the House of Representatives and became at once conspicuous as the opponent of John Quincy Adams, on the Right of Petition.

From that time forth, until his health became seriously impaired, this remarkable man filled nearly all the most honorable and responsible offices of the commonwealth of South Carolina.

As an author, Gov. Hammond had few equals. Elegant scholarship, vast and curious information, the acumen of the advocate, the grasp of the statesman, the imagination of the poet—all the graces of diction and strength of intellect breathed and burned through his composition. His hospitality was princely, and there are few who were admitted to his intimacy who did not feel the spell of his musical voice as he held them in the thrall of his glittering eye, like the Ancient Mariner and the wedding guest.

At the time of his decease, Gov. Hammond was within one day of his 57th year.
Constitutionalist.

Sweet Potatoes.

50 BUSHELS SWEET POTATOES, AT FIVE Dollars per bushel.
bushels fine Rice Peas, for table use.
Apply to S. A. BENJAMIN, fr. m. November 18.

NOTICE.

BY PERMISSION OF A. L. McDONALD, ORDINARY Kershaw District, I will sell on the 25th inst., at the late residence of R. J. Gardner, deceased, all the personal property belonging to the said deceased.
J. R. THORN, Admr. nov 18—*2t.

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER WILL RECEIVE A LIMITED number of Hides and Tan them FOR ONE FOURTH at his Tan Yard on his plantation, four miles east of Camden.

The Vats and Leather House are recent and under the charge of a watchful and reliable overseer, but as this arrangement is made for the accommodation of neighbors and not with the view of profit, Hides will only be received AT THE OWNER'S RISK. Those who have left Hides there recently will remove them unless they assent to these terms.

WM. M. SHANNON, R. Camden, Nov. 18, 1864.

Exchange.

I WILL EXCHANGE TWO MULES FOR GOOD Milch Cows.
R. B. JOHNSON, nov 18—3t—fr. m. w.

South Carolina—Kershaw District.

BY A. L. McDONALD, ESQUIRE, ORDINARY.
WHEREAS, JOSEPH T. MICKLE, deceased, has applied to me for Letters of Administration on all and singular the goods and chattels, right and credits of Dr. John Milling, late of the district deceased.

These are therefore to cite and admonish all and singular, the kindred and creditors of said deceased, to be and appear before me at our next Court for the said District, to be holden at the Court House on Tuesday the 5th day of December next, to show cause, if any, why the said administration should not be granted.

Given under my hand and seal, this 17th day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and in the eighty-eighth year of the independence and sovereignty of the State South Carolina.

A. L. McDONALD, R. Camden, November 18

For Sale.

A TRAVELLING TRUNK
Sale at MATHEWSON'S
November 15

Kirkwood Mill.

KIRKWOOD MILL (FORMERLY LANE'S) is now prepared to grind grist on to order. Notice will be given as soon as the Wheat Mill is completed.

MILLER WANTED.

A miller wanted to superintend the above mill. Apply to B. P. COLEMAN, Nov. 16