The Home Journal.

BY W. J. SLATTER.

"Pledged to no Party's arbitrary sway,
We follow Truth wher'er she leads the way."

EDITORIAL DIFFICULTY.

A difficulty occurred last week in Nashville between one of the editors of the Union and American—Mr Poindexter, and the editor of the Banner—Mr Beaumont. We would save ourself the trouble of writing a notice of the difficulty by copying a statement from the Banner, or the Union, were it not that both of those journals give somewhat contrary statements. Suffice it to say that the following clause of an article which appeared in the Banner, contains the language at which Mr. Poindexter became offended. The Banner said:

"The Southern politicians are in the habit of abusing Seward and Van Buren, Greely and Dix as the enemies of the South, but the worst enemies of the South are in the Southern Democratic party. These Northern fanatics are so far off their voices would never reach the ears of the slaves, but they are caught up and re-echoed by Southern Democratic politicians. They are really powerless of themselves, and it is only through the means of such journals as the Union and American and such candid statesmen as Gov. Harris that they are able to do any harm. The real enemies of the South, the traitors who ought to be most severely punished, are those Democratic leaders."

About 10 o'clock Friday morning Mr. Poindexter called at the editorial room of the Banner, in pursuance of a mutual understanding between the parties, that all grievances growing out of their editorial duties should be personally presented one to the other, and fairly canvassed with a view to an amicable settlement, if practicable, (an understanding which had been repeatedly acted upon previously,) and asked to see Mr. Beaumont privately.

Both parties stepped out upon a porch, when Mr. Poindexter complained that the word "traitor" in the above extract was personally offensive.

A parley of words ensued and soon the two engaged in a fight in which a pistol was used by Mr. Poindexter, Mr. Beaumont not using any. No serious injury resulted as the combatants were kept apart by the interference of friends. In the evening about 10 o'clock of the same day, the parties met in Cedar street, opposite the capital each accompanied by a friend, for the purpose, evidently of settling the difficulty. With a coolness which, under the circumstances, might be considered commendable, they took positions so as to fire across the way, avoiding the danger of injuring persons passing up and down the street. Using pistols, they fired almost simultaneous, neither shot, however, taking effect. On the second shot Mr. Beaumont received a slight flesh wound in his leg. Mr Poindexter was unharmed. With the wounding of Mr. Beaumont hostilities ceased, neither party exhibiting any disposition to continue the firing. The two gentlemen, we understand, have hitherto been very intimate personal friends, and we deeply regret the whole affair that has thus caused two who had been raised together and educated at the same institution, to become estranged in their personal feelings.

P.S.—The matter above spoken of has been amicably settled, and cordial relations restored.

The Bowling Green, Ky., Standard of the 21st says: We have had heavy rains this week. Some of our farmers are getting very much alarmed about their wheat crops, fearing that the same will be injured to a great extent. The rust has made its appearance in some localities.

The Sewanee University.—Messrs. Armfield, of Tennessee, Croom, of Alabama, and Warren, of North Carolina, have each subscribed $25,000 to the "University of the South."

The Wheat Crop.—A correspondent at Calhoun, Ga., writes as follows:

"The wheat in our country is almost ruined. The early wheat was injured by the frost, and the rust has almost taken the whole county. The probability is that there will not be half a crop. Corn is scarce and is worth 75 cents, but we have plenty of bacon to keep us from starving."

A GOOD IDEA.

We heard a plain, jolly, but sensible old man in Winchester, remark the other day that it "wouldn't do to strike at every dog that barks at you." The remark caused us to *think*, and and upon thinking we come fully to the conclusion as he expressed it. And we do firmly believe that in no position, aside from that of editing a newspaper, can one be placed in order to have dogs (we mean two-legged dogs) continually barking and growling; and we do firmly believe that such barking and growling has as little effect on us as on anybody else.—Of course we would prefer that such would attend to their own business, but as they do not, we take advantage of the opportunity and give an occasional article for their especial benefit. The difference between our talk about them and theirs about us is this: We tell ours publicly and with the intention of exorcising such mean habits from them, and we put all we say in plain black and white, so that they, and every one else can read it, (though, alas! they too frequently happen to be those who are illiterate and never read newspapers, of course.) As we said before, an editor of a newspaper certainly does meet up with more persons who take delight in attending to his business for him than they do in attending their own. We don't care how good a paper he may publish—we don't care how earnestly and untiringly he may struggle to advance the interests of the community in which he may reside—how much he may strive to aid human society—how innocent the means he may employ—how pure his motives may be—yet those motives will be misconstrued, and his actions misunderstood by *some*, who go to make up a small portion of our community. Thank fortune they make but a *small* portion—that there are *many* who *do* appreciate industry, zeal, who are too noble to *bark* at every little feeble erring humanity may inadvertantly commit. As to the class we are admonishing at present, we *do* wish every one of them took our paper—not that we care very much for the money they might pay for it (and those who love to tattle so, are generally the last to *pay* for what they abuse) yet, we would like to know them as regular readers of our Journal, so that we could now and then bring before their prying eyes the abominable habit which enlists their time and *talent*.—Afterwards while we believe they would get ashamed, and turn from the error of their ways.

The old man's observation is right—"It will not do to strike every dog that barks at you" A real sagacious dog—a *good, honest* dog—will come boldly up and face you—not follow barking at your heels. The mean, sly, deceitful, noisy dog will always wait until you *pass* his gate—will wait until your back is turned, and then, oh! *then* he comes forth with a bow wow, as if he would tear you to pieces. The gentlemanly dog—the dog who would take care of your house and stock—who would defend you at all hazard and the last extremity" in the hour of danger—this dog lies still and waits until you trespass on his grounds first before he attacks you, and when he *does* attack you, it is face to face. Yes, the old man's observation, we repeat, is true, but unfortunately the sly cur sometimes sneaks up unawares and inflict a loathsome wound when you least suspect it. From such dogs, oh! deliver us.

Bank of Chattanooga.—Counterfeit Issues.—Mr. Neal, Teller of the City Bank, yesterday exhibited to us a genuine twenty dollar note on the Bank of Chattanooga, with forged signatures, of which the Bank had received $460 from New York. We learn that $750 in fifty dollar notes on the same bank, also forged signatures, passed through the hands of one or more of the banks here on Friday. The notes have been stolen from the the Bank, filled up and put in circulation to any extent here, but the public may as well be guarded in reference to $20's and $50's, Bank of Chattanooga. The signatures are poor, and the name of the President, John Overton, was spelled on the note we saw *Overon*. A dispatch from Memphis first apprized the banks here of the fraud.—*Nash. Banner.*

Since the above was put in type we have received another Banner, which says:

We learn since that the notes were stolen from the engravers, at New York, and that the thief had been arrested and all the remaining notes in his possession secured. We are also authorized to state that the Planters' Bank here, Bank of Memphis, and the Bank of Chattanooga will receive all the circulation of this bank, including the forged signatures. The public, therefore, need have no fear of these notes.

Temperance Monthly.—This monthly of literature and Temperance has been removed from McMinnville to Nashville, where it will be published in the future. Geo. E. Purvis, the former editor retires from the editorial stripped with a neat and brief but pretty little address, welcomes Mrs. Emilie C. S. Chilton, in his stead. Mrs. Chilton it will be remembered, is a regular Contributor to the Home Journal, and, if for nothing else, we think *her* connection with a periodical, either as contributor or editress, but especially as editress ought to and will prompt many to subscribe. She is a nice writer, and we never call her name without memory recurring to the beautiful poem entitled "Miriam," and the answer to "Love's Appeal," both of which she wrote for the Journal.

In the Monthly before us is an excellent piece, headed "Scotland," which we may publish soon. In the meantime we urge the Monthly as the only magazine devoted to temperance now published, so far as we know, and the friends of the cause should subscribe for it. Terms $1 per annum.

Shooting Affair.—A shooting affair came off in this city yesterday morning on Cherry street, between 10 and 11 o'clock, the parties to which were Col. Matt Martin of Shelbyville, and J. W. Brown, a produce dealer, now stopping in this city. Fortunately, though some three or four shots were fired from each side, no damage was done. Marshal Brown was promptly on the ground, and commanded the peace, but both parties continued firing until Col. Martin's ammunition was exhausted, or his pistol failed to work. He then attempted to rush upon Brown, but was intercepted by the Marshal and Sheriff Hinton, while Brown fled up Union street, toward the St. Cloud. Marshall Brown pursued his fugitive namesake, overtaking him near the residence of the late Dr. McNairy, on Summer street; where he turned and leveled his pistol at the Marshal, under the impression that he was a friend of Martin's, and had hostile intentions. The latter announced that he was an officer, and Brown immediately surrendered.

Both parties were arraigned before the Recorder, and a long examination ensued. It appears that the parties had had a previous collision at the City Hotel on Tuesday night.

Col. Martin being then, as on the second occasion, the attacking party. The cause of the difficulty is connected with domestic matters. Col. Martin accusing Mr. Brown of improper intimacy with his wife, with whom he has recently had some trouble. Both parties were bound over before the examination in the sum of $1000, to keep peace, and afterwards fined $50 each for a violation of the municipal laws.—*Nash. Banner.*

Whew!—It's *cold* but these days, and if it were not for the cooling beverage at G. C. Gorham & Co's. we would almost cry out in distress.—They have a nice soda fount fixed up, and all nearly arranged. How pleasant to go with the girls and imbibe something that does not intoxicate. We wonder that they are not constantly crowded, especially these hot times. Take our advice and go and invest $1, which will entitle you to 26 drinks of that which doth not 'steal away the brain.'

The advertisements of several Nashville firms appear in our paper today, and we invite careful attention to them all. In a conspicuous place stands the advertisement of Armstrong & Co., and the farmers will please read it carefully. Our personal acquaintance with Mr. Armstrong justifies us in recommending him to one of the cleverest men to deal with we ever saw. When any one wants cement and plaster, write down to Armstrong & Co. Their Agricultural Warehouse is unsurpassed, so far as accomodations and good stock are concerned.

Notice.—Frequently we receive orders from our friends, requesting us to send them Harper's Magazine, Godey's Lady's Book, or some one of the Magazines with which we club.—Now, we propose to furnish the Home Journal and any one of the $3 Magazines for $4 per annum, both being taken together. But in this case, the money must be paid in advance.—When any one sends to us for a Magazine, they must send the money also, else the Magazine will not come. We cannot get the publishers to send us their Magazines until we pay them in advance, and we have never yet asked and never will ask them to violate their established rule. So, kind friends, you see that if we were to furnish you a Magazine on a credit—we must virtually loan *you* the money, which we are not able to do.

At a hotel table, one day, a boarder remarked to his neighbor—

"This must be a very healthy place for chickens."

"Why?" asked the other.

"Because I never see any *dead ones* about."

SOUTHERN UNIVERSITY.

Notice.—The Board of Trustees of the University of the South, is hereby summoned to convene for the transaction of business, at Boersheba Springs, Grundy Co., Tennessee, on Wednesday, the 10th day of August next.

By order of the Rt. Rev. the President of the Board.

HENRY C. LAY, *Secretary.*
Huntsville, Ala., May 18th, 1859.

The candidates for Governor speak in Winchester on Thursday the 16th of June.

Harper's Magazine for June is on our table. It is the best Magazine in the world. Terms $3. Home Journal and Harper one year for $4.

A Relic.—A correspondent writes us that some workmen on the line of the Wills' Valley Rail Road while making excavations for the road bed in Dade county, found, some four feet beneath the surface of the ground, five or six crucibles, one steel spoon and a large sized rock rounded in the shape of a mortar, all which our informant thinks were at one time used in the working of minerals. The spot where these relics were found is near an extensive bed of iron ore, and all indications are, that smelting of some sort was anciently carried on. The place of discovery is on the bottom lands of Lookout creek, and some twenty miles from Chattanooga.—*Chattanooga Adv.*

THE WEALTH OF THE ASTORS.

A correspondent of the Jersey *Telegraph* gives the following apparently authentic information respecting the wealth of the Astor family:

George B. Smith, lately deceased, was a long time agent of John Astor, chiefly employed in the collection of rents, for which service Mr. Astor paid him eight thousand dollars a year. I heard, for "I was there," Mr. Smith says that he collected one hundred and sixty thousand dollars a quarter of *rents alone, and these were a small part of his property.* That Mr. Astor, at the time of his death, was worth twenty one millions of dollars. By his will he gave his son, Wm. B. Astor, fifteen millions, a part of which was the Astor House. The remainder of his property he gave away in legacies to different persons. From the time of Mr. Astor's decease his son must have laid up a million of dollars a year for he was then rich, independently of what his father gave him.

Mr. Astor was six months bed-ridden, and during all that time gave orders daily to Mr. Smith. He went *once every day* to see Mr. Astor, and William visited his father twice a day. Mr. Smith said that his habit was to go into the sick room and quietly take a chair and sit down by the bedside,—I. Mr. Astor's eyes were shut, he (Mr. S.) would sit silent ten minutes, and if he still remained so he would quietly leave the room. If Mr. Astor was awake, Mr. S. would tell him what he had done, and Mr. Astor would give him directions to govern him until the next visit. At one time Mr. Smith was appointed President of the Butcher's and Drovers' Bank, and Mr. Astor immediately sent for him. He told Mr. S. that he could not be President of that Bank and attend at the same time to his business and that he must resign, which he did.

The first bank was established by the Lombard Jews, A. D. 808. The word bank is derived from *banco*, a bench, which was erected in the market place for the exchange of money.

University of the South.—We are gratified to learn that the efforts of Bishop Polk, in raising for this contemplated institution, have been crowned with most eminent success.—He has already secured $275,000, which sum he feels confident, will be increased to $500,000 by the time of the meeting of the Board of Trustees, which will convene at Beersheba Springs, on the 10th of August next. The project meets with the highest favor from the people, and the contributions are very liberal indeed. We refer to the official call for a meeting of the trustees, on the 10th of August, to be found in our advertising columns.—*Memphis Avalanche.*

The following item should be passed round, copied into newspapers, cut out and pasted up, and kept going until its suggestion is universally understood and practiced:

"I and J.—There are not two letters in the manuscript alphabet of the English language which occasion so much trouble or cause so much unconstruction, as the two letters I and J, as many inadvertantly write them. The rule for writing them properly, and which should be universally understood and adopted, is to extend the J below the line, while the I should be written even with the line. If those who write I for J knew how it sometimes puzzled printers, they would remember the above suggestion."

"O Fortune! Fortune! all men call thee Fickle."—Thus wrote Shakespeare; and probably to his day the sentiment was well-timed and appropriate; but in these times, the "blind goddess" is more disposed to dispense her favors than to "slays of yore." Those fortunate persons who have got recently hold some prizes in the lotteries managed by WOOD, EDDY & Co., have no reason to exclaim that fortune is fickle. By addressing the above firm, at Augusta Ga., or Washington, D.C., (vide see the successors of the well known firm of Saml Swan & Co.,) and enclosing $10, $5, or $2 50, for a whole, half or quarter ticket in any of their several schemes, purchasers will be surprised to realize how poor an estimate Shakespeare had of the character of the goddess.—*Sunday Mercury.* 125.

MARY SHARP COLLEGE.

The patrons of this institution, and friends generally, are invited to attend the annual examination, commencing June the 13th, and closing the 17th.

The commencement sermon will be preached on Sabbath the 12th, by Elder J. M. Pendleton.

Graduating exercises on Friday morning.

N. R. MARTIN,
Sec'y Board of Trustees.

NOTICE!

SEWING MACHINES.
FOR SALE BY W. J. SLATTER.

Commercial.

Nashville Market,

From the Nashville Daily News.

Thursday, May, 26, 1859.

Bacon.—The demand is brisk, and increasing; and Hog Round is firm at 9¼. In mixed lots, Shoulders are worth 7¾; Hams 8¾; Clear Sides 10¾a10 8/; from wagons. From store, packed ¼ cent more.

Lard.—Good Lard, in suitable packages, readily commands 10¾a11.

Wheat.—Prime Red $1@1 10, and White $1 10@$1 20.

Flour.—Demand brisk. Extra $8,00 per barrel; Superfine, $6 50@7 dollars. Extra Family Flour in bags, wholesale $3 75; retail $4 @ 98 pounds.

Corn.—Market bare, demand increasing. Buyers are giving 70a75 cents, and furnishing sacks.

Corn Meal—85@90c.

Dried Fruit.—Little doing. Apples 1 50. Pealed Peaches, 3 50a4. Unpealed 2 50.

Seeds—Hungarian Grass Seed $3; Millet $2 25a2 50; Flax Seed $1.

Whisky.—We quote 28@30 for Rectified. Country brands 50@75c.

Land for Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the county court of Franklin county, Tenn., pronounced at its May term, 1859, I will on

Monday the 4th day of July next,

at the court house door in the town of Winchester, offer for sale to the highest bidder, the Bell tract of land containing eighty-four acres belonging to the estate of Wm Brazelton, deceased.

TERMS OF SALE.

Said Land will be sold on a credit of one and two years, except the amount of two per cent on the whole of the purchase, to be paid on day of sale. The bidding for said land to commence at $10, ₩ acre. Bond and good security will be required of the purchaser, and a lein retained on the land until the whole of the purchase money is paid.

may 26, R. F. SIMS, Clerk.

To House Builders.

The undersigned invite proposals for building a depot house on the Winchester and Ala. R. R. at Winchester, until first Monday in June, next. The plan and specifications of the building can be seen at the office of Hu Francis, in Winchester.

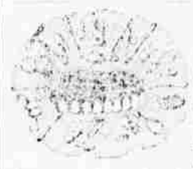
HU FRANCIS.
M. PORTER,
J. M. BUROUGH.
May 22. Committee.

Wanted.—Two hundred bushels late Red Irish Potatoes, for which the highest market price will be paid by

May 26 G. C. GORHAM & CO.

Just Received.—Good Coal Oil and nice Dried beef by

May26 G. C. GORHAM & CO.



J. WARNER,
Dental Surgeon

(formerly of Pleasant Hill, Lafayette Co., Miss.) has located himself in Winchester, Tenn., and will practice his profession in all its various branches. For the present he can be found at Dr. J. M. Porter's residence. [may 26tf] tf

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ICED SODA WATER
Fresh and Sparkling,
AT
G. C. Gorham & Co's.

All sorts of syrups constantly on hand and ladies especially invited to call. may 26

No Old Goods on Hand. GEO. B. ABBOTT, No Old Goods on Hand.
(Late Clk. & Asbott)
has now removed to No. 32 College street, near the Sewanee House, where he has opened a stock of first rate

NEW
CLOTHING
of all descriptions, which he will sell lower than the same can be bought at any other house
IN NASHVILLE!
May26 tf

W. H. HORN & SON,
No. 15
South College Street, between Church and Broad.
Nashville, Tennessee,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes,
WALL PAPER,
Borders, Window Shades,
FIRE BOARDS, &C.
Orders promptly attended to.
may 26 1y

A. P. & A. B. BIRCH.
No. 31 College Street, (two doors South of Square,
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE,
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC,
Velvet Tapestry, 2 & 3 ply Carpets;
Four Qr Cotton 3 6 8, 12, and 18 feet wide.
Satin Damask for Curtains, white, lace, and Mohair Curtains. A full assortment of
CARPETING.
Canvas for Wagon Sheets and Tent Cloths, three yards wide.
may 26 1m

NEW FURNITURE.
HENSHAW & TAMBLE,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in and Manufacturers of all kinds of
Furniture,
No. 38 Market Street, Nashville, Tennessee.

Would respectfully call attention to their large and loaded stock of FURNITURE, and in doing so feel confident that they are prepared to exhibit by far

The Largest and best Stock

Of all descriptions of Furniture ever offered in this city. They are offering their stock to those who may desire to purchase at wholesale at very reduced prices

For Cash.

Mattresses of all kinds constantly kept on hand for sale at the lowest market prices.
may26—1y. HENSHAW & TAMBLE.

Furniture! Furniture!
GOODES, CAVERT & CO.
No. 13 South College St.
Nashville, Tenn.

WOULD respectfully call attention to their large and varied assortment of Furniture including so they feel satisfied that they are prepared to exhibit by far the largest and

Best Stock

of all kinds of Furniture, ever offered before in this city, and in order to hold out inducements they are offering such articles as may be desired to cash buyers at

Reduced Prices.

Owing to this reduction, those buying on credit will be charged interest from the time the bills are made.

The heavy stocks now in store and the employment of a large number of hands constantly engaged in manufacturing, induces them to give extra bargains at the present time.

We ask an examination of our stock, believing that those in want of any articles will find it to their interest to purchase of us.

GOODES, CAVERT & CO.

Mattresses of all kinds constantly on hand and for sale at the lowest market price.
may26—6m.

C. W. Klages,
Union Street, Odd Fellow's Hall,
Nashville, Tennessee,
DEALER IN
Wall Papers, Borders, Decorative Papers, Window Shades, &c.
May 26 3m

HARVEST OF 1859.

—o—

ARMSTRONG & CO.,
AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 69 Market St., Nashville.

—o—

We are now receiving our stock of Threshers, and Reaping and Mowing Machines, and have a greater variety than any house in the South, and farmers would do well to give us a call, and examine our assortment and prices before making their purchases, and we think we can satisfy them this is the market to buy at. Below will be found a list of the machines we sell.

Reapers and Mowers.

Rugg's Centre Draft Reaper and Mower
P. Ramey's " "
" " " self-raker
New York Reaper
Kentucky Harvester, Reaper and Mower.
Kirby's " "
" " "
Easterly's Reaper and Mower—self-raker.

Threshing Machines.

Pitt's 6 and 8 horse Threshers & Cleaners.
Pitt's 4 & 6 " do do
do. " " do without cleaners.
Munn's 4 do do do
Munn's 2 horse Threshers without cleaners.
Pease's 2 " R. R. do. and Separators.
" 1 " " do. do.
Bell's 1 & 2 " " do. do.

Sundries.

Revolving Hay Rakes; Cultivators; Harrows; Sugar Mills; Field Rollers; Fan Mills; Circular Saw Mills; Portable Steam Engines; Straw Cutters; Grist Mills, &c., &c.,

Cement and Plaster.

We keep large stocks of Hydraulic Cement, Plaster Paris and Land Plaster.
May 26 2m. ARMSTRONG & CO., Nashville, Tenn.

AGENCY OF THE

PHENIX
INSURANCE COMPANY
HARTFORD, CONN.

S. L. LOOMIS, President.
H. KELLOGG, Secretary.

Western Department, Cincinnati.
H. HAGILL, Gen'l Agent.

H. H. MAGILL, H. G. MAGILL,
Special Agents and Adjusters.

Statement of Assets, January 8, 1859.

Cash Capital, $200,000.00
Cash Assets, $411,081.66

Statement of Assets, on 8th January, 1859.

Total Assets, $412,081.66

The liabilities of the Company are as follows:

Total Liabilities $30,781.00

E. A. LOBDELL, Agent.
WINCHESTER.

State of Tennessee, Franklin Co.
Justices of the Peace Court.

William Buchanan, plaintiff, vs. W. Jno Johnson, defendant. } Debt &c.

In the cause and account having commenced before the undersigned, a Justice of the Peace and one of the County and State aforesaid, by the issuing of the attachment in said account mentioned, and the same having been returned to me executed by the Sheriff of said county, by the seizure of one bay mare, one gray horse, one sorrel horse, one gray mule, one set harness, one wagon, one cart, and one yoke of oxen, and the same having been replevied by W. B. Farris, Commissioner, on said attachment and returned by him to me, and the said defendant not having come forward and entered special bail, pursuant to the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, but having failed to do so, on the 18th day of October, A.D. 1859, the same being the first day of my said October term, 1859, of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for said county, at which time and place the said plaintiff appeared in person and the said defendant came not, but made default, whereupon it is considered by me, and so ordered that all further proceedings in this cause be stayed until the 12th day of November next, 1859. And it is further ordered that the same be made forthwith to come on to be heard at the Court House in Winchester, on said 12th day of November next, 1859, then and there to be heard and determined, when and where said defendant is required to be and appear before Thomas Finch, a Justice of the Peace for said county, at his office in the town of Winchester, on said 12th day of November next, 1859, then and there to defend said suit, or judgment final will be rendered against him ex parte. Given this 18th day of October 1859.

THOS. FINCH, [SEAL]
Justice of the Peace for Franklin Co.

NOTICE.

All those indebted to the estate of John Natt, deceased, are hereby notified to make payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them as prescribed by law. J. M. RUSSEY, Adm'r.
May 19, '59 John Natt, dec'd.

LAND FOR SALE.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Franklin county, pronounced in the cause therein pending of Louis S. Bostick, et als vs. B. W. Corn and wife, et als. I will offer for sale to the highest bidder, before the Court House door in Winchester,

on Monday, July 4th, 1859,

on a credit until October 4th 1859, and October 4th 1860 in equal estimates: One tract of land in said county, in civil Dis. No. 9, containing, by estimation, one hundred acres, and bounded on the North by the lands of Mrs. Ingram and Jacob Sanders, on the East by the lands of Joseph Little, on the South by the lands of Hezekiah Keeton, and on the West by the lands of Saul Camp, dec., being the tract of land belonging to the heirs of Littleberry and Sop ia N. Bostick, dec.

Said tract of land will be sold at the risk of Lewis S. Bostick, the former purchaser, and the biddings, therefor, will be started at $4 per acre. Notes with two or more good and sufficient securities will be required of the purchaser, and a lien retained on the land until the whole of the purchase money is paid.
May 19, '59 4w N. FRIZZELL, Clk.

HORSES! HORSES!

I leave this day for Ohio to purchase a large lot of that celebrated stock horses, the Gifford and Black Hawk Morgan. If the lovers of fine stock wish to purchase horses they can be supplied by the tenth of June.
May 12th W. G. Brooks.

CALL SOON!

G. A. SHOOK

Has just received his stock of

SPRING GOODS

CONSISTING OF

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Hats, Boots, and Shoes,
Fancy Bonnets,

Dress Goods,
MUSLINS,
Berages, French Ducals, Percals.
PARASOLS,
SHADES, &c., &c.

His large stock of Bonnets, Dress Goods &c., are noted. He now has a larger stock of Bonnets than can be found in the town, and a larger stock of Dress Goods than he has ever brought to this market. A lot of splendid

Summer Shawls,

which will be sold as low as they can be bought in Nashville at retail. Also his usual assortment of

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, School & Miscellaneous Books, Papers, &c.,

If you desire to pay cash, you can get a reduction on most articles.

Homespun Janes, Linseys, Socks, Ropes, Beeswax, &c., taken in exchange for Goods.

Bonnets from 50 cts. to $12.

LATE ARRIVAL
OF
SPRING GOODS
for 1859.

We have just received our purchase of Spring Goods, consisting, in part of Jaconets, Swisses Barred Muslins, Swiss Jaser Cord, Brilliants, Double Skirt Muslin Robes, Organdies, Lawns, Delaines, Berages—solid colors, Black Silks, Prints, Chintz and other Dress Goods.—Also, Shawls—very nice, Hosiery, and Gloves—a good assortment, Bonnets, Hats, Umbrellas, Parasols, Coats, Shoes and Slippers, Cottonades and Linen for men's wear, Hardware and Cutlery, Glass and Queensware, and a host of other articles too tedious to mention, all of which we bought to sell again, and we solicit the trade in general to give us a call, as we are confident it will be to their interest to give us a trial before buying elsewhere.

TERMS CASH.

All good better taken in exchange for goods at prices that we can sell at again.
3m N. R. MARTIN & SON.

F. T. ESTILL. M. W. GARNER
ESTILL & GARNER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Winchester, Tenn.
Sept. 23. tf.

LAND FOR SALE.

I wish to sell my tract of land, containing 104 acres, lying 2 1-2 miles from Winchester, and half mile this side of Hinton's mill. On the land is one of the best springs in Franklin county, and one that never fails.

Any one wishing to purchase must apply to me at home, or at Winchester, as I am frequently in town.
May 12, J. W. SHARP.

C. K. BARNES,
DEALER IN
GENTLEMEN'S HATS,
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
Cor. of Cherry and Cedar Streets,
Nashville, Tenn.

NEGRO FOR SALE.

On Monday, the 4th day of July next, before the Court House door in Winchester, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder, a negro girl, named LIZZIE, about seven years old, belonging to the minor children of A. H. Johnson, and sold under a decree of the Circuit Court of Franklin county, Tennessee, in the cause of A. H. Johnson vs. Thos. H. Johnson, et als.

TERMS:

Sold upon a credit of twelve months—except the sum of fifty dollars, which must be paid down; the biddings to commence at five hundred dollars; note with two good and sufficient securities, and a lien retained on the negro until the purchase money is paid.
May 19 '59 4w. N. FRIZZELL, Clk.