

NASHVILLE UNION AND DISPATCH.

VOL. XXXIII.

NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1866.

NO. 9

NEWS OF THE DAY.

For the week ending Sunday there were 108 deaths in Baltimore.

Miss Anna Dickinson the Radical lecturer, is seriously ill at Rockford, Illinois.

The United States steamers Hartford and Wyoming were at Yokohama, Japan, October 27th.

The latest report about Stephens, C. O. I. B., is that he is in Boston, negotiating for ships to take arms to Ireland.

John V. Cockroft, of the Nassau Bank, was robbed of a package of \$20,000, on Nassau street New York, on Saturday.

The registration lists prepared for the New York municipal election, were closed on Saturday night. They contain the names of over 128,000 electors.

Commissioners have now been appointed to assess the value of slaves enlisted during the war, for Missouri, Maryland, Kentucky and Tennessee.

Both branches of the Georgia Legislature adopted resolutions of sympathy with Jeff. Davis, on the 1st inst.

The Fenian prisoners, at Toronto, who have been sentenced to be hanged on the 13th of this month, will probably be reprieved for three months. A new trial has been refused Lynch, McMahon, Starin and School.

A convention of the citizens of the Peninsular counties of Virginia have memorialized the Legislature to call a convention to frame a new Constitution, adapted to the change in the social condition of the State.

The Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati Gazette says a bill has already been prepared, and will be pressed upon the consideration of the next Congress, providing Provisional Governments for the States lately in rebellion.

At the annual meeting of the Richmond and Petersburg Railroad Company, held in Richmond last week, Charles Ellis was re-elected President. The report of the year's business exhibits a net profit of \$90,733 71.

Mr. Joseph S. Boucher, Most Worth Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Maryland, I. O. O. F., and Most Worth Grand Patriarch of the Grand Encampment of the same order, died on the 24th inst. He was an old and useful citizen.

The election judges at Baltimore have signed a document to be presented to Congress, saying that they believed the "loyal" candidates for Congress from the city and vicinity received a majority of the "loyal" vote cast, and are entitled to seats.

Hon. F. C. Beaman, of Michigan, called on Gen. Spinner, United States Treasurer, on Saturday, and paid back into the Treasury over five hundred dollars, received during the last three years for mileage as a member of Congress, in excess of what he believes to be just.

The Universal Suffrage Association of Louisiana, said to consist of thirteen men, has sent a delegation to Washington with a series of resolutions addressed to Congress, in which they ask the impeachment and removal of Andrew Johnson, the abolishment of the present State Government of Louisiana, and the establishment of a loyal Territorial Government, and reconstruction on the basis of universal suffrage.

Inspector Gen. Schuller, in a letter to Bvt. Brig. Gen. Comstock, A. D. C. on Gen. Grant's staff, informs the latter that the Secretary of War has directed that the checks drawn by Gen. Comstock in 1851, while Treasurer of the Military Academy, in favor of John O'Brien and Pries Butler King, cadets who left the Academy for the purpose of taking part in the rebellion, be not paid, and that they be cancelled, and the amount be transferred to the fund from whence derived.

The answer of the French Government to Mr. Seward's note respecting Mexican affairs is said to relate to the assurances already given by the French Secretary of State. It affirms that France has nothing to change or retract in her former declarations; that the orders for the evacuation of Mexico were long ago given; that she fulfills all her promises, and therefore considers Mr. Seward's note useless. The French Government cannot refrain from expressing its astonishment at this new demand regarding a matter which is already in the way of execution, and professes itself unable to understand the real meaning of the steps of Mr. Seward when he so well knew the intentions of the Emperor.

The Radicals of the North are attempting to alter human nature, and reverse the current of human feeling. They think to make a people towards whom they are manifesting a fiendish hate, and loading with opprobrium and oppression, admire, imitate, fraternize and love them. The New York Tribune in one issue has an article felicitating itself on the poverty of the Southern people, and another gloating over the actual destitution in some parts of the Southern country.

The McMinville Enterprise learns that there are upwards of four hundred persons registered as voters in Putnam county.

U. S. Forces not to Meddle with Mexican Affairs.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 3.—Gen. Sheridan has ordered the commander of the United States forces, on the Rio Grande, to refrain from any interference in Mexican affairs, unless specially instructed to do so from headquarters of the department.

The Arms Seized by the Steamer Michigan to be Delivered to Owners.

BUFFALO, Dec. 4.—The weather is wet and disagreeable. Fenian military companies are parading the streets with banners and music.

The arms which were seized by the United States steamer Michigan during the raid last summer, it is announced, are to be delivered to the owners.

The Fenians are constantly drilling by companies in different parts of the city and neighborhood.

Mexican Affairs.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 3.—There are rumors here that Maximilian has acceded to the wishes of the Conservative party, and returned to Mexico for the purpose of carrying on the empire.

Special instructions have been issued to the commander of our troops on the Rio Grande with reference to Mexican affairs, the purport of which is said to be that he is to abstain from any interference whatever in the affairs of that country, unless ordered from headquarters to do so.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Reform Demonstration - Withdrawal of the French Troops from Mexico.

LONDON, Dec. 3.—It is estimated that at least fifty thousand persons were in the procession which formed so imposing a feature of the Reform demonstration which took place to-day. Nearly all the trade societies were out in full force, and marched to the place of meeting. Fifty-seven of these organized bodies, together with various members of the Reform League, were in the line, which was composed of four grand divisions, under the guidance of marshals and led by bands of music, banners, society insignia, etc. It was by far the largest and most important affair of the kind which has ever taken place in this country, notwithstanding the very unpleasant state of the weather. It is a fact worthy of notice that the stars and stripes waved above the procession in many places, and was frequently and loudly cheered. The bands, too, seemed to have caught the inspiration of the occasion, and indulged in the production of national airs of a patriotic character.

The meeting took place in the grounds of Beaufort House, a most convenient location for a large gathering. Seven stands were erected for the accommodation of the several speakers, a large number of whom were present on the occasion. The stores on Pall Mall, Piccadilly, and the other thoroughfares through which the procession passed were closed, and the trades people thronged the streets all the way from St. James Park, where the procession was formed, to the grounds at Beaufort House.

The greatest order was maintained throughout the demonstration, and the most lively enthusiasm prevailed. The moral effect of the whole affair cannot be over-estimated.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—The Herald says a private cable dispatch from Paris was received in this city yesterday, which says in effect that no direct reply has been transmitted by the French Government to the Government of the United States upon the subject of the immediate withdrawal of the French troops from Mexico, or in installments, as was proposed by M. Druyn De Hays. Mr. Seward, in his dispatch, has remonstrated against the neglect, and asks for the prompt fulfillment of the promise which was received by the United States in good faith and in the expectation that it would be fulfilled. His remonstrance, however, was wholly free from threat, though decided and earnest in its tone. That any difficulty will grow out of it is not believed in quarters here where the lengthy message to Mr. Biglow, so far as its general character is concerned, is fully known.

LONDON, Dec. 4.—noon.—The Police Justice of York have sent telegraphic dispatches to the authorities here asking for more troops to preserve the peace of that city. The enrollment of loyal Irish in Ireland has been ordered by the Government. The Government is determined to crush out the rebellion the moment it breaks out.

LONDON, Dec. 4.—noon.—Accounts have been received of the failure of Messrs. Troosh & Son, of Manchester. Their business was an immense one, and it is reported that their liabilities are heavy.

ROME, Dec. 4.—The evacuation of this city by the French troops has commenced.

LONDON, Dec. 4.—noon.—Consols 85 1/2; American securities firmer; U. S. 5-20s, 70 1/2; Illinois Central, 71; Erie, 46 1/2.

FROM NEW YORK.

The Associated Press Quarrel.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—The Associated Press quarrel excites little interest here. The policy of the Association has not changed. The World announced this morning that it would take Craig's news, and it was then immediately dismissed from the Association. The Herald, Times, and Tribune, it is understood, had a conference to-day and agreed to interchange special dispatches and send them over the country. They also agreed to advance one hundred thousand dollars each during the next three months towards strengthening and developing the facilities of the Association. At this conference it was felt that the contest is not with the country press, but to prevent the creation of a one man tyranny over news like that exercised by Mr. Beiter, of Europe. The most liberal arrangements are being made with all papers that remain true to the Associated Press.

Delegations from the West are here protesting against the action of Messrs. Halstead & White. The action of the Herald, Tribune, and Times, of course, ends the contest, and it is now said that Mr. Craig will continue to send only commercial dispatches and ship news, abandoning the collection of general intelligence.

Railroad Accident.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 4.—One span of a bridge of the Central Ohio railroad, over the Muskingham river, at Zanesville, Ohio, gave way about nine o'clock this morning as the eastern bound express was crossing, precipitating the engine, tender, two Adams Express cars, one baggage and one passenger car, sixty feet to the rocky bottom of the river. It is not known yet that any person was killed, but many were seriously and perhaps some fatally wounded. At the time of the accident two empty engines were crossing on the down track, one of which escaped with the loss of its tender. This train contained passengers from St. Louis and Cincinnati, destined for Baltimore and Washington, and was the regular connection train of the Baltimore and Ohio road, via Bellair. The body of Caldwell, of Sherman's staff, lately deceased at New Orleans, was on the train, but was recovered without damage. It is considered miraculous that no persons were killed outright.

Destruitive Fire.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—A large fire took place on Walker and Canal streets, last evening. Two houses were completely burned, and five others more or less injured. Total loss about \$250,000. Five men, engaged as workmen in one of the houses, are missing, and three of them are supposed to have been burned to death.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Congressional Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—SENATE.—Mr. Sumner gave notice of his intention to introduce to-morrow, a series of resolutions declaring the entire control of Congress over the subject of reconstruction, and the right to exclude the late rebellious States from representation in Congress, and from voting on amendments.

A motion to take up Mr. Chandler's resolution of yesterday, calling for information about the Mexican affairs, was lost.

Mr. Chandler called up the bill passed by the House yesterday, repealing the section of an act of 1862, giving amnesty power to the President. The motion was lost and the Senate adjourned.

Messrs. Buckalew, Henderson, Redde, Stewart and Hendricks, absent yesterday, appeared in their seats.

Mr. Sumner gave notice that on to-morrow he should introduce resolutions declaring the true principle of reconstruction, the jurisdiction of Congress over the whole subject, the illegality of the existing Government and the rebel States, and the exclusion of such States with such illegal governments from a representation in the Congress of the United States, and from voting on the constitutional amendments.

Mr. Cresswell offered a resolution, calling upon the Secretary of the Treasury for information as to the amount of money paid since the 18th of May last for advertising in the various papers of the District of Columbia—whether the law required the advertising to be given to the two papers having the largest circulation in the District. Adopted.

Mr. Chandler called up his resolution offered yesterday, calling for certain information about Mexican affairs.

Mr. Sumner hoped the resolution would be referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs. He had doubts as to the propriety of the resolution, and that at any rate it should be referred.

Mr. Chandler stated that it was merely a resolution of inquiry, and as such there ought to be no objection to it.

Mr. Spalding hoped the resolution would not be adopted. It contained language our Government ought not to use toward another. It asked if the French Emperor had given any apology.

A motion to take up the resolution did not prevail.

Mr. Chandler called up the bill passed by the House yesterday to repeal the 13th section of the confiscation act, which gives the President power to grant a general amnesty to those lately engaged in rebellion.

Mr. Sherman called for the reading of the section proposed to be repealed, and it was read.

Mr. Johnson did not know whether, if the section referred to were repealed, the President would still have power to pardon every man who stood in a situation to be pardoned. Over that power Congress had no control. At any rate he thought the subject ought to be referred to some committee.

Mr. Fessenden would express no opinion on the merits of the bill, but was opposed to the passage of any measure until it had been considered in committee.

Mr. Howard said there were grave doubts as to whether, by the constitution, the pardoning power rested in the President.

Mr. Chandler said hundreds of millions of confiscated property had been returned by the President, and it was alleged that pardons were for sale around this town by women of at least doubtful reputation, and millions of property had been restored through this channel. If the President had power to do this thing under the constitution in God's name let him exercise it, but in God's name let no power be given him that is not in the constitution.

Mr. Trumbull said he should probably vote for the bill, but he saw no pressing need for it; and that there was great force in what had been said by others, in favor of a reference to a committee.

The yeas and nays were demanded, with the following result: Yeas 21; nays 21; not voting 10. The bill did not prevail.

SENATE.—The bill reported last session from the Banking Committee, to amend the national currency act, came up.

Mr. Hooper moved its recommittal.

Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania, objected to its recommittal, arguing that the committee had given the matter full consideration for six months of last session, and that the House was as competent to consider it as the committee was.

After some discussion Mr. Hooper withdrew his motion, and the bill was postponed till the 3d of December.

Mr. Williams, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a provision for a separate bureau for the Comptroller of the Currency. It was made the special order for Thursday next.

Mr. Williams, from the same committee, reported back adversely to the House a bill to create the Northern Judicial District of Pennsylvania.

A bill to authorize the employment of additional counsel in cases of the claims pending against the Government and the House resolution to repeal that portion of the act of July 17th, 1862, which limits the forfeiture of real estate for the crime of treason to the life-time of the owner, were laid on the table. The Speaker proceeded to call the States for the resolution.

Mr. Cobb offered a preamble and resolution, setting forth that the sections of an act of last session, for additional bounty to soldiers, were prepared and passed in great haste and without due examination, and fell far short of the equalization of the bounties; that the sections of the same act increasing the pay of members of Congress, were also adopted in great haste, and were of questionable propriety, as well in substance as in form, and referring the first legislation to the Military Committee for amendment, and the second to the Judiciary Committee for repeal. Adopted.

Mr. Paine introduced a resolution directing the Secretary of War to communicate the names of all drafted men who failed to report to the proper authorities. Laid over one day under the rules.

Mr. Price introduced a bill to repeal so much of section 51 of the internal revenue act of last session as imposes a license tax of one hundred dollars on retail grocers

who grind their own coffee or spices. Read twice and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

On motion of Mr. Ferry, the Committee on Commerce was instructed to inquire into the expediency of making appropriations for such harbors on the western coast of Michigan as were surveyed this year by the General Government.

Mr. Ingersoll offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the President of the United States is hereby respectfully requested to inform the House, if not incompatible with the public interest, how near the verge of the Government the present body called a Congress is at present, and if it is not nearer the center than he formerly supposed it. [Laughter.] The yeas and nays were demanded and the resolution rejected.

Mr. Wentworth offered the following resolution:

Resolved, In response to that portion of the President's message that relates to those communities which claimed to be the Confederate States of America, that the House finds in the many acts of disloyalty which have transpired in these communities since its last adjournment, as well as in the recent elections in the loyal States, additional reasons for insisting on the adoption of the pending constitutional amendment, before it will consider the propriety of giving them Congressional representation.

It was moved to lay the resolution on the table. Lost, yeas 32; nays 119.

The resolution was then adopted without division.

On motion of Mr. Orr, the President was requested to communicate any information or correspondence relating to the attempt of Santa Anna or Ortega to organize armed expeditions in the United States for the overthrow of the Government of Mexico.

On motion of Mr. Farquhar, the Sergeant-at-Arms was directed to pay to Mr. Washburne, of Indiana, the difference between his pay as a member and what he received as an officer from the 3d of March, 1865, to the date of his discharge.

Mr. Julian introduced a bill to equalize bounties. Read twice and referred.

Mr. Spalding introduced bills which were read twice and referred as follows: For the protection of Government pipes, break-waters, and other harbor improvements for commerce; to provide a navy yard at the naval station for the upper lakes to Cleveland, Ohio. Referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

Mr. Lawrence introduced a bill to repeal so much of the naval appropriation bill of last session as increases the compensation of members, to which Mr. Schenck offered an amendment providing for the refunding of the increased compensation. Read twice and referred.

Mr. Lawrence also introduced a bill to repeal the mileage of members. Referred.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

Indian Depredations.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.—A letter from Lapuzo, Arizona, dated November 22d, says the Indians have blockaded the road between Horderville and Prescott, preventing the transmission of the mail for about two weeks. The Indians also attacked a train between Prescott and Agua Fria, killing three men, and burning several wagons, and drowning fifteen yoke of oxen. They were committing outrages in other parts of the territory.

Large quantities of goods had arrived at Lapuzo.

The United States Quartermaster had received orders to buy grain at Prescott, and it is believed that the quantity in the vicinity would bring \$150,000 in gold.

FROM CANADA.

Volunteer Batteries Newly Equipped.

OTTAWA, C. W., Dec. 3.—The whole of the volunteer field batteries in Canada have been supplied with a new and complete equipment in guns, carriages, stores, ammunition and harness, which has given great satisfaction to officers and men, as placing them in a condition to take the field with effect at a moment's notice. Among those which have been thus newly equipped, are the field batteries at London, Willard, Hamilton, Toronto, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal and Quebec.

Governor Marvin Re-elected United States Senator from Florida.

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., Dec. 1.—Governor Marvin was re-elected United States Senator from this State on the first ballot. The Judge, however, will remain at home until the question of the admission of the Southern Senators and Representatives has been decided.

The Greenville State Army Works Sold at Auction.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Dec. 3.—The United States Marshal has sold the Greenville State Army works at public auction for ten thousand dollars, and the buildings is to be used as a cotton factory.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Christians Trade.—W. T. Barry & Co. Booksellers, Public Square, are daily receiving additions to their stock of Christmas Goods, consisting of English Bibles and Prayer Books, in the newest and most elegant bindings. Devotional Books: all the new Illustrated Works for the Holidays: Writing Books—new styles, in wood and leather: beautiful Leather Goods, and many new Fancy Articles. Their stock of Children's Illustrated Books never was better.

Pure Spices, Etc., Fresh. at C. W. Smith's Drug Store, corner Church and Vine streets. Pepper, ginger, cloves, cinnamon, mace, nutmegs and allspice; soda and cream tartar; extracts vanilla, lemon, etc.; Lexington and Olden's English mustard. nov28-3t

For Christmas Gifts.—Toys, Dolls, Fancy Goods, Work Boxes, False Faces, and Willow Ware, in great variety. GENTRATH & SCHIFF, 29 Union street. dec-2-3t

Mr. J. Scattergood, of Richmond, Va., now at G. B. Abbott's, No. 23 College street. He has recently been employed in some of the leading tailoring establishments in the Northern cities, and comes highly recommended as a first rate cutter. dec-1-1t

Don't fail to read the advertisement of Myers & Hunt in this morning's paper.

Yellow Pine Flooring, at low prices, corner of Crawford and North Summer sts. nov-28-3t

Seasoned Poplar Lumber, corner of Crawford and North Summer streets. (if)

Building Lumber of all kinds, corner of Crawford and North Summer streets. (if)

Cedar Posts and Fencing Lumber, corner of Crawford and North Summer streets. (if)

Wood! Wood! Wood!!!—Seasoned Cord Wood for sale by Knight Bros., No. 49 Church street. nov4

Every housekeeper should provide a supply of thoroughly seasoned STOVE WOOD, cut in any lengths to suit, from Knight Bros., No. 49 Church street. nov4

Glycerine, Cold Cream, and Compound Camphor Ice with Glycerine, for chapped hands, sore lips—fresh supply at C. W. Smith's Drug Store, corner Church and Vine sts. nov28-3t

A large assortment of **Perfumery**, including French, English and American extracts, pomades, cosmetics and oils; the finest toilet soap, brushes and combs, at C. W. Smith's Drug and Chemical Store, Church street, No. 54. nov28-3t

Edgfield and Kentucky Railroad—Change of Time.—On and after Nov. 25, 1866, passenger trains on the Edgfield and Kentucky Railroad will arrive at Nashville at 8:30 A. M., and depart at 4:45 P. M. nov27-1w

White Pine Flooring manufactured by Knight Bros., on Kellins Mill Hill, for sale at reduced prices. Office, No. 49 Church street. nov4

500,000 Building and Paving Brick can be had in lots to suit customers, by leaving orders with Knight Bros., No. 49 Church street. nov29

Just Received, a large assortment of Ladies Dress Fur and Hats at LAND & BRO'S, nov-2m 41 North College street.

For Rent—Building No. 43, Union street, between College and Cherry, now occupied as a shoe store by F. D. Fuller & Co. Possession given immediately. For terms, apply to F. D. Fuller & Co., No. 42 Union street. nov19-4t

To Consumptives.—The Advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription, is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and hopes every sufferer will try this remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings county, New York. oct31-1y

Personal. We are glad to see that our old friend, B. D. BROWN, has reopened his business at No. 15 North Cherry street. Mr. BROWN was a large loser by the great fire on Cedar street. We call the special attention of his friends, and the public generally, to the fact of his having reopened again. He is prepared to do engraving, stencil cutting, brands for whisky and flour barrels, seals for courts, notaries, public, and all other descriptions of work in his vocation, at short notice, and in the very best and most thorough manner. Mr. BROWN, owing to his misfortune, is peculiarly desirous of patronage, and we trust he may receive that patronage which his merits so well deserve. He will attend to the repairing of clocks and watches, as heretofore, to the entire satisfaction of all. nov-1m

Boots and Shoes Cheap at 30 Public Square.—In consequence of a contemplated change in my business, I offer the best selection of Boots and Shoes at greatly reduced prices. The buyer—be he a consumer or a merchant—will surely profit by examining my stock of goods before supplying himself, as I am quite in earnest to give bargains. MAX. L. GUTMANN, 30-36-1f No. 30 Public Square.

Wines!!—From the Loveworn Vineyard and White House, Cincinnati.

W. F. & F. P. ANDERSON, Proprietors, Golden Wedding, Sparkling Catawba, Dry Catawba, Isabella, &c.—These Wines are furnished at much lower rates than imported goods, and for purity and bouquet are excelled by none—either native or foreign. Sold by

ACHERS CHATHAM & CO. KLINE & SHERMAN, R. B. CHATHAM & CO. nov2-3m

Choice Groceries at Totten's.—Arrived at hotel, the following carefully selected and libly prepared goods, which he is selling very low for cash, at wholesale and retail: Fresh canned fruits, green peas, corn, egg plums, green gages, shaker preserves, guava jelly, calves-foot jelly, Cox's gelatine, aerated crackers, dried plums, blackberries and currants, oatmeal, tapioca, satiniags starch, Java, Laguayra, Mocha, Mariabo and Rio coffee. Also, imported and domestic wines and brandies, at W. W. Totten's, 21 and 23 College street, Nashville. oct-1f

For Attorney General—Eleventh Judicial District.—We are authorized to announce A. C. HICKY, Esq., as a candidate for Attorney General, for the Eleventh Judicial District, composed of the counties of Giles, Marshall, Maury, Lawrence, Lewis and Hickman. nov-1-1t

A Sore Throat Cure.—DR. GIBBERT'S PINK INSUREMENT positively cures the worst cases of piles. Sent by mail on receipt of \$4. Circulars free. Sold by Druggists. Agents wanted every where. Address J. B. BONAINE, Manager, No. 33 Broadway, New York. (nov17-3m

A Splendid Residence For Sale On a Credit of Ten Years.

I WILL SELL MY RESIDENCE ON BROAD Street Pike, with Twenty Acres of ground attached for Fifty Thousand Dollars, payable in Ten Equal Annual Payments.

Each bearing interest, with good personal or other security for the first five payments.

A description of the property is unnecessary. Come and examine it.

Possession Given Immediately. W. H. GORDON, Nashville, Nov. 27, 1866.—1m

BIG REAL ESTATE SALE

Valuable City Property,

AT AUCTION,

On the 5th December, 1866.

AT 10 O'CLOCK, WEDNESDAY, 5TH December, we will offer at public outcry several pieces of choice Central City Property, as follows:

TWENTY-FIVE FEET adjoining the above, Cherry street, seventy feet deep, part of the Tobacco Manufacture of Morgan & McDaniel, on which is a three story Brick House.

TWENTY-FIVE FEET adjoining, same depth, fronting on Broad street, with three story Brick House.

FIFTEEN FEET on same street, adjoining the above, with three story Brick House.

TWENTY-FIVE FEET adjoining the above, same depth, fronting on Broad street, running back one hundred and thirty feet, more or less.

The above one hundred and fifteen feet embraces all the three story building, and good brick walls are run up from the foundation to the eaves of the roof, and constitute five stores.

FOURTEEN FEET SEVEN INCHES fronting on Cherry street, near the corner of Broad and Cherry, with small improvement.

FIFTY FEET on Cherry st., good depth, next north of Captain Stockell's residence, and near the first mentioned property.

FORTY FEET on Cherry street, a little south of the last mentioned piece.

TWENTY FEET on Broad street, one hundred and thirty feet, with one hundred feet of the Morgan & McDaniel property.

To all of which we respectfully invite the attention of persons wishing safe and profitable investments.

Terms—One-half cash, balance in six and twelve months, with interest from date, and lien retained. J. L. & R. W. BROWN, Agents. nov29-2w

NASHVILLE

Insurance Agency,

FARNSWORTH & CLARK,

Corner Cherry and Union Sts.