

THE CHRONICLE.

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The man who is let in on the ground floor of an investment sometimes crawls out through the cellar.

Nearly \$10,000,000 worth of fruit is sent from the United States to England every year, and yet Americans buy vast quantities of jam and preserves from London manufacturers.

New Orleans must pay a heavy penalty for its situation below the level of the Mississippi. It has expended \$3,000,000 already on its new system of drainage and sewerage, and it will be compelled to lay out at least \$13,000,000 more before the completion of the enterprise. The Father of Waters is a troublesome neighbor to the chief city of the south.

Evidently the title deed is worth more than the land deeded. A few days since at Flint, Michigan, a United States patent, dated April 17, 1837, was filed for record. It is written on sheepskin, and bears the signature of President Van Buren. The value of the land patented at present is only \$150. As a souvenir of the past the document itself would probably bring more money.

The annual day of humiliation and prayer has just been observed in Prussia, according to long established custom, and a great many of the Berlin newspapers took occasion to print articles upon the recent deterioration in public morality. They asserted that the rapid industrial development of the country and the corresponding improvement in its financial condition had resulted in an alarming growth of social evils and abuses.

There is a dearth of pet cats in Boston, due to the demand for them at Harvard for anatomical uses. The college authorities advertised for a thousand, and a number of highly prized Angoras and Persians were "lifted" in the levy. In a pathetic protest in one of the Boston papers Helen Winslow records a student as saying: "Oh, I had to dissect such a beautiful Angora today! I just hated to do it; he was the largest and finest cat I ever saw. He had been chloroformed, but he was still warm."

The appellate court of Indiana has decided that a man and his wife are not one. The decision was rendered in a suit brought by Alvira Dalley against her husband, Alpheus. He had made her a verbal promise that if she would join with him in a deed conveying his farm, valued at \$5000, he would give her his note for \$1000. The deed was signed, but Alpheus refused to make good the note, insisting that he and his wife were one, and that, therefore, the contract could not be valid. The appellate court held that, while this was the old English rule, it does not hold good in Indiana.

The free employment agencies authorized by the state of Illinois have been in operation in Chicago for about two years, and their reports answer some of the questions raised when the matter was under discussion in the Legislature. It was doubted whether these agencies could be brought into sympathetic relations with those seeking work; whether they would not be used by irresponsible idlers to further criminal schemes, and whether they would be patronized by those proficient in the trades. These doubts have been settled. All classes of workers have taken advantage of the opportunity offered, and the offices have been patronized by hotels, restaurants, hospitals, theatres, railroads, by scores of the best business houses, and by hundreds of families. A sample report is that of the South Side office, which shows for the year ended with September last, 10,681 applications from men and boys, 7973 of whom were provided with employment; and 8490 applications from women and girls, for 8401 of whom places were found. The average cost of finding employment for each was 34 cents.

M'KINLEY IS ELECTED

Joint Session of Congress Ratifies the Peoples' Choice.

ELECTORAL VOTE IS COUNTED

The Galleries Were Crowded to Witness Formalities of the Interesting Event.

The ceremony of counting the electoral vote for president and vice president cast at the election last fall took place in the hall of the house of representatives at 1 o'clock Wednesday at a joint session of the house and senate. The method of counting the vote is prescribed with great detail by the statute and was followed literally. Great crowds thronged the galleries.

At 12:55 o'clock proceedings in the house were suspended and five rows of seats upon the right of the hall were vacated for the members of the senate.

At one minute of 1 o'clock the president pro tem. and members of the senate were announced. The members of the house rose to receive them, while page boys carrying the caskets in which the electoral returns were deposited, took them to the clerk's desk.

Senator Frye, president pro tem of the senate, ascended the rostrum and took his place at the right of Speaker Henderson to preside over the joint session. Immediately below Speaker Henderson and Senator Frye, at the clerk's desk, were the tellers of the two houses, Senators Chandler, of New Hampshire, and Caffery, of Louisiana, and Representatives Grosvenor, of Ohio, and Richardson, of Tennessee, flanked on either hand by the secretary of the senate, Mr. Bennett, and the clerk of the house, Mr. McDowell. Senator Frye rapped for order and announced the object of the session.

Senator Frye said consent already had been given to dispense with the formal reading of the certificates, but that he thought it might be necessary to read the certificate of Arkansas, owing to a slight irregularity. This showed that one of the electors had been absent and that the governor had appointed a substitute. The certificate was not challenged, however, and the tellers proceeded to announce the result in each state. A lapsus linguae by General Grosvenor, when he announced the Colorado vote, created a general outburst of merriment. He announced that Colorado had cast four votes for William J. Bryan, of Nebraska, and four for Theodore Roosevelt, of New York, for vice president.

"Oh," shouted Mr. Richardson, one of the Democratic tellers, while the members of the senate and house on the floor and spectators in the galleries joined in the laughter which followed. Mr. Grosvenor corrected the error and the announcement of the several states then proceeded in alphabetical order.

The certificates were not uniform and the operation of opening the bulky packages and seeking out the result was attended with many delays. When Maryland's eight votes were announced for McKinley and Roosevelt there was a slight ripple of applause and the same response was made to the announcement of Nebraska's vote.

General Grosvenor announced the vote of the president's own state of Ohio, but it created no demonstration.

Upon the conclusion of the announcement of the vote of Wyoming, by direction of the presiding officer, the tellers formally ascertained the totals.

Senator Chandler announced the total number of votes cast as 447, of which William McKinley, of Ohio, received for president of the United States 292; William J. Bryan, of Nebraska, 155, and of which Theodore Roosevelt, of New York, received for vice president 292, and Adlai E. Stevenson, of Illinois, 155.

Thereupon, in accordance with the statute, Senator Frye proclaimed the state of the vote as delivered to him.

"This announcement of the state of the vote by the president of the senate," said he, "is by the law, a sufficient declaration that William McKinley, of the state of Ohio, is elected president of the United States, and that Theodore Roosevelt, of the state of New York, is elected vice president, each for the term, beginning March 4, 1901, and will be entered together with a list of the votes on the journals of the senate and house of representatives.

The count of electoral votes having been completed and the result declared, the joint meeting of the two houses is dissolved and the senate will now return to its chamber."

The joint meeting was then dissolved. A tremendous outburst of applause swept over the galleries."

Convention to Meet in Philadelphia. Secretary W. F. Thompson, of the Southern Industrial Association, has gone to Philadelphia, where he says the next meeting of that body will be held, beginning the first week in June.

RAISING CAIN IN KANSAS.

Joint Smashers Are Still Making Things Lively in Many Towns of the State.

At Perry, Kansas, Friday night, fifteen prominent women, led by the wives of a Methodist minister and a bank cashier, raided several "joints." With hatchets and axes they demolished fixtures right and left, entailing a loss in that particular saloon alone of more than \$1,000.

Twenty whiskey barrels, sixty-two kegs of beer and twenty cases of wine were carried into the streets, where they were chopped into kindling wood and their contents flowed away in the gutters.

A drug store was the last place visited. The proprietor was accused of quenching the thirst of local inebriates and his stock was quickly destroyed.

A special from Arkansas City, Kas., says: Seventy men, led by the ministers of this city, crossed the Arkansas river Saturday and demolished the "Last Chance" saloon. All the "joints" in the town had been closed for several days, but the "Last Chance" being outside the city limits, its proprietor continued to do a flourishing business. When the crowd swept down upon the place the bartender was asleep. He was backed into a corner at a revolver's point and witnessed the complete demolition of the fixtures and stock.

Lanham, Neb., is in an uproar over the liquor question. Money has been raised to clean out the joint keepers. The town is peculiarly situated, the main street being the line between Kansas and Nebraska, just as the main street of the town of Bristol is the dividing line between Virginia and Tennessee. Although a town of only 200 inhabitants, it has for years given officers of both states no end of trouble, offenders from one state moving to the other at will and thus evading the officers.

There was a free-for-all fight at Beloit Saturday, arising from the feeling over the joints. The temperance men and women insisted on inspecting the places to see that their orders for closing had been observed.

The investigating committee was followed by a large crowd. Soon an alarm of fire was sounded and a hose cart dashed up and the firemen commenced throwing water on the crowd. Some men attempted to cut the hose, but were prevented by a display of revolvers. After several had been more or less hurt several arrests were made and quiet was restored.

Mrs. Carrie Nation put in a very busy Sunday in Topeka, and as a result the capital city has experienced more genuine excitement than can be remembered by the oldest inhabitant. Mrs. Nation literally crammed the day with thrilling episodes. She succeeded in having the contents of a notorious joint smashed, broke into a cold storage plant where a number of fine bars had been stored away for safety, and demolished them; addressed a large mass meeting of men and women, and was arrested four times. The last time that the law laid its hand upon her was when Mrs. Nation emerged from the church where the mass meeting had been held.

KILLS WIFE AND SUICIDES.

Domestic Tragedy Brought to Light at Crescent City, Fla.

At Crescent City, Fla., Saturday morning, Dr. W. L. McLeod and his wife were found dead in their residence. The evidence disclosed that McLeod had killed his wife and then himself. Neither of the couple had been seen for a week, when Mrs. McLeod was visiting members of her church regarding some religious work.

The bodies were found in the bed room, undressed, and two bullet wounds, both mortal, had been inflicted on Mrs. DeLeod. Her husband then fired the third bullet through his own brain and held the pistol in his hand. Mrs. McLeod had first been shot in bed and then on the floor as she knelt before him.

VIRGINIA SOLONS ADJOURN.

Legislators Complete Their Work and the Session Is Closed.

The extra session of the Virginia general assembly at Richmond closed Saturday evening and most of the members left for their homes on afternoon and night trains. The only work of the day was the passage of a bill amending the charter of the city of Charlottesville.

NEW GEORGIA ROAD

To Be Built Between Sandersville and Sparta, Thirty Miles.

Secretary of State Phil Cook has granted a charter to the East and West railroad a new line that will soon be built between Sandersville in Washington county and Sparta in Hancock county, Ga.

The new line, which, it is understood, is already partially graded between these two points, will be thirty miles long, and will form a sort of connecting line between the Georgia railroad on the one hand and the Augusta Southern, which runs to Tennille, on the other.

A QUESTION.

"I shall endeavor," said the young man with the clear, steadfast eyes, "to make my life one of practice as well as profession."

"That's a very good idea," said Mr. Sirlus Barker patronizingly. "What have you been studying, law or medicine?"—Washington Star.

PLEASING PART OF IT.

"Gertrude is always talking about her lineage. Wonder what about her family tree."

"Don't know so much about the tree, but the leaves amounted to a big fortune for her ancestors." — Denver News.

A SPOOR.

"I have given the best years of my life to the service of my country," said the statesman, leaning back in his luxurious chair.

"Given" echoed the visitor from the old home. "Why, bill all the folks down our way say you sold 'em."

World to End This Year.

This is the recent decision of one of the prominent societies of the world, but the exact day has not yet been fixed upon, and while there are very few people who believe this prediction, there are thousands of others who not only believe, but know that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the best medicine to cure dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, biliousness or liver and kidney troubles. A fair trial will certainly convince you of its value.

New Coal-shipping Record.

The shipment of coal from Baltimore for foreign ports in January aggregated 36,150 tons, making a new monthly record. The coal went to ten different countries.

CAPTAIN OF FIRE DEPT.

Capt. H. H. Thomson Advises the Use of Dr. Greene's Nervura.

This Wonderful Body Builder and Strength Restorer Should Be Used Now.



CAPT. H. H. THOMSON OF MINNEAPOLIS FIRE DEPT.

No occupation in the world requires more perfect nerve force and physical strength than is demanded of its members by a modern fire department. The members of this branch of the public service must be ready at all hours of the day or night, and in all degrees of heat, cold or exposure, to answer the call of the public, and protect life and property. At all times they must have bodily strength and a clear brain. Without this we would never hear of the wonderful feats of bravery and rescue performed by them. Nothing in the world will build up strength like Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. Captain Thomson's strong statement, which we publish herewith, carries weight, and is echoed everywhere by those who rely on Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, when disease attacks them, or they get run down in health which is so easy at this season of the year. There is no medicine in the world which will ward off attacks of the fatal grip, which is now so prevalent, and there is nothing which will drive it away so quickly or reinvigorate the body as well after the grip, as this famous remedy. Captain Thomson, whose address is 2406 Lincoln St., North East, Minneapolis, Minn., says:

"I am a great believer in the wonderful curative powers of Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy. It has been used in my house for years as a body builder, strength restorer and general family medicine. It never fails to give beneficial results. It strengthens the nerves and purifies the blood. As a health builder, I believe there is no medicine equal to Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy."

Remember that Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy is the prescription of a regular physician, Dr. Greene, who can be consulted absolutely free of charge either by mail or calling at his office, 35 W. 14th St., New York City. Consultation is absolutely free of charge. If you cannot call upon him at his office, write him a letter, telling all about your case, and you can be treated just as well at home as if you called in person. Remember his advice is absolutely free.

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