



**SPREADS ITS GOOD NAME.**

St. Edwards College, Austin, Tex., April 23, 1892.  
I can have no doubts as to the virtue of Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic, for I have recommended its use where persons are afflicted with disease of the nervous system and in every case the result was such that my own confidence in this medicine was confirmed and its good name spread in the respective locality.

REV. P. J. HURTH, N. AMHERST, O., February 23, 1891.  
For over 2 years I had epileptic fits several times a month. Since I used Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic I have not had an attack. The medicine is very good.

Rev. Father D. Goosen, of Maple Valley, Mich., knows of a case of St. Vitus' dance which was cured by two bottles of Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic.

**FREE** A Valuable Book on Nervous Diseases and a sample bottle to any address. Poor patients also get the medicine free.  
This remedy has been prepared by the Rev. Father Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., since 1856, and is now under his direction by the

**KOENIG MED. CO., Chicago, Ill.**

Sold by Druggists at \$1 per Bottle. 6 for \$5. Large Size, \$1.75. 6 Bottles for \$9.

**A New Way.**

Young Mr. Vanderbilt is very much averse to having his big estate near Ashville invaded by the swine of his country neighbors," said Mr. J. B. Powell, of North Carolina to a Washington Post reporter. "Until recently however he was at a loss to hit on a plan to keep the 'razor backs' from intruding on his property. He didn't want to kill them outright for fear of incurring lawsuits and may be the vendetta, which in the long run is more troublesome than trial by jury.

But there are plenty of wildcats and catamounts on the Vanderbilt tract 90000 acres of which is almost in a virgin state of forest and mountain and there was no reason why traps should not be set to catch these wild members of the feline tribe. That the traps were made big enough and strong enough to imprison a wandering hog that was out of his proper territory was no ground for combat. When the traps were first put in operation they caught a few wild cats, but a great many more porkers. Then it dawned on the owners that it would be better to pen up their swine than to imperil their existence, and so they no longer roam at will over the Vanderbilt demesne."

**Experimental.**

The New York Rubber World of May 10 says: "A company has been formed at Orlando, Fla. to experiment in the growing of rubber trees, shrubs and vines in the vast waste lands in the southern part of the State. To this end Mr. Flapler has donated 300 acres of land at Bay Biscayne, in Southern Florida, and in case the business proves profitable, stands ready to grant from 10,000 to 20,000 acres more. The parties actively interested in the project are J. Orton Kerby and Prof. O. F. Winkleman. The former will soon start for Callao, will cross the mountain, striking the head waters of the Amazon and in a canoe trip down the river will engage in trade with the natives, exchanging cheap jewelry and a variety of goods for Hevea nuts, rubber and curios. One of the features of the proposed Florida plantation will be a nursery of Hevea trees grown from the nuts."

**Found.**

The cannon "Baby Ruth" which was spirited away on the night of the 2nd of July last year from the engine house at South Pittsburg was discovered at the bottom of the well at the stove works last Thursday. The wheels were not found, but there is rejoicing galore among the democrats of South Pittsburg over the finding of that cannon.

**Brownsville.**

**Houts-Hamilton Wedding.**

Wm. M. Houts was married Sunday morning at 8 o'clock to Mrs. Florence Hamilton, of Whitwell. The ceremony was performed by Mr. Mathew Kilgore, Esq., of Whitwell, at the residence of the bride's mother in Whitwell, after which they started for the home of the groom in Brownsville, who has the contract for furnishing props for the T. C. & I. Co.'s mines at this place, where he was given a reception by the citizens here. There were all the delicacies of the season, of which there were too many to enumerate now, but one we must mention in particular. It was called the White Mountain cake and was made by Mrs. M. M. Mauzy who is said to be the best cook on the mountain, and to appreciate it, you should have seen the mountaineers try themselves. There was also a California Cake which went the same way, everybody wishing them a long and happy life, after which the guests departed thinking it was good to be there.

R. A.

James Hart has his new house about ready to move into.

Isah Lane was here calling on the Brownsville girls Sunday.

Henry Rutherford is working in Sequachee at present.

Miss Minnie Worth has returned from visiting her uncle Dallas Dixon.

Lucius Ables, of Sequachee, was in our city last Saturday and Sunday.

Alvis Brown has some of the finest lumber ever on the mountain before.

James Morrison, of Whitwell, was visiting our town one day this week.

Carroll Griffith and Riley Ables were in Sequachee on the 4th of July.

Most all of Brownsville attended the celebration at Sequachee on the 4th.

James Skiles and wife attended the celebration at Sequachee on the 4th.

Dykes & Brown are going to put up another new house in Brownsville.

John Turner has moved into his new house, also into a new suit of clothes.

Mark Brown was visiting lady friends in Sequachee on the 4th and 5th inst.

J. C. Griffith has retired from the prop business and is running a hotel in our town.

James Boston, Sr., was hurt in the mines one day last week by the coal falling on him.

Alvis Brown is having more track laid down at his saw mill. He must have more room.

Allison Lane has the largest lot of fine hogs on the mountain. Some where near 300 head.

John Dykes, of Whitwell, was around again with that usual grip that the boys like to see last week.

J. H. Rogers has some of the finest grapes on the on the mountain. In fact he has one of the prettiest homes on the mountain.

John W. Brown and wife were out a few days visiting his brothers. He took home with him about seventeen gallons of huckleberries.

James Har and John Kilgore are going to have a Sunday School picnic on the 11th of the present month at Fate's Chapel. Everybody is cordially invited to attend.

W. M. Houts and Mrs. Florence Hamilton, of Whitwell, were married last Sunday and were serenaded by our band last Monday night. Cigars and other delicacies were free.

Our people want to know what the "S" is for on G. M. Brown's fine filley. It is for "Sooner." He named it Maude Sooner. She is a trick colt.

Mr. Bruce Reader, of Bridgeport, Ala., was the guest of W. A. Brown and Miss Mignie B. Worth, of our city last Friday and Saturday.

**A LITTLE BIRD.**

**Our Dollar.**

While we are not advocating Free Silver or Free Gold we print the history of the silver dollar for the information of our readers as ably presented by the Courier-Journal of Louisville.

In 1878 the country was bare of silver with the exception of the newly coined halves quarters and dimes and possibly some trade dollars that had come back from abroad. The subsidiary coin was limited legal tender but was freely taken when offered in suitable quantities. The trade dollars were not legal tenders after July 22, 1876. From 1834 to 1853 both silver dollars and subsidiary coin were worth more as bullion than as coin and were melted up or exported. The act of 1853 reducing the weight of coins less than a dollar stopped the melting of them because at their reduced weight it was no longer profitable but dollars were still melted or exported. In 1873 the coinage of trade dollars 420 grains was authorized. This was done at the instance of the people of the Pacific coast who wished them for use in the Asiatic trade. They were a legal tender for only \$5 in one payment, but this made no difference abroad, where they were valued according to their weight and fineness. The 'stamp of the Government about which so much has been said, heaped them to the extent that it showed they were nine parts fine silver to one of alloy and that when unworn they weighed 420 grains.

There are those who imagine that the people of China, Japan or India do not know the difference between gold and silver and that they esteem the latter as much as they ever did. For all that when the price of silver bullion had depreciated to a certain point the trade dollars began to come back, continued to come until all that had not been melted had probably returned like the proverbial bad penny. These however were not legal tender for any amount in 1878. Specie payments were not resumed until the following year, so gold also kept out of sight.

Under these circumstances, it is not to be wondered at that there was a demand for the old silver dollar. The fashion sprang up of calling them the "Jollar of our daddies," though in fact our daddies and granddaddies had gotten but eight millions of them in eighty five years and after 1834 those coined were melted up or exported, because there was a profit to be made in that way. Nobody in 1878 knew how many silver dollars the people of the United States wanted. The matter had never been tested. Jefferson stopped their coinage in 1805, and though it was resumed about 1840 the quantity was small and the coins soon disappeared from circulation. The greenback era, not quite closed in 1878, drove all sorts of coin out of general circulation. So there was really no means of estimating how many silver dollars which the people were supposed ardently to desire could be kept in circulation.

The law of 1878 providing for the coinage of the dollar of 412 1/2 grains and making it a legal tender for any sum, permitted this experiment to be made for the first time. In a few years the limit was reached and dollars began to accumulate in the Treasury. On November 1 1890 the circulation had

reached \$65,706,564 which was the highest point reached on the corresponding day of any year between 1886 and 1894, and probably near the high water mark. From this point it receded, and on the 1st of July, 1895 was under \$52,000,000. The amount varies from month to month, and indeed from day to day, but it is on an average considerably less than one dollar per head of population.

There are now about 375,000,000 in standard silver dollars in the Treasury which the people are unwilling to take in exchange for other currency, though they could get them free of transportation. Besides these there is silver bullion to the volume of \$121,000,000 in the Treasury.

**Dixie Notes.**

The question of a standard bale of cotton as it comes from the gin has been settled by the Galveston Maritime Association to be 28x58 inches of a density of twenty-two and a half pounds to the cubic foot.

The people of Knox County Tenn. have quarried a phenomenal block of their best marble and presented it to the State that it may be given to the State of Nebraska to be carved into a monument of Abraham Lincoln.

The cabbage is a plebeian plant that does not put on many airs but there is something in it," says the Wilmington Star. A grower in one county in Florida estimates that the growers of that county got \$300,000 out of it this season.

Says the Springfield (Tenn.) Herald: "A group of prominent gentlemen were discussing the silver issue on the streets the other day and just as the question was asked, 'What do you mean by 16 to 1?' a passing 'ramp' stopped suddenly and relieved the questioner by replying: 'It means 16 d--n fools discussing upon the streets and 1 man at home working.'" It is needless to say the coterie of politicians had nothing further to say."

Pink Hughes a negro of Dublin met with a severe accident recently says the Savannah News. Being in the vicinity where his married daughter resided he decided to call in. He was very hungry and having a ravenous appetite for soup he observed on the table a dish which resembled his choice diet and without any apologies he attacked it but to his regret. The soup turned out to be pure potash. His mouth tongue and throat were burned in a fearful manner.

The contract for the Tennessee History scheme as offered by the Chattanooga Times was recommended by the Tennessee Historical Society as follows: That the history be a popular history of Tennessee for the past 100 years; that it contain 300 pages and be profusely illustrated; the principal writing to be by Mr. R. F. Craig and the editing by members of the Chattanooga Times staff; the entire work as revised to be submitted to the Executive Committee for approval; the book to be handsomely bound in linen covers, to contain no advertisements of any description and to be sold exclusively on the Exposition grounds at \$1 a copy; the Exposition to be a beneficiary in the sales.

The Jackson (Tenn.) Whig is the proud possessor of a singing and this is the way it talks about it: 'The Whig yesterday furnished a novel character of serenade to a number of friends over the telephone. For some days past Mr. W. A. Booker's singing mouse has been kept at the Whig office and when it got into a singing mood yesterday telephone connection was made with parties in different portions of the city, and they were treated to a serenade by the little songster. Last night Mr. T. C.

**WHITWELL DIRECTORY.**

**Churches.**

Cumberland Presbyterian services 8d Sunday at 11 a. m.

J. M. WOOTEN, pastor.

M E Church, South, 1st Sunday at 11 a. m. C M JAMES, pastor.

First Baptist Church 2d Sunday of each month, 10 a m and 7:30 p m.

T F HALE, pastor.

Christian Church, services 4th Sunday at 11 a. m. Rev JOHNSON, pastor.

**Secret Societies.**

F & A M meets 1st and 3d Saturdays at 7 p m. B F COWAN, W M; J E DYER, Sec'y.

I O O F meets each Friday 7:30 p m. M T TIPTON, N G; W M RANKIN, Sec'y.

I O of R M meets at Red Men's Hall every Tuesday at 7:30 p m. HUGH COPPINGER, Sachem; J E EALEY, C of R.

Knights of Pythias meet Mondays at 7:30 a m, at Red Men's Hall, JOHN COWAN, Chancellor Commander; E A ASHBURN, K of R.

Ripans Tabules, Ripans Tabules cure nausea. Ripans Tabules; at druggists. Ripans Tabules cure dizziness. Ripans Tabules cure headache. Ripans Tabules cure flatulence. Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia. Ripans Tabules assist digestion. Ripans Tabules cure bad breath. Ripans Tabules cure biliousness. Ripans Tabules; one gives relief. Ripans Tabules cure indigestion. Ripans Tabules cure torpid liver. Ripans Tabules; gentle cathartic. Ripans Tabules cure constipation. Ripans Tabules; for sour stomach. Ripans Tabules; pleasant laxative. Ripans Tabules cure liver troubles.

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Ladies' and Gentlemen's Bicycles.

**Your Price and Terms.**

Any of the leading makes furnished you upon easy payments at catalogue prices as follows; Wheels costing \$50.00 and under will be delivered to you for \$10.00 cash and \$2.00 per month. Wheels costing over \$50.00 for \$15.00 cash and \$3.00 per month. WHEELS DELIVERED UPON RECEIPT OF THE FIRST PAYMENT.

Wheels Guaranteed to be NEW and FIRST-class in All Respects or Money will be Refunded.

Decide upon make of wheel you desire and order by number from catalogue of that manufacturer. Can also furnish any thing in the cycle line. Address,

**A. D. REED, NEW ERA BUILDING.**

Harrison St. & Blue Island Avenue, CHICAGO, ILL.

ONE GIVES RELIEF. R-I-P-A-N-S The modern standard Family Medicine: Cures the common every-day ills of humanity. TRADE MARK

Ashcroft the Associated Press agent at Memphis was asked to listen to its warbling and heard it distinctly. This is the first case on record that the voice of a mouse was heard at a distance of more than eighty miles."

Blood and Nerves are very closely related. Keep the blood rich, pure and healthy with Hood's Sarsaparilla and you will have no trouble from nervousness. Get only Hood's. Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, assist digestion, prevent constipation. 5c.