

J. K. DAVISSON, EDITOR.

HEADQUARTERS U. S. FORCES, MEMPHIS, TENN., JUNE 23, 1862.

LATEST NEWS.

It was confidently affirmed last evening that the Monitor had reached Rocketts, and that the city of Richmond is at its mercy.

POPULAR HALLUCINATION.

A shrewd French philosopher once remarked that, in nine hundred and ninety-nine cases out of a thousand a very generally accepted idea is certain to turn out a mere "popular fallacy."

We perceive, on the most casual investigation, that when the war passed in its duration the term of three months, it became a war of resources; we also see, and see clearly, that the leaders of the rebellion are now aware of the fact, and behold no hope of escape from utter discomfiture, save in a removal of the theater of the war, an endeavor to make up in the energy of crime what they lack in resources and the calmness of true courage.

An infusion of desperation into the troops, the abandonment and desertion of Missouri, Kentucky, Arkansas and Tennessee, the concentration of all the forces from the Mississippi and Shenandoah valleys, in the hope to rout McClellan's army on the road to invasion, is the natural sequence of this correct reasoning.

While such have been the consequences in the border States, the object for which they were first mailed, and afterwards abandoned, has not been attained. McClellan has been delayed, not routed, not even decisively beaten, and now with much appearance of truth, claims a victory won from the very jaws of defeat; and Washington and the Maryland jewel are as far from the hand of rebellion as ever.

A MOURNFUL TRAGEDY.—Private Wallace M. Sterling, of the 28th New York regiment, was recently a prisoner at Winchester, and was released on parole. He accidentally shot a few evenings since, his own sister, an estimable young lady, about twenty years of age. The sad accident occurred at the residence of his father, at West Gaines, a short distance from Eagle Harbor, New York. It seems that he was in the act of showing the family the musket exercise, and the manner in which the disciplined soldiers used his arms. The gun used to illustrate the exercise had been loaded by his brother, unknown to Wallace, and accidentally went off while in his hands, the entire charge penetrating the head of his sister, who was standing but a few feet distant. She fell to the floor and died almost immediately.

ARRESTED.—The Nashville Union, of the 1st says: The notorious Rev. C. D. Elliott, a literary quack from Ohio, who has been keeping a sort of boarding school for young ladies, in this place, and for some time past a red-mouthed rebel, was arrested and sent to the penitentiary yesterday for treason, to be sent South. Last winter, at a prayer meeting, in one of our churches, this blasphemous prayer God Almighty to whip the hills and valley of the South with the bones of the men who fought to preserve the Union! He ought to be dressed in piebald breeches and set to picking rock. Dr. Cheatham, superintendent of the State Lunatic Asylum, was also arrested yesterday on the same charge, and sent to the penitentiary. He will be shipped to Dixie.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The appointment of Gen. Pope to the command of all the troops hereunder McDowell, Fremont and Banks, gives great satisfaction here. The President has not only conformed to the best military advice he could obtain, but he has satisfied the demand of the public. It was the unanimous sentiment of the members of Congress that one man should have command of all the troops in the East, that is not under Gen. McClellan—I mean, of course, the troops in the field. There were differences of opinion as to the man who should be honored with the command, but all agreed that it was time the separate commands were abolished. Gen. Pope knew nothing whatever of the intention of the government night before last. He arrived here during the absence of the President, and simply knew that he was sent for to come to Washington. His friends were sure the President meant to employ him in this vicinity, but had no absolute knowledge of the fact. Yesterday Gen. Pope was sent for and the matter was arranged.

and their proximity continues to be the sole and the immediate occupation of the position, the naval armament being unaccompanied by any land force adequate to the holding of the position. The canal is in rapid progression.

COLUMBUS, O., July 3.—The impression prevails that the Democratic Convention, to-morrow, will be largely attended. Over five hundred delegates are coming up from Vallandigham's district. Vallandigham is here, and the lion of the occasion. Whether by aid of his train band of delegates from Dayton, he will be master of the situation, remains to be seen. The Breckinridge democracy are here in force.

Vallandigham was strenuously at the Goodall House late to-night. He spoke at length. He made the most of the prominence of the negro in the legislation of Congress. He charged the abolitionists with the repulse of McClellan before Richmond. He said Secretary Seward was visiting the Government of the States, and would be in Columbus to-morrow. He believed foreign intervention imminent, and that Secretary Seward's mission to the Governors was to prepare the way for the recognition of the Southern Confederacy.

The democracy of the Northwest, and the white people of that section, would be opposed to disunion in that form, and in every form, now and forever. He believed the Administration would be yielding to foreign mediation, and the separation of the States. He denounced Jeff. Davis, Floyd, etc., as the Judases of the Democratic party. The restoration of the Union would consign to oblivion disunionists North and South—the abolitionists and secessionists alike.

He had a great deal to say of the Constitution as it is and the Union as it was, and talked of the efficacy of compromise to restore the Union. He claimed, of course, that the Democratic party was the only Union party, and was very emphatic on the necessity that the Northwest must control the mouth of the Mississippi.

I do not think that he made exactly the speech that was expected of him. The point of his remarks most vehemently applauded, was when he declared he never would consent to the recognition of the Southern Confederacy.

No NEWS FROM McCLELLAN.—The Cincinnati Commercial, of the 3d, says:

If the War Department has any news from our army on the James river it is suppressed. The country has had experience enough to know that such an absence of news is not always ominous of misfortune. At the same time, the most lively apprehensions will be entertained until explicit information is given the public. Our latest information is as to the close of Friday's battle. That terminated in the movement of our troops heretofore composing the right wing across the Chickahominy. Gen. McClellan is said at that time to have observed that the great battle was but begun, and that he should make no reports until the job was done.

THE CALL FOR VOLUNTEERS.—We print elsewhere the correspondence between the Governors of the loyal States and the President, calling into the field an additional force of three hundred thousand men, so as to bring this unnecessary and injurious civil war to a satisfactory and speedy conclusion. We can but wish that the call had been made earlier, but it is not too late. The greatest blunder of the War Department was in stopping enlistments at a time when the system had been perfected, the recruiting stations opened, and the machinery in good working order.

The call of the President comes at a time when the hearts of our people are profoundly stirred by the events that have transpired within the past week in front of Richmond. The disaster that may have overtaken our outnumbered forces there has weakened public faith in the ultimate triumph of the National arms, but the people see in these events the postponement of the final decisive struggle, and the protraction of the war. If one or five hundred thousand more men are needed to bring it to a successful conclusion, they will be furnished. The people have never failed to respond to the call of the Government, and will not be found wanting in this, the final crisis of the rebellion.—(Cincinnati Commercial.)

A MOURNFUL TRAGEDY.—Private Wallace M. Sterling, of the 28th New York regiment, was recently a prisoner at Winchester, and was released on parole. He accidentally shot a few evenings since, his own sister, an estimable young lady, about twenty years of age. The sad accident occurred at the residence of his father, at West Gaines, a short distance from Eagle Harbor, New York. It seems that he was in the act of showing the family the musket exercise, and the manner in which the disciplined soldiers used his arms. The gun used to illustrate the exercise had been loaded by his brother, unknown to Wallace, and accidentally went off while in his hands, the entire charge penetrating the head of his sister, who was standing but a few feet distant. She fell to the floor and died almost immediately.

ARRESTED.—The Nashville Union, of the 1st says: The notorious Rev. C. D. Elliott, a literary quack from Ohio, who has been keeping a sort of boarding school for young ladies, in this place, and for some time past a red-mouthed rebel, was arrested and sent to the penitentiary yesterday for treason, to be sent South. Last winter, at a prayer meeting, in one of our churches, this blasphemous prayer God Almighty to whip the hills and valley of the South with the bones of the men who fought to preserve the Union! He ought to be dressed in piebald breeches and set to picking rock. Dr. Cheatham, superintendent of the State Lunatic Asylum, was also arrested yesterday on the same charge, and sent to the penitentiary. He will be shipped to Dixie.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The appointment of Gen. Pope to the command of all the troops hereunder McDowell, Fremont and Banks, gives great satisfaction here. The President has not only conformed to the best military advice he could obtain, but he has satisfied the demand of the public. It was the unanimous sentiment of the members of Congress that one man should have command of all the troops in the East, that is not under Gen. McClellan—I mean, of course, the troops in the field. There were differences of opinion as to the man who should be honored with the command, but all agreed that it was time the separate commands were abolished. Gen. Pope knew nothing whatever of the intention of the government night before last. He arrived here during the absence of the President, and simply knew that he was sent for to come to Washington. His friends were sure the President meant to employ him in this vicinity, but had no absolute knowledge of the fact. Yesterday Gen. Pope was sent for and the matter was arranged.

On Saturday evening last Mrs. Julia Smith, wife of Geo. A. Smith, Esq., of the firm of Smith & Cannon, and a sister of the latter member of the firm, was most fearfully burned, so severely, in fact, that at the time of writing this article we are momentarily expecting to hear of her death. Herself, her husband, and her brother were in the garden picking strawberries, when her father, who has been suffering many years with a cancer, called her into the house to have it dressed. She usually prepared the salve which was applied to his cancer with a lamp filled with alcohol. As the spirit was low in the lamp, she took a half gallon can and endeavored to fill it while the lamp was burning. She had scarcely commenced the operation when the flame communicated to the interior of the vessel, bursting it with a loud report, and filling the room with flame. Her dress and that of a servant girl caught on fire, as a matter of course. The latter ran out of doors, and was met by Mr. Smith, who promptly extinguished the flames which was consuming her garments, but severely burned his hands in doing so. Charlie Cannon rushed in the house, and found his sister with her mouth and eyes closed awaiting her doom. He immediately threw a leather bed upon her, and with some difficulty smothered the devouring element.

It is feared that the assistance came too late, for she was fairly roasted. Her hands, arms, face, neck, breast, and a portion of her stomach were burned most cruelly. Her hands were scorched so severely that she cannot describe her tongue, her face, her ears, her eyes, and her mouth, without a moan, and maintained her self-possession even while all else was wild confusion. She was marvellously patient, and so thoughtful as to direct the physician to attend to her husband before he did anything further for her.

HEADQUARTERS, 4TH DIVISION, ARMY OF THE OHIO, ATHENS, Ala., June 30, 1862.

Eds. Com.—Please announce that letters, &c., for the Fourth Division Army of the Ohio, Brigadier Gen. Nelson, Commanding, which is now at Athens, Ala., should be directed via Louisville and Nashville.

J. MILLS KENDRICK, Assistant Adjutant General.

Scrofula, or King's Evil.

It is a constitutional disease, a corruption of the blood, by which this fluid becomes vitiated, weak, and poor. Being in the circulation, it pervades the whole body, and may burst out in disease on any part of it. No organ is free from its attack, nor is there one in which it may not destroy.

Its effects commence by disposition from the blood of corrupt or morbid matter, which, in the lungs, liver, and internal organs, is termed tubercles; in the glands, swellings; and on the surface, eruptions or sores. This foul corruption, which gathers in the blood, depresses the energies of life, so that scrofulous constitutions not only suffer from scrofulous complaints, but they have far less power to withstand the attacks of other diseases; consequently, vast numbers perish by disorders which, although not scrofulous in their nature, are still rendered fatal by this taint in the system.

Its effects commence by disposition from the blood of corrupt or morbid matter, which, in the lungs, liver, and internal organs, is termed tubercles; in the glands, swellings; and on the surface, eruptions or sores. This foul corruption, which gathers in the blood, depresses the energies of life, so that scrofulous constitutions not only suffer from scrofulous complaints, but they have far less power to withstand the attacks of other diseases; consequently, vast numbers perish by disorders which, although not scrofulous in their nature, are still rendered fatal by this taint in the system.

AYER'S Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla.

The most effectual remedy which the medical skill of our times can devise for this every where prevailing and fatal malady. It is combined from the most active remedies that have been discovered for the expurgation of this foul disorder from the blood, and the rescue of the system from its destructive consequences.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A FAMILY PHYSIC. are so composed that disease within the range of their action can rarely withstand or evade them. Their purgative properties, scrub, and cleanse, and invigorate every portion of the human organism, correcting its diseased action, and restoring its healthy vitality.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the disease.

On Saturday evening last Mrs. Julia Smith, wife of Geo. A. Smith, Esq., of the firm of Smith & Cannon, and a sister of the latter member of the firm, was most fearfully burned, so severely, in fact, that at the time of writing this article we are momentarily expecting to hear of her death. Herself, her husband, and her brother were in the garden picking strawberries, when her father, who has been suffering many years with a cancer, called her into the house to have it dressed. She usually prepared the salve which was applied to his cancer with a lamp filled with alcohol. As the spirit was low in the lamp, she took a half gallon can and endeavored to fill it while the lamp was burning. She had scarcely commenced the operation when the flame communicated to the interior of the vessel, bursting it with a loud report, and filling the room with flame. Her dress and that of a servant girl caught on fire, as a matter of course. The latter ran out of doors, and was met by Mr. Smith, who promptly extinguished the flames which was consuming her garments, but severely burned his hands in doing so. Charlie Cannon rushed in the house, and found his sister with her mouth and eyes closed awaiting her doom. He immediately threw a leather bed upon her, and with some difficulty smothered the devouring element.

It is feared that the assistance came too late, for she was fairly roasted. Her hands, arms, face, neck, breast, and a portion of her stomach were burned most cruelly. Her hands were scorched so severely that she cannot describe her tongue, her face, her ears, her eyes, and her mouth, without a moan, and maintained her self-possession even while all else was wild confusion. She was marvellously patient, and so thoughtful as to direct the physician to attend to her husband before he did anything further for her.

HEADQUARTERS, 4TH DIVISION, ARMY OF THE OHIO, ATHENS, Ala., June 30, 1862.

Eds. Com.—Please announce that letters, &c., for the Fourth Division Army of the Ohio, Brigadier Gen. Nelson, Commanding, which is now at Athens, Ala., should be directed via Louisville and Nashville.

J. MILLS KENDRICK, Assistant Adjutant General.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

A compound remedy, in which we have labored to produce a most effectual alternative that can be made. It is a concentrated extract of Para Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater alternative power as to afford an effective antidote for the disease Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure.

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expel the foul humors which gather in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of them many ranking disorders are nipped in the bud.

AYER'S Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla.

The most effectual remedy which the medical skill of our times can devise for this every where prevailing and fatal malady. It is combined from the most active remedies that have been discovered for the expurgation of this foul disorder from the blood, and the rescue of the system from its destructive consequences.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A FAMILY PHYSIC. are so composed that disease within the range of their action can rarely withstand or evade them. Their purgative properties, scrub, and cleanse, and invigorate every portion of the human organism, correcting its diseased action, and restoring its healthy vitality.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the disease.

CINCINNATI, July 2, 1862.

Eds. Cincinnati.—Knowing the many facts concerning Gen. Dumont's expedition to East Tennessee, as given by T. C. C. I take the liberty of correcting the incorrectness of the performance of the Third Minnesota, but could wish your correspondent had mentioned that the "thirty-eight miles in fourteen hours" (made by famous regiment) was made by riding in the wagons of the 69th and 74th Ohio, which were taken from the latter for that purpose, to the discomfort of those troops, whose rations, blankets and other baggage were unceremoniously pitched out and mostly lost. The latter troops marched over the same route.

The advance guard (Co. D) of the 69th Ohio, to which I know T. C. C. belongs, was with eight miles (not twenty), and, I think, within sight of Pikeville, at the time the countermarch was ordered. The Ohio troops engaged the expedition (morning papers) bore the largest share of the fatigues and privations which were really great. Considering the rawness, they deserved high praise, and received it from Gen. Dumont, for their part in that remarkable expedition. L. W.

LONDON AND PARISIAN FASHIONS.—The fashion of wearing white sleeves with colored dresses has lately revived. These white sleeves are always made of transparent materials, such as tulle, crêpe, gauze, &c., and they are most appropriately adapted to dresses of silk or satin. They require to be confined at the wrists with ornamental bracelets. We lately saw a bracelet of gold, representing a serpent, the head of which was thickly studded with emeralds, rubies, and sapphires.

The most elegant dresses now worn for home or dinner parties are composed of cashmere, or mousseline de laine embroidered in silk. Bouquets and wreaths of flowers, embroidered in beautifully shaded silks, on drab colored or white mousseline de laine, have the most elegant effect imaginable. Finely fastened trimmings, embroidered in this style are highly fashionable.

A compound remedy, in which we have labored to produce a most effectual alternative that can be made. It is a concentrated extract of Para Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater alternative power as to afford an effective antidote for the disease Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure.

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expel the foul humors which gather in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of them many ranking disorders are nipped in the bud.

AYER'S Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla.

The most effectual remedy which the medical skill of our times can devise for this every where prevailing and fatal malady. It is combined from the most active remedies that have been discovered for the expurgation of this foul disorder from the blood, and the rescue of the system from its destructive consequences.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A FAMILY PHYSIC. are so composed that disease within the range of their action can rarely withstand or evade them. Their purgative properties, scrub, and cleanse, and invigorate every portion of the human organism, correcting its diseased action, and restoring its healthy vitality.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the disease.

WHEELING (Md.) June 23, 1862. It was generally believed, was in violation along the Baltimore and Ohio rail near Piedmont, yesterday, to the effect that on Sunday last, Lieut. Col. Downey, of the 3d Maryland regiment, and 200 soldiers were captured by the rebels at Moorfield. Colonel Downey and two companies of his regiment were commanding the post at Moorfield, when a portion of Gen. Ewell's rebel army came down upon him, surprising and capturing the whole force.

CORN—1000 bags of corn on consignment. POSTER, GWYN & CO. SALT—200 barrels Kanawha salt. POSTER, GWYN & CO. COTTON CARDS—6 boxes cotton cards on consignment. POSTER, GWYN & CO. FLOUR AND COGNAC MEAL—1000 barrels extra family flour. POSTER, GWYN & CO. 50 bags animal. POSTER, GWYN & CO. MESS FORK AND BACON—300 barrels of mess pork. 100 cases bacon, sides, shoulders, and hams. POSTER, GWYN & CO. CROCKERS—We have a full supply of every article in the grocery line, which we will sell for cash or in exchange for sugar, molasses or cotton. POSTER, GWYN & CO. 215 Main street. Jy4-5m

HANG YOUR BANNER ON THE OUTER WALL!

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF UNION FLAGS. Just Received at 397 Main Street. TICKNOR & CO.

BON TON RESTAURANT. WATSON & LABAR, Proprietors.

This popular establishment having been put in the hands through reorganization, the proprietors will have every effort for the comfort and convenience of all who may favor them with their patronage. The table will be furnished with the best market affords.

RECRUITS WANTED!

FOR Capt. Kelly's company, GOVERNOR GUARDS, Second Regiment Tennessee Volunteers.

Pay \$13.00 Per Month. With clothing, Rations, etc., etc., furnished.

\$100 Bounty and 160 Acres of Land.

The Bank of Tennessee, MADISON STREET, BETWEEN MAIN AND FRONT ROW. Jy6-f.

FOR SALE OR LEASE FOR TEN YEARS.

A BEAUTIFUL BLOCK OF BUILDINGS on the corner of Madison and Third streets, fronting 145 feet on Third, and 100 on Madison street, in the center of the city of Memphis.

ADAMS' CHOICE FAMILY BAKERY AND FLOUR STORE.

The undersigned beg leave to inform their customers and the public that, having increased facilities and improved their establishments, they will have it in their power to give entire satisfaction to their patrons. They will keep the best brands of FLOUR, for family use, which will be sold at the lowest market price.

Breads, Cakes, Pies, Crackers, etc. Will be found inferior to none, and in quantity to supply the demand. Regiments furnished with bread in exchange for flour at low terms.

Jy6-1m Real street, between Second and the Bayou. ADAMS & BROTHER.

GENERAL MEDICAL ORDER NO. 3.

HEADQUARTERS, DISTRICT OF WEST TENNESSEE, MEMPHIS, July 3, 1862. SECTION 1. The rank of medical, as well as other officers is decided according to Section 5 and Section 9, of the Revised Army Regulations. Wherefore a surgeon of the United States Army, or a Brigade-surgeon serving with a Division, holding his commission from the President—be takes precedence before all regimental surgeons and is the senior officer.

GENERAL ORDER NO. 60.

HEADQUARTERS DIST. OF WEST TENN., MEMPHIS, Tenn., July 3, 1862. The system of guerrilla warfare now being prosecuted by some troops organized under authority of the so-called Southern Confederacy, and others without such authority, being so pernicious to the welfare of the community where it is carried on, and it being within the power of the community to suppress this system, it is ordered that whenever loss is sustained by the Government, collections shall be made, by seizure of a sufficient amount of personal property, from persons in the immediate neighborhood sympathizing with the rebellion, to remunerate the Government for all loss and expense of troops. Persons acting as guerrillas without organization, and without uniform to distinguish them from private citizens, are not entitled to the treatment of prisoners of war when caught, and will not receive such treatment. By order of Maj. General U. S. Grant. JOHN A. RAWLINS, A. G.