

# THE COMMERCIAL

MARSHALL & BAIRD, Editors and Publishers  
ONE DOLLAR A YEAR  
TELEPHONE 103

Entered at the post office at Union City, Tennessee, as second-class mail matter.

FRIDAY, JULY 6, 1906.

### FOR FLOATER

J. W. BURNETT

We are authorized to announce J. W. Burnett of Union City as a candidate for Floater Representative from the counties of Lake, Ohio and Dyer, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

### FOR SHERIFF

R. J. DREWRY

We are authorized to announce R. J. Drewry of District 13, as an independent candidate for Sheriff, subject to the August election, 1906.

### FOR REGISTER

MARVIN CHAPPEL

We are authorized to announce Marvin Chapel as a candidate for Register of Union County, subject to the will of the Democratic party.

### FOR MAGISTRATE

W. W. HALL

We are authorized to announce W. W. Hall a candidate for Justice of the Peace for the Thirtieth Civil District of Union County. Election Thursday, August 2, 1906.

### FOR REGISTER

R. R. BRATTON

We are authorized to announce R. R. Bratton a candidate for Justice of the Peace for the Thirtieth Civil District of Union County. Election Thursday, August 2, 1906.

## DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR  
ROBT. L. TAYLOR.

### FOR GOVERNOR

M. R. PATTERSON.

FOR RAILROAD COMMISSIONER  
HARVEY H. HANNAH.

### STATE SENATOR

F. M. McREE.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE  
G. R. KENNEY.

### FOR SHERIFF

JOHN E. FINCH.

### FOR TRUSTEE

S. T. HAYDON.

FOR COUNTY COURT CLERK,  
S. F. HOWARD.

FOR CIRCUIT COURT CLERK,  
J. M. HICKMAN.

## Water and Light NOTICE.

The Water dues for the third quarter of the year 1906 are now due and must be paid by the 10th of July at the office of the Superintendent or water will be cut off and \$1 charged for turning it on again.

All light bills for the month are due and must be paid at the same place by the same date.

A. WADE,  
Superintendent.

Be not discouraged or deceived. Your church is neither dead nor dying. Some confusion has been caused by the action of the Unionists and their claims that your whole church has been bodily swallowed by the rich Northern Church. That claim, however, is a false and deceptive claim.

Perhaps a majority of your preachers and one-third of your membership may approve the alleged union and go into that church, but more than five hundred of your ministers and more than one hundred and twenty five thousand of your members will be left and still remain loyal to the Cumberland Presbyterian Church. With the help of the Lord these can accomplish, and will accomplish, a wonderful and glorious work for His kingdom. He is more powerful than numbers, and trust in Him is better than reliance on riches. He is still your friend and will not forsake you if you do not forsake Him.

The Cumberland Presbyterian Church is still alive and active as a distinctive organization of Christian worshippers, and as such it is the legal owner of all the property conveyed to it heretofore, notwithstanding the so-called union. More than has been done would be necessary to change its property rights, if indeed they could be changed at all; and the membership of no man, woman or child has been changed, or can be

changed, against his or her will.

Of course, any Cumberland Presbyterian, desiring to do so, can become a member of the Presbyterian Church of the United States of America now as heretofore; but to do so he must renounce the former and unite with the latter, just as a Methodist or a Baptist or a Southern Presbyterian, would have to do to accomplish the same end. In doing this he would inevitably become a seceder from the Cumberland Presbyterian Church, and thereby lose all his rights and privileges therein as to both property and worship.

Each local Cumberland Presbyterian Church, or congregation, still owns and has the absolute legal right to use and control its local church property for local church purposes. No action of the congregation, or eldership, or trustees, one or all, by majority, minority, or as a whole, can change the legal aspect of that property as fixed by deed or will, or legally pass it from the Cumberland Presbyterian Church to the Presbyterian Church U. S. A. Such a change would be an illegal diversion, subject to restraint by injunction while being attempted and to annulment by decree of court after the act has been done.

If, fortunately, any Cumberland Presbyterian congregation should be reduced to a minority, or a single member, by the withdrawal or secession of the other members (whether for the purpose of uniting with the Presbyterian Church U. S. A., or with some other church or with no church at all), that persevering minority or member would then own and hold the local property of the particular church under the original trust for which it was given or conveyed; and if the congregation should all withdraw or secede it could not divert the property and carry it with it into another church.

Any pastor, employed by Cumberland Presbyterians, who denies his allegiance to the Cumberland Presbyterian Church and professes to have become, by union or otherwise, a member of the Presbyterian Church U. S. A., thereby, in legal contemplation, breaches his contract and terminates his pastorate. In such case self-respect on his part and fairness to others, alike, demands that he voluntarily resign and vacate. Should he not do this, the congregation or session, one or both, or such parts of them, whether majority or minority, as continue to be loyal Cumberland Presbyterians, have the legal right and are in duty bound to request him to retire and to call a loyal Cumberland Presbyterian minister in his stead.

Those of the eldership and membership of the particular congregation, if any, and whether many or few, who, like the pastor, deny allegiance to the Cumberland Presbyterian Church and profess to have become, by union or otherwise, members of the Presbyterian Church U. S. A., have no legal right to insist on his retention, or to question in any way the right of the loyal Cumberland Presbyterians to employ a pastor of their own choosing in his stead.

Any elder, deacon or trustee, elected by Cumberland Presbyterians, who denies his allegiance to the Cumberland Presbyterian Church and professes to have become, by union or otherwise, a member of the Presbyterian Church U. S. A., thereby vacates his office and in legal contemplation denudes himself of all rights and trusts in connection with the business and property of the congregation; and in consequence of this action on his part the members of the congregation remaining loyal Cumberland Presbyterians become legally authorized to elect some eligible member in his place.

Ministers, elders, trustees, deacons and members who think the so-called union between the two churches desirable and that it should be effectuated, and do not go so far as to renounce their allegiance to the Cumberland Pres-

byterian Church, are not by that opinion and preference deprived of any of their rights and privileges as Cumberland Presbyterians. Those rights and privileges, whether of property or service and administration, are lost to those only who finally renounce allegiance to the Cumberland Presbyterian Church and profess to have become, by means of the so-called union or otherwise, members of the Presbyterian Church U. S. A.

No presbytery, comprising Cumberland Presbyterian Churches, can by majority vote or even by unanimous resolution convert itself into a presbytery of the Presbyterian Church U. S. A.; and no Synod, comprising Cumberland Presbyterian presbyteries, can by majority vote or even by unanimous resolution convert itself into a synod of the Presbyterian Church U. S. A.

Cumberland Presbyterian Churches within a certain territorial boundary constitute a Cumberland Presbytery presbytery; and certain designated Cumberland Presbyterian presbyteries constitute a Cumberland Presbyterian synod, and neither of these has power to make itself anything but what it is at the beginning, namely, a Cumberland Presbyterian body, or to transfer itself or any of its constituent parts into another denomination.

To make a presbytery of the Presbyterian Church U. S. A. to begin with, and to make a Synod of the Presbyterian Church U. S. A., there must be presbyteries of the Presbyterian Church U. S. A. to begin with. The larger body can not be different in denomination from the smaller bodies composing it; nor can it lawfully change itself, or them, or any of them, from one allegiance to another, any more than a Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, or change subordinate lodges of the one order into those of the other order.

Therefore, all members of a Cumberland Presbyterian presbytery, or of a Cumberland Presbyterian synod, who, by minority or majority or unanimous action, deny allegiance to the Cumberland Presbyterian Church and profess allegiance to the Presbyterian Church, U. S. A., thereby become seceders and lose all their rights and powers as such members. Nor can they, after such secession or withdrawal from a Cumberland Presbyterian presbytery or synod, lawfully assemble themselves together and transact business as a presbytery or synod of the Presbyterian Church U. S. A., first because they were not elected to a presbytery or synod of that denomination, and secondly because those electing them were not themselves of that denomination, and thirdly because that denomination, in the case supposed, has made no call for the meeting of its presbytery or synod.

Even the General Assembly of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church, at Decatur, Ill., though favoring the so-called union by a majority vote, did not pretend to have the power or to exercise the right of converting itself into a General Assembly, or other body or judicatory of the Presbyterian Church U. S. A. It claimed to be a Cumberland Presbyterian General Assembly to the last and in that name alone attempted to transact business. Much less than that body if possible have Cumberland Presbyterian presbyteries or synods the power to convert themselves into presbyteries or synods of the Presbyterian Church U. S. A.

Take courage, understand and assert and stand by your legal rights in a Christian spirit and with Christian firmness. Be on your guard and see that those opposing you gain no unjust advantage by boastful claims or by stubborn assertion of results that have not been accomplished or of rights that do not exist. Attend all of your church services and above all things be humble, faithful and prayerful, trusting the Lord for guidance, comfort and strength.

FRIENDS.

# LOOK, CONSUMERS!

OUR BEST PATENT FLOUR  
**Dahnke's BEST**  
at **\$4.75**  
PER BARREL

or Actual Wholesale Price. Every barrel guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Now is the time to lay in your flour. Leave order at Dahnke's Cafe or Telephone No. 31 and we will deliver promptly to part of the city.

## Dahnke-Walker Milling Co.

**Dahnke's Cafe** Oysters, Fruits  
Fine Candies  
Finest Lunch Parlor  
Hot and Cold Drinks  
**FAMOUS CREAM BREAD**

Caterers for Club and Social Affairs  
Orders receive prompt attention. Phone 109

**DAHNKE'S CAFE**  
UNION CITY, - TENNESSEE

## About Groceries

Chief thought in buying Groceries should be not how cheap, but how good. That has always been OUR controlling thought. The pronounced growth of our Grocery business is proof positive that the idea is correct—for you are buying groceries of us more liberally than ever before. And all that's here is high grade.

**E. P. GRISSOM**

TWO PHONES--204-230

## Dietzel & Moss Lumber and Building Material

Can furnish for everything you want to build from a chicken-coop to a beautiful residence. Our lines complete and our yards convenient. Telephone 37.

Yards on First Street, south of Presbyterian Church.

**Union City, Tenn.**



## The New Fast Train BETWEEN St. Louis St. Louis AND AND New Orleans Mobile

Only the handsomest of Pullman Library Observation Sleeping Cars, wide Vestibule Coaches and Dining Cars, with Electric Lights and Fans, are used in the Limited. For all information call on your Home Agent, or write Jno. M. Beall, General Passenger Agent, St. Louis.

### UNION CITY.

#### NORTH-BOUND.

No. 2, lv Union City ..... 10.39 a.m.  
No. 4, " " ..... 12.50 a.m.  
No. 6, " " ..... 12.29 p.m.  
No. 12, leaves (week days).... 1.30 p.m.

#### SOUTH-BOUND.

No. 1, lv Union City ..... 5.35 p.m.  
No. 3, " " ..... 3.45 a.m.  
No. 5, " " ..... 3.38 p.m.  
No. 15, leaves (week days).... 8.00 a.m.

Nos. 1 and 2 limited.  
Nos. 5 and 6 make all stops.  
Nos. 1 and 2 stops at Union City, Rives, Humboldt, Jackson, Corinth, Tupelo.

R. V. TAYLOR, General Manager, JNO. M. BEALL, Gen'l Passenger Agent, ST. LOUIS.

## Illinois Central RAILROAD.

### BEST OF TRAIN SERVICE.

#### SOUTHBOUND.

No. 1, Paducah Junction..... 8.00 p.m.  
No. 3, " " ..... 5.37 a.m.  
No. 103, " " ..... 5.15 a.m.  
No. 105, " " ..... 3.48 p.m.  
No. 133, " " ..... 5.51 a.m.

Trains No. 105 and 133 are accommodations and stop at Paducah Junction to receive or discharge passengers.

#### NORTHBOUND.

No. 2, Paducah Junction..... 9.45 a.m.  
No. 4, " " ..... 12.15 a.m.  
No. 104, " " ..... 12.05 p.m.  
No. 106, " " ..... 12.10 p.m.  
No. 134, " " ..... 9.10 p.m.

Trains No. 134 and 106 are accommodations. Tickets and particulars as to specific rates, limits and train time of your home ticket agent—C. R. Collins, Paducah Junction.

F. W. HARLOW, D. P. A., Louisville, A. J. MCDUGALL, D. P. A., New Orleans, C. H. HANSON, G. P. A., JNO. A. SOOTT, A. G. P. A., Chicago, Memphis

### N. C. & St. L. TIME TABLE.

#### EAST BOUND.

No. 55, ar Union City..... 7.46 a.m.  
No. 3, " " ..... 3.06 p.m.  
No. 53, " " ..... 11.15 p.m.

#### WEST BOUND.

No. 52, ar Union City..... 6.44 a.m.  
No. 4, " " ..... 12.46 p.m.  
No. 54, " " ..... 7.52 p.m.

## RENT PAYS FOR LAND

FERTILE SECTIONS OF THE SOUTHWEST,  
WHERE LAND SELLS FOR \$15 AND  
RENTS FOR \$5 PER ACRE.

One of the most remarkable things about Eastern Arkansas and Northern Louisiana is the fact that cleared land rents for \$5 per acre cash, and can be bought for \$7.50 to \$15 per acre. It costs from \$6 to \$10 an acre to clear it. Other improvements necessary are slight and inexpensive.

The soil is rich alluvial, or made. It produces a bale of cotton per acre, worth \$45 to \$60. This accounts for its high rental value. Other crops, such as corn, small grains, grasses, vegetables and fruits thrive as well. Alfalfa yields 4 to 6 cuttings, a ton to a cutting, and brings \$10 to \$16 per ton.

In other sections of these States, and in Texas as well, the rolling or hill-land is especially adapted to stock raising and fruit growing. Land is very cheap, \$5 to \$10 per acre; improved farms \$10, \$15 to \$25 per acre.

The new White River country offers many opportunities for settlers. High rolling, fine water—it is naturally adapted to stock and fruit raising. Can be bought as low as \$3 per acre.

See this great country for yourself and pick out a location. Descriptive literature, with maps, free on request.

The Missouri Pacific Iron Mountain System Lines sell reduced rate round-trip tickets on first and third Tuesdays of each month to points in the West and Southwest, good returning 21 days, with stop-overs. For descriptive literature, maps, time tables, etc. write to

R. T. G. MATTHEWS, Traveling Passenger Agent, Louisville, Ky.  
or H. C. TOWNSEND, General Passenger & Ticket Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

## WORSE THAN A CANCER.

A cancer means death. But there are conditions of life worse even than death. Cancerous ulcers can at least be dressed, and the foul discharges disposed of satisfactorily; but when the mucous membrane becomes inflamed by Cancer there is no opportunity of dressing the parts.

The sufferer, in the first stages, before the cold becomes chronic, can secure a quasi state of cleanliness by a frequent use of his handkerchief; but the dreadful "dropping down" into the throat finally sets in, and the victim is absolutely helpless.

**PORTER'S CA-TARRH-O**  
Immediately relieves all discharges both outward through the nose, and inward into throat. A single box usually cures, and the first application relieves that dreadful "dropping down." No cocaine, no opiates, no narcotics. CA-TARRH-O simply cures by its antiseptic properties. Price, 50c. Postage prepaid. PORTER MEDICINE CO., Paris, Tenn.