

# THE COMMERCIAL

Marshall & Baird, Union City, Tenn.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1920.

Entered at the post office at Union City, Tenn., as second-class mail matter.

## The Candidates.

Frank Munsey's publications are championing the candidacy of Senator Harding for President, and the Sun-Herald of New York City quotes the Senator on a program of reconstruction as follows:

- 1—Wipe out executive orders and laws which serve only to confuse and darken.
- 2—Readjust the tariff.
- 3—Readjust internal taxation, especially the excess profits tax.
- 4—End bureaucratic control and futile experimenting.
- 5—Establish closer cooperation between Government and business by protecting business at home and upbuilding it abroad.
- 6—Build up the merchant marine.
- 7—Inaugurate a national budget.
- 8—Restore the postal system to efficiency.
- 9—Extend the merit system in the choice and promotion of Federal employees.
- 10—Lop off useless jobs, while rewarding efficiency.
- 11—Eliminate department duplication and group functions now scattered.
- 12—Consultation of experts for administrative improvement.

With one or two exceptions all of this is very appealing to the lovers of political reform. But for the broken pledges of many predecessors it would look like finding the end of the political rainbow.

The exceptions, of course, are to be expected. One is to construct a protective tariff, the other to reduce the excess profits tax. The latter is not material. The excess profits tax has been passed on from the capitalist to the consumer, two or three times over.

We find, however, from the Senator's record, and a man's record is usually more reliable than his pledges, that he has not been traveling in the direction of political reform. Here is a brief statement taken from the Congressional record:

Senator Harding has neither introduced nor championed even one big constructive measure.

He was absent or dodged 1163 roll calls and quorum calls.

All of the bills and resolutions he introduced were local or private in character, except eight.

As a follower, politically and economically, he stood with his party bosses—Penrose, Smoot and Lodge, who were reactionaries instead of reformers.

In all matters of spoils and organization he was with the Old Guard.

On the prohibition issue he is "wet," having voted for the liquor interests 30 times to two against. He voted for the eighteenth amendment, but registered his vote against the bill to provide for prohibition in the District of Columbia and also in the Philippines.

He voted several times for the vicious Shields water power bill, surrendering to corporate power unlimited or unrestricted lease rights.

He opposed publicity of profiteering figures.

He favored secret sessions of the Senate.

He opposed Philippine independence.

He supported the League of Nations Covenant with the Lodge reservations. The question of ratification with the Lodge reservations, first came to a vote on November 19, 1919 (C.R., 8786). Harding voted yea. The second attempt at ratification, with the Lodge reservations, was on March 19, 1920 (C.R., 4915). This time Harding did not vote. He is therefore known as a mild reservationist of the Lodge kind.

We have on the other hand the record in Congress of Governor Cox, the Democratic candidate for President. He has in four years nearly nine hundred private pension bills to his credit. Some of these were to remove the charge of desertion and all were of such a character as to be barred from the regular Pension Bureau. He voted for a number of progressive measures in contradistinction to Senator Harding, such as the bill to disallow the President twenty-five thousand dollars a year traveling expenses.

Now, the Democratic candidate is defending the League of Nations covenant without limitation, and he is therefore some steps ahead of Mr. Harding. He has a record of progressive legislation (very small but better than none) to go with the League of Nations.

Why can't Mr. Cox pledge with a great deal more assurance a general campaign of political reform.

The first is patronage, the next is pork and the next Congressional

abuses. The first item of business should be the elimination of useless bureaus, commissions, courts, offices, committees, etc.; elimination of Congressional mileage graft; elimination of private and political franking and printing privileges; the destruction of millions of unused public documents, occupying miles of floor space in the public buildings in Washington; turning government war risk insurance over to Old Line companies; relinquishing the land loan system to private organization, as it has been successfully conducted in Europe for one hundred years; steering in all matters as far as possible away from government ownership and control and its concomitant, socialism; striking from government pay rolls tens of thousands of men and women who, supported by the taxpayers of the United States, are neither altogether competent or necessary in the administration, executive or congressional branches of the government when they have been reduced to a systematic and economic working basis, like any business organization which is functioning successfully; establishing a real business budget system, not a political budget.

To all of this if we had the determining of political issues, would be added elimination in Congress of all private pensions and local measures; reducing the census bureau to a matter of population and vital statistics, and very little at that of what is known as vital statistics.

Some day, if the Bolsheviks don't upset the government, we will have a campaign of genuine reform, not a milk and cider business, something that will shake the rotten system out of its boots.

## Peace Covenant.

The theory that peaceful nations become stupid and inactive is made not by a man of wisdom but by men of false pretenses and motives.

The idea of taxing nations with billions of tribute for a powerful military establishment is one idea of advancing civilization, but it does not seem to be effective.

We are out of war and we are in the midst of hell.

Did the war strengthen us? Has it strengthened any of the contending nations? What did Germany's military establishment do except to destroy both physical and moral standards?

The League of Nations is not intended to provoke war but to prevent war. How in the Sam Hill can Lodge and Shields reach any other conclusion?

If the civilized nations of the earth form a league to prevent war will any one or two of the lesser enemy nations prevail against that league? Will they even dare to take up arms?

Just as true as we are here to-day the League of Nations was a covenant (underwritten) to suppress Bolshevism, or the lawlessness following war. During the meetings at Versailles the red cloud began to disappear, but when America refused the covenant Bolshevism became active.

The sentimental side of the covenant was ridiculed. This was not material. The underlying motive was to protect civilization—to suppress the savage instinct in mankind. That was the moving spirit of the men of Versailles. All the tommy rot that nations with crowns and republican forms cannot treat with one another is simply childish. If nations cannot co-operate how can business organizations co-operate?

If there had been political treachery in the covenant, would Clemenceau of France have failed to find it? This paper is supporting Cox, not for the socialism in the Democratic platform, but for the greatest principle the nations of the world have ever conceived—the covenant of peace.

The largest body of young people probably going to college from this county leave this week for the University of Tennessee and other schools. For the U. T. alone there are Misses Elsie Stone, Mary and Maxie Horner, Jeanette and Zula Mae Harris, Mary Butler, Nola Allmond, Nellie Milner, Kathleen Burdick, Anita Dodds, Hester Bennett, Helen Dahnke, Virginia Andrews, Glenn Brown, Will Lannom, Gene Campbell, King Cox, Richard Alexander. For Vanderbilt University there are Misses Doris and Virginia Niles and Thelma Jordan. Miss Mary Lee Stone goes to Brenau College with Miss Martha McAllister. This school is located at Gainesville, Ga.; Miss Mary Hill Mosier goes to Agnes Scott College at Decatur, Ga., and Miss Sara Spradlin to Randolph-Macon College, Va. This is highly creditable indeed to the schools of the county. The pupils are from Union City, Troy and Woodland Mills.

When the good roads meeting was held at the courthouse to discuss ways and means for building the Gibbs road, it was suggested that the County Court would make a very liberal appropriation for the road. But the promoters of the enterprise declined to wait on the court and proceeded to raise the road fund by subscription. The engineer, Mr. Kelly, made an estimate of the cost of the road at \$7000. Now of course it is presumed that this estimate included only the actual cost of construction and materials. The estimate may be ample and at the same time it may not be enough. Just at this time it is hard to make reliable figures on the cost of any kind of construction. But evidently there will be a charge for survey and the work of the superintendent, and funds must be ample to cover these charges. We therefore make the point that the city of Union City and community alone is attempting to construct this road the County Court will no doubt be willing to supplement the road fund of this enterprise with a levee and bridge fund sufficient to guarantee the completion of the work. The road is used largely by the people of the county in reaching the county seat for the various sessions of court and for other public meetings. It is more generally used probably than any other road in the county. The County Court must therefore be impressed with the importance of the work and must recognize the liberal spirit exhibited by the people here. The County Court must also remember that Number Thirteen has paid a very much larger proportion of the taxes of the county. There is far more valuable real estate here, and the assessment has been relatively greater than in other portions of the county. The Court is therefore almost duty bound to recognize this road with a liberal appropriation. Come on, men; we know you will do your duty.

Large Acreage Sown to Cover Crops. H. H. Jones, Robertson County agent, states that farmers in that county have seeded about five times more Crimson clover this year than that of any previous year. Most of this will be turned under in the spring. Farmers thruout the county are interested in this crop as never before. During the past season they harvested the largest hay crop in the history of the county which shows that this tobacco county is turning its attention to growing legumes for soil building and are finding that it pays.

T. W. Kenemer, agent in Hickman County, reports that a large acreage of crimson clover has been sown in that county this fall. The farmers are more interested in cover crops than ever and it is keeping the agent busy helping them secure seed. This is another county in which the agent has done some good active work in bringing the farmers to the realization of the value of legume and cover crops. What is true of these counties is true of many others.

## Card of Thanks.

We wish to thank our neighbors and friends for the kindness extended to us during the sickness and death of our dear father, W. F. Hamilton. Also thank them for the many beautiful flowers, May God's richest blessings be with each and every one. —Mrs. W. F. Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. Tom Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. Will Hamilton, John Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Jones.

**WEAK; RUN-DOWN**  
Carolina Lady Got So She Could Just Drag.—"Cardui Built Me Up," She Declares.

Kernersville, N. C.—In an interesting statement regarding Cardui, the Woman's Tonic, Mrs. Wesley Mabe, of near here, recently said: "I have known Cardui for years, but never knew its worth until a year or so ago. I was in a weakened, run-down condition. I became drabby—didn't eat or sleep to do any good; couldn't do anything without a great effort. I tried different remedies and medicines, yet I continued to drag.

"I decided to give Cardui a trial, and found it was just what I really needed. It made me feel much stronger soon after I began to use it. I began to eat more, and the nervous, weak feeling began to leave. Soon I was sleeping good.

"Cardui built me up as no other tonic ever did.

"I used Cardui with one daughter who was puny, felt bad and tired out all the time. It brought her right out, and soon she was as well as a girl could be. We think there is nothing like Cardui."

Do not allow yourself to become weak and run-down from womanly troubles. Take Cardui. You may find it just what you really need. For more than 40 years it has been used by thousands and thousands, and found just as Mrs. Mabe describes.

At your druggist's. NC-143

# Sometimes

our driver is late. This may or may not be his fault. So many times he is delayed because your neighbor is not ready to receive her ice, or is kept waiting for change.

Won't you have your change or COUPON ready and your Refrigerator prepared when our driver reaches you? This will let him pass on promptly and thus avoid annoying your neighbor beyond you.

Phone 150

UNION CITY ICE and COAL O.

## SOME PIGS DIE

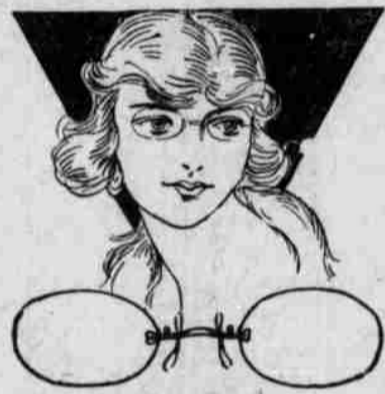
after every precaution is taken for their protection. We spare no expense in securing the most reliable serum and vaccines on the market. Our equipment enables us to deliver to you in the same condition as when released by U.S. Government Inspectors. The fact that we sell in twenty-five counties insures the freshness of our serum.

## OUR SERVICE

is yours at call day or night. We deliver by mail to all points. Our operators are specialists, endorsed by State Veterinarian. We furnish Veterinarian to investigate unusual livestock diseases. We give value received for every cent of money you invest with us.

## CLOYS SERUM COMPANY

UNION CITY, TENN.



## OUR GLASSES DO NOT

### DETRACT FROM BEAUTY

It is foolish vanity, of course, not to wear glasses "because they're not becoming" or "because they make me look too old and intellectual." Your eyesight is more important than your looks. But what we can do is to fit you with glasses that do not detract from your good looks but rather enhance them. Call and consult us.

DR. S. E. ALLMOND, Optometrist  
218 First Street.

# The E. P. G. STORE

Summer is here and hot weather will follow; so order early and order from **GRISSOM'S**

Get a good roast and all the fresh vegetables you want, cook them early while it is cool and be happy all day. If you come in from the country, come to Grissom's—coolest store, coldest drinks, best service, warmest welcome.

Remember, you get all this at

## GRISSOM'S

# "Let Tate Write It"

Don't take life too seriously. You can't get out alive anyway, but you can leave your family in comfortable circumstances.

## "LET TATE WRITE IT"

You can buy Rubbers when it rains. You can buy an Overcoat when cold weather comes. You can step into a Restaurant and buy a meal when you are hungry.

## BUT

You can't get Life Insurance when you are sick.

## "LET TATE WRITE IT"

W. F. TATE, General Agent

Union City, Tenn., South First Street

## Hearing on Commissioner's Report.

U. O. Parrish et al. vs. Frank Howard et al.—Pending in the County Court of Obion County, Tennessee, at Union City.—In the matter of Cypress Creek Drainage District. To all land owners, lien holders, mortgagees, encumbrancers and all others, whether persons, firms or corporations interested in the lands located and included within the boundaries of the Cypress Creek Drainage District of Obion and Weakley counties, Tennessee:

You, each of you and all of you are hereby notified that the commissioners heretofore appointed by this court to assess the benefits to all the lands and property embraced within the drainage district established in this cause, have filed their report with me as Clerk of the County Court of Obion County, which said report together with all the other records in this proceeding is now on file in my office in Union City, Tennessee, subject to your inspection and examination.

Said drainage district begins at the south side of the right of way of the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railroad in Weakley County, Tennessee, near Gardner Station, where said Cypress Creek crosses said right of way and extends in a southwesterly direction with said Cypress Creek valley to a point near the right of way of the Mobile & Ohio Railroad in Obion County, Tennessee, where the Obion River crosses same near Crockett Station in said county, and embraces the wet, overflow and water-soaked lands lying within said Cypress Creek valley and included within and made a part of the survey of the engineer in this cause, and described in his said report, heretofore filed in this cause, which is also on file in my office and made a part of this record.

You, each and all of you will therefore take notice that said report of commissioners in this cause has been set for hearing on Thursday, the 23rd day of September, 1920, at one o'clock p.m., before the Hon. J. B. Waddell, County Judge of Obion County, Tennessee, at the courthouse in Union City, at which time and place you can attend and be heard and take such action as you desire and make such objections as you may have to said report, otherwise said report will be heard and the matters relative thereto determined ex parte as to each of you.

It is ordered that publication of this notice be made for two consecutive weeks in The Martin Mail, a weekly newspaper published at Martin, Weakley County, Tennessee, and in The Commercial, a weekly newspaper published in Union City, Obion County, Tennessee.

In witness whereof I have heretofore affixed my official signature at office in Union City, Tennessee, September 1, 1920.

R. H. BOND,  
Clerk of the County Court of Obion County, Tennessee.

To Mrs. Mollie L. Coleman et Als.

Miss Alice M. Thomas et als. vs. Warren Reeves et als.—Chancery Court, Obion County, Tennessee.

In the above styled cause it appearing to the Clerk and Master from the bill of complaint, which is sworn to, that the defendants, Mrs. Mollie L. Coleman, Ruth Coleman, D. R. Coleman, Jr., James Coleman, Mary Catherine Coleman, Dora Margaret Coleman, Mrs. Hazel Myer, Arno Myer and Robert Myer, Myer, Arno Myer and Robert Myer, Mrs. Ora Lee Coleman and Elmer Coleman, Mrs. Bess Cordrey, Loren Cordrey, Mary Ruth Cordrey, are non-residents of the State of Tennessee and residents of the State of ... so that ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them.

It is therefore hereby ordered that the said above named defendants appear before Chancellor of the Chancery Court of Obion County, Tennessee, on or before the Second Monday in October, 1920, that being the second Monday of the said Court, and make defense to the said bill, or the same will be taken as confessed by them, and the said cause set for hearing ex parte as to them. It is further ordered that publication of this notice be made for four consecutive weeks in The Commercial, a weekly newspaper, published in Obion County, Tenn.

This the 8th day of September, 1920.

GEO. A. GIBBS,  
Clerk and Master.

By Nelle F. Marshall, D. C. & M.  
A. J. Harpole, Sol. for Compls.

TO C. T. FOULKS.

Mrs. O. E. Foulks et al. vs. Martha L. Foulks et al.—Chancery Court, Obion County, Tennessee.

In the above styled cause it appearing to the Clerk and Master from the bill of complaint, which is sworn to, that the defendant, C. T. Foulks, is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, so that ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him. It is therefore hereby ordered that the said above named defendant appear before the Chancellor of the Chancery Court of Obion County, Tennessee, on or before the Second Monday of October, 1920, that being second Monday of the regular term of said Chancery Court, and make defense to the said bill, or the same will be taken as confessed by him, and the said cause set for hearing ex-parte as to him. It is further ordered that publication of this notice be made for four consecutive weeks in The Commercial, a weekly newspaper published in Obion County, Tenn.

This Sept. 6, 1920.

GEO. A. GIBBS,  
Clerk and Master.

By Nelle F. Marshall, D. C. & M.  
C. N. & H. H. Lannom and J. B. Waddell, Sol. for Complt.

25-4t