

TELEGRAPHIC. NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Washington, Jan. 8.—Kellogg telegraphed Grant for troops; Grant refuses to send troops or to recognize either Packard or Nicholls until after the report of the Congressional investigation committee; in other words they are left to fight it out between each other, so the peace is not disturbed. Both Packard and Nicholls were duly inaugurated as Governors of Louisiana on Monday, and delivered their usual inaugural addresses. Packard was inaugurated under cover of barricades and police at the State House; while Nicholls was inaugurated before the enthusiastic multitude of freedmen. A slight disturbance occurred at about 2 o'clock, as Lieut. Governor Antoine was concluding his remarks, a crowd of about six hundred persons collected on Royal street, in front of the State House, and after shouting for some time, shells were fired from the building. The crowd dispersed, and the shells were not fired again. The same day the Governor of Louisiana, Nicholls, and the police have possession of all police stations and court-rooms—no resistance made. Radicals under Packard are secretly confined in the State House; no interference as yet by United States troops. The excitement has subsided; Nicholls's police in full and peaceful possession of the city; the people are jubilant; no disturbance of the peace. Grant reiterates his determination not to interfere in Louisiana matters, unless it be to preserve the peace. From 3000 to 5000 of Nicholls's militia are under arms, and the State House is besieged. No one is suffered to gain admittance.

2:40 p. m. Democratic leaders now assert that they have no intention of attacking the State House. The following has just been issued as a proclamation from the Executive Department, dated New Orleans, January 9, 1877, and addressed to the people of Louisiana: I would be most profoundly surprised and disappointed should any citizen of Louisiana at this moment so far forget himself as to be guilty of any excess whatsoever. There is danger in collecting together in large bodies. I urge you, therefore, to retire at once peacefully to your homes. The greater the wrongs to which you have been subjected the greater to your credit should you recognize and recollect your own simple and plain duty as citizens. Let no one be injured, however obnoxious he may be, and let the people of the whole country see that we are law abiding, just and moderate.

Francis T. Nicholls, Governor of Louisiana. The Democratic Legislature, with a quorum in both houses, voted for United States Senator J. B. Eastis received a majority of the votes cast for the term ending in 1879. No choice was made for the long term. New York, Jan. 9.—At the Union Club room this afternoon it was asserted definitely the duel between Jas. Gordon Bennett and Frederick May had actually taken place in the State of Delaware, near a place called Slaughter Hill. Mr. May was slightly wounded and Mr. Bennett was entirely uninjured. The feud was settled after firing the first shot.

Washington, Jan. 9.—Dispatches from Gen. Angar, commanding at New Orleans, to the Secretary of War were submitted to a full Cabinet to-day. It is not known exactly what their contents are, but they report considerable commotion in New Orleans. A dispatch from Packard was also before the Cabinet. There is no doubt that the decision of the Cabinet was to have instructions sent to the military authorities at New Orleans to enforce peace should riot be threatened. The President is reluctant to proceed further in the recognition of either party in the Louisiana gubernatorial question than was indicated in his dispatch to Kellogg of last Sunday. As the result of to-day's deliberations the following was sent: Executive Mansion, Jan. 9.—Gen. C. C. Angar, New Orleans: A dispatch just received from the United States Marshal at New Orleans indicates that unauthorized and armed bodies of men are organized and assembling in a manner to threaten the peace and safety of the city. It is to be so, notify the leaders of such organization that they must desist, on pain of coming in conflict with the United States authority, sustained by the military power of the government. Report at once the situation and your action, keeping in mind that this order has no reference to a recognition of either of the claimants of the governorship or either of the Legislatures. J. D. CAMERON, Secretary.

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discovered in time to save his life. Austin, Jan. 8.—A special to the News states that the contractors for building the East Texas penitentiary have presented their bond to the Governor for approval. The bondsmen are citizens of Ohio, who have the recommendation of Gov. Hayes. Gov. Hubbard favors the project for building the penitentiary by convict labor and hesitates about approving the contract awarded by the commissioners. Mr. Lang, one of the commissioners, has resigned.

The Board of Directors of the Agricultural and mechanical College, consisting of Gov. Hubbard, Lieut. Gov. Thompson, Maj. B. H. Davis, Col. A. J. Peeler and Col. Chas. Demore, met this afternoon—excluding reporters. Last session there were thirty-two students. The approaching session will begin with eighty, and the number before the close may be largely increased. Students' board is reduced to \$12 per month, and the office of Superintendent of Farm, held by Gen. Bee, was abolished, which reduces the expense \$500.

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Hon. D. W. Voorhees, and adopted with much applause: Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed by the president of this convention, to be known as a "committee of correspondence and public safety." The duties of said committee shall be to correspond with other similar committees and leading men of other States for the purpose of bringing about harmony of opinion and concert of action in the present perilous condition of national affairs, and consider the propriety of calling a national convention of the Democratic party, and to correspond with different States in regard thereto. It shall be the duty of said committee to consider and devise the best means by which the people may exercise the right of petitioning Congress, whether in writing or in person, in order that the public peace may be preserved and popular liberty maintained, and the laws upheld.

Columbus, Jan. 9.—The third resolution of the Democratic convention is: That while it is clear in the convictions of the delegates that Tilden and Hendricks have not only a majority of the popular vote, and are elected President and Vice President, we yet believe that any decision made by the Senate and House of Representatives will be cheerfully acquiesced in by the whole people, and that any attempt to inaugurate a President simply upon proclamation of the President of the Senate will be an act of usurpation that will be resisted by the people to the last extremity, even should that extremity be an appeal to arms.

Richmond, Jan. 9.—Samuel H. Thornberg, charged with robbing the bank of Petersburg, Va., on the 30th ult., of \$16,700, returned to that city last night, and surrendered himself. He says he was at Harrisburg, Pa., when he heard of the robbery, and that, as he was charged with crime and guiltless, he at once started back to face the charge and establish his innocence. Upon being searched, but few dollars were found on his person. Thornberg positively refused taking any of the money, but declines to tell what he went away with.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 10.—At the close of the session of the House yesterday the inauguration was postponed to the Secretary of War's response to House resolution of December 8, giving authority for the distribution of United States troops. According to the dispatches, the troops here must be in advance detachment, consisting of A, C, E, F and G of first army; A, C, G and I of second army; I, of fourth artillery—infantry officers and 720 men.

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country parishes, while the "Backbone" has done no work, but relies upon its charter of 1871 and its land. The military are constructing a telegraph line between the War Department and the arsenal.

London, Jan. 10.—The Times discussing the statement that the Porte is elaborating a new scheme based on the Andrassy note, anticipates little result if Turkey is permitted to fence with the proposals of the Powers. The game of Turkey has lasted too long, and we are all beginning to feel that the attitude of the Conference is somewhat unflinching, but some signs appear to show that forbearance has nearly reached its limit. Prince Bismarck is said to have forbidden his representatives to discuss any further concessions. Impatience is visible in other quarters, and unless the Turks suddenly change their tone, a rupture may come any day.

A dispatch from Pera to the Daily Telegraph reports that great excitement prevails among the Turks in consequence of reports circulated by a Turkish newspaper of Russian detentions in Constantinople, and crowds of people parading the streets of Constantinople cheering over the news.

A dispatch from Constantinople says, Gen. Ignatieff, the Russian representative in a confidential communication to Mehemet Pasha on Saturday urged the acceptance of the certain points of the Conference proposals, and indicated the means and advised the acceptance of an International Commission with consultative powers only. He suggested the appointment of officers of instruction instead of the establishment of a foreign corps d'armes, and the appointment of a Bulgarian, instead of a European, as governor of Bulgaria. He denied in his letter that Russia invited Serbia to make war.

London, Jan. 10.—According to the returns the deaths from smallpox last week was 116, against 75 the previous week. The Metropolitan Hospitals contained 859 smallpox patients on Saturday, against 823 the previous Saturday. 200 cases were refused admission during the week for want of bed room.

Washington, Jan. 8.—There is a rumor in Democratic circles here this morning to the effect that Fernando Wood and Ben. Hill had a quarrel Saturday, in the course of which Hill strongly intimated his belief that Hayes would be inaugurated, and that a large majority of the Southern people would not be displeased thereto. I cannot as yet find confirmation of this rumor, but a leading Northern Democrat, whose opinion is always valuable, told me not ten minutes ago that he had no doubt Hill mediated desertion, and was this moment in correspondence with the enemy. These are the gentleman's exact words, and he is not a man who talks at random.

Look Out For Bargains! A. Simon is now in receipt of his stock of Fall and Winter Goods. Consisting of Ladies' and Gents' furnishing goods, ready made clothing, Alpaca, linens, jackets, domestics, jeans, dockings, osenbergs, sheetings, corsets, boots, shoes and hosiery, hats, gloves and underware, in endless variety, which I am now offering cheap for the ready cash. The goods are bound to be sold. Give me a call if you are in search of bargains. We have a fine assortment of FURNITURE and defy competition, either in style or price. Groceries, cheaper than ever. We do only a cash business. No trouble to show goods. Call and see us. A. SIMON. Brennan, Texas, Sept. 15th. 1876.

Vick's Flower and Vegetable Seeds are planted by a million people in America. See Vick's Catalogue—300 illustrations, only 2 cents. Vick's Floral Guide, Quarterly, 25 cents a year. Vick's Flower and Vegetable Garden 50 cents, with elegant cloth cover \$1.00. All my publications are printed in English and German. Address JAMES VICK, Route 107, N. Y.

his fight at New Orleans behind cotton bags, but now the people have to contend against carpet bag and scallawag breastworks, supported by Federal bayonets and Gatling guns.

The Civilian learns that the Galveston Agricultural and Horticultural Association are making an effort to raise funds by subscription to stock in the way of a loan to give a grand fair in connection with the Mai Fest, on the 1st of May next.

Mardi Gras.—The grand Mardi Gras festivities take place at Galveston on the 13th of February. At least Momus Rex, the King of Mirth, has caused to be published his proclamation to that effect in the last issue of the Galveston News. A jolly time will be had no doubt.

Brown county now tenders the hospitalities of an elegant new stone jail to murderers, thieves, forgers, incendiaries and other gentlemen who are feloniously inclined. The new building, where we have made arrangements with local correspondents to be furnished with every item of interest that may occur in their vicinity. In addition to this we shall also give the local news of Austin county, most of whose citizens look to Brennan for a market. In brief, we are determined to make the BANNER worthy of the liberal patronage it is receiving, and hope, by strict attention to correct journalism, to receive large additions to our subscription list.

It is said thirteen County Judges in this State have resigned and two have abdicated. It is, perhaps, well to mention that there has been no difficulty in finding a sufficient number of patriotic aspirants to supply the places of those who resigned. Patriotism, you see, goes a long way in this country.

JOSEPH H. FARR has purchased the interest of C. W. Newman in the Waller County Courier. Jo is a shifty, clever fellow and knows how to make a good paper, if the Hempsteadites but give him the necessary encouragement in the way of STAMPS and advertisements. Success to you Jo.

The Williamsport (Pa.) Sun says Gen. Grant, in less than eight years, has done what no former President ever accomplished. He has demoralized the Republican party, trampled under foot the constitution and ruined the entire country. Grant goes out and down under a dark cloud, with the execration of all honest men upon his head, and his name for coming time, will be on record as a traitor and conspirator.

Pork is selling in Holly Springs, Mississippi, at from four to six cents a pound, and corn at twelve and a half cents a bushel. Corn and meat are plentiful in that region, and the people are happy.

It is well for the lady that she did not have a red head. The boys might have mistook a flame, and turned loose water on it.

The Grosbeak New Era wants to know what has become of the Cabinet. We are down here in the post-ock runners pagging away, trying to make a living, and fighting whiskey. We have succeeded in breaking John Barlow's neck, and are now in a fair way to break our own.—Leon Cabinet.

Just so. Fighting either whiskey or "the tiger," is dangerous, and has been the ruin of many a good fellow.

In Virginia a man's poll tax receipt is an indispensable requisite to the exercise of suffrage.

Keep Straight Ahead.

Pay no attention to slanderers or gossip mongers. Keep straight in your course, and let their backbitings die the death of neglect. What is the use lying awake at night, brooding over the remark of some false friend, that runs through your brain like forked lightning? What is the use of fretting over a piece of gossip that has been set adrift to your disadvantage by some meddlesome busybody who has more time than character? These things can't possibly injure you, unless, indeed, you take notice of them, and in combatting them give them character and standing. If what is said about you is true set yourself right at once; if it is false let it go for what it will fetch. If a bee stings you would you go to the hive and destroy it? Would not a thousand come upon you? It is wisdom to say little respecting the injuries you have received. We are generally losers in the end if we stop to refute all backbiting and gossiping we may hear by the way. They are annoying it is true, but not dangerous, so long as we do not stop to expostulate and scold. Our characters are formed and sustained by ourselves, and by our own actions and purposes, and not by others. Let us always bear in mind that "calumniators may usually be trusted to time and the slow but steady justice of public opinion."

The Marshall Herald says—the snow fell in that city to the depth of 18 inches on a level. The roof of the Texas & Pacific Railroad Hotel and depot gave way, causing damages to the amount of about \$300 dollars. Among the other casualties it mentions the falling in of the railroad cotton shed, the roof of the livery stable east of the Capitol Hotel. Mrs. Evans was seriously injured by the falling in of her home, also Mrs. Gill McKay who was living about eight miles from town with her father Dr. Atcock.

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