

### THE ADVANTAGES OF

# McQuade's

## WATER CURE

It CURES DYSPEPSIA by acting at once on that most important organ, the stomach.

It CURES INDIGESTION by causing the assimilation of the food.

It CURES WEAKNESS by toning quickly the whole system.

It CURES MALARIA by enriching the blood and driving the malarial poisons entirely out of the body.

It CURES CHILLS & FEVER by stopping the fever, and restoring the nerves to a healthy condition.

It CURES KIDNEY DISEASES by strengthening the parts, purifying the blood and relieving all pains in the back.

It CURES LIVER COMPLAINT by stimulating the liver and bowels and promptly carrying off the surplus bile.

It CURES NEURALGIA by regulating and strengthening the nervous system of the head, face & neck.

It CURES RHEUMATISM by making the blood flow regularly, and causing it to pass through the diseased parts.

It CURES FEMALE INFIRMITIES by regulating the functions, giving strength to all diseased parts. It makes the flesh smooth and cheeks rosy.

It CURES DELICATE CHILDREN by giving a healthy and regular appetite, securing the blood and inducing vitality in the limbs.

It CURES BLOOD DISEASES by cleansing and purifying the blood.

It IS DELIGHTFUL to be taken at ANY TIME OF THE DAY. Breakfast, Luncheon, Dinner or Supper, in all seasons, as it is exhilarating, comforting and sustaining, providing in a concentrated form assimilable, nutritive and flesh-forming qualities, strength, and staying power. For sale by all druggists in medicine. Price \$1.00.

The Volina Almanac for 1887—new and attractive, mailed on receipt of a 2 cent stamp.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS  
**Volina Drug & Chemical Co.,**  
BALTIMORE, MD., U.S.A.

### THE BOODLE BULLIERS

#### Trial of O'Neil, the Boodle Bullier—The Testimony of Miss Fox.

#### A Bank Official Gets Away with Thirty Thousand Dollars, and the Result.

New York, January 29.—The trial of ex-Alderman O'Neil (boodler) was continued today. A large crowd of expectant spectators filled the room, awaiting startling developments that had been promised. One was in the shape of a Miss Fox, who lived at the residence of Mrs. McLaughlin, whose testimony is very interesting. She was one of the witnesses for the defense, and proved a good one. Her testimony, as brought out by O'Neil's counsel, was the most important of any yet introduced. She said she resided at Mrs. McLaughlin's residence from October, 1885, to June, 1886. Her testimony was a complete denial of all that Katie Meza and ex-Alderman Walter said as to the meeting of the combination at Mrs. McLaughlin's house. She said she never met those persons who had waited so long for the trial continuously and without interruption. She was asked how it was that she opened the door, and she said that she had done so, as the servant was too stupid. Witness further said: "The girl only remained two weeks after I came." "Did you know McLaughlin was an Alderman?" "Yes, of course I did." "You recall to questions as to whether she had seen Walter in the house she said she had not." "Then, if he had attended a meeting of Alderman at the hotel, he had?" "I decided he did." "Similar questions were asked as to other witnesses and the lady made the same reply. She said she had attended a meeting of the Tammany general committee at the house." "Why did you not testify on the McQuade trial?" "Witness did not answer." "On cross-examination by Col. Fellows, the latter said: "You knew that McQuade was being tried. Why did you not testify on the McQuade trial?" "I was not asked to testify." "Objected to by counsel for the defense, but the court allowed it." "You have testified," witnessed answered, "if I had been sent for, but no one came for me. In explanation she stated she had conversed with Mrs. McLaughlin about McQuade, but that she did not know who he was of importance. Witness answered several questions asked her. Mrs. McLaughlin was asked to take the stand. She said that Miss Fox was her cousin, and her evidence was the exact counterpart of that given by Miss Fox. She said: "My husband did not answer the bell. He was in a feeble condition. We had frequent visitors. I always saw them." "Then, turning to witness: "Did you ever see that man?" "I remember seeing him but once. He came with Alderman Clay, and I think it was in July, 1884." "Did you spend your evenings at home?" "Almost every night, my husband was sick and I remained in the house." "Could a meeting of thirteen gentlemen have taken place in your parlor in May or June, 1884, without your knowledge?" "That would be impossible. There was no such meeting." "Mrs. McLaughlin declared she had never seen ex-Alderman Walter at her house, and he had never been there. This was in contradiction of Alderman Walter, who said when he was a member of the railroad committee of the house of Aldermen he met with other members at McLaughlin's frequently. Mrs. McLaughlin said the first time she ever saw Walter he was having his boots blacked on the corner of Sixth avenue and Thirty-third street, a few weeks ago. When he was pointed out to her, she remembered seeing him, but she could not remember his name. She said she had never seen him since. She said she had never seen him since he was chairman. She said these gentlemen were at her house frequently. She said she had never seen Mrs. McLaughlin leaving the stand. Mr. Mitchell said: "You have committed no crime and want no immunity from the district attorney, do you?" "Mrs. McLaughlin said: "That lady shook her head. Richard J. Sullivan, secretary of the Tammany committee, and who was chairman and clerk of the supreme court, testified he was at McLaughlin's house every evening from January 1, 1884, until she left the district in July of that year. "Notice of the 'Boodlers' were there on any of those evenings. Miss Fox invariably opened the door Sullivan was questioned, closed regarding his knowledge of the trials of McQuade." "Justice Barrett asked him sharply why he did not come forward and tell his story?" "The witness replied he did not wish to get mixed up with the affair." "Then you sat by the officers of the court and heard testimony given against McQuade which you know was untrue, and was silent?" "Justice Barrett's face wore a disagreeable, ugly look as he turned in his chair from Sullivan." "W. J. Cowley, who lodged in the hall back room of the rear part of McLaughlin's, in 1884, was called and said he gave up his room to McLaughlin's nurse after the operation of February, 1884. "The witness testified that McLaughlin's nurse, Cowley slept in the basement. He had never seen O'Neil at McLaughlin's house, but had never seen Fulgraff several times.

#### ROUGH ON RATS.

#### A Cleveland Woman Appears in the Poisoning Act.

CLEVELAND, January 29.—When Mrs. Cabelk murdered her three children and then committed suicide, the rights and privileges long given by the laws of the United States and territories. After further discussion and amendments the bill passed. "Yes, says, 42 yeas, 8 nays." "On motion of Mr. Beck the railroad attorney bill was again taken up so as to be unfinished business for Monday. After a secret session the senate adjourned.

On motion of Mr. Latham the bill passed appropriating \$1,500 to enable the commissioner of agriculture to make special distribution of seed in the drought-stricken counties of Texas. "Mr. Steele, of Indiana, attempted to call up the consideration of the bill for reorganization of the army, suggesting that as war had been declared it would allow action and should be taken up at that measure.

The suggestion raised a laugh, but the house declined to take up the special order and went into committee on the bill for the reorganization of the army. Mr. Mount, of Georgia, in charge of the bill, briefly explained the provisions of the legislation, and said that the suggestion of the department had, in the main, been followed. There was an increase of which he called attention to the fact that the bill would have a most profitable effect on the postal inspectors. For this service \$39,000 were given, being an increase of \$1,000 over the appropriation last year. This increase was to enable the postmaster general to investigate more thoroughly the frauds which, in many cases, existed in the conduct of the postal service. He cited several instances in which fourth class postmasters had made false reports as to the amount of stamps cancelled by them, and upon which their compensation was based. He expressed his belief that great reformations of the service would be worked if the postmasters of this class were subjected to the same rigid examination as the force of inspectors at his command.

Mr. Peters, of Kansas, who not opposing the bill, regretted it did not contain a provision making allowance to postmasters of the third and fourth classes for clerk hire, and light and fuel. The bill was reported to the house and passed, and the senate adjourned. He cited several instances in which fourth class postmasters had made false reports as to the amount of stamps cancelled by them, and upon which their compensation was based. He expressed his belief that great reformations of the service would be worked if the postmasters of this class were subjected to the same rigid examination as the force of inspectors at his command.

#### THE STRIKE.

#### Thirty Thousand Men Now Out, Including Railroad Men.

New York, January 29.—The strike goes hopefully on the several railroads having a connection with those against whom it directed no little enervating to the strikers. Its managers are now threatening to stop the running of trains on elevated railroads. Trackmen were yesterday ordered to load coal and the men without exception refused to go. Should the coal order be renewed it is said that the trackmen will strike and their example will be followed by all the other employees. The extension of the strike to the railroad freight handlers on the several railroads having a connection on city water front brought the number of strikers now out to nearly 30,000. The probability is that before the day is over the railroad employes will cease work. The men on the New York City & Northern railroad piers on East river, claim to have had a grievance against the company, though this is denied by the company. The men, through sympathy with the coal shovellers and steamship housemen, went out yesterday. The railroad men on the Hartford dock, East river, will be the next to go, and it is rumored that to day the men on the Pennsylvania and other railroad docks will go out. The greatest difficulty is moving freight on the docks along North river, where the most of the coal steamships are berthed. All outgoing vessels have been detained for want of coal. The Concord company expect to be able to call the men to work on the 30th. One of the executive board of the Longshoremen's union, was arrested for conspiring to injure the business of the Old Dominion Steamship company. The action is brought in the District of Columbia, to recover \$3,000 damages. He was released on \$5,000 bail.

Although the places of many strikers have been filled with other hands there is considerable difficulty in moving freight. The Mallory line refused to take any more freight to-day, and will not receive any more until the freight on hand has been shipped. Some old hands returned to work. Thirty new men were put at work loading. The steamer will sail to-day on time. The Canadian sailed yesterday with a full cargo and plenty of coal. New hands are at work on the Woodline steamer, San Juan, which sailed to-day. Mr. Ward said the men had struck for an advance of 10 cents, and have been given that advance. He expected to have the vessel ready to sail on time. He could not say that the advance would be permanent. At the pier of the Clyde line the same difficulty in moving freight occurred. In North river more difficulty occurred. Long lines of empty trucks stood in front of every pier where the men had been put to work. In many cases truckmen helped to load their own cargo.

#### THE COLORED STRIKERS.

#### Fort Mounds, V. January 29.—A large party of colored men, armed with shotguns, revolvers, and other weapons, gathered at 1 o'clock this morning, and drove off the men loading Old Dominion steamers.

Indianapolis, January 29.—Legislature met in joint convention at noon and took one ballot. There were large numbers of patriots and abolitionists present. A ballot resulted: Turpin, 34; Allen, 2. The republicans refrained from voting.

Washington, January 29.—The bill for the reorganization of the army, suggesting that as war had been declared it would allow action and should be taken up at that measure.

#### THE CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a thing of the past. I want your remedy to cure the worst case. Because others have failed to do so, you may not believe a cure can be had at all. I have cured many such cases, and I will cure yours. Write me for my medicine. It is sent by mail for \$1.00. If you prefer to be cured, send me \$1.00. I will cure you. Dr. J. C. Smith, 100 West 31st St., New York City.

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Hemorrhages. Bleeding from the Lungs, Stomach, Nose, or from any cause is speedily controlled and stopped.

Sores, Ulcers, Wounds, Sprains & Bruises. It is cooling, cleansing and astringent. It is most efficacious for Catarrh, disease, Cold in the Head, &c. Pond's Extract Catarrh Cure, specially prepared to meet serious cases, should be applied with Pond's Extract Nasal Syringe.

Rheumatism, Neuralgia. No other preparation has cured more cases of these distressing complaints than the Extract. Pond's Extract Pleurisy is invaluable in these diseases, Lumbago, Pain in Neck or Side, &c.

Diphtheria, Sore Throat. It is the Extract promptly. Delay is dangerous.

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